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#### **Foreword**

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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# 1 Scope

The present document establishes the minimum RF characteristics of the FDD mode of UTRA for the User Equipment (UE).

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] (void) [2] ITU-R Recommendation SM.329: "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain". [3] (void) [4] 3GPP TS 25.433: "UTRAN lub Interface NBAP Signalling". [5] ETSI ETR 273: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Improvement of radiated methods of measurement (using test sites) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 1: Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Sub-part 2: Examples and annexes". [6] 3GPP TS 45.004: "Modulation". 3GPP TS 25.331: "Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol Specification". [7] [8] 3GPP TS25.214: "Physical layer procedures (FDD)". 3GPP TS 25.307: "Requirements on User Equipments (UEs) supporting a release-independent [9] frequency band".

3GPP TS 36.101: "E-UTRA User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception".

# 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3GPP TS25.212:" Multiplexing and channel coding (FDD)".

#### 3.1 Definitions

[10]

[11]

For the purposes of the present document, the following definitions apply:

**Assisting secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell:** In addition to the serving HS-DSCH cell, a cell in the secondary downlink frequency, where the UE is configured to simultaneously monitor a HS-SCCH set and receive HS-DSCH if it is scheduled in that cell.

**Assisting serving HS-DSCH Cell:** In addition to the serving HS-DSCH cell, a cell in the same frequency, where the UE is configured to simultaneously monitor a HS-SCCH set and receive HS-DSCH if it is scheduled in that cell.

**Cell group**: A group of (one or two) Multiflow mode cells that have the same CPICH timing. The CQI reports for all the cells in a cell group are reported together in the same sub frame. The cells that belong to a cell group are indicated by higher layers.

**Enhanced performance requirements type 1**: This defines performance requirements which are optional for the UE. The requirements are based on UEs which utilise receiver diversity.

**Enhanced performance requirements type 2**: This defines performance requirements which are optional for the UE, The requirements are based on UEs which utilise a chip equaliser receiver structure.

**Enhanced performance requirements type 3**: This defines performance requirements which are optional for the UE, The requirements are based on UEs which utilise a chip equaliser receiver structure with receiver diversity.

**Enhanced performance requirements type 3i**: This defines performance requirements which are optional for the UE, The requirements are based on UEs which utilise an interference-aware chip equaliser receiver structure with receiver diversity.

**Power Spectral Density:** The units of Power Spectral Density (PSD) are extensively used in this document. PSD is a function of power versus frequency and when integrated across a given bandwidth, the function represents the mean power in such a bandwidth. When the mean power is normalised to (divided by) the chip-rate it represents the mean energy per chip. Some signals are directly defined in terms of energy per chip, (DPCH\_E<sub>c</sub>, E<sub>c</sub>, OCNS\_E<sub>c</sub> and S-CCPCH\_E<sub>c</sub>) and others defined in terms of PSD ( $I_o$ ,  $I_{oc}$ ,  $I_{or}$  and  $\hat{I}_{or}$ ). There also exist quantities that are a ratio of energy per chip to PSD (DPCH\_E<sub>c</sub>/ $I_{or}$ , E<sub>c</sub>/ $I_{or}$  etc.). This is the common practice of relating energy magnitudes in communication systems.

It can be seen that if both energy magnitudes in the ratio are divided by time, the ratio is converted from an energy ratio to a power ratio, which is more useful from a measurement point of view. It follows that an energy per chip of X dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a mean power per chip of X dBm. Similarly, a signal PSD of Y dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a signal power of Y dBm.

**Maximum Output Power:** This s a measure of the maximum power the UE can transmit (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error) in a bandwidth of at least  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot. For DC-HSUPA the maximum output power is defined by the sum of the broadband transmit power of each carrier in the UE.

**Mean power:** When applied to a W-CDMA modulated signal this is the power (transmitted or received) in a bandwidth of at least  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot unless otherwise stated.

Multiflow mode: The UE is configured in Multiflow mode when it is configured with assisting serving HS-DSCH cell.

Nominal Maximum Output Power: This is the nominal power defined by the UE power class.

**Primary uplink frequency**: If a single uplink frequency is configured for the UE, then it is the primary uplink frequency. In case more than one uplink frequency is configured for the UE, then the primary uplink frequency is the frequency on which the E-DCH corresponding to the serving E-DCH cell associated with the serving HS-DSCH cell is transmitted. The association between a pair of uplink and downlink frequencies is indicated by higher layers.

**RRC filtered mean power:** The mean power as measured through a root raised cosine filter with roll-off factor  $\alpha$  and a bandwidth equal to the chip rate of the radio access mode.

NOTE 1: The RRC filtered mean power of a perfectly modulated W-CDMA signal is 0.246 dB lower than the mean power of the same signal.

NOTE 2: The roll-off factor  $\alpha$  is defined in section 6.8.1.

**Secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s)**: In addition to the serving HS-DSCH cell, the set of cells where the UE is configured to simultaneously monitor an HS-SCCH set and receive the HS-DSCH if it is scheduled in that cell. There can be up to 7 secondary serving HS-DSCH cells.

**Secondary uplink frequency**: A secondary uplink frequency is a frequency on which an E-DCH corresponding to a serving E-DCH cell associated with a secondary serving HS-DSCH cell is transmitted. The association between a pair of uplink and downlink frequencies is indicated by higher layers.

**Time reference cell:** The (Serving or Assisting Serving, but not Secondary Serving or Assisting Secondary Serving) HS-DSCH cell that carries the HS-PDSCH acting as the time reference for the uplink HS-DPCCH when in Multiflow mode. There is one and only one Time reference cell.

**Throughput:** Number of information bits per second excluding CRC bits successfully received on HS-DSCH by a HSDPA capable UE.

1<sup>st</sup> secondary serving HS-DSCH cell: If the UE is configured with two uplink frequencies, the 1<sup>st</sup> secondary serving HS-DSCH cell is the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell that is associated with the secondary uplink frequency. If the UE is configured with a single uplink frequency, the 1<sup>st</sup> secondary serving HS-DSCH cell is a secondary serving HS-DSCH cell whose index is indicated by higher layers.

#### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

4C-HSDPA Four-Carrier HSDPA. HSDPA operation configured on 3 or 4 DL carriers.

ACLR Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio

ACS Adjacent Channel Selectivity
AICH Acquisition Indication Channel

BER Bit Error Ratio
BLER Block Error Ratio
CQI Channel Quality Indicator

CW Continuous Wave (un-modulated signal)

DB-DC-HSDPA Dual Band Dual Cell HSDPA

DC-HSDPA Dual Cell HSDPA
DC-HSUPA Dual Cell HSUPA

DCH Dedicated Channel, which is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel.

DIP Dominant Interferer Proportion ratio

DL Down Link (forward link)
DTX Discontinuous Transmission
DPCCH Dedicated Physical Control Channel
DPCH Dedicated Physical Channel

DPCH\_E Average energy per PN chip for DPCH.

 $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$  The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPCH to the total transmit power spectral

density at the Node B antenna connector.

DPDCH Dedicated Physical Data Channel
E-AGCH E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel
E-DCH Enhanced Dedicated Channel

E-DPCCH E-DCH Dedicated Physical Control Channel
E-DPDCH E-DCH Dedicated Physical Data Channel
E-HICH E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel
E-RGCH E-DCH Relative Grant Channel

E-RGCH E-DCH Relative Grant Channel
EIRP Effective Isotropic Radiated Power
E<sub>c</sub> Average energy per PN chip.

The ratio of the average transmit energy per PN chip for different fields or physical channels to the

total transmit power spectral density.

FACH Forward Access Channel FDD Frequency Division Duplex

FDR False transmit format Detection Ratio. A false Transport Format detection occurs when the

receiver detects a different TF to that which was transmitted, and the decoded transport block(s)

for this incorrect TF passes the CRC check(s).

F-TPICH Fractional Transmitted Precoding Indicator Channel

Frequency of unwanted signal. This is specified in bracket in terms of an absolute frequency(s) or

a frequency offset from the assigned channel frequency. For DC-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency used and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency used. For DB-DC-HSDPA, offset

refers to the assigned channel frequencies of the individual cells.

Hybrid Automatic Repeat Request HARQ **HSDPA** High Speed Downlink Packet Access **HSUPA** High Speed Uplink Packet Access

Dedicated Physical Control Channel (uplink) for HS-DSCH **HS-DPCCH** 

HS-DPCCH<sub>2</sub> Secondary Dedicated Physical Control Channel (uplink) for HS-DSCH, when

Secondary\_Cell\_Enabled is greater than 3

**HS-DSCH** High Speed Downlink Shared Channel

**HS-PDSCH** High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel

**HS-SCCH** High Speed Shared Control Channel

Information Data Rate

Rate of the user information, which must be transmitted over the Air Interface. For example,

output rate of the voice codec.

 $I_{o}$ The total received power spectral density, including signal and interference, as measured at the UE

antenna connector.

 $I_{oc}$ The power spectral density (integrated in a noise bandwidth equal to the chip rate and normalized

> to the chip rate) of a band limited white noise source (simulating interference from cells, which are not defined in a test procedure) as measured at the UE antenna connector. For DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA,  $I_{oc}$  is defined for each of the cells individually and is assumed to be equal for

both cells unless explicitly stated per cell.

Ioc" The received power spectral density (integrated in a noise bandwidth equal to the chip rate and

normalized to the chip rate) of the summation of the received power spectral densities of the two strongest interfering cells plus  $I_{oc}$  as measured at the UE antenna connector. The respective power

spectral density of each interfering cell relative to I<sub>oc</sub>" is defined by its associated DIP value.

The power spectral density (integrated in a noise bandwidth equal to the chip rate and normalized  $I_{otx}$ 

> to the chip rate) of a band limited white noise source (simulating Node B transmitter impairments) as measured at the Node B transmit antenna connector(s). For DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA,  $I_{av}$  is defined for each of the cells individually and is assumed to be equal for both cells unless

explicitly stated per cell.

 $I_{or}$ The total transmit power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate

and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal at the Node B antenna connector. For DC-

HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA,  $I_{or}$  is defined for each of the cells individually and is assumed to be

equal for both cells unless explicitly stated per cell.

 $\hat{I}_{or}$ The received power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate and

normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal as measured at the UE antenna connector. For

DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA,  $\hat{I}_{or}$  is defined for each of the cells individually and is assumed

to be equal for both cells unless explicitly stated per cell.

**MBSFN** MBMS over a Single Frequency Network

**MER** Message Error Ratio

**MIMO** Multiple Input Multiple Output

NC-4C-HSDPA Non-Contiguous Four-Carrier HSDPA. HSDPA operation configured on 2, 3 or 4 DL carriers with

two non contiguous subblocks of adjacent carriers.

A logical node responsible for radio transmission / reception in one or more cells to/from the User Node B

Equipment. Terminates the Iub interface towards the RNC

Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator, a mechanism used to simulate the users or control signals on **OCNS** 

the other orthogonal channels of a downlink link.

Average energy per PN chip for the OCNS. OCNS\_E

The ratio of the average transmit energy per PN chip for the OCNS to the total transmit power

spectral density.

P-CCPCH Primary Common Control Physical Channel

**PCH** Paging Channel

 $P - CCPCH \frac{E_c}{I_o}$ The ratio of the received P-CCPCH energy per chip to the total received power spectral density at

the UE antenna connector.

 $\frac{P-CCPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$  The ratio of the average transmit energy per PN chip for the P-CCPCH to the total transmit power spectral density.

P-CPICH Primary Common Pilot Channel
PICH Paging Indicator Channel
PPM Parts Per Million

R Number of information bits per second excluding CRC bits successfully received on HS-DSCH by

a HSDPA capable UE.

<REFSENS> Reference sensitivity

<REF  $\hat{I}_{or}>$  Reference  $\hat{I}_{or}$ 

RACH Random Access Channel

SCH Synchronization Channel consisting of Primary and Secondary synchronization channels

S-CCPCH Secondary Common Control Physical Channel.  $S-CCPCH_{-}E_{c}$  Average energy per PN chip for S-CCPCH. S-DPCCH Secondary Dedicated Physical Control Channel

S-E-DPCCH Secondary Dedicated Physical Control Channel for E-DCH S-E-DPDCH Secondary Dedicated Physical Data Channel for E-DCH

SG Serving Grant

SIR Signal to Interference ratio

SML Soft Metric Location (Soft channel bit)
STTD Space Time Transmit Diversity
TDD Time Division Duplexing
TFC Transport Format Combination

TFCI Transport Format Combination Indicator

TPC Transmit Power Control

TPI Transmitted Precoding Indicator
TSTD Time Switched Transmit Diversity

UE User Equipment
UL Up Link (reverse link)

UL CLTD Up Link Closed-Loop Transmit Diversity
UL OLTD Up Link Open-Loop Transmit Diversity
UTRA UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

## 4 General

# 4.1 Relationship between Minimum Requirements and Test Requirements

The Minimum Requirements given in this specification make no allowance for measurement uncertainty. The test specification 34.121 Annex F defines Test Tolerances. These Test Tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The Test Tolerances are used to relax the Minimum Requirements in this specification to create Test Requirements.

The measurement results returned by the test system are compared - without any modification - against the Test Requirements as defined by the shared risk principle.

The Shared Risk principle is defined in ETR 273 Part 1 sub-part 2 section 6.5.

#### 4.2 Power Classes

For UE power classes 1 and 2, a number of RF parameter are not specified. It is intended that these are part of a later release.

## 4.3 Control and monitoring functions

This requirement verifies that the control and monitoring functions of the UE prevent it from transmitting if no acceptable cell can be found by the UE.

#### 4.3.1 Minimum requirement

The power of the UE, as measured with a thermal detector, shall not exceed -30dBm if no acceptable cell can be found by the UE.

# 4.4 RF requirements in later releases

The standardisation of new frequency bands may be independent of a release. However, in order to implement a UE that conforms to a particular release but supports a band of operation that is specified in a later release, it is necessary to specify some extra requirements. TS 25.307 [9] specifies requirements on UEs supporting a frequency band that is independent of release.

NOTE: For terminals conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document, some RF requirements in later releases may be mandatory independent of whether the UE supports the bands specified in later releases or not. The set of requirements from later releases that is also mandatory for UEs conforming to the 3GPP release of the present document is determined by regional regulation.

# 5 Frequency bands and channel arrangement

#### 5.1 General

The information presented in this subclause is based on a chip rate of 3.84 Mcps.

NOTE: Other chip rates may be considered in future releases.

# 5.2 Frequency bands

a) UTRA/FDD is designed to operate in the following paired bands:

Table 5.0: UTRA FDD frequency bands

| Operating | UL Frequencies              | DL frequencies              |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Band      | UE transmit, Node B receive | UE receive, Node B transmit |
| I         | 1920 - 1980 MHz             | 2110 -2170 MHz              |
| II        | 1850 -1910 MHz              | 1930 -1990 MHz              |
| III       | 1710-1785 MHz               | 1805-1880 MHz               |
| IV        | 1710-1755 MHz               | 2110-2155 MHz               |
| V         | 824 - 849 MHz               | 869-894 MHz                 |
| VI        | 830-840 MHz                 | 875-885 MHz                 |
| VII       | 2500-2570 MHz               | 2620-2690 MHz               |
| VIII      | 880 - 915 MHz               | 925 - 960 MHz               |
| IX        | 1749.9-1784.9 MHz           | 1844.9-1879.9 MHz           |
| X         | 1710-1770 MHz               | 2110-2170 MHz               |
| XI        | 1427.9 - 1447.9 MHz         | 1475.9 - 1495.9 MHz         |
| XII       | 699 – 716 MHz               | 729 – 746 MHz               |
| XIII      | 777 - 787 MHz               | 746 - 756 MHz               |
| XIV       | 788 – 798 MHz               | 758 – 768 MHz               |
| XV        | Reserved                    | Reserved                    |
| XVI       | Reserved                    | Reserved                    |
| XVII      | Reserved                    | Reserved                    |
| XVIII     | Reserved                    | Reserved                    |
| XIX       | 830 – 845MHz                | 875 – 890 MHz               |
| XX        | 832 – 862 MHz               | 791 – 821 MHz               |
| XXI       | 1447.9 – 1462.9 MHz         | 1495.9 – 1510.9 MHz         |
| XXII      | 3410 – 3490 MHz             | 3510 – 3590 MHz             |
| XXV       | 1850 – 1915 MHz             | 1930 – 1995 MHz             |
| XXVI      | 814 – 849 MHz               | 859 – 894 MHz               |

- b) Deployment in other frequency bands is not precluded
- c) DB-DC-HSDPA is designed to operate in the following configurations:

Table 5.0aA DB-DC-HSDPA configurations

| DB-DC-HSDPA Configuration | UL Band   | DL<br>Band A | DL<br>Band B |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| 1                         | I or VIII | I            | VIII         |
| 2                         | II or IV  | II           | IV           |
| 3                         | I or V    | I            | V            |
| 4                         | I or XI   | I            | XI           |
| 5                         | II or V   | II           | V            |

d) Single band 4C-HSDPA is designed to operate in the following configurations:

Table 5.0aB Single band 4C-HSDPA configurations

|  | pand 4C-HSDPA nfiguration | Operating<br>Band | Number of DL carriers |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
|  | I-3                       | -                 | 3                     |  |  |  |  |
|  | II-3                      |                   | 3                     |  |  |  |  |
|  | II-4                      |                   | 4                     |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: Single band 4C-HSDPA configuration is numbered as (X-M) where X denotes the operating band and M |                           |                   |                       |  |  |  |  |

denotes the number of DL carriers.

e) Dual band 4C-HSDPA is designed to operate in the following configurations:

Table 5.0aC Dual band 4C-HSDPA configurations

| Dual band 4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | UL Band   | DL<br>Band A | Number of DL carriers in Band A | DL<br>Band B | Number of DL carriers in Band B |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| I-2-VIII-1                          | I or VIII | I            | 2                               | VIII         | 1                               |
| I-2-VIII-2                          | I or VIII | I            | 2                               | VIII         | 2                               |
| I-1-VIII-2                          | I or VIII | ı            | 1                               | VIII         | 2                               |
| I-3-VIII-1                          | I or VIII | I            | 3                               | VIII         | 1                               |
| II-1-IV-2                           | II or IV  | II           | 1                               | IV           | 2                               |
| II-2-IV-1                           | II or IV  | II           | 2                               | IV           | 1                               |
| II-2-IV-2                           | II or IV  | II           | 2                               | IV           | 2                               |
| I-1-V-2                             | I or V    | I            | 1                               | V            | 2                               |
| I-2-V-1                             | I or V    | I            | 2                               | V            | 1                               |
| I-2-V-2                             | I or V    | I            | 2                               | V            | 2                               |
| II-1-V-2                            | II or V   | П            | 1                               | V            | 2                               |

NOTE: Dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration is numbered as (X-M-Y-N) where X denotes the DL Band A, M denotes the number DL carriers in the DL Band A, Y denotes the DL Band B, and N denotes the number of DL carriers in the DL Band B

f) Single band 8C-HSDPA is designed to operate in the following configurations:

Table 5.0aD Single band 8C-HSDPA configurations

|       | oand 8C-HSDPA<br>nfiguration | Operating<br>Band | Number of DL carriers                             |
|-------|------------------------------|-------------------|---|
|       | I-8                          | I                 | 8   |
| NOTE: | •                            | enotes the op     | guration is numbered as erating band and M riers. |

g) Single band NC-4C-HSDPA is designed to operate in the following configurations:

| Table 5.0aE Single | band NC-4C-HSDPA | configurations |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------|
|--------------------|------------------|----------------|

| Single band NC-4C-<br>HSDPA Configuration | Operating<br>Band | Number of DL carriers in one subblock | Gap between<br>subblocks<br>[MHz] | Number of DL carriers in the other subblock |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| I-1-5-1                                   | I                 | 1                                     | 5                                 | 1   |
| I-2-5-1                                   | I                 | 2                                     | 5                                 | 1   |
| I-3-10-1                                  | I                 | 3                                     | 10                                | 1   |
| IV-1-5-1                                  | IV                | 1                                     | 5                                 | 1   |
| IV-2-10-1                                 | IV                | 2                                     | 10                                | 1   |
| IV-2-15-2                                 | IV                | 2                                     | 15                                | 2   |
| IV-2-20-1                                 | IV                | 2                                     | 20                                | 1   |
| IV-2-25-2                                 | IV                | 2                                     | 25                                | 2   |

NOTE: Single band NC-4C-HSDPA configuration is numbered as (X-M-Y-N) where X denotes the operating band, M denotes the number of DL carriers in one subblock, Y denotes the gap between subblocks in MHz and N denotes the number of DL carriers in the other subblock. M and N can be switched

# 5.3 TX-RX frequency separation

a) UTRA/FDD is designed to operate with the following TX-RX frequency separation

Table 5.0A: TX-RX frequency separation

| Operating Band | TX-RX frequency separation |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| I              | 190 MHz                    |
| II             | 80 MHz.                    |
| III            | 95 MHz.                    |
| IV             | 400 MHz                    |
| V              | 45 MHz                     |
| VI             | 45 MHz                     |
| VII            | 120 MHz                    |
| VIII           | 45 MHz                     |
| IX             | 95 MHz                     |
| X              | 400 MHz                    |
| XI             | 48 MHz                     |
| XII            | 30 MHz                     |
| XIII           | 31 MHz                     |
| XIV            | 30 MHz                     |
| XIX            | 45 MHz                     |
| XX             | 41 MHz                     |
| XXI            | 48 MHz                     |
| XXII           | 100 MHz                    |
| XXV            | 80 MHz                     |
| XXVI           | 45MHz                      |

- b) UTRA/FDD can support both fixed and variable transmit to receive frequency separation.
- c) The use of other transmit to receive frequency separations in existing or other frequency bands shall not be precluded.
- d) When configured to operate on dual cells in the DL with a single UL frequency, the TX-RX frequency separation in Table 5.0A shall be applied for the serving HS-DSCH cell. For bands XII, XIII and XIV, the TX-RX frequency separation in Table 5.0A shall be the minimum spacing between the UL and either of the DL carriers.
- e) When configured to operate on dual cells in both the DL and UL, the TX-RX frequency separation in Table 5.0A shall be applied to the primary UL frequency and DL frequency of the serving HS-DSCH cell, and to the secondary UL frequency and the frequency of the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell respectively.
- f) When configured to operate on single/dual band 4C-HSDPA or single band 8C-HSDPA or single band NC-4C-HSDPA with a single UL frequency, the TX-RX frequency separation in Table 5.0A shall be applied for the DL frequency of the serving HS-DSCH cell. When configured to operate on single/dual band 4C-HSDPA or single

band 8C-HSDPA or single band NC-4C-HSDPA with dual UL frequencies, the TX-RX frequency separation in Table 5.0A shall be applied to the primary UL frequency and DL frequency of the serving HS-DSCH cell, and to the secondary UL frequency and the frequency of the 1<sup>st</sup> secondary serving HS-DSCH cell respectively.

g) For bands XII, XIII and XIV, all the requirements in TS 25.101 are applicable only for a single uplink carrier frequency, however dual cell uplink operation may be considered in future releases.

## 5.4 Channel arrangement

#### 5.4.1 Channel spacing

The nominal channel spacing is 5 MHz, but this can be adjusted to optimise performance in a particular deployment scenario. In DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA mode, the UE receives two cells simultaneously. In context of DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA, a cell is characterized by a combination of scrambling code and a carrier frequency, see [21.905].

#### 5.4.2 Channel raster

The channel raster is 200 kHz, for all bands which means that the centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 200 kHz. In addition a number of additional centre frequencies are specified according to table 5.1A, which means that the centre frequencies for these channels are shifted 100 kHz relative to the general raster.

#### 5.4.3 Channel number

The carrier frequency is designated by the UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (UARFCN). For each operating Band, the UARFCN values are defined as follows:

Uplink:  $N_U = 5 * (F_{UL} - F_{UL\_Offset})$ , for the carrier frequency range  $F_{UL\_low} \le F_{UL\_high}$ 

Downlink:  $N_D = 5 * (F_{DL} - F_{DL\_Offset})$ , for the carrier frequency range  $F_{DL\_low} \le F_{DL\_bigh}$ 

For each operating Band,  $F_{UL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{UL\_low}$ ,  $F_{UL\_high}$ ,  $F_{DL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{DL\_low}$  and  $\Box$   $F_{DL\_high}$  are defined in Table 5.1 for the general UARFCN. For the additional UARFCN,  $F_{UL\_Offset}$ ,  $F_{DL\_Offset}$  and the specific  $F_{UL}$  and  $F_{DL}$  are defined in Table 5.1A.

Table 5.1: UARFCN definition (general)

|      | UI                           | PLINK (UL)                                  |                      | DOWNLINK (DL)                |               |                          |  |
|------|------------------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|
|      | UE transn                    | nit, Node B red                             | eive                 | UE receive, Node B transmit  |               |                          |  |
| Band | UARFCN                       | UARFCN Carrier frequency (F <sub>UL</sub> ) |                      | UARFCN                       | Carrier free  | uency (F <sub>DL</sub> ) |  |
|      | formula offset               | range                                       | [MHz]                | formula offset               |               | [MHz]                    |  |
|      | F <sub>UL_Offset</sub> [MHz] | F <sub>UL_low</sub>                         | F <sub>UL_high</sub> | F <sub>DL_Offset</sub> [MHz] | $F_{DL\_low}$ | $F_{DL\_high}$           |  |
| I    | 0                            | 1922.4                                      | 1977.6               | 0                            | 2112.4        | 2167.6                   |  |
| II   | 0                            | 1852.4                                      | 1907.6               | 0                            | 1932.4        | 1987.6                   |  |
| III  | 1525                         | 1712.4                                      | 1782.6               | 1575                         | 1807.4        | 1877.6                   |  |
| IV   | 1450                         | 1712.4                                      | 1752.6               | 1805                         | 2112.4        | 2152.6                   |  |
| V    | 0                            | 826.4                                       | 846.6                | 0                            | 871.4         | 891.6                    |  |
| VI   | 0                            | 832.4                                       | 837.6                | 0                            | 877.4         | 882.6                    |  |
| VII  | 2100                         | 2502.4                                      | 2567.6               | 2175                         | 2622.4        | 2687.6                   |  |
| VIII | 340                          | 882.4                                       | 912.6                | 340                          | 927.4         | 957.6                    |  |
| IX   | 0                            | 1752.4                                      | 1782.4               | 0                            | 1847.4        | 1877.4                   |  |
| Χ    | 1135                         | 1712.4                                      | 1767.6               | 1490                         | 2112.4        | 2167.6                   |  |
| XI   | 733                          | 1430.4                                      | 1445.4               | 736                          | 1478.4        | 1493.4                   |  |
| XII  | -22                          | 701.4                                       | 713.6                | -37                          | 731.4         | 743.6                    |  |
| XIII | 21                           | 779.4                                       | 784.6                | -55                          | 748.4         | 753.6                    |  |
| XIV  | 12                           | 790.4                                       | 795.6                | -63                          | 760.4         | 765.6                    |  |
| XIX  | 770                          | 832.4                                       | 842.6                | 735                          | 877.4         | 887.6                    |  |
| XX   | -23                          | 834.4                                       | 859.6                | -109                         | 793.4         | 818.6                    |  |
| XXI  | 1358                         | 1450.4                                      | 1460.4               | 1326                         | 1498.4        | 1508.4                   |  |
| XXII | 2525                         | 3412.4                                      | 3487.6               | 2580                         | 3512.4        | 3587.6                   |  |
| XXV  | 875                          | 1852.4                                      | 1912.6               | 910                          | 1932.4        | 1992.6                   |  |
| XXVI | -291                         | 816.4                                       | 846.6                | -291                         | 861.4         | 891.6                    |  |

Table 5.1A: UARFCN definition (additional channels)

|                | U                            | PLINK (UL)              | DOWNLINK (DL)                |                         |  |  |
|----------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
|                |                              | mit, Node B receive     | UE recei                     | ve, Node B transmit     |  |  |
| Band           | UARFCN                       | Carrier frequency [MHz] | UARFCN                       | Carrier frequency [MHz] |  |  |
| formula offset |                              | (F <sub>UL</sub> )      | formula offset               | (F <sub>DL</sub> )      |  |  |
|                | F <sub>UL_Offset</sub> [MHz] |                         | F <sub>DL_Offset</sub> [MHz] |                         |  |  |
| I              | -                            | -                       | -                            | -                       |  |  |
|                | 1850.1                       | 1852.5, 1857.5, 1862.5, | 1850.1                       | 1932.5, 1937.5, 1942.5, |  |  |
| п              |                              | 1867.5, 1872.5, 1877.5, |                              | 1947.5, 1952.5, 1957.5, |  |  |
| "              |                              | 1882.5, 1887.5, 1892.5, |                              | 1962.5, 1967.5, 1972.5, |  |  |
|                |                              | 1897.5, 1902.5, 1907.5  |                              | 1977.5, 1982.5, 1987.5  |  |  |
| III            | -                            | -                       | -                            | -                       |  |  |
| IV             | 1380.1                       | 1712.5, 1717.5, 1722.5, | 1735.1                       | 2112.5, 2117.5, 2122.5, |  |  |
|                |                              | 1727.5, 1732.5, 1737.5  |                              | 2127.5, 2132.5, 2137.5, |  |  |
|                |                              | 1742.5, 1747.5, 1752.5  |                              | 2142.5, 2147.5, 2152.5  |  |  |
| V              | 670.1                        | 826.5, 827.5, 831.5,    | 670.1                        | 871.5, 872.5, 876.5,    |  |  |
|                |                              | 832.5, 837.5, 842.5     |                              | 877.5, 882.5, 887.5     |  |  |
| VI             | 670.1                        | 832.5, 837.5            | 670.1                        | 877.5, 882.5            |  |  |
|                |                              |                         |                              |                         |  |  |
| VII            | 2030.1                       | 2502.5, 2507.5, 2512.5, | 2105.1                       | 2622.5, 2627.5, 2632.5, |  |  |
|                |                              | 2517.5, 2522.5, 2527.5, |                              | 2637.5, 2642.5, 2647.5, |  |  |
|                |                              | 2532.5, 2537.5, 2542.5, |                              | 2652.5, 2657.5, 2662.5, |  |  |
|                |                              | 2547.5, 2552.5, 2557.5, |                              | 2667.5, 2672.5, 2677.5, |  |  |
|                |                              | 2562.5, 2567.5          |                              | 2682.5, 2687.5          |  |  |
| VIII           | -                            | -                       | -                            | -                       |  |  |
| IX             | -                            | -                       | -                            | -                       |  |  |

|        | U                            | PLINK (UL)              | DO                           | DOWNLINK (DL)               |  |  |
|--------|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
|        | UE transr                    | nit, Node B receive     | UE receive, Node B transmit  |                             |  |  |
| Band   | UARFCN                       | Carrier frequency [MHz] | UARFCN                       | Carrier frequency [MHz]     |  |  |
|        | formula offset               | (F <sub>UL</sub> )      | formula offset               | (F <sub>DL</sub> )          |  |  |
|        | F <sub>UL_Offset</sub> [MHz] |                         | F <sub>DL_Offset</sub> [MHz] |                             |  |  |
| ı      | -                            | -                       | -                            | -                           |  |  |
| Х      | 1075.1                       | 1712.5, 1717.5, 1722.5, | 1430.1                       | 2112.5, 2117.5, 2122.5,     |  |  |
|        |                              | 1727.5, 1732.5, 1737.5, |                              | 2127.5, 2132.5, 2137.5,     |  |  |
|        |                              | 1742.5, 1747.5, 1752.5, |                              | 2142.5, 2147.5, 2152.5,     |  |  |
|        |                              | 1757.5, 1762.5, 1767.5  |                              | 2157.5, 2162.5, 2167.5      |  |  |
| XI     | -                            | -                       | -                            | -                           |  |  |
| XII    | <b>-</b> 39.9                | 701.5, 706.5, 707.5,    |                              | 731.5, 736.5, 737.5, 742.5, |  |  |
|        | 00.0                         | 712.5, 713.5            | <b>-</b> 54.9                | 743.5                       |  |  |
| XIII   | 11.1                         | 779.5, 784.5            | -64.9                        | 748.5, 753.5                |  |  |
| XIV    | 2.1                          | 790.5, 795.5            | -72.9                        | 760.5, 765.5                |  |  |
| XIX    | 755.1                        | 832.5, 837.5, 842.5     | 720.1                        | 877.5, 882.5, 887.5         |  |  |
| XX     | -                            | -                       | -                            | -                           |  |  |
| XXI    | •                            | -                       | -                            | -                           |  |  |
| XXII   | •                            | -                       | -                            | -                           |  |  |
|        |                              | 1852.5, 1857.5,         |                              | 1932.5, 1937.5, 1942.5,     |  |  |
|        |                              | 1862.5,1867.5, 1872.5,  |                              | 1947.5, 1952.5, 1957.5,     |  |  |
| XXV    |                              | 1877.5, 1882.5, 1887.5, |                              | 1962.5, 1967.5, 1972.5,     |  |  |
|        |                              | 1892.5, 1897.5, 1902.5, |                              | 1977.5, 1982.5, 1987.5,     |  |  |
|        | 639.1                        | 1907.5, 1912.5          | 674.1                        | 1992.5                      |  |  |
|        |                              | 816.5, 821.5, 826.5,    |                              |                             |  |  |
| XXVI   | -325.9                       | 827.5, 831.5, 832.5,    |                              | 861.5, 866.5, 871.5, 872.5, |  |  |
| 7/// 1 | 020.0                        | 836.5, 837.5, 841.5,    |                              | 876.5, 877.5, 881.5, 882.5, |  |  |
|        |                              | 842.5, 846.5            | -325.9                       | 886,5, 887.5, 891.5         |  |  |

#### **5.4.4 UARFCN**

The following UARFCN range shall be supported for each paired band

Table 5.2: UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

| Dand |              | plink (UL)  |                | ink (DL)                               |
|------|--------------|---|----------------|--|
| Band |              | nit, Node B receive                                   |                | ode B transmit                         |
|      | General      | Additional  | General        | Additional                             |
| I    | 9612 to 9888 | -   | 10562 to 10838 | -                                      |
|      | 9262 to 9538 | 12, 37, 62,   | 9662 to 9938   | 412, 437, 462,                         |
| II   |              | 87, 112, 137,   |                | 487, 512, 537,                         |
|      |              | 162, 187, 212,<br>237, 262, 287                       |                | 562, 587, 612,<br>637, 662, 687        |
| III  | 937 to 1288  | 231, 202, 201   | 1162 to 1513   | 037, 002, 007                          |
| IV   | 1312 to 1513 | 1662, 1687, 1712, 1737,                               | 1537 to 1738   | 1887, 1912, 1937,                      |
| 1 V  | 1312 10 1313 | 1762, 1787, 1812, 1837,                               | 1997 to 1790   | 1962, 1987, 2012,                      |
|      |              | 1862  |                | 2037, 2062, 2087                       |
| V    | 4132 to 4233 | 782, 787, 807,  | 4357 to 4458   | 1007, 1012, 1032,                      |
| •    |              | 812, 837, 862   | 1001 10 1100   | 1037, 1062, 1087                       |
| VI   | 4162 to 4188 | 812, 837  | 4387 to 4413   | 1037, 1062                             |
| VII  | 2012 to 2338 | 2362, 2387, 2412, 2437,                               | 2237 to 2563   | 2587, 2612, 2637,                      |
|      |              | 2462, 2487, 2512, 2537,                               |                | 2662, 2687, 2712,                      |
|      |              | 2562, 2587, 2612, 2637,                               |                | 2737, 2762, 2787,                      |
|      |              | 2662, 2687  |                | 2812, 2837, 2862,                      |
|      |              |   |                | 2887, 2912                             |
| VIII | 2712 to 2863 | -   | 2937 to 3088   | -                                      |
| IX   | 8762 to 8912 | -   | 9237 to 9387   | -                                      |
| Х    | 2887 to 3163 | 3187, 3212, 3237, 3262,                               | 3112 to 3388   | 3412, 3437, 3462,                      |
|      |              | 3287, 3312, 3337, 3362,                               |                | 3487, 3512, 3537,                      |
|      |              | 3387, 3412, 3437, 3462                                |                | 3562, 3587, 3612,                      |
| ΧI   | 3487 to 3562 |   | 3712 to 3787   | 3637, 3662, 3687                       |
| XII  | 3617 to 3678 | 3707, 3732, 3737, 3762,                               | 3842 to 3903   | 3932, 3957, 3962,                      |
| All  |              | 3767  |                | 3987, 3992                             |
| XIII | 3792 to 3818 | 3842, 3867  | 4017 to 4043   | 4067, 4092                             |
| XIV  | 3892 to 3918 | 3942, 3967  | 4117 to 4143   | 4167, 4192                             |
| XIX  | 312 to 363   | 387, 412, 437   | 712 to 763     | 787, 812, 837                          |
| XX   | 4287 to 4413 | -   | 4512 to 4638   | -                                      |
| XXI  | 462 to 512   | -   | 862 to 912     | -                                      |
| XXII | 4437 to 4813 | -   | 4662 to 5038   | -                                      |
|      |              |   |                | 6292, 6317, 6342,                      |
|      |              | 6067, 6092, 6117, 6142,                               |                | 6367, 6392, 6417,                      |
| XXV  |              | 6167, 6192, 6217, 6242,                               |                | 6442, 6467, 6492,                      |
|      | 4007 to 5400 | 6267, 6292, 6317, 6342,                               | E110 to E110   | 6517, 6542, 6567,                      |
|      | 4887 to 5188 | 6367  | 5112 to 5413   | 6592<br>5937, 5962, 5987,              |
|      |              | 5712, 5737, 5762, 5767,                               |                | 5937, 5962, 5987,<br>5992, 6012, 6017, |
| XXVI | 5537 to 5688 | 5712, 5737, 5762, 5767, 5787, 5787, 5792, 5812, 5817, |                | 6037, 6042, 6062,                      |
|      |              | 5837, 5842, 5862                                      | 5762 to 5913   | 6067, 6087                             |
|      |              | J031, J042, J802                                      | 5/02 (0 5913   | 7,000                                  |

NOTE: If the UE is on a network with Mobile Country Code set to Japan then it may assume that any DL UARFCN sent by the network from the overlapping region of Band V and Band VI is from Band VI. If the UE is on a network with a Mobile Country Code other than Japan then it may assume that any DL UARFCN sent by the network from the overlapping region of Band V and Band VI is from Band V.

### 6 Transmitter characteristics

#### 6.1 General

Unless otherwise stated, the transmitter characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. Transmitter characteristics for UE(s) with multiple antennas/antenna connectors are FFS.

The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance, and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of the present document. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

UEs supporting DC-HSUPA shall support both minimum requirements, as well as additional requirements for DC-HSUPA.

Unless otherwise stated, for the additional requirements for DC-HSUPA, all the parameters in clause 6 are defined using the UL E-DCH reference measurement channel, specified in subclause A.2.6. For the additional requirements for DC-HSUPA, the spacing of the carrier frequencies of the two cells shall be 5 MHz.

UEs supporting Open-Loop uplink Transmitter Diversity shall support both minimum requirements for one of transmit antenna connectors, which one to be tested shall be declared by the manufacturer, and additional requirements for UL OLTD. In addition, the additional requirements for UL OLTD are applicable only in the case when equal power is transmitted from two active antenna ports.

DC-HSUPA and UL OLTD do not operate simultaneously in the UE.

UEs supporting UL CLTD shall support both minimum requirements, as well as additional requirements for UL CLTD.

The requirements in clause 6 for UEs supporting UL CLTD are specified for UL CLTD activation states 1, 2, 3 which are defined in sub-clause 4.6C.2.2.3 in TS 25.212[10].

DC-HSUPA and UL CLTD do not operate simultaneously in the UE.

UEs supporting UL MIMO shall support both minimum requirements, as well as additional requirements for UL MIMO.

The requirements in clause 6 specified for UL MIMO are applicable for UL MIMO rank-2 transmission. The requirements for UL MIMO rank-1 transmission are covered by UL CLTD requirements. UL MIMO rank-1 and rank-2 transmissions are defined in clause 11 of TS25.214 [8].

DC-HSUPA and UL MIMO do not operate simultaneously in the UE.

## 6.2 Transmit power

#### 6.2.1 UE maximum output power

The following Power Classes define the nominal maximum output power. The nominal power defined is the broadband transmit power of the UE, i.e. the power in a bandwidth of at least  $(1+\alpha)$  times the chip rate of the radio access mode. The period of measurement shall be at least one timeslot. For DC-HSUPA, the nominal transmit power is defined by the sum of the broadband transmit power of each carrier in the UE.

Table 6.1: UE Power Classes

| Operating | Power Class 1 |      | Power Class 2 |      | Power Class 3 |      | Power Class 3bis |      | Power Class 4 |      |
|-----------|---------------|------|---------------|------|---------------|------|------------------|------|---------------|------|
| Band      | Power         | Tol  | Power         | Tol  | Power         | Tol  | Power            | Tol  | Power         | Tol  |
|           | (dBm)         | (dB) | (dBm)         | (dB) | (dBm)         | (dB) | (dBm)            | (dB) | (dBm)         | (dB) |

| Band I    | +33 | +1/-3 | +27 | +1/-3 | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
|-----------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|---------|----|---------|-----|---------|
| Band II   | -   | -     | -   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band III  | -   | -     | -   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band IV   | -   | -     |     | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band V    | -   | -     | -   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band VI   | -   | -     | -   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band VII  | -   | -     | -   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band VIII | 1   | -     | ı   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band IX   | 1   | -     | ı   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band X    | 1   | -     | ı   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band XI   | 1   | -     | ı   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band XII  | 1   | -     | ı   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band XIII | 1   | -     | ı   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band IV   | 1   | -     | ı   | -     | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band XIX  |     |       |     |       | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band XX   |     |       |     |       | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band XXI  |     |       |     |       | +24 | +1/-3   | 23 | +2/-2   | +21 | +2/-2   |
| Band XXII | -   | -     | •   | -     | +24 | +1/-4.5 | 23 | +2/-3.5 | +21 | +2/-3.5 |
| Band XXV  |     |       |     |       | +24 | +1/-4   | 23 | +2/-3   | +21 | +2/-3   |
| Band XXVI | -   | -     | -   | -     | +24 | +1/-4   | 23 | +2/-3   | +21 | +2/-3   |
| (Note 1)  |     |       |     |       |     |         |    |         |     |         |

NOTE 1 For the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies, the UE maximum output power of Band V shall apply for Band XXVI when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 824-845 MHz.

NOTE: The tolerance allowed for the nominal maximum output power applies even for the multi-code DPDCH transmission mode.

For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 6.1aB, the lower side of the tolerance in Table 6.1 is allowed to be adjusted by the amount given in Table 6.1aB for the applicable bands.

Table 6.1aB Allowed adjustment in lower side of tolerance for UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA

| DB-DC-HSDPA Maximum allowed adjustment Configuration in lower side of tolerance (dB) |  | Applicable bands |  |  |
|--|--|------------------|--|--|
| 1  | -0.3   | I, VIII          |  |  |
| 2  | -1   | II, IV           |  |  |
| 3  | -0.3   | I, V             |  |  |
| 4  | -1   | I, XI            |  |  |
| 5  | -0.3   | II, V            |  |  |
|  | equirements reflect what can be achieved with the present state of the art ology. They shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology esses. |                  |  |  |

For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 6.1aC, the lower side of the tolerance in Table 6.1 is allowed to be adjusted by the amount given in Table 6.1aC for the applicable bands.

Table 6.1aC Allowed adjustment in lower side of tolerance for UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA

| Dual Band<br>4C-HSDPA Configuration   | Maximum allowed adjustment in lower side of tolerance (dB) | Applicable bands |
|---|--|------------------|
| I-2-VIII-1, I-3-VIII-1, I-2-VIII-<br>2, I-1-VIII-2  | -0.3   | I, VIII          |
| II-1-IV-2, II-2-IV-1, II-2-IV-2   | -1   | II, IV           |
| I-1-V-2, I-2-V-1, I-2-V-2   | -0.3   | I, V             |
| II-1-V-2  | -0.3   | II, V            |
| NOTE: The requirements reflect what can be achieved with the present state of the art technology. They shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology |  |                  |

For the UE which supports E-UTRA inter-band carrier aggregation, the lower side of the tolerance in Table 6.1 is allowed to be decreased by the amount given in Table 6.2.5A-3 of TS 36.101[11] for those UTRA operating bands

corresponding to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations. The tolerance in Table 6.2.5A-3 of TS 36.101[11] does not apply to supported UTRA operating bands with frequency range below 1 GHz that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported interband carrier aggregation configurations when such bands are belonging only to band combination(s) where one band is <1GHz and another band is >1.7GHz and there is no harmonic relationship between the low band UL and high band DL.

In case the UE supports DB-DC-HSDPA or dual band 4C-HSDPA configurations and one or more of the E-UTRA inter-band carrier aggregation configurations listed in Table 6.2.5A-3 of TS36.101[11] with a UTRA operating band that belongs to UTRA and E-UTRA carrier aggregation configurations, then

- When the UTRA operating band frequency range is ≤ 1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the average of the applicable tolerances, truncated to one decimal place for that operating band among the supported DB-DC-HSDPA, dual band 4C-HSDPA, and E-UTRA CA configurations, with the DB-DC-HSDPA, dual carrier 4C-HSDPA, and E-UTRA CA configurations counted separately. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum tolerance among the different supported carrier aggregation configurations involving such band shall be applied
- When the UTRA operating band frequency range is >1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the maximum tolerance that applies for that operating band among the supported DB-DC-HSDPA, dual band 4C-HSDPA, and E-UTRA CA configurations.

#### 6.2.1A UE maximum output power for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the maximum output power is specified in Table 6.1aD. The nominal transmit power is defined by the sum of transmit power at each UE antenna connector.

Table 6.1aD: UE Power Classes for UL OLTD

| Operating                                    | Power Class 3 |         | Power C | lass 3bis |
|--|---------------|---------|---------|-----------|
| Band   | Power         | Tol     | Power   | Tol       |
|  | (dBm)         | (dB)    | (dBm)   | (dB)      |
| Band I                                       | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band II                                      | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band III                                     | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band IV                                      | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band V                                       | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band VI                                      | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band VII                                     | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band VIII                                    | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band IX                                      | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band X                                       | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XI                                      | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XII                                     | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XIII                                    | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band IV                                      | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XIX                                     | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XX                                      | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XXI                                     | +24           | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XXII                                    | +24           | +1/-5.5 | 23      | +2/-4.5   |
| Band XXV                                     | +24           | +1/-5   | 23      | +2/-4     |
| Band XXVI                                    | +24           | +1/-5   | 23      | +2/-4     |
| (Note 1)                                     |               |         |         |           |
| Note 1 For the UE which supports both Band V |               |         |         |           |

Note 1 For the UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies, the UE maximum output power of Band V shall apply for Band XXVI when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 824-845 MHz.

# 6.2.1B UE maximum output power for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the nominal maximum output power is specified in Table 6.1aE. The nominal transmit power is defined by the sum of transmit power at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the nominal maximum output power specified in sub-clause 6. 2.1 applies at the active transmit antenna connector.

Table 6.1aE: UE Power Classes for UL CLTD

| Operating                                    | Power                                     | Class 3 | Power C | lass 3bis |
|--|---|---------|---------|-----------|
| Band   | Power                                     | Tol     | Power   | Tol       |
|  | (dBm)                                     | (dB)    | (dBm)   | (dB)      |
| Band I                                       | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band II                                      | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band III                                     | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band IV                                      | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band V                                       | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band VI                                      | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band VII                                     | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band VIII                                    | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band IX                                      | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band X                                       | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XI                                      | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XII                                     | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XIII                                    | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band IV                                      | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XIX                                     | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XX                                      | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XXI                                     | +24                                       | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XXII                                    | +24                                       | +1/-5.5 | 23      | +2/-4.5   |
| Band XXV                                     | +24                                       | +1/-5   | 23      | +2/-4     |
| Band XXVI                                    | +24                                       | +1/-5   | 23      | +2/-4     |
| (Note 1)                                     |   |         |         |           |
| Note 1 For the UE which supports both Band V |   |         |         |           |
| and Band XXVI operating frequencies, the     |   |         |         |           |
| UE maximum output power of Band V shall      |   |         |         |           |
| apply for Band XXVI when the carrier         |   |         |         |           |
|  | frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is |         |         |           |
| within 824-845 MHz.                          |   |         |         |           |

# 6.2.1C UE maximum output power for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the nominal maximum output power is specified in Table 6.1aF. The nominal transmit power is defined by the sum of transmit power at each transmit antenna connector.

Table 6.1aF: UE Power Classes for UL MIMO

| Operating                                    | Power                                   | Class 3 | Power C | lass 3bis |
|--|---|---------|---------|-----------|
| Band   | Power                                   | Tol     | Power   | Tol       |
|  | (dBm)                                   | (dB)    | (dBm)   | (dB)      |
| Band I                                       | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band II                                      | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band III                                     | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band IV                                      | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band V                                       | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band VI                                      | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band VII                                     | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band VIII                                    | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band IX                                      | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band X                                       | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XI                                      | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XII                                     | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XIII                                    | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band IV                                      | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XIX                                     | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XX                                      | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XXI                                     | +24                                     | +1/-4   | 23      | +2/-3     |
| Band XXII                                    | +24                                     | +1/-5.5 | 23      | +2/-4.5   |
| Band XXV                                     | +24                                     | +1/-5   | 23      | +2/-4     |
| Band XXVI                                    | +24                                     | +1/-5   | 23      | +2/-4     |
| (Note 1)                                     |   |         |         |           |
| Note 1 For the UE which supports both Band V |   |         |         |           |
| and Band XXVI operating frequencies, the     |   |         |         |           |
|  | UE maximum output power of Band V shall |         |         |           |
|  | apply for Band XXVI when the carrier    |         |         |           |
| frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is    |   |         |         |           |

#### 6.2.2 UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

within 824-845 MHz.

The Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power defined in 6.2.1 is specified in table 6.1A for the values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  defined in [8] fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot

Table 6.1A: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

| UE transmit channel configuration  | CM (dB)    | MPR (dB)      |
|--|------------|---------------|
| For all combinations of; DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-<br>DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH   | 0 ≤ CM ≤ 4 | MAX (CM-1, 0) |
| Note 1: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d$ =12/15, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ =24/15. For DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-ICM difference. |            |               |

Where Cubic Metric (CM) is based on the UE transmit channel configuration and is given by

$$CM = CEIL \; \{ \; [20*log10 \; ((v\_norm^3)_{rms}) - 20*log10 \; ((v\_norm\_ref^3)_{rms})] \; / \; k, \; 0.5 \; \} \; \}$$

#### Where

- CEIL { x, 0.5 } means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. CM □ [0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5]
- k is 1.85 for signals where all channelisations codes meet the following criteria CSF, N where N< SF/2
- k is 1.56 for signals were any channelisations codes meet the following criteria  $C_{SF, N}$  where  $N \ge SF/2$
- v\_norm is the normalized voltage waveform of the input signal
- v\_norm\_ref is the normalized voltage waveform of the reference signal (12.2 kbps AMR Speech) and

-  $20 * \log 10 ((v_norm_ref^3)_{rms}) = 1.52 dB$ 

#### 6.2.2A UE maximum output power for DC-HSUPA

The Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power defined in 6.2.1 is specified for the values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  defined in [8] fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot, and defined through calculation of the Raw Cubic Metric (Raw CM) which is based on the UE transmit channel configuration and is given by

Raw CM = 
$$20 * log10 ((v_norm^3)_{rms}) - 20 * log10 ((v_norm_ref^3)_{rms})$$

where

- v\_norm is the normalized voltage waveform of the input signal
- v\_norm\_ref is the normalized voltage waveform of the reference signal (12.2 kbps AMR Speech) and
- $20 * \log 10 ((v \text{ norm ref}^3)_{rms}) = 1.52 \text{ dB}$

For any DC-HSUPA signal not employing 16QAM modulation on any of the carriers, the MPR is specified in Table 6.1AA.

Table 6.1AA: UE maximum output power for DC-HSUPA signals not employing 16QAM modulation on any of the carriers

| UE transmit channel configuration                             | CM (dB)                       | MPR (dB)         |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------|
| For all combinations of; DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH | $0.22 \le \text{CM} \le 3.72$ | MAX (CM-0.72, 0) |

where Cubic Metric (CM) is based on the Raw CM and is given by

$$CM = CEIL \{ Raw CM / k, 0.22 \}$$

where

- CEIL { x, 0.22 } means rounding upwards to closest 0.22dB with 0.5 dB granularity, i.e. CM = [0.22, 0.72, 1.22, 1.72, 2.22, 2.72, 3.22, 3.72]
- k is 1.66

For any DC-HSUPA signal employing 16QAM modulation on any of the carriers, the MPR is specified in Table 6.1AB..

Table 6.1AB: UE maximum output power for DC-HSUPA signals employing 16QAM modulation on any of the carriers

| UE transmit channel configuration                             | CM (dB)                         | MPR (dB) |
|---|---------------------------------|----------|
| For all combinations of; DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH | $[0.22 \le \text{CM} \le 3.72]$ | [CM+0.8] |

where Cubic Metric (CM) is based on the Raw CM and is given by

[CM = CEIL { Raw CM 
$$/$$
 k, 0.2 }]

where

- CEIL { x, 0.2 } means rounding upwards to closest 0.2dB with 0.5 dB granularity, i.e. CM = [0.2, 0.7, 1.2, 1.7, 2.2, 2.7, 3.2, 3.7]

- k is 1.66.

The reference measurement channels for the requirements in subclause 6.2.2A are provided in subclause A.2.8.

# 6.2.2B UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH for UL OLTD

For the UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power of each antenna is specified in Table 6.1A. The amount of applied power reduction on each antenna shall be the same.

NOTE: CM is measured at each transmit antenna connector.

# 6.2.2C UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH for UL CLTD

The Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power defined in 6.2.1 is specified in table 6.1AB for the values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$ ,  $\beta_{ed}$  and  $\beta_{sc}$  defined in [8] fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot

Table 6.1AB: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH for UL CLTD

| UE transmit channel configuration   | CM (dB)    | MPR (dB)      |
|---|------------|---------------|
| For all combinations of; DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-<br>DPCCH, E-DPDCH, E-DPCCH and S-DPCCH | 0 ≤ CM ≤ 4 | MAX (CM-1, 0) |

Where Cubic Metric (CM) is based on the UE transmit channel configuration and is given by

CM = CEIL { 
$$[20 * log10 ((v_norm^3)_{rms}) - 20 * log10 ((v_norm_ref^3)_{rms})] / k, 0.5 }$$

#### Where

- CEIL  $\{x, 0.5\}$  means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. CM = [0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5]
- k is 1.85 for signals where all channelisations codes meet the following criteria C<sub>SF, N</sub> where N< SF/2
- k is 1.56 for signals were any channelisations codes meet the following criteria  $C_{SF, N}$  where  $N \ge SF/2$
- v\_norm is the normalized voltage waveform of the input signal
- v\_norm\_ref is the normalized voltage waveform of the reference signal (12.2 kbps AMR Speech) and
- $20 * log 10 ((v_norm_ref^3)_{rms}) = 1.52 dB$

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power of each antenna is specified in Table 6.1AA. The amount of applied power reduction on each antenna shall be the same.

NOTE: CM is measured at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power specified in sub-clause 6.2.2 applies at the active transmit antenna connector.

# 6.2.2D UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH for UL MIMO

The Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power defined in 6.2.1 is specified in table 6.1AC for the values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$ ,  $\beta_{sec}$   $\beta_{ed}$ ,  $\beta_{sed}$  and  $\beta_{sc}$  defined in [8] fully or partially transmitted during a DPCCH timeslot

Table 6.1AC: UE maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH for UL MIMO

| UE transmit channel configuration   | CM (dB)    | MPR (dB)      |
|---|------------|---------------|
| For all combinations of; DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH, S-E-DPDCH E-DPCCH, S-E-DPCCH and S-DPCCH | 0 ≤ CM ≤ 4 | MAX (CM-1, 0) |

Where Cubic Metric (CM) is based on the UE transmit channel configuration and is given by

$$CM = CEIL \{ [20 * log 10 ((v_norm^3)_{ms}) - 20 * log 10 ((v_norm_ref^3)_{ms})] / k, 0.5 \}$$

Where

- CEIL { x, 0.5 } means rounding upwards to closest 0.5dB, i.e. CM = [0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5]
- k is 1.85 for signals where all channelisations codes meet the following criteria C<sub>SF, N</sub> where N< SF/2</li>
- k is 1.56 for signals were any channelisations codes meet the following criteria  $C_{SF,\,N}$  where  $N \ge SF/2$
- v\_norm is the normalized voltage waveform of the input signal
- v\_norm\_ref is the normalized voltage waveform of the reference signal (12.2 kbps AMR Speech) and
- $20 * log 10 ((v_norm_ref^3)_{rms}) = 1.52 dB$

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the nominal maximum output power of each antenna is specified in Table 6.1AC. The amount of applied power reduction on each antenna shall be the same.

NOTE: CM is measured at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.2.3 UE Relative code domain power accuracy

The UE Relative code domain power accuracy is a measure of the ability of the UE to correctly set the level of individual code powers relative to the total power of all active codes. When the UE uses 16QAM modulation on any of the uplink code channels the IQ origin offset power shall be removed from the Measured CDP ratio; however, the removed relative IQ origin offset power (relative carrier leakage power) also has to satisfy the applicable requirement. The measure of accuracy is the difference between two dB ratios:

UE Relative CDP accuracy = (Measured CDP ratio) - (Nominal CDP ratio)

where

Measured CDP ratio = 10\*log((Measured code power) / (Measured total power of all active codes))

Nominal CDP ratio = 10\*log((Nominal CDP) / (Sum of all nominal CDPs))

The nominal CDP of a code is relative to the total of all codes and is derived from beta factors.

When the UE uses 16QAM modulation a correction factor shall be applied to the  $\beta_{ed}$  value used to compute the Nominal CDP equal to  $\{A_1*(0.4472)^2 + A_2*(1.3416)^2 + A_3*(-0.4472)^2 + A_4*(-1.3416)^2\}^{1/2}$  where  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$ ,  $A_3$  and  $A_4$  are the fractions of symbols (00, 01, 10, 11 respectively) transmitted during the test.

The sum of all nominal CDPs will equal 1 by definition.

NOTE: The above definition of UE relative CDP accuracy is independent of variations in the actual total power of the signal and of noise in the signal that falls on inactive codes.

The required accuracy of the UE relative CDP is given in table 6.1B. The UE relative CDP accuracy shall be maintained over the period during which the total of all active code powers remains unchanged or one timeslot, whichever is the longer.

Table 6.1B: UE Relative CDP accuracy

| Nominal CDP ratio  | Accuracy (dB) |
|--------------------|---------------|
| ≥ -10 dB           | ±1.5          |
| -10 dB to ≥ -15 dB | ±2.0          |
| -15 dB to ≥ -20 dB | ±2.5          |
| -20 dB to ≥ -30 dB | ±3.0          |

#### 6.2.3A UE Relative code domain power accuracy for DC-HSUPA

The requirement and corresponding measurements apply to each individual carrier when the total power in each of the assigned carriers is equal to each other

The UE Relative code domain power accuracy is a measure of the ability of the UE to correctly set the level of individual code powers in a carrier relative to the total power of all active codes in that carrier. When the UE uses 16QAM modulation on any of the uplink code channels in a carrier the IQ origin offset power measured in that carrier shall be removed from the Measured CDP ratio in that carrier; however, the removed relative IQ origin offset power (relative carrier leakage power) measured in that carrier also has to satisfy the applicable requirement in that carrier. The measure of accuracy is the difference between two dB ratios measured per carrier configured on the uplink:

UE Relative CDP accuracy = (Measured CDP ratio) - (Nominal CDP ratio)

where

Measured CDP ratio = 10\*log((Measured code power) / (Measured total power of all active codes))

Nominal CDP ratio = 10\*log((Nominal CDP) / (Sum of all nominal CDPs))

The nominal CDP of a code is relative to the total of all codes in each carrier and is derived from beta factors. The sum of all nominal CDPs will equal 1 by definition.

NOTE: The above definition of UE relative CDP accuracy is independent of variations in the actual total power of the signal in each carrier and of noise in the signal that falls on inactive codes.

The required accuracy of the UE relative CDP is given in table 6.1B. The UE relative CDP accuracy shall be maintained over the period during which the total of all active code powers remains unchanged or one timeslot, whichever is the longer.

The reference measurement channels for the requirements in subclause 6.2.3A are provided in subclause A.2.6 and A.2.7.

## 6.2.3B UE Relative code domain power accuracy for UL OLTD

For the UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the relative code domain power accuracy specified in sub-clause 6.2.3 applies at each transmit antenna connector.

## 6.2.3C UE Relative code domain power accuracy for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the relative code domain power accuracy specified in sub-clause 6.2.3 applies at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the relative code domain power accuracy specified in sub-clause 6.2.3 applies at the active transmit antenna connector.

# 6.2.3D UE Relative code domain power accuracy for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the relative code domain power accuracy specified in sub-clause 6.2.3 applies at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.3 Frequency Error

The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within  $\pm 0.1$  PPM observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B. For the PRACH preambles the measurement interval is lengthened to 3904 chips (being the 4096 chip nominal preamble period less a 25  $\mu$ s transient period allowance at each end of the burst). These signals will have an apparent error due to Node B frequency error and Doppler shift. The signals from the Node B must be averaged over sufficient time that errors due to noise or interference are within the above  $\pm 0.1$ PPM figure. The UE shall use the same frequency source for both RF frequency generation and the chip clock.

## 6.3A Frequency Error for DC-HSUPA

The UE modulated carrier frequencies shall be accurate to within  $\pm 0.1$  PPM observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the average of the carrier frequencies received from the Node B. When the signal from one Node B cell is out-of-sync, the UE modulated carrier frequency shall be compared to the remaining carrier frequency received from the other Node B cell. These signals will have an apparent error due to Node B frequency error and Doppler shift. The signals from the Node B must be averaged over sufficient time such that errors due to noise or interference are within the above  $\pm 0.1$ PPM figure. The frequency error of the carrier frequencies received from the Node B shall be the same in average. The UE shall use the same frequency source for both RF frequency generation and the chip clock.

# 6.3B Frequency error for UL OLTD

The UE modulated carrier frequency at each transmit antenna connector shall be accurate to within  $\pm 0.1$  PPM observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B. These signals will have an apparent error due to Node B frequency error and Doppler shift. The signals from the Node B must be averaged over sufficient time that errors due to noise or interference are within the above  $\pm 0.1$ PPM figure. The UE shall use the same frequency source for both RF frequency generation and the chip clock.

# 6.3C Frequency error for UL CLTD

The UE modulated carrier frequency at each transmit antenna connector shall be accurate to within  $\pm 0.1$  PPM observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B. These signals will have an apparent error due to Node B frequency error and Doppler shift. The signals from the Node B must be averaged over sufficient time that errors due to noise or interference are within the above  $\pm 0.1$ PPM figure. The UE shall use the same frequency source for both RF frequency generation and the chip clock.

# 6.3D Frequency error for UL MIMO

For UE supporting UL MIMO, the UE modulated carrier frequency at each transmit antenna connector shall be accurate to within  $\pm 0.1$  PPM observed over a period of one timeslot compared to the carrier frequency received from the Node B. These signals will have an apparent error due to Node B frequency error and Doppler shift. The signals from the Node B must be averaged over sufficient time that errors due to noise or interference are within the above  $\pm 0.1$ PPM figure. The UE shall use the same frequency source for both RF frequency generation and the chip clock.

## 6.4 Output power dynamics

Power control is used to limit the interference level.

# 6.4.1 Open loop power control

Open loop power control is the ability of the UE transmitter to sets its output power to a specific value. The open loop power control tolerance is given in Table 6.3

#### 6.4.1.1 Minimum requirement

The UE open loop power is defined as the mean power in a timeslot or ON power duration, whichever is available.

Table 6.3: Open loop power control tolerance

| Conditions         | Tolerance |
|--------------------|-----------|
| Normal conditions  | ± 9 dB    |
| Extreme conditions | ± 12 dB   |

### 6.4.1.1A Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA

The open loop power control tolerance per carrier is given in Table 6.3.

## 6.4.2 Inner loop power control in the uplink

Inner loop power control in the Uplink is the ability of the UE transmitter to adjust its output power in accordance with one or more TPC commands received in the downlink.

#### 6.4.2.1 Power control steps

The power control step is the change in the UE transmitter output power in response to a single TPC command, TPC\_cmd, derived at the UE.

#### 6.4.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The UE transmitter shall have the capability of changing the output power with a step size of 1, 2 and 3 dB according to the value of  $\Delta_{TPC}$  or  $\Delta_{RP-TPC}$ , in the slot immediately after the TPC\_cmd as follows

- a) The transmitter output power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in Table 6.4.
- b) The transmitter average output power step due to inner loop power control shall be within the range shown in Table 6.5. Here a TPC\_cmd group is a set of TPC\_cmd values derived from a corresponding sequence of TPC commands of the same duration.

The inner loop power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from  $25\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $25\mu s$  after the slot boundary.

Table 6.4: Transmitter power control range

|          | Transmitter power control range |         |                |         |                |         |
|----------|---------------------------------|---------|----------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| TPC_ cmd | 1 dB step size                  |         | 2 dB step size |         | 3 dB step size |         |
|          | Lower                           | Upper   | Lower          | Upper   | Lower          | Upper   |
| + 1      | +0.5 dB                         | +1.5 dB | +1 dB          | +3 dB   | +1.5 dB        | +4.5 dB |
| 0        | -0.5 dB                         | +0.5 dB | -0.5 dB        | +0.5 dB | -0.5 dB        | +0.5 dB |
| -1       | -0.5 dB                         | -1.5 dB | -1 dB          | -3 dB   | -1.5 dB        | -4.5 dB |

Transmitter power Transmitter power control range after 10 equal control range after 7 TPC\_cmd TPC\_ cmd groups equal TPC\_ cmd groups group 1 dB step size 2 dB step size 3 dB step size Lower Upper Lower Upper Upper Lower +8 dB +12 dB +16 dB +24 dB +16 dB +26 dB +1 0 -1 dB +1 dB -1 dB +1 dB -1 dB +1 dB -1 -8 dB -12 dB -16 dB -24 dB -16 dB -26 dB 0,0,0,0,+1 +6 dB +14 dB N/A N/A N/A N/A -14 dB 0,0,0,0,-1 N/A N/A N/A -6 dB N/A

Table 6.5: Transmitter aggregate power control range

The UE shall meet the above requirements for inner loop power control over the power range bounded by the Minimum output power as defined in subclause 6.4.3, and the Maximum output power supported by the UE (i.e. the actual power as would be measured assuming no measurement error). This power shall be in the range specified for the power class of the UE in subclause 6.2.1.

#### 6.4.2.1.1A Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA

The UE transmitter shall have the capability of changing the output power in each assigned carrier in the uplink with a step size of 1, 2 and 3 dB according to the value of  $\Delta_{TPC}$  or  $\Delta_{RP-TPC}$ , in the slot immediately after the TPC\_cmd for the corresponding carrier as follows

- a) The transmitter output power step due to inner loop power control in each assigned carrier in the uplink shall be within the range shown in Table 6.4, when the total transmit power in each of the assigned carriers is equal to each other.
- b) The transmitter average output power step due to inner loop power control in each assigned carrier in the uplink shall be within the range shown in Table 6.5, when the total transmit power in each of the assigned carriers is equal to each other. Here a TPC\_cmd group is a set of TPC\_cmd values derived from a corresponding sequence of TPC commands of the same duration.
- c) The requirements can be tested by sending the same TPC commands for each of the assigned carriers, assuming that the signal powers for the carriers (in terms of DPCCH code power and total power) have been aligned prior to the beginning of the test procedure.

The inner loop power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot in each carrier, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from 25µs before the slot boundary to 25µs after the slot boundary.

#### 6.4.2.1.1B Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For the UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the inner loop power control in the uplink specified in sub-clause 6.4.2.1.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.4.2.1.1C Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the inner loop power control in the uplink specified in sub-clause 6.4.2.1.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the inner loop power control in the uplink specified in sub-clause 6.4.2.1.1 applies at the active transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.4.2.1.1D Additional requirement for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the inner loop power control in the uplink specified in sub-clause 6.4.2.1.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector.

### 6.4.3 Minimum output power

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is when the power is set to a minimum value.

### 6.4.3.1 Minimum requirement

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one time slot. The minimum output power shall be less than -50 dBm.

#### 6.4.3.1A Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA

The minimum output power is defined as the mean power in one time slot in each carrier. The minimum output power in each carrier shall be less than -50 dBm, when both carriers are set to minimum output power.

#### 6.4.3.1B Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For the UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the minimum output power specified in sub-clause 6.4.3.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector, when the UE power is set to a minimum value.

### 6.4.3.1C Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the minimum output power specified in sub-clause 6.4.3.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector, when the UE power is set to a minimum value.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the minimum output power specified in subclause 6.4.3.1 applies at the active transmit antenna connector, when the UE power is set to a minimum value.

#### 6.4.3.1D Additional requirement for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the minimum output power specified in sub-clause 6.4.3.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector, when the UE power is set to a minimum value.

# 6.4.4 Out-of-synchronization handling of output power

The receiver characteristics in this section are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in section 6.4.4.2 below.

The UE shall monitor the DPCCH quality in order to detect a loss of the signal on Layer 1, as specified in TS 25.214. The thresholds  $Q_{out}$  and  $Q_{in}$  specify at what DPCCH quality levels the UE shall shut its power off and when it shall turn its power on respectively. The thresholds are not defined explicitly, but are defined by the conditions under which the UE shall shut its transmitter off and turn it on, as stated in this subclause.

The DPCCH quality shall be monitored in the UE and compared to the thresholds  $Q_{\text{out}}$  and  $Q_{\text{in}}$  for the purpose of monitoring synchronization. The threshold  $Q_{\text{out}}$  should correspond to a level of DPCCH quality where no reliable detection of the TPC commands transmitted on the downlink DPCCH can be made. This can be at a TPC command error ratio level of e.g. 30%. The threshold  $Q_{\text{in}}$  should correspond to a level of DPCCH quality where detection of the TPC commands transmitted on the downlink DPCCH is significantly more reliable than at  $Q_{\text{out}}$ . This can be at a TPC command error ratio level of e.g. 20%.

#### 6.4.4.1 Minimum requirement

When the UE estimates the DPCCH quality or the quality of the TPC fields of the F-DPCH frame received from the serving HS-DSCH cell over the last 160 ms period or quality of the TPC fields of the F-DPCH from the serving HS-DSCH cell over the previous 240 slots in which the TPC symbols are known to be present when the discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission operation is enabled to be worse than a threshold  $Q_{out}$ , the UE shall shut its transmitter off

within 40 ms. The UE shall not turn its transmitter on again until the DPCCH quality exceeds an acceptable level  $Q_{\rm in}$ . When the UE estimates the DPCCH quality or the quality of the TPC fields of the F-DPCH frame received from the serving HS-DSCH cell over the last 160 ms period or quality of the TPC fields of the F-DPCH from the serving HS-DSCH cell over the previous 240 slots in which the TPC symbols are known to be present when the discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission operation is enabled to be better than a threshold  $Q_{\rm in}$ , the UE shall again turn its transmitter on within 40 ms.

The UE transmitter shall be considered "off" if the transmitted power is below the level defined in subclause 6.5.1 (Transmit off power). Otherwise the transmitter shall be considered as "on".

#### 6.4.4.1A Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the minimum requirements specified in sub-clause 6.4.4.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.4.4.1B Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the minimum requirements specified in sub-clause 6.4.4.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the minimum requirements specified in subclause 6.4.4.1 apply at the active transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.4.4.1C Additional requirement for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the minimum requirements specified in sub-clause 6.4.4.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.4.4.2 Test case

This subclause specifies a test case, which provides additional information for how the minimum requirement should be interpreted for the purpose of conformance testing.

The quality levels at the thresholds  $Q_{out}$  and  $Q_{in}$  correspond to different signal levels depending on the downlink conditions DCH parameters. For the conditions in Table 6.6, a signal with the quality at the level  $Q_{out}$  can be generated by a DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -25 dB, and a signal with  $Q_{in}$  by a DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -21 dB. For a UE which supports the optional enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH a signal with the quality at the level  $Q_{out}$  can be instead generated by a DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -28 dB, and a signal with  $Q_{in}$  by a DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -24 dB for the conditions in Table 6.6. The DL reference measurement channel (12.2) kbps specified in subclause A.3.1 and with static propagation conditions. The downlink physical channels, other than those specified in Table 6.6, are as specified in Table C.3 of Annex C.

Figure 6.1 shows an example scenario where the DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio varies from a level where the DPCH is demodulated under normal conditions, down to a level below  $Q_{out}$  where the UE shall shut its power off and then back up to a level above  $Q_{in}$  where the UE shall turn the power back on. Figure 6.1A shows an example scenario for a UE which supports the optional enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH, where the DPCCH\_Ec/Ior ratio varies from a level where the DPCH is demodulated under normal conditions, down to a level below  $Q_{out}$  where the UE shall shut its power off and then back up to a level above  $Q_{in}$  where the UE shall turn the power back on.

Table 6.6: DCH parameters for the Out-of-synch handling test case

| Parameter                   | Unit             | Value   |
|-----------------------------|------------------|---|
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$       | dB               | -1  |
| $I_{oc}$                    | dBm/3.84 MHz -60 |   |
| $\frac{DPDCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB               | See figure 6.1: Before point A -16.6<br>After point A Not defined |
| $rac{DPCCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$  | dB               | See figure 6.1  |
| Information Data Rate       | kbps             | 12.2  |

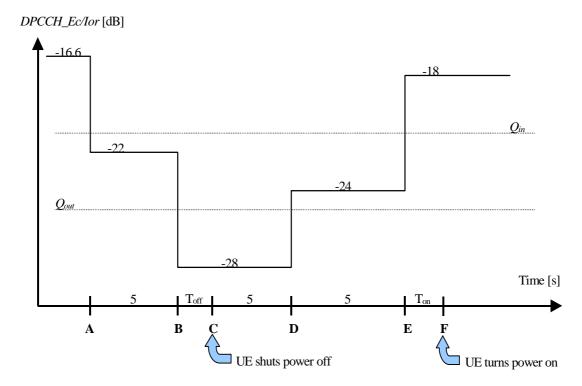


Figure 6.1: Test case for out-of-synch handling in the UE

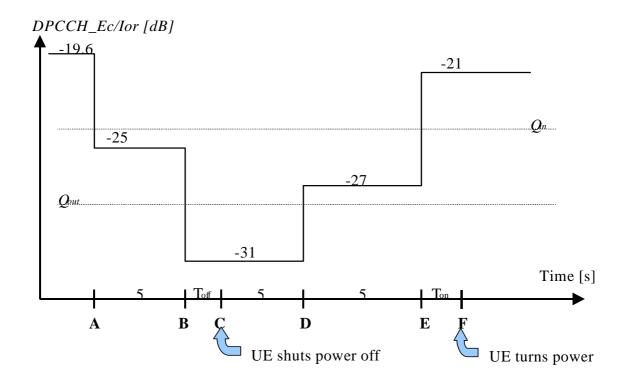


Figure 6.1A: Test case for out-of-synch handling in the UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1

In this test case, the requirements for the UE are that:

- 1. The UE shall not shut its transmitter off before point B.
- 2. The UE shall shut its transmitter off before point C, which is  $T_{\rm off} = 200$  ms after point B.
- 3. The UE shall not turn its transmitter on between points C and E.
- 4. The UE shall turn its transmitter on before point F, which is  $T_{on} = 200$  ms after point E.

# 6.4A Output pattern dynamics

An F-TPICH carries transmitted precoding indicator generated at layer 1 for UL CLTD operation.

# 6.4A.1 Out-of-quality handling of TPI applicability

The UE shall measure the reliability of the received TPI bits over the 3 slot period in which the TPI bit pattern corresponding to a precoding weight is received, as specified in TS 25.214 [8]. The received TPI bits are mapped to precoding weights and applied by the UE only if the estimated quality of the TPI bits is determined to be better than a threshold  $Q_{tpi}$ . Otherwise, the UE shall apply the precoding weights corresponding to the last reliably received TPI bit pattern. The threshold is not defined explicitly, but is defined by the conditions under which the UE shall apply the precoding weights corresponding to the received TPI bits and apply the precoding weights corresponding to the last reliably received TPI bits, as stated in this subclause.

The threshold  $Q_{tpi}$  should correspond to a level of F-TPICH quality below which no reliable detection of the TPI bits transmitted on the downlink DPCCH can be made.

### 6.4A.1.1 Minimum requirement

When the UE estimates the F-TPICH quality received over the 3 slot period to be worse than a threshold  $Q_{tpi}$ , the UE shall apply the precoding weights corresponding to the last reliably received TPI bit pattern. The UE shall not apply the precoding weights corresponding to the received TPI bits again until the F-TPICH quality exceeds a threshold  $Q_{tpi}$ .

When the estimated F-TPICH quality is better than a threshold  $Q_{tpi}$ , the UE shall again apply the precoding weights corresponding to the received TPI bits.

#### 6.4A.1.2 Test case

This subclause specifies a test case, which provides additional information for how the minimum requirement should be interpreted for the purpose of conformance testing.

The quality level at the threshold  $Q_{tpi}$  corresponds to a signal level depending on the downlink conditions F-TPICH parameters. For the conditions in Table 6.6A, a signal with the quality below the level  $Q_{tpi}$  can be generated by an F-TPICH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -26 dB, and a signal with the quality above the level  $Q_{tpi}$  can be generated by an F-TPICH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -12 dB. For a UE which supports the optional enhanced requirements type1 specified based on receiver diversity for F-TPICH a signal with the quality below the level  $Q_{tpi}$  can be instead generated by an F-TPICH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -29 dB for the conditions in Table 6.6A, and a signal with the quality above the level  $Q_{tpi}$  by an F-TPICH\_Ec/Ior ratio of -15 dB. The downlink physical channels, other than those specified in Table 6.6A, are as specified in Table C.3 of Annex C.

Figure 6.1B shows an example scenario where the F-TPICH\_Ec/Ior ratio varies from a level where the F-TPICH is demodulated under normal conditions, down to a level below  $Q_{tpi}$  where the UE shall apply the precoding weights corresponding to the last reliably received TPI bit pattern and then back up to a level above  $Q_{tpi}$  where the UE shall apply the precoding weights corresponding to the received TPI bit pattern. Figure 6.1C shows an example scenario for a UE which supports the optional enhanced requirements type1 for F-TPICH, where the F-TPICH\_Ec/Ior ratio varies from a level where the F-TPICH is demodulated under normal conditions, down to a level below  $Q_{tpi}$  where the UE shall apply the precoding weights corresponding to the last reliably received TPI bit pattern and then back up to a level above  $Q_{tpi}$  where the UE shall apply the precoding weights corresponding to the received TPI bit pattern. Point B shall be at least 10 ms after point A, and point D shall be at least 10 ms after point C.

For a UE which supports the optional enhanced requirements type 1 for F-TPICH, the UE shall not be tested according to the minimum requirements.

| Parameter                            | Unit | Value                          |  |
|--------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------|--|
| Propagation condition                |      | Static                         |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$                | dB   | -1                             |  |
| $I_{oc}$ dBm/3.84 MHz                |      | -60                            |  |
| $\frac{F\text{-}TPICH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB   | See figure 6.1B or figure 6.1C |  |

Table 6.6A: parameters for the out-of-quality handling of F-TPICH test case

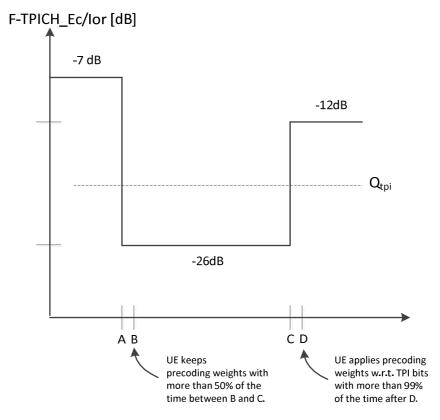


Figure 6.1B: Test case for F-TPICH out-of-quality handling in the UE supporting the minimum requirements for F-TPICH

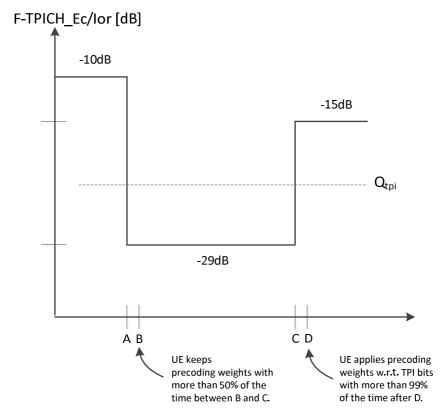


Figure 6.1C: Test case for F-TPICH out-of-quality handling in the UE supporting the optional enhanced requirements type1 for F-TPICH

In these test cases, the requirements for the UE are that:

- 1. The UE shall keep precoding weights with more than 50% of the time between point B and point C.
- 2. The UE apply precoding weights w.r.t. TPI bits with more than 99% of the time after point D.

# 6.5 Transmit ON/OFF power

### 6.5.1 Transmit OFF power

Transmit OFF power is defined as the RRC filtered mean power when the transmitter is off. The transmitter is considered to be off when the UE is not allowed to transmit or during periods when the UE is not transmitting DPCCH due to discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission. During UL compressed mode gaps, the UE is not considered to be off.

#### 6.5.1.1 Minimum requirement

The transmit OFF power is defined as the RRC filtered mean power in a duration of at least one timeslot excluding any transient periods. The requirement for the transmit OFF power shall be less than -56 dBm.

#### 6.5.1.1A Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA

The transmit OFF power is defined per carrier as the RRC filtered mean power in a duration of at least one timeslot excluding any transient periods. The requirement for the transmit OFF power in each carrier shall be less than -56 dBm, when the transmitters in both carriers are turned off.

### 6.5.1.1B Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For the UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the transmit OFF power specified in sub-clause 6.5.1.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector, when the transmitter is OFF on both transmit connectors.

#### 6.5.1.1C Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the transmit OFF power specified in sub-clause 6.5.1.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector, when the transmitter is OFF on both transmit antenna connectors.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the transmit OFF power specified in sub-clause 6.5.1.1 applies at the active transmit antenna connector, when the transmitter is OFF on both transmit antenna connectors.

#### 6.5.1.1D Additional requirement for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the transmit OFF power specified in subclause 6.5.1.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector, when the transmitter is OFF on both transmit antenna connectors.

#### 6.5.2 Transmit ON/OFF Time mask

The time mask for transmit ON/OFF defines the transient period allowed for the UE between transmit OFF power and transmit ON power. During the transient period there are no additional requirements on UE transmit power beyond what is required in subclause 6.2 maximum output power observed over a period of at least one timeslot. ON/OFF scenarios include PRACH preamble bursts, the beginning or end of PRACH message parts, the beginning or end of each discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission gap and the beginning or end of UL DPCH transmissions.

#### 6.5.2.1 Minimum requirement

The transmit power levels versus time shall meet the requirements in figure 6.2 for PRACH preambles, the requirements in figure 6.2A for discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission and the requirements in figure 6.3 for all other cases. The off power observation period is defined as the RRC filtered mean power in a duration of at least one timeslot excluding any transient periods. The on power observation period is defined as the mean power over one timeslot excluding any transient periods. For PRACH preambles, the on power observation period is 3904 chips (4096 chips less the transient periods).

The off power specification in figures 6.2 and 6.3 is as defined in 6.5.1.1.

The average on power specification in figures 6.2 and 6.3 depends on each possible case.

- First preamble of RACH: Open loop accuracy (Table 6.3).
- During preamble ramping of the RACH, and between final RACH preamble and RACH message part: Accuracy depending on size of the required power difference (Table 6.7). The step in total transmitted power between final RACH preamble and RACH message (control part + data part) shall be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude.
- After transmission gaps due to discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission: Accuracy as defined in Table 6.7A. The uplink transmitter power difference tolerance after a transmission gap of up to 10 sub-frames shall be within the range as defined in Table 6.7A. The TPC\_cmd value shown in Table 6.7A corresponds to the last TPC\_cmd value received before the transmission gap and applied by the UE after the transmission gap when discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission is activated.
- After transmission gaps in compressed mode: Accuracy as in Table 6.9.
- Power step to Maximum Power: Maximum power accuracy (Table 6.1).

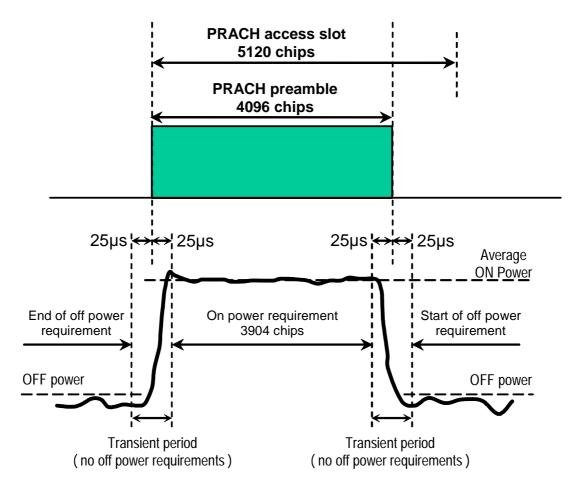


Figure 6.2: Transmit ON/OFF template for PRACH preambles

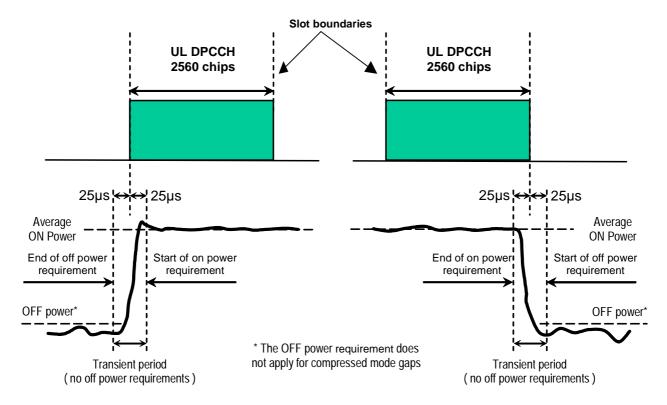


Figure 6.2A: Transmit ON/OFF template for discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission

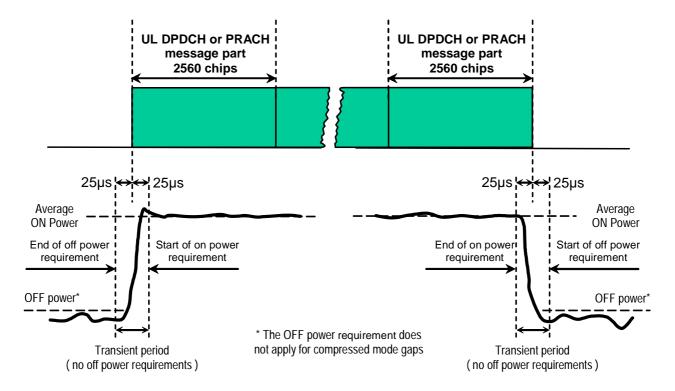


Figure 6.3: Transmit ON/OFF template for all other On/Off cases

Table 6.7: Transmitter power difference tolerance for RACH preamble ramping, and between final RACH preamble and RACH message part

| Power step size (Up or down)* ΔP [dB] | Transmitter power difference tolerance [dB] |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| 0                                     | +/- 1                                       |
| 1                                     | +/- 1                                       |
| 2                                     | +/- 1.5                                     |
| 3                                     | +/- 2                                       |
| 4 ≤□ Δ P ≤10                          | +/- 2.5                                     |
| 11 ≤□ Δ P ≤15                         | +/- 3.5                                     |
| 16 ≤□ Δ P ≤20                         | +/- 4.5                                     |
| 21 ≤□ Δ P                             | +/- 6.5                                     |

NOTE: Power step size for RACH preamble ramping is from 1 to 8 dB with 1 dB steps.

Table 6.7A: Transmitter power difference tolerance after a gap of up to 10 sub-frames due to discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission

| Last TDC and |        | -        | transm           | nce after discon<br>nission gap |        |          |
|--------------|--------|----------|------------------|---------------------------------|--------|----------|
| Last TPC_cmd | 1 dB s | tep size | ze 2 dB step siz | tep size                        | 3 dB s | tep size |
|              | Lower  | Upper    | Lower            | Upper                           | Lower  | Upper    |
| + 1          | -2 dB  | +4 dB    | -1 dB            | +5 dB                           | 0 dB   | +6 dB    |
| 0            | -3 dB  | +3 dB    | -3 dB            | +3 dB                           | -3 dB  | +3 dB    |
| -1           | -4 dB  | +2 dB    | -5 dB            | +1 dB                           | -6 dB  | 0 dB     |

#### 6.5.2.1A Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the minimum requirements except the requirement with PRACH specified in sub-clause 6.5.2.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.5.2.1B Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the minimum requirements specified in sub-clause 6.5.2.1 except the requirement with PRACH apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the minimum requirements in sub-clause 6.5.2.1 except the requirement with PRACH apply at the active transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.5.2.1C Additional requirement for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the minimum requirements specified in sub-clause 6.5.2.1, except the requirement with PRACH, apply at each transmit antenna connector.

## 6.5.3 Change of TFC

A change of TFC (Transport Format Combination) in uplink means that the power in the uplink varies according to the change in data rate. DTX, where the DPDCH is turned off, is a special case of variable data, which is used to minimise the interference between UE(s) by reducing the UE transmit power when voice, user or control information is not present.

#### 6.5.3.1 Minimum requirement

A change of output power is required when the TFC, and thereby the data rate, is changed. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will vary. The power step due to a change in TFC shall be calculated in the UE so that the power transmitted on the DPCCH shall follow the inner loop power control. The step in total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude. The accuracy of the

power step, given the step size, is specified in Table 6.8. The power change due to a change in TFC is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from  $25\mu$ s before the slot boundary to  $25\mu$ s after the slot boundary.

| i abie 6.8: | Transmitter | power | step tolerance |  |
|-------------|-------------|-------|----------------|--|
|             |             |       |                |  |

| Power step size (Up or down)<br>ΔP [dB] | Transmitter power step tolerance [dB] |  |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| 0                                       | +/- 0.5                               |  |
| 1                                       | +/- 0.5                               |  |
| 2                                       | +/- 1.0                               |  |
| 3                                       | +/- 1.5                               |  |
| 4 ≤□ Δ P ≤10                            | +/- 2.0                               |  |
| 11 ≤□ Δ P ≤15                           | +/- 3.0                               |  |
| 16 ≤□ Δ P ≤20                           | +/- 4.0                               |  |
| 21 ≤□ Δ P                               | +/- 6.0                               |  |

The mean power of successive slots shall be calculated according to Figure 6.4.

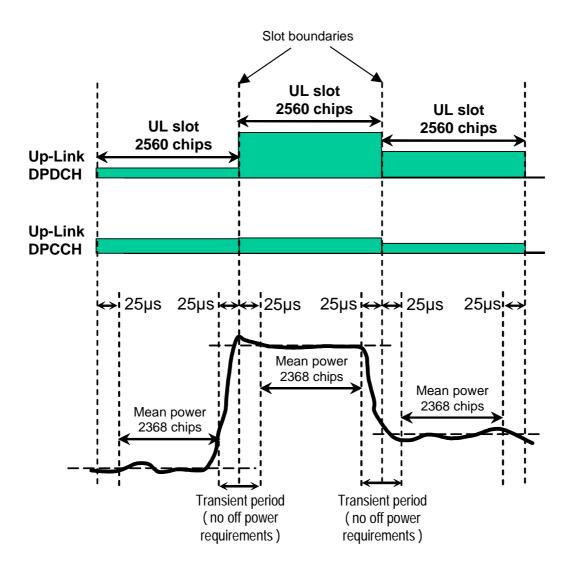


Figure 6.4: Transmit template during TFC change

### 6.5.3.1A Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the minimum requirements specified in sub-clause 6.5.3.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.5.3.1B Additional requirement for UL CLTD

A change of output power is required when the TFC, and thereby the data rate, is changed. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will vary. The power step due to a change in TFC shall be calculated in the UE so that the power transmitted on the DPCCH shall follow the inner loop power control. The step in total transmitted power (DPCCH + S-DPCCH + DPDCH for UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 1, and DPCCH + DPDCH for UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size, is specified in Table 6.8 at each transmit antenna connector. The power change at each transmit antenna connector due to a change in TFC is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, not including the transient duration. The transient duration is from  $25\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $25\mu s$  after the slot boundary.

## 6.5.4 Power setting in uplink compressed mode

Compressed mode in uplink means that the power in uplink is changed.

### 6.5.4.1 Minimum requirement

A change of output power is required during uplink compressed frames since the transmission of data is performed in a shorter interval. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will also vary. The power step due to compressed mode shall be calculated in the UE so that the energy transmitted on the pilot bits during each transmitted slot shall follow the inner loop power control.

Thereby, the power during compressed mode, and immediately afterwards, shall be such that the mean power of the DPCCH follows the steps due to inner loop power control combined with additional steps of  $10\text{Log}_{10}(N_{pilot,prev}/N_{pilot,curr})$  dB where  $N_{pilot,prev}$  is the number of pilot bits in the previously transmitted slot, and  $N_{pilot,curr}$  is the current number of pilot bits per slot.

The resulting step in total transmitted power (DPCCH +DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the power step, given the step size, is specified in Table 6.8 in subclause 6.5.3.1. The power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, when neither the original timeslot nor the reference timeslot are in a transmission gap. The transient duration is not included, and is from  $25\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $25\mu s$  after the slot boundary.

In addition to any power change due to the ratio  $N_{pilot,prev} / N_{pilot,curr}$ , the mean power of the DPCCH in the first slot after a compressed mode transmission gap shall differ from the mean power of the DPCCH in the last slot before the transmission gap by an amount  $\Delta_{RESUME}$ , where  $\Delta_{RESUME}$  is calculated as described in clause 5.1.2.3 of TS 25.214.

The resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power difference exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH) after a transmission gap of up to 14 slots shall be as specified in Table 6.9.

Table 6.9: Transmitter power difference tolerance after a transmission gap of up to 14 slots

| Power difference (Up or down)<br>ΔP [dB] | Transmitter power step tolerance after a transmission gap [dB] |
|--|--|
| Δ P ≤ 2                                  | +/- 3  |
| 3  | +/- 3  |
| 4 ≤□ Δ P ≤10                             | +/- 3.5  |
| 11 ≤□ Δ P ≤15                            | +/- 4  |
| 16 ≤□ Δ P ≤20                            | +/- 4.5  |
| 21 ≤□ Δ P                                | +/- 6.5  |

The power difference is defined as the difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot before the transmission gap and the mean power of the target timeslot after the transmission gap, not including the transient durations. The transient durations at the start and end of the transmission gaps are each from  $25\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $25\mu s$  after the slot boundary.

The mean power of successive slots shall be calculated according to figure 6.5.

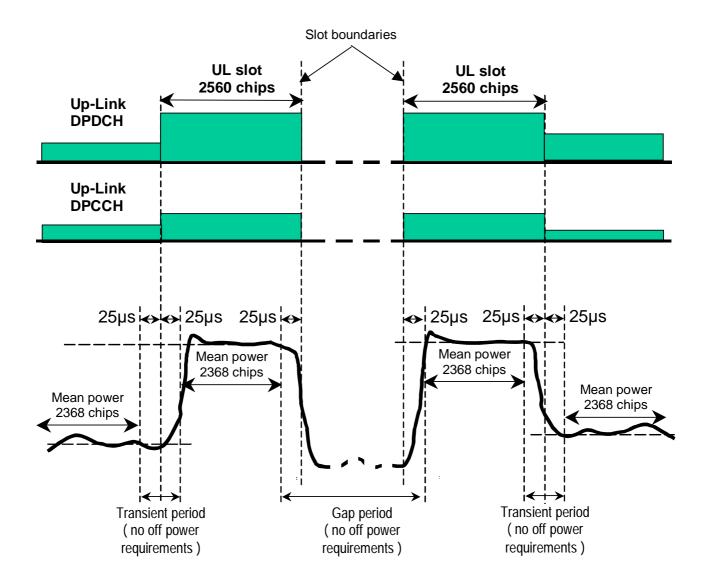


Figure 6.5: Transmit template during compressed mode

### 6.5.4.1A Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the minimum requirements specified in sub-clause 6.5.4.1 apply at each UE antenna connector.

#### 6.5.4.1B Additional requirement for UL CLTD

A change of output power is required during uplink compressed frames since the transmission of data is performed in a shorter interval. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code will also vary. The power step due to compressed mode shall be calculated in the UE so that the energy transmitted on the pilot bits during each transmitted slot shall follow the inner loop power control.

Thereby, the power during compressed mode, and immediately afterwards, shall be such that the mean power of the DPCCH follows the steps due to inner loop power control combined with additional steps of  $10\text{Log}_{10}(N_{\text{pilot.prev}}/N_{\text{pilot.curr}})$  dB where  $N_{\text{pilot.prev}}$  is the number of pilot bits in the previously transmitted slot, and  $N_{\text{pilot.curr}}$  is the current number of pilot bits per slot.

The resulting step in total transmitted power (DPCCH + S-DPCCH +DPDCH for UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 1, and DPCCH + DPDCH for UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the power step at each transmit antenna connector, given the step size, is specified in Table 6.8 in subclause 6.5.3.1. The power step is defined as the relative power difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot and the mean power of the target timeslot, when neither the original timeslot nor the reference timeslot are in a transmission gap. The transient duration is not included, and is from  $25\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $25\mu s$  after the slot boundary.

In addition to any power change due to the ratio  $N_{pilot,prev} / N_{pilot,curr}$ , the mean power of the DPCCH in the first slot after a compressed mode transmission gap shall differ from the mean power of the DPCCH in the last slot before the transmission gap by an amount  $\Delta_{RESUME}$ , where  $\Delta_{RESUME}$  is calculated as described in clause 5.1.2.3 of TS 25.214.

The resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + S-DPCCH + DPDCH for UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 1, and DPCCH + DPDCH for UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3) shall then be rounded to the closest integer dB value. A power difference exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greatest magnitude. The accuracy of the resulting difference in the total transmitted power (DPCCH + S-DPCCH + DPDCH for UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 1, and DPCCH + DPDCH for UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3) after a transmission gap of up to 14 slots shall be as specified in Table 6.9 at each transmit antenna connector.

The power difference at each transmit antenna connector is defined as the difference between the mean power of the original (reference) timeslot before the transmission gap and the mean power of the target timeslot after the transmission gap, not including the transient durations. The transient durations at the start and end of the transmission gaps are each from  $25\mu s$  before the slot boundary to  $25\mu s$  after the slot boundary. The mean power of successive slots shall be calculated according to figure 6.5.

#### 6.5.5 HS-DPCCH

The transmission of Ack/Nack or CQI over the HS-DPCCH may cause the transmission power in the uplink to vary. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPCCH and the Ack/Nack and CQI respectively is signalled by higher layers.

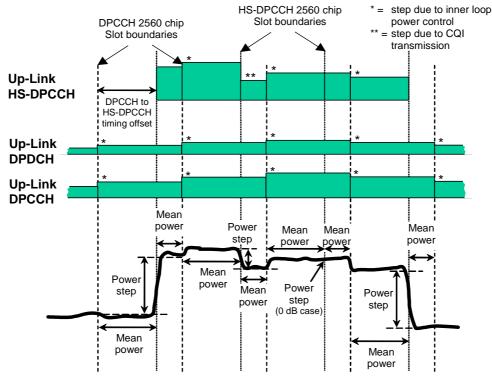
### 6.5.5.1 Minimum requirement

The nominal sum power on DPCCH+DPDCH is independent of the transmission of Ack/Nack and CQI unless the UE output power when Ack/Nack or CQI is transmitted would exceed the maximum value specified in Table 6.1A or fall below the value specified in 6.4.3.1, whereupon the UE shall apply additional scaling to the total transmit power as defined in section 5.1.2.6 of TS.25.214 [8].

The composite transmitted power (DPCCH + DPDCH+HS-DPCCH) may then also be rounded to the closest integer dB value. If rounding is done a power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude.

The nominal power step due to transmission of Ack/Nack or CQI is defined as the difference between the nominal mean powers of two power evaluation periods either side of an HS-DPCCH boundary. The first evaluation period starts  $25\mu s$ 

after a DPCCH slot boundary and ends  $25\mu s$  before the following HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The second evaluation period starts  $25\mu s$  after the same HS-DPCCH slot boundary and ends  $25\mu s$  before the following DPCCH slot boundary. This is described graphically in figure 6.6.



The power step due to HS-DPCCH transmission is the difference between the mean powers transmitted before and after an HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The mean power evaluation period excludes a 25µs period before and after any DPCCH or HS-DPCCH slot boundary.

Figure 6.6: Transmit power template during HS-DPCCH transmission

The tolerance of the power step due to transmission of the HS-DPCCH shall meet the requirements in table 6.9A.

Table 6.9A: Transmitter power step tolerance

### 6.5.5.1A Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the minimum requirements specified in sub-clause 6.5.5.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.5.5.1B Additional requirement for UL CLTD

The nominal sum power on DPCCH+S-DPCCH+DPDCH is independent of the transmission of Ack/Nack and CQI unless the UE output power when Ack/Nack or CQI is transmitted would exceed the maximum value specified in Table

6.1A or fall below the value specified in 6.4.3.1, whereupon the UE shall apply additional scaling to the total transmit power as defined in section 5.1.2.6 of TS.25.214 [8].

The composite transmitted power (DPCCH + S-DPCCH + DPDCH+HS-DPCCH) may then also be rounded to the closest integer dB value. If rounding is done a power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude.

The nominal power step due to transmission of Ack/Nack or CQI is defined as the difference between the nominal mean powers of two power evaluation periods either side of an HS-DPCCH boundary. The first evaluation period starts 25µs after a DPCCH slot boundary and ends 25µs before the following HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The second evaluation period starts 25µs after the same HS-DPCCH slot boundary and ends 25µs before the following DPCCH slot boundary.

The tolerance of the power step due to transmission of the HS-DPCCH shall meet the requirements in table 6.9A at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.5.5.1C Additional requirement for UL MIMO

The nominal sum power on DPCCH+S-DPCCH+E-DPDCH+S-E-DPDCH+S-E-DPCCH is independent of the transmission of Ack/Nack and CQI unless the UE output power when Ack/Nack or CQI is transmitted would exceed the maximum value specified in Table 6.1AC or fall below the value specified in 6.4.3.1D, whereupon the UE shall apply additional scaling to the total transmit power as defined in section 5.1.2.6 of TS.25.214 [8].

The composite transmitted power (DPCCH + S-DPCCH + E-DPDCH + S-E-DPDCH + E-DPCCH + S-E-DPCCH + HS-DPCCH) may then also be rounded to the closest integer dB value. If rounding is done a power step exactly half-way between two integer values shall be rounded to the closest integer of greater magnitude.

The nominal power step due to transmission of Ack/Nack or CQI is defined as the difference between the nominal mean powers of two power evaluation periods either side of an HS-DPCCH boundary. The first evaluation period starts 25µs after a DPCCH slot boundary and ends 25µs before the following HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The second evaluation period starts 25µs after the same HS-DPCCH slot boundary and ends 25µs before the following DPCCH slot boundary.

The tolerance of the power step due to transmission of the HS-DPCCH shall meet the requirements in table 6.9A at each transmit antenna connector.

# 6.6 Output RF spectrum emissions

### 6.6.1 Occupied bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth is a measure of the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum, centered on the assigned channel frequency. The occupied channel bandwidth shall be less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3.84 Mcps.

# 6.6.1A Occupied bandwidth for DC-HSUPA

In the case dual adjacent carriers are assigned in the uplink, occupied bandwidth is a measure of the bandwidth containing 99 % of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum, centered at the center of the assigned channel frequencies. The occupied channel bandwidth shall be less than 10 MHz on a chip rate of 3.84 Mcps.

# 6.6.1B Occupied bandwidth for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, occupied bandwidth requirement is defined per UE.

The occupied bandwidth of the UL OLTD UE is determined by the occupied bandwidth (defined in 6.6.1) measured at each active antenna port of the UE. The upper boundary of the UE occupied bandwidth is the highest boundary of the two measured occupied bandwidths. The lower boundary of the UE occupied bandwidth is the lowest boundary of the two measured occupied bandwidths. The occupied channel bandwidth for UE shall be less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3.84 Mcps.

### 6.6.1C Occupied bandwidth for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, occupied bandwidth requirement is defined per UE.

The occupied bandwidth of the UL CLTD UE is determined by the occupied bandwidth (defined in 6.6.1) measured at each active antenna port of the UE. The upper boundary of the UE occupied bandwidth is the highest boundary of the two measured occupied bandwidths. The lower boundary of the UE occupied bandwidth is the lowest boundary of the two measured occupied bandwidths. The occupied channel bandwidth for UE shall be less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3.84 Mcps.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1 apply at the active transmit antenna connector.

### 6.6.1D Occupied bandwidth for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, occupied bandwidth requirement is defined per UE.

The occupied bandwidth of the UL MIMO UE is determined by the occupied bandwidth (defined in 6.6.1) measured at each active antenna connector of the UE. The upper boundary of the UE occupied bandwidth is the higher upper boundary of the two measured occupied bandwidths. The lower boundary of the UE occupied bandwidth is the lower low boundary of the two measured occupied bandwidths. The occupied channel bandwidth for UE shall be less than 5 MHz based on a chip rate of 3.84 Mcps.

#### 6.6.2 Out of band emission

Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the nominal channel resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. This out of band emission limit is specified in terms of a spectrum emission mask and Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio.

#### 6.6.2.1 Spectrum emission mask

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies, which are between 2.5 MHz and 12.5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency. The out of channel emission is specified relative to the RRC filtered mean power of the UE carrier.

#### 6.6.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.10. The absolute requirement is based on a -50 dBm/3.84 MHz minimum power threshold for the UE. This limit is expressed for the narrower measurement bandwidths as -55.8 dBm/1 MHz and -71.1 dBm/30 kHz. The requirements are applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [8].

**Table 6.10: Spectrum Emission Mask Requirement** 

| Δf in MHz<br>(Note 1) | Minimum requirement (No  | Measurement bandwidth |                    |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------|
| (Note 1)              | Relative requirement   | Absolute requirement  | ballawiatii        |
| 2.5 - 3.5             | $\left\{-35-15\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-2.5\right)\right\}dBc$ | -71.1 dBm             | 30 kHz<br>(Note 3) |
| 3.5 - 7.5             | $\left\{-35-1\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-3.5\right)\right\}dBc$  | -55.8 dBm             | 1 MHz<br>(Note 4)  |
| 7.5 - 8.5             | $\left\{-39-10\cdot\left(\frac{\Delta f}{MHz}-7.5\right)\right\}dBc$ | -55.8 dBm             | 1 MHz<br>(Note 4)  |
| 8.5 - 12.5 MHz        | -49 dBc  | -55.8 dBm             | 1 MHz<br>(Note 4)  |

Note 1:  $\Delta f$  is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.

Note 2: The minimum requirement is calculated from the relative requirement or the absolute requirement, whichever is the higher power.

Note 3: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at  $\Delta f$  equals to 2.515 MHz and 3.485 MHz.

Note 4: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is at  $\Delta f$  equals to 4 MHz and 12 MHz.

For operation in band II, IV, V, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XXV and XXVI the minimum requirement is calculated from the minimum requirement in table 6.10 or the applicable additional requirement in Tables 6.10A, 6.10B or 6.10C, whichever is the tighter requirement.

Table 6.10A: Additional spectrum emission limits for Bands II, IV, X and XXV

| Δf in MHz<br>(Note 1)                             | Frequency offset of<br>measurement filter centre<br>frequency, f_offset | Additional requirements Band II, IV, X | Measurement<br>bandwidth |
|---|---|--|--------------------------|
| $2.5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 3.5 \text{ MHz}$ | 2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 3.485MHz  | -15 dBm                                | 30 kHz                   |
| 3.5 MHz ≤ Δf ≤ 12.5 MHz                           | 4.0MHz ≤ f_offset < 12.0 MHz  | -13 dBm                                | 1 MHz                    |

Note 1:  $\Delta f$  is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.

Table 6.10B: Additional spectrum emission limits for Band V and XXVI

| Δf in MHz<br>(Note 1)                                 | Frequency offset of<br>measurement filter centre<br>frequency, f_offset | Additional requirements Band V | Measurement<br>bandwidth |
|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| $2.5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 3.5 \text{ MHz}$     | 2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 3.485MHz  | -15 dBm                        | 30 kHz                   |
| $3.5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f \leq 12.5 \text{ MHz}$ | 3.55MHz ≤ f_offset < 12.45 MHz  | -13 dBm                        | 100 kHz                  |
|   |   |                                |                          |

Note 1:  $\Delta f$  is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.

Table 6.10C: Additional spectrum emission limits for Bands XII, XIII, XIV

| Δf in MHz<br>(Note 1)   | Frequency offset of<br>measurement filter centre<br>frequency, f_offset | Additional<br>requirements Band<br>XII, XIII, XIV | Measurement<br>bandwidth |  |
|---|---|---|--------------------------|--|
| $2.5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f < 2.6 \text{ MHz}$   | 2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2.585MHz  | -13 dBm   | 30 kHz                   |  |
| $2.6 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 12.45 \text{ MHz}$  | 2.65MHz ≤ f_offset < 12.45 MHz  | -13 dBm   | 100 kHz                  |  |
| Note 1: Δf is the separation between the carrier frequency and the centre of the measurement bandwidth. |   |   |                          |  |

As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the NOTE: measurement bandwidth specified in tables 6.10, 6.10A, 6.10B and 6.10C. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

#### 6.6.2.1A Additional Spectrum emission mask for DC-HSUPA

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies, which are between 5 MHz and 20 MHz away from the UE centre frequency of the two assigned channel frequencies. The requirements assume that the UE output power shall be maximum level. The reference measurement channels for the requirements in subclause 6.6.2.1A.1 and 6.6.2.1A.2 are provided in subclause A.2.8.

#### 6.6.2.1A.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any UE emission shall not exceed the levels specified in Table 6.10D for the specified channel bandwidth.

Table 6.10D: Spectrum emission mask for DC-HSUPA

| Δf<br>(MHz) | Frequency offset of<br>measurement filter centre<br>frequency, f_offset | Spectrum emission<br>limit (dBm) | Measurement<br>bandwidth |
|-------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| ± 5-6       | 5.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 5.985MHz  | -18                              | 30 kHz                   |
| ± 6-10      | 6.5MHz ≤ f_offset < 10.0MHz   | -10                              | 1 MHz                    |
| ± 10-19     | 10.0MHz ≤ f_offset < 19.0MHz  | -13                              | 1 MHz                    |
| ± 19-20     | 19.0MHz ≤ f_offset < 19.5MHz  | -25                              | 1 MHz                    |

Note: Af is the separation between the center of two assigned channel frequencies and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.

#### 6.6.2.1A.2 Additional requirement for band II, IV, V, X, XXV and XXVI

The UE shall meet an additional requirement specified in Table 6.10E for band II, IV, V, X, XXV and XXVI.

Table 6.10E: Additional spectrum emission mask for DC-HSUPA in band II, IV, V, X, XXV and XXVI

|       | Δf<br>(MHz)   | Frequency offset of<br>measurement filter centre<br>frequency, f_offset | Spectrum emission<br>limit (dBm) | Measurement<br>bandwidth |  |
|-------|---|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
|       | ± 5-6   | 5.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 5.985MHz  | -18                              | 30 kHz                   |  |
|       | ± 6-19  | 6.5MHz ≤ f_offset < 19.0MHz   | -13                              | 1 MHz                    |  |
|       | ± 19-20   | 19.0MHz ≤ f_offset < 19.5MHz  | -25                              | 1 MHz                    |  |
| Noto: | Af is the congration between the center of two assigned channel frequencies and the centre of the |   |                                  |                          |  |

At is the separation between the center of two assigned channel frequencies and the centre of the measurement bandwidth.

### 6.6.2.1B Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the spectrum emission mask specified in sub-clause 6.6.2.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.6.2.1C Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the spectrum emission mask specified in sub-clause 6.6.2.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the requirements in sub-clause 6.6.2.1 apply at the active transmit antenna connector.

### 6.6.2.1D Additional requirement for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the spectrum emission mask specified in sub-clause 6.6.2.1 applies at each transmit antenna connector.

### 6.6.2.2 Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)

In the case a single carrier is assigned on the uplink, Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power centered on the assigned channel frequency to the RRC filtered mean power centered on an adjacent channel frequency.

In the case dual adjacent carriers are assigned on the uplink, ACLR is the ratio of the sum of the RRC filtered mean powers centered on each of the two assigned channel frequencies to the RRC filtered mean power centered on an adjacent channel frequency.

#### 6.6.2.2.1 Minimum requirement

If the adjacent channel power is greater than -50dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.11. The requirements are applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [8].

 Power Class
 Adjacent channel frequency relative to assigned channel frequency
 ACLR limit

 3
 + 5 MHz or - 5 MHz
 33 dB

 3
 + 10 MHz or - 10 MHz
 43 dB

 4
 + 5 MHz or - 5 MHz
 33 dB

 4
 + 10 MHz or -10 MHz
 43 dB

Table 6.11: UE ACLR

NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.

NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

#### 6.6.2.2.1A Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA

If the adjacent channel power is greater than -50dBm then the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.11A. The requirements are applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [8]. The reference measurement channels for the requirements in subclause 6.6.2.2.1A are provided in subclause A.2.8.

Table 6.11A: UE ACLR for DC-HSUPA

| Power Class | Adjacent channel frequency relative to<br>the center of two assigned channel | ACLR limit |
|-------------|--|------------|
|             | frequencies  |            |
| 3           | + 7.5 MHz or – 7.5 MHz   | 33 dB      |
| 3           | + 12.5 MHz or – 12.5 MHz   | 36 dB      |
| 4           | + 7.5 MHz or – 7.5 MHz   | 33 dB      |
| 4           | + 12.5 MHz or -12.5 MHz  | 36 dB      |

NOTE 1: The requirement shall still be met in the presence of switching transients.

NOTE 2: The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.

NOTE 3: Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

#### 6.6.2.2.1B Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the ACLR requirements specified in subclause 6.6.2.2.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.6.2.2.1C Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the ACLR requirements specified in sub-clause 6.6.2.2.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the ACLR requirements specified in sub-clause 6.6.2.2.1 apply at the active transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.6.2.2.1D Additional requirement for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the ACLR requirements specified in subclause 6.6.2.2.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

### 6.6.3 Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions.

The frequency boundary and the detailed transitions of the limits between the requirement for out band emissions and spectrum emissions are based on ITU-R Recommendations SM.329 [2].

#### 6.6.3.1 Minimum requirement

These requirements are only applicable for frequencies, which are greater than 12.5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency.

Table 6.12: General spurious emissions requirements

| Frequency Bandwidth  | Measurement Bandwidth | Minimum requirement | Note   |  |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|--------|--|
| 9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz  | 1 kHz                 | -36 dBm             |        |  |
| 150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz   | 10 kHz                | -36 dBm             |        |  |
| 30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz  | 100 kHz               | -36 dBm             |        |  |
| 1 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz  | 1 MHz                 | -30 dBm             |        |  |
| 12.75 GHz ≤ f < 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the UL operating band in GHz | 1 MHz                 | -30 dBm             | Note 1 |  |
| NOTE 1: Applies only for Band XXII.  |                       |                     |        |  |

Table 6.13: Additional spurious emissions requirements

| 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz<br>791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz | Bandwidth<br>1 MHz  | requirement<br>-50 dBm  |
|--|---|---|
|  |   |   |
|  | 3.84 MHz  | -60 dBm   |
| 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz                          | 1 MHz   | -50 dBm   |
| 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz                          | 3.84 MHz  | -60 dBm   |
| 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz                          | 100 kHz   | -60 dBm *   |
|  |   | -67 dBm *   |
| 020 WH 12 21 2 000 WH 12                       |   | -60 dBm   |
| 935 MHz < f < 960 MHz                          |   | -79 dBm *   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   | -71 dBm *   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   | -41 dBm   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   | -50 dBm   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   |   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   | -50 dBm   |
|  |   | -50 dBm   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
| 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz                          |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   | -50 dBm   |
| 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz                          |   | -50 dBm   |
| 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz                          | 3.84 MHz  | -60 dBm   |
| 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz                        | 1 MHz   | -50 dBm   |
| 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz                        | 3.84 MHz  | -60 dBm   |
| 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                        | 3.84 MHz  | -60 dBm   |
| 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz                        | 1 MHz   | -50 dBm   |
|  | 1 MHz   | -50 dBm   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   | -50 dBm**   |
|  |   | -50 dBm   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   | -50 dBm   |
|  |   | -60 dBm *****   |
|  |   | -60 dBm *   |
|  |   | -67 dBm *   |
| 925 MHZ ≥ I ≥ 935 MHZ                          |   | - 60 dBm  |
| 035 MHz < f < 060 MHz                          |   | -79 dBm *   |
|  |   | -60 dBm *****   |
|  |   |   |
|  |   | -60 dBm<br>-41 dBm *****  |
|  |   |   |
| -  |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   | -50 dBm   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
| 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz                        | 3.84 MHz  | -60 dBm **  |
| 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz                        | 1 MHz   | -50 dBm **  |
| 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz                          | 1 MHz   | -50 dBm   |
| 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz                          | 3.84 MHz  | -60 dBm   |
| 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz                          | 3.84 MHz  | -60 dBm   |
| 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz                          | 3.84 MHz  | -60 dBm   |
|  | 1 MHz   | -50 dBm   |
|  | 1 MHz   | -50 dBm   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   | -50 dBm   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
|  |   | -60 dBm   |
| 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz                        | 1 MHz   | -50 dBm   |
|  | $\begin{array}{c} 1525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1559 \text{ MHz} \\ 1930 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1995 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2180 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2200 \text{ MHz} \\ 2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 703 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz} \\ 791 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 821 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 821 \text{ MHz} \\ 860 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 890 \text{ MHz} \\ 921 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 925 \text{ MHz} \\ 925 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 935 \text{ MHz} \\ 925 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 935 \text{ MHz} \\ 1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1884.5 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1710 \text{ MHz} \\ 2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$ | 3.84MHz  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz  1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  3.84 MHz  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  3.84 MHz  3.84 MHz  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  3.84 MHz  3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz  3.84 MHz  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz  717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz  729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  738 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  1 MHz  852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  1 MHz  852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz  1 MHz  1330 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz  1330 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz  3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz  384 MHz  3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  352 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  352 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  3540 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  3550 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  360 MHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz  384 MHz  384 MHz  385 MHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz  384 MHz  384 MHz  385 MHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz  1 MHz  386 MHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz  1 MHz  386 MHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz  1 MHz  387 MHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz  1 MHz  388 MHz  384 MHz  384 MHz  384 MHz  385 MHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz  1 MHz  386 MHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz  1 MHz  386 MHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz  1 MHz  387 MHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz  1 MHz  388 MHz |

|       | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz                       | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|-------|---|---------------------|------------------------------|
|       | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz                       | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm**                    |
| V     | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz                         | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|       | 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz                         | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|       | 729 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 746 MHz               | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | $746 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 756 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | $758 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 768 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | $859 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 869 \text{ MHz}$   | 1 MHz               | -27 dBm                      |
|       |   | 3.84 MHz            |                              |
|       | 869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz                         |                     | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz                       | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|       | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz                       | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|       | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz                       | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm**                    |
|       | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz                       | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
| VI    | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz                         | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|       | 860 MHz ≤ f < 875 MHz                         | 1 MHz               | -37 dBm                      |
|       | 875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz                         | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz                         | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz                   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 1839.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz                   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz                   | 300 kHz             | -41 dBm                      |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz                       | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
| VII   | $717 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 728 \text{ MHz}$   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|       | 758 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 791 MHz               | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|       | 791 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 821 MHz               | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz                         | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|       | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz                         | 100 kHz             | -60 dBm *                    |
|       | 92 1 WI 12 5 1 < 92 3 WI 12                   | 100 kHz             | -67 dBm *                    |
|       | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz                         | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz                         | 100 kHz             | -79 dBm *                    |
|       | 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz                       | 100 kHz             | -71 dBm *                    |
|       | $2110 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2170 \text{ MHz}$ | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | $2620 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2690 \text{ MHz}$ | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz            | -50 dBm                      |
|       | $3510 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 3590 \text{ MHz}$ | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       |   |                     |                              |
| \/III | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz                       | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
| VIII  | 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz                         | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|       | 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz                         | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz                         | 1 MHz               | -37 dBm ****                 |
|       | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz                         | 100 kHz             | -67 dBm *                    |
|       | 323 WH IZ 31 3 333 WH IZ                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz                         | 100 kHz             | -79 dBm *                    |
|       |   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz                   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm ****                 |
|       | 1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz                       | 100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz | -71 dBm ** & *<br>-60 dBm ** |
|       | 1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz                       | 100 kHz             | -71 dBm *                    |
|       |   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤1915.7 MHz                    | 300 kHz             | -41 dBm ****                 |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz                       | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|       | 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 2640 MHz < f ≤ 2690 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm **                   |
|       | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm **                   |
|       | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz                       | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm **                   |
| IX    | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz                         | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm                      |
|       | 860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz                         | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
|       | 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz                         | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm                      |
| L     | 5 .5 <u></u>                                  |                     |                              |

|       | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|-------|---|----------|---------------|
|       | 1839.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz   | 300 kHz  | -41 dBm       |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
| X     | 717 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 728 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
| ^     | $717 \text{ WHz} \le 1 \le 726 \text{ WHz}$<br>$729 \text{ MHz} \le \text{f} \le 746 \text{ MHz}$ | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       |   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz   |          |               |
|       | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm **    |
|       | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm **    |
| XI    | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | $1839.9 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1879.9 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | <u> </u>  | 300 kHz  | -41 dBm       |
|       | 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz   |          |               |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
| VII   | 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
| XII   | 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
| XIII  | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756MHz  | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 763 MHz ≤ f ≤ 775 MHz   | 6.25 kHz | [TBD] dBm***  |
|       | 793 MHz ≤ f ≤ 805 MHz   | 6.25 kHz | [TBD] dBm***  |
|       | $852 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 859 \text{ MHz}$   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | $859 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 894 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       |   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm**     |
|       | 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz   |          | -60 dBm       |
|       | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz   | 3.84 MHz |               |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
| 2/12/ | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
| XIV   | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 769 MHz ≤ f ≤ 775 MHz   | 6.25 kHz | [TBD] dBm *** |
|       | 799 MHz ≤ f ≤ 805 MHz   | 6.25 kHz | [TBD] dBm *** |
|       | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm       |
|       | 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm       |
|       |   |          |               |

|  | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz                                    | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
|--|--|---------------------|----------------------|
| XIX                                    | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz                                      | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
|  | 860 MHz ≤ f < 875 MHz                                      | 1 MHz               | -37 dBm              |
|  | 875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz                                | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 1839.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz                                | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz                                | 300 kHz             | -41 dBm              |
|  |  |                     |                      |
|  | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
| VV                                     | 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz                                    | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
| XX                                     | 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz                                      | 100 kHz             | -60 dBm *            |
|  | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz                                      | 100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz | -67 dBm *<br>-60 dBm |
|  | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz                                      | 100 kHz             | -79 dBm *            |
|  | 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz                                    | 100 kHz             | -71 dBm *            |
|  | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | $2570 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2620 \text{ MHz}$              | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm**            |
|  |  |                     |                      |
|  | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
| VVI                                    | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz                                    | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm **           |
| XXI                                    | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz                                      | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
|  | 860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$          | 1 MHz               | -35 dBm              |
|  | $1839.9 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1879.9 \text{ MHz}$          | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | $1884.5 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1915.7 \text{ MHz}$          | 300 kHz             | -41 dBm              |
|  | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz                                    | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
| XXII                                   | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 791 MHz                                      | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
|  | 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz                                      | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
|  | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz                                      | 100 kHz             | -60 dBm *            |
|  |  | 100 kHz             | -67 dBm *            |
|  | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz                                      | 100 kHz             | -79 dBm *            |
|  | 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz                                    | 100 kHz             | -71 dBm *            |
|  | 1880 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1920 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 2010 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2025 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | $2110 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2170 \text{ MHz}$              | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 2300 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2400 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  |  |                     | -60 dBm              |
|  | 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            |                      |
|  | 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3525 MHz                                    | 1 MHz               | -40 dBm              |
|  | 3525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz                                    | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
| \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | 3600 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -50 dBm              |
| XXV                                    | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz                                      | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
|  | 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz                                      | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
|  | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz                                    | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
|  | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz                                    | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
|  | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz                                    | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz                                    | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm **           |
| XXVI                                   | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz                                      | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |
| ////                                   | 717 WHZ $\le 1 \le 720$ WHZ<br>729 MHz $\le f \le 768$ MHz | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |
|  | I ZJ IVII IZ > I > I UU IVII IZ                            | O.O-T IVII IZ       | OU GIDITI            |

| 768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 799 MHz       | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm    |
|-----------------------------|----------|------------|
| 799 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz       | 1 MHz    | -40 dBm    |
| 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz       | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |
| 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz       | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |
| 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |
| 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz     | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm    |
| 1839.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |
| 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz | 300 kHz  | -41 dBm    |
| 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz     | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |
| 2010 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2025 MHz     | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm    |
| 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz     | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |
| 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz     | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm    |
| 2300 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2400 MHz     | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm    |
| 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz     | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm ** |
| 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤3800 MHz      | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm    |

- Note \* The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.12 are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement
- Note \*\* The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table 6.12 are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement due to 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> harmonic spurious emissions
- Note \*\*\* This requirement is applicable also for frequencies, which are between 2.5 MHz and 12.5 MHz away from the UE centre carrier frequency.
- Note \*\*\*\* This requirement is applicable only when transmission is made between 900MHz to 915MHz.
- Note \*\*\*\*\* This requirement is applicable only when transmission is made between 1744.9 MHz to 1784.9 MHz

### 6.6.3.1.1 Additional requirement

The UE shall meet the requirements in Table 6.13a for the applicable band.

Table 6.13a: Additional spurious emissions requirements

| Opera<br>Ban | _   | Frequency Bandwidth   | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Minimum requirement    |
|--------------|---|---|--------------------------|------------------------|
| XXVI         |   | 806 MHz ≤ f ≤ 813.5 MHz   | 6.25 kHz                 | -42 dBm (NOTE 1)       |
|              |   | 806 MHz ≤ f ≤ 816 MHz   | 6.25 kHz                 | -42 dBm (NOTE 2)       |
|              |   | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz   | 1 MHz                    | -32 dBm (NOTE 3)       |
|              |   | 851 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz   | 6.25 kHz                 | -53 dBm (NOTE 4)       |
| NOTE 1       | 819   | blicable for UE center frequencie<br>0.6 MHz the IE "Maximum allowe<br>dBm. |                          | •                      |
| NOTE 2       | NOTE 2: Applicable for UE center frequencies ≥ 819.4 MHz. For UE center frequencies ≤ 822 MHz the IE "Maximum allowed UL TX power" shall be indicated and set to +1 dBm.    |   |                          |                        |
| NOTE 3       | NOTE 3: Applicable for UE center frequencies ≤ 846.6 MHz. For UE center frequencies ≥ 842.4 MHz the IE "Maximum allowed UL TX power" shall be indicated and set to +10 dBm. |   |                          |                        |
| NOTE 4       | NOTE 4: Applicable for UE center frequencies ≤ 846.6 MHz. For UE center frequencies ≥ 842.4 MHz the IE "Maximum allowed UL TX power" shall be indicated and set to +10 dBm. |   |                          |                        |
| NOTE 5       | 5: For  | the 6.25kHz measurement band  | dwidth, the emission     | s measurement shall be |

### 6.6.3.1A Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA

The requirements in Table 6.12A are only applicable for frequencies, which are greater than 20 MHz away from the centre of the assigned carrier frequencies when dual adjacent carriers are assigned on the uplink.

sufficiently power averaged to ensure standard standard deviation < 0.5 dB.

Table 6.12A: General spurious emissions requirements for DC-HSUPA

| Frequency Bandwidth  | Measurement Bandwidth | Minimum requirement | Note   |  |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|--------|--|
| 9 kHz ≤ f < 150 kHz  | 1 kHz                 | -36 dBm             |        |  |
| 150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz   | 10 kHz                | -36 dBm             |        |  |
| 30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz  | 100 kHz               | -36 dBm             |        |  |
| 1 GHz ≤ f < 12.75 GHz  | 1 MHz                 | -30 dBm             |        |  |
| 12.75 GHz ≤ f < 5th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the UL operating band in GHz | 1 MHz                 | -30 dBm             | Note 1 |  |
| NOTE 1: Applies only for Band XXII.  |                       |                     |        |  |

The requirements in Table 6.13A are only applicable for frequencies, which are greater than 25 MHz away from the centre of the assigned frequencies when dual adjacent carriers are assigned on the uplink.

Table 6.13A: Additional spurious emissions requirements for DC-HSUPA

| Operating Band | Frequency Bandwidth  | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Minimum requirement |
|----------------|--|--------------------------|---------------------|
| I              | 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz  | 100 kHz                  | -60 dBm *           |
|                | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  | 100 kHz                  | -67 dBm *           |
|                | 0202 = 1 = 0002  | 3.84MHz                  | -60 dBm             |
|                | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  | 100 kHz                  | -79 dBm *           |
|                | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  | 100 kHz                  | -71 dBm *           |
|                | 1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -55 dBm             |
|                | 1884.5 MHz <f< 1915.7="" mhz<="" td=""><td>300 kHz</td><td>-41 dBm</td></f<> | 300 kHz                  | -41 dBm             |
|                | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | <del></del>  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz  |                          |                     |
| ll l           | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
| II             | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 758 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
| III            | 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz  | 100 kHz                  | -60 dBm *           |
|                | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  | 100 kHz                  | -67 dBm *           |
|                | 020 WH 12 21 2 000 WH 12   | 3.84 MHz                 | - 60 dBm            |
|                | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  | 100 kHz                  | -79 dBm *           |
|                | 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                |  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm **          |
|                | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -50 dBm **          |
| IV /           | $3400 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 3800 \text{ MHz}$                                |                          |                     |
| IV             | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -60 dBm             |
|                | 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
| V              | $717 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 728 \text{ MHz}$                                  | 1 MHz                    | -50 dBm             |
|                |  |                          | 00 42111            |
| V              | 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  | 3.84 MHz                 | -50 dBm             |

| 748 MHz ≤  ≤ 758 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   758 MHz ≤  ≤ 689 MHz   1 MHz   -60 dBm   859 MHz ≤  ≤ 889 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   1525 MHz ≤  ≤ 1559 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   1525 MHz ≤  ≤ 1559 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1526 MHz ≤  ≤ 1559 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2110 MHz ≤  ≤ 2200 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2180 MHz ≤  ≤ 2200 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2496 MHz ≤  ≤ 2200 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2496 MHz ≤  ≤ 2200 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   360 MHz ≤  < 875 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   475 MHz ≤  ≤ 800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   475.9 MHz ≤  ≤ 1510.9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   475.9 MHz ≤  ≤ 1510.9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1475.9 MHz ≤  ≤ 1510.9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2110 MHz ≤  ≤ 1570 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2710 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2710 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2710 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2710 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2710 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2710 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 272 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 272 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 282 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 282 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 282 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 282 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 280 MHz   100 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 280 MHz   100 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 280 MHz   100 MHz   -70 dBm   2600 MHz   -70 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2610 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   3.80 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   3.80 MHz ≤  ≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 d |      |   | 0.04.141.1   | 00 15  |
|---|------|---|--|--|
| 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz  869 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz  1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz  1330 MHz ≤ f ≤ 995 MHz  1330 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1955 MHz  1330 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1955 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz  1 MHz  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  1 MHz  400 MHz  875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz  875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  1859.4 MHz ≤ f ≤ 150.9 MHz  1860.4 MHz ≤  |      |   |  |  |
| 869 MHz ≤ 1≤ 894 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1525 MHz ≤ 1≤ 1559 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   1530 MHz ≤ 1≤ 1995 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2110 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2170 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2110 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2200 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2496 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2200 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2496 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2820 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   875 MHz ≤ 1≤ 890 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   875 MHz ≤ 1≤ 890 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1475.9 MHz ≤ 1≤ 1879.9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1844.9 MHz ≤ 1≤ 1879.9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1844.9 MHz ≤ 1≤ 1975 MHz   300 KHz   -41 dBm   2110 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2575 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2545 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2575 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2545 MHz ≤ 1≤ 295 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤ 1≤ 295 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤ 1≤ 295 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   791 MHz ≤ 1≤ 295 MHz   100 KHz   -60 dBm   921 MHz ≤ 1≤ 935 MHz   100 KHz   -60 dBm   925 MHz ≤ 1≤ 930 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   925 MHz ≤ 1≤ 930 MHz   3.84 MHz   -50 dBm   791 MHz ≤ 1≤ 295 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   791 MHz ≤ 1≤ 295 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   791 MHz ≤ 1≤ 295 MHz   100 KHz   -60 dBm   921 MHz ≤ 1≤ 295 MHz   100 KHz   -67 dBm   -60 dBm   925 MHz ≤ 1≤ 930 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   925 MHz ≤ 1≤ 930 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   925 MHz ≤ 1≤ 930 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   925 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   925 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   925 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤ 1≤ 2800 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   3400 M   |      | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm  |
| 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1599 MHz 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1599 MHz 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 170 MHz 2 110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 2 180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz 1 1 MHz 2 50 dBm 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz 1 1 MHz 50 dBm 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz 1 1 MHz 50 dBm 3.84 MHz 40 dBm 375 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz 1 1 MHz 50 dBm 475 9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz 1475 9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz 1475 9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz 1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 3.84 MHz 1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 3.84 MHz 2 60 dBm 1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 3.84 MHz 2 60 dBm 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz 3.84 MHz 4 60 dBm 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz 1 MHz 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz 1 MHz 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz 1 MHz 2 50 dBm 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 925 MHz 1 MHz 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz 1 MHz 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz 1 MHz 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 925 MHz 1 00 KHz 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 925 MHz 1 00 KHz 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 925 MHz 1 00 KHz 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz 1 00 KHz 1 60 dBm 2 60 dBm 2 60 dBm 2 60 dBm 2 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 925 MHz 1 00 KHz 9 60 dBm 1 805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 880 MHz 1 00 KHz 60 dBm 2 79 dBm 2 60 dBm 3 80 dHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz 3 80 dHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz 4 60 dBm 3 80 dHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz 3 80 dHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz 3 80 dHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz 4 60 dBm 3 80 dHz ≤ f ≤ 800 MHz 3 80 dHz ≤ f ≤ 800 M |      | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -27 dBm  |
| 1525 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 1596 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   1930 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 1995 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2110 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2270 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2180 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2200 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2496 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 220 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   475 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 890 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   475 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 890 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   475 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 1510 9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1475 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 1510 9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1844.9 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 1879 9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1844.9 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 1879 9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1848.4 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 1570 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2545 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2575 MHz   3.00 kHz   -41 dBm   2110 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2575 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2545 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2575 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2728 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 893 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   791 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 893 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   852 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 893 MHz   100 kHz   -60 dBm   925 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 935 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   935 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 893 MHz   100 kHz   -60 dBm   935 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 893 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   335 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2620 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   40 dBm   2620 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2620 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2620 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2620 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2620 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2620 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2620 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2620 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2620 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2620 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2620 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2620 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2620 MHz ≤ 1 ≤ 2620 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   3.84 MHz   -50 dBm   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   3.84 MHz   |      | 869 MHz < f < 894 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm  |
| 1930 MHz ≤   ≤ 1995 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2110 MHz ≤   ≤ 2170 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2110 MHz ≤   ≤ 200 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2496 MHz ≤   ≤ 2200 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   475 MHz ≤   ≤ 220 MHz   1 MHz   -37 dBm   875 MHz ≤   ≤ 890 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   475.9 MHz ≤   ≤ 1879.9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1844.9 MHz ≤   ≤ 1879.9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   1844.9 MHz ≤   ≤ 1879.9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2545 MHz ≤   ≤ 2575 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2545 MHz ≤   ≤ 2575 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2545 MHz ≤   ≤ 2575 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤   ≤ 275 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤   ≤ 257 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤   ≤ 257 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤   ≤ 257 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤   ≤ 257 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤   ≤ 257 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤   ≤ 257 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤   ≤ 257 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤   ≤ 257 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤   ≤ 257 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   758 MHz ≤   ≤ 255 MHz   100 kHz   -60 dBm   250 MHz ≤   ≤ 255 MHz   100 kHz   -67 dBm   250 MBm   250 MHz ≤   ≤ 360 MHz   100 kHz   -70 dBm   250 MBm   250 MHz ≤   ≤ 360 MHz   100 kHz   -70 dBm   2500 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   100 kHz   -70 dBm   2500 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   100 kHz   -70 dBm   2500 MHz ≤   ≤ 2620 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2500 MHz ≤   ≤ 2620 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2500 MHz ≤   ≤ 2620 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2500 MHz ≤   ≤ 2620 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2500 MHz ≤   ≤ 2620 MHz   1 MHz   -50 dBm   2500 MHz ≤   ≤ 2620 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   2600 MHz ≤   ≤ 2600 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm     |      |   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm  |
| 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 1 MHz 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 1 MHz 360 MHz ≤ f ≤ 875 MHz 1 MHz 37 dBm 875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 210 MHz ≤ f ≤ 170 MHz 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 275 MHz 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 275 MHz 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 275 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 170 MHz 254 MHz ≤ f ≤ 276 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.50 dBm 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 791 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 791 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 791 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz 4.758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz 4.759 MHz ≤ |      |   |  |  |
| 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 1 MHz 3496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz 14759 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 14759 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 210 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 2646 MHz 2645 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz 300 kHz 4.41 dBm 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.71 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 4.72 MHz 4.72 MHz 4.72 MHz 4.72 MHz 4.72 MHz 4.72 MHz 4.74 dBm 4.75 MHz 4.77 MHz 4.75 MHz 4.75 MHz 4.75 MHz 4.77 MH |      |   |  |  |
| VI  |      |   |  |  |
| VI  |      |   |  |  |
| 875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 3.84 MHz 460 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 3.84 MHz 461 MHz 4184.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz 3.84 MHz 461 MHz 410 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz 3.84 MHz 461 MHz 410 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz 3.84 MHz 460 MBm  VII 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 791 MHz 778 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz 1 MHz 460 MBm 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz 1 100 kHz 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz 100 kHz 935 MHz ≤ f ≤ 936 MHz 100 kHz 467 MBm 935 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 100 kHz 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 100 kHz 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 100 kHz 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 100 kHz 2630 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 100 kHz 2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 100 kHz 2650 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 2660 MHz 2670 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 2660 MHz 2670 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 2670 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 384 MHz 460 MBm  |      | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm **   |
| 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2275 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  778 MHz ≤ f ≤ 791 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 891 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 895 MHz  100 kHz  -60 dBm  921 MHz ≤ f ≤ 925 MHz  100 kHz  -60 dBm  935 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  100 kHz  -77 dBm *  -79 dBm *  1885 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  1100 kHz  -77 dBm *  -79 dBm *  -79 dBm *  -79 dBm *  -79 dBm *  -70 dBm *  -7 | VI   | 860 MHz ≤ f < 875 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -37 dBm  |
| 1844.9 MHz ≤ f≤ 1879.9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   |      | 875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm  |
| 1844.9 MHz ≤ f≤ 1879.9 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm   |      | 1475.9 MHz < f < 1510.9 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm  |
| 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz   300 kHz   -60 dBm   |      |   |  |  |
| 2110 MHz ≤1≤ 2170 MHz 2545 MHz ≤15 2575 MHz 1 MHz 2545 MHz ≤15 2575 MHz 1 MHz 250 dBm 717 MHz ≤15 728 MHz 1 MHz 250 dBm 778 MHz ≤15 729 MHz 1 MHz 250 dBm 791 MHz ≤15 821 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 852 MHz ≤15 893 MHz 1 MHz 250 dBm 921 MHz ≤15 935 MHz 100 kHz 925 MHz ≤15 935 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 935 MHz ≤15 960 MHz 100 kHz 279 dBm* 1805 MHz ≤15 1880 MHz 1100 kHz 2710 MHz ≤15 1880 MHz 1100 kHz 279 dBm* 1805 MHz ≤15 2690 MHz 2110 MHz ≤15 2690 MHz 2210 MHz ≤15 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz 2590 MHz ≤15 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.70 MHz ≤15 803 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.70 MHz ≤15 803 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.70 MHz ≤15 803 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.70 MHz ≤15 803 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.70 MHz ≤15 803 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.70 MHz ≤15 803 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.70 MHz ≤15 803 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.70 MHz ≤15 803 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.70 MHz ≤15 803 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.70 MHz ≤15 803 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.70 MHz ≤15 803 MHz 4.70 MHz 4.70 MHz 4.70 MBm* 4.70 MBm* 4.70 MHz 4.70 MBm* 4.70 MHz 4.70 MBm* 4.70 |      |   |  |  |
| 2545 MHz ≤   ≤ 2575 MHz   |      |   |  |  |
| VII       717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz       1 MHz       -50 dBm         758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 791 MHz       1 MHz       -50 dBm         791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz       100 kHz       -60 dBm         921 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz       100 kHz       -60 dBm         925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz       100 kHz       -60 dBm         925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz       100 kHz       -70 dBm*         1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz       100 kHz       -71 dBm*         1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         2630 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz       1 MHz       -50 dBm         VIII       703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         925 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         100 kHz       -79 dBm**       -60 dBm         1805 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz       100 kHz       -79 dBm**         1805 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         1804 MHz       -60 dB   |      |   |  |  |
| 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 791 MHz 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 3.84 MHz 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz 921 MHz ≤ f < 995 MHz 925 MHz 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz 925 MHz 925 MHz 925 MHz 100 kHz 935 MHz 100 kHz 100 kHz 935 MHz 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz 1100 kHz 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 2210 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz 2600 MHz 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.60 d |      |   |  |  |
| 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz 1 MHz 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz 1 1 MHz 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz 100 KHz 925 MHz 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz 100 KHz 3.84 MHz 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz 100 KHz 100 KHz 100 KHz 2.79 dBm* 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz 100 KHz 2.71 dBm f 2.110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 180 MHz 2.110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 180 MHz 2.110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2670 MHz 3.84 MHz 2.60 dBm 2.590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm* 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm* 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm* 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm* 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm* 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm* 3.84  | VII  | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm  |
| 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz 100 kHz 1 |      | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 791 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm  |
| 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz 100 kHz 1 |      | 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm  |
| 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz  925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  325 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  100 kHz  336 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  1100 kHz  12110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  21110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  21110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  21110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  3.84 MHz  400 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  3.84 MHz  400 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  3.84 MHz  400 dBm  2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  3.84 MHz  400 dBm  703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 820 MHz  1 MHz  73 MHz  400 dBm  791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz  3.84 MHz  500 dBm  791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  3.84 MHz  500 dBm  400 kHz  3.84 MHz  500 dBm  400 kHz  3.84 MHz  600 dBm  400 kHz  3.84 MHz  600 dBm  400 kHz  3.84 MHz  600 dBm  400 kHz  400 dBm  400 dBm  400 kHz  400 dBm  400 dBm  400 kHz  400 dBm  400 kHz  400 dBm  400 kHz  400 dBm  400 dBm  400 kHz  400 dBm  400 kHz  400 dBm  400 d |      |   | 1 MHz  |  |
| 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  936 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  925 MHz < f ≤ 935 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  1806 MHz ≤ f ≤ 270 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  22496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  48 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  48 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  48 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  48 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  48 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  47 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1870 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  47 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1870 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  47 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1870 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  47 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1870 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  47 MHz  47 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1870 MHz  3.84 MHz  460 dBm  47 MHz  47 |      |   |  |  |
| 935 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz 11805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 3.84 MHz 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.77 dBm  VIII 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm  925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm  100 kHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm  1804 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.71 dBm ** & * & * & * & * & * & * & * & * & *  |      |   |  |  |
| 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 1 MHz -60 dBm 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz 3.84 MHz -50 dBm  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -71 dBm ** -71 dBm ** & * -71 dBm ** &71 dBm ** -72 dBm ** & * -72 dBm ** & * -72 dBm ** & * -72 dBm ** &72 dBm **   |      | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz   |  |  |
| 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 1 MHz -37 dBm  VIII 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 3.84 MHz -50 dBm  925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz 3.84 MHz -50 dBm  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz 3.84 MHz -79 dBm* -79 dBm* -79 dBm* -79 dBm* -79 dBm* -79 dBm* -79 dBm -79 dBm -79 dBm -70 dB |      | 025 MHz 45 4 000 MH=  |  |  |
| 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 1 MHz 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 1 MHz 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz 250 MHz 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.50 dBm  791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.50 dBm  925 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm  100 kHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.100 kHz 3.84 MHz 4.60 dBm 4.100 kHz 4 |      |   |  |  |
| 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 1 MHz 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 1 MHz 250 dBm  703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz 250 dBm  791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz 3.84 MHz 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz -50 dBm*,**** 3.84 MHz -50 dBm*,**** 3.84 MHz -60 dBm*  1805 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm**  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm**  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm**  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm**  1X 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm**  1X 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm**  1X 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -60 dBm**  1X 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 1484.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 1484.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 776 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 760 dBm  |      |   |  | 1  |
| VIII  703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz  3.84 MHz  -50 dBm  7925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  3.84 MHz  -50 dBm  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  100 kHz  -71 dBm ** 8.*  -60 dBm  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  100 kHz  -71 dBm ** 8.*  -60 dBm  100 kHz  -71 dBm ** 8.*  -60 dBm  100 kHz  -71 dBm ** 8.*  -60 dBm  -71 dBm *  -71 dBm **  -71 dBm *  -72 dBm +  -72 dBm +  -72 dBm +  -73 dBm +  -74 dBm +  -74 dBm +  -75 dBm +  -75 dBm *  -75 d |      | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm  |
| VIII       703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz       100 kHz       -57 dBm*,****         3.84 MHz       -50 dBm       -79 dBm*         935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz       100 kHz       -79 dBm*         1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz       100 kHz       -60 dBm         1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz       100 kHz       -71 dBm **         1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz       100 kHz       -71 dBm **         2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz       1 MHz       -50 dBm         2600 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         2600 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         2640 MHz < f ≤ 2690 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3890 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3890 MHz       1 MHz       -50 dBm         360 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz       1 MHz       -50 dBm         1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 170 MHz       3.84 MHz       -60 dBm         2545 MHz ≤ f ≤  |      | 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm  |
| 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz  925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  100 kHz  100 kHz  -79 dBm *  -60 dBm  100 kHz  100 kHz  -71 dBm **  -60 dBm  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  100 kHz  -71 dBm **  -60 dBm  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  -60 dBm **  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2770 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 170 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 778 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 788 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 786 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  769 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  760 dBm  |      | 2590 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -37 dBm  |
| 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz  925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  100 kHz 3.84 MHz  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  100 kHz 3.84 MHz  -50 dBm  100 kHz 3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  100 kHz 3.84 MHz -71 dBm ** -60 dBm  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 3.84 MHz -71 dBm * 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3690 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3690 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2750 MHz 3610 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3890 MHz 384 MHz -60 dBm  385 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz 384 MHz -60 dBm  385 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz 384 MHz -60 dBm  385 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz 384 MHz -60 dBm  | VIII | 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm  |
| 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz -50 dBm  100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1830 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz 3.84 MHz -50 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2640 MHz < f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2640 MHz < f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  100 kHz -60 dBm  |      |   | 0.04 MH-   | 00 -ID   |
| 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  -60 dBm  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm **  1X  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1579.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1579.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  750 dBm  X  717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 580 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm   |      | /91 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz   | 3.84 MHZ   | -60 aBm  |
| 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  100 kHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  -60 dBm  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm **  1X  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1579.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1579.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1845.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1570.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  750 dBm  X  717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 580 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm   |      |   | 400111   | F7 -ID * ***   |
| 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm **  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm **  100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm **  3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm **  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -60 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 170 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  X 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 766 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm -768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm -768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm -760 dBm -768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm -768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm -768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm -768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm -760 dBm -768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm -760 dBm   |      |   | 1()() kHz  | -5/ abm " """  |
| 3.84 MHz  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz  1805 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  1830 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  1 MHz  -60 dBm  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2640 MHz < f ≤ 2640 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2640 MHz < f ≤ 2690 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm **  3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3890 MHz  3.84 MHz  -50 dBm  **  IX  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  X  717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2770 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 278 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 786 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 766 MHz  3.84 MHz  -60 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 893 MHz  1 MHz  -50 dBm  |      | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz   |  | · ·  |
| 1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  100 kHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm ** 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  2640 MHz < f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm **  3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3890 MHz 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  1X 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz 300 kHz -41 dBm  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  X 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz 1 MHz -60 dBm  746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 766 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  769 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  769 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm  769 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz 1 MHz -50 dBm   |      |   | 3.84 MHz   | -50 dBm  |
| 3.84 MHz  1830 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz  1830 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  1 MHz  2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  2640 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz  1 MHz  750 dBm  1 MHz  1 MHz  750 dBm  1 MHz  1 MHz  60 dBm  1 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  1 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  1 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  1 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  1 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz  3.84 MHz  717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz  1 MHz  729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz  729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz  1 MHz  750 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz  1 MHz  750 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  3.84 MHz  60 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz  1 MHz  50 dBm  758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 889 MHz  1 MHz  50 dBm  |      |   | 3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz  | -50 dBm<br>-79 dBm *   |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |      |   | 3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz  | -50 dBm<br>-79 dBm *<br>-60 dBm  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |      | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz   | 3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz   | -50 dBm<br>-79 dBm *<br>-60 dBm<br>-71 dBm ** & *  |
| 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz 1 MHz 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2640 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 2640 MHz < f ≤ 2690 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm 3.84 MHz -50 dBm 3.84 MHz -50 dBm 3.84 MHz -50 dBm 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  |      | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz   | 3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz   | -50 dBm<br>-79 dBm *<br>-60 dBm<br>-71 dBm ** & *<br>-60 dBm **  |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |      | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz<br>1805 MHz < f ≤ 1830 MHz  | 3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz  | -50 dBm<br>-79 dBm *<br>-60 dBm<br>-71 dBm ** & *<br>-60 dBm **<br>-71 dBm *   |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |      | 935 MHz < f $\leq$ 960 MHz<br>1805 MHz < f $\leq$ 1830 MHz<br>1830 MHz < f $\leq$ 1880 MHz  | 3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz  | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -71 dBm *  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |      | 935 MHz $<$ f $\le$ 960 MHz<br>1805 MHz $<$ f $\le$ 1830 MHz<br>1830 MHz $<$ f $\le$ 1880 MHz<br>2110 MHz $\le$ f $\le$ 2170 MHz  | 3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz  | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm  |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \le 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \le 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \le 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2570 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>1 MHz   | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \le 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \le 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \le 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2620 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz   | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm  |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$  | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz  | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm  |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \le 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \le 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \le 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} < f \le 2690 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz   | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm  |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \le 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \le 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \le 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} < f \le 2690 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz   | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm * -60 dBm  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz  | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm * -60 dBm  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | IX   | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$  | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz  | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm ** -60 dBm ** -50 dBm **   |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | IX   | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$  | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz  | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm ** -50 dBm **  |
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| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | IX   | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $860 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 890 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$  | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz   | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm  |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | IX   | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $860 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 890 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1879.9 \text{ MHz}$  | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz  | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm  |
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| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $860 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 890 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1915.7 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2545 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2575 \text{ MHz}$ $717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz}$  | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz  | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -60 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm  |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $860 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 890 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1879.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2545 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz}$ $717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz}$ $729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz  | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm   |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $860 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 890 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1879.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1915.7 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2545 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2575 \text{ MHz}$ $717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz}$ $729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz}$ $746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz  | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm   |
| 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz 3.84 MHz -60 dBm  |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $860 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1879.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1884.5 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1915.7 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2545 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2575 \text{ MHz}$ $717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz}$ $729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz}$ $746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz}$  | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz   | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm                                   |
|   |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $860 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1915.7 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2575 \text{ MHz}$ $717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz}$ $729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz}$ $746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz}$ $768 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz   | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm                                      |
| I 1525 MHz < t < 1559 MHz I 1 MHZ I −50 dBm   |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 890 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1915.7 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2545 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2575 \text{ MHz}$ $717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz}$ $729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz}$ $746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 766 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $768 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz}$  | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz  | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm * -60 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm                                   |
|   |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $860 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 890 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1915.7 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2545 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2575 \text{ MHz}$ $717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz}$ $729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz}$ $746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz}$ $768 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz}$ $859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz}$  | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -50 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm |
| 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz   3.84 MHz   -60 dBm  |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $860 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 890 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1884.5 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1915.7 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2575 \text{ MHz}$ $717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2575 \text{ MHz}$ $717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz}$ $729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 766 \text{ MHz}$ $746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz}$ $768 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 893 \text{ MHz}$ $852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz}$ $859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz}$ $1525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1559 \text{ MHz}$ | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz                   | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm                                 |
|   |      | $935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz}$ $1805 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1830 \text{ MHz}$ $1830 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2570 \text{ MHz}$ $2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz}$ $2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2640 \text{ MHz}$ $2640 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz}$ $3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz}$ $758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $860 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 890 \text{ MHz}$ $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ $1844.9 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1915.7 \text{ MHz}$ $2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz}$ $2545 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2575 \text{ MHz}$ $717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz}$ $729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz}$ $746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz}$ $768 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 803 \text{ MHz}$ $852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz}$ $859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz}$  | 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz | -50 dBm -79 dBm * -60 dBm -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm ** -71 dBm ** & * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm ** -50 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm                         |

|      | 1   |  |   |
|------|---|--|---|
|      | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm   |
| XI   | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm   |
|      | 860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz   | 300 kHz  | -41 dBm   |
|      | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | $2545 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2575 \text{ MHz}$   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm   |
| XIX  | •   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm   |
| \\\  | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -30 dBm   |
|      | 860 MHz ≤ f < 875 MHz   |  |   |
|      | 875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \le \text{f} \le 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$  | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915.7 MHz   | 300 kHz  | -41 dBm   |
|      | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm   |
| XX   | 811 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -50 dBm ***   |
|      | 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 811 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz   | 100 kHz  | -60 dBm *   |
|      |   | 100 kHz  | -67 dBm *   |
|      | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz   | 100 kHz  | -79 dBm *   |
|      | 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz   | 100 kHz  | -71 dBm *   |
|      | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm **  |
|      | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm **  |
| XXII | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 791 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm   |
| AAII |   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz   | 1 MHz  | -50 dBm   |
|      | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz   |  |   |
|      | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz   | 100 kHz  | -60 dBm *   |
|      | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz   | 100 kHz  | -67 dBm *   |
|      | 323 WI IZ 3 I 3 333 WI IZ   | 2.04 MILI-   | CO 4Dm  |
|      |   | 3.84 MHz   | -60 dBm   |
|      | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz   | 100 kHz  | -79 dBm *   |
|      | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz<br>1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz   | -79 dBm *<br>-71 dBm *  |
|      | 935 MHz < f $\leq$ 960 MHz<br>1805 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 1880 MHz<br>1880 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 1920 MHz  | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm *<br>-71 dBm *<br>-60 dBm   |
|      | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \end{array}$  | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm   |
|      | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \end{array}$   | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm   |
|      | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \end{array}$  | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm   |
|      | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \end{array}$   | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm   |
|      | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \end{array}$  | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm   |
|      | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \end{array}$   | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm   |
|      | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \end{array}$  | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm   |
|      | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \end{array}$   | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>1 MHz  | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -40 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \end{array}$  | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>1 MHz<br>1 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$  | 100 kHz<br>100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz<br>1 MHz<br>1 MHz<br>1 MHz<br>3.84 MHz  | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$  | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz  | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$   | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz  | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz} \\ 758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$  | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz} \\ 758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$   | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz  | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz} \\ 758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz} \\ 859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$  | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz} \\ 758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz} \\ 859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz} \\ 1525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1559 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$   | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 766 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz} \\ 758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz} \\ 859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz} \\ 1525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1559 \text{ MHz} \\ 1930 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1995 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$   | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz  | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 766 \text{ MHz} \\ 758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz} \\ 859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz} \\ 1525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1559 \text{ MHz} \\ 1930 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$   | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz  | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 766 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 766 \text{ MHz} \\ 758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 6859 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz} \\ 859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz} \\ 1525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1559 \text{ MHz} \\ 1930 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2200 \text{ MHz} \\ 2180 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2200 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$  | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz  | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 766 \text{ MHz} \\ 758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz} \\ 859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz} \\ 1525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1559 \text{ MHz} \\ 1930 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1995 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2200 \text{ MHz} \\ 2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$   | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm   |
|      | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz} \\ 758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz} \\ 859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz} \\ 1525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1559 \text{ MHz} \\ 1930 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1995 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2200 \text{ MHz} \\ 2180 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$  | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz   | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm   |
| XXV  | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz} \\ 758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz} \\ 859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz} \\ 1525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1559 \text{ MHz} \\ 1930 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2200 \text{ MHz} \\ 2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$   | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz  | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm   |
|      | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz} \\ 1525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1559 \text{ MHz} \\ 1930 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1995 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2200 \text{ MHz} \\ 2180 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2200 \text{ MHz} \\ 2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$ | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm |
|      | $\begin{array}{c} 935 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 960 \text{ MHz} \\ 1805 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1880 \text{ MHz} \\ 1880 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1920 \text{ MHz} \\ 2010 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2025 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2400 \text{ MHz} \\ 2620 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2690 \text{ MHz} \\ 2570 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2620 \text{ MHz} \\ 3510 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3525 \text{ MHz} \\ 3600 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3590 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 729 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 746 \text{ MHz} \\ 746 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 756 \text{ MHz} \\ 758 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 768 \text{ MHz} \\ 852 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 859 \text{ MHz} \\ 859 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 894 \text{ MHz} \\ 1525 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1559 \text{ MHz} \\ 1930 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2170 \text{ MHz} \\ 2110 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2200 \text{ MHz} \\ 2496 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3800 \text{ MHz} \\ 3400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ 717 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 728 \text{ MHz} \\ \end{array}$   | 100 kHz 100 kHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz 3.84 MHz 1 MHz  | -79 dBm * -71 dBm * -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -60 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm -50 dBm   |

|  |   | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz                 | 3.84 MHz                | -60 dBm             |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
|  |   | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz           | 3.84 MHz                | -60 dBm             |
|  |   | 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz               | 1 MHz                   | -50 dBm             |
|  |   | 1844.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz           | 3.84 MHz                | -60 dBm             |
|  |   | 1884.5 MHz ≤□f ≤ 1915.7 MHz           | 300 kHz                 | -41 dBm             |
|  |   | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz               | 3.84 MHz                | -60 dBm             |
|  |   | 2010 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2025 MHz               | 1 MHz                   | -50 dBm             |
|  |   | 2110 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 2170 MHz     | 3.84 MHz                | -60 dBm             |
|  |   | 2180 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 2200 MHz     | 1 MHz                   | -50 dBm             |
|  |   | 2300 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 2400 MHz     | 1 MHz                   | -50 dBm             |
|  |   | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz               | 1 MHz                   | -50 dBm **          |
|  |   | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤3800 MHz                | 1 MHz                   | -50 dBm             |
| Note * The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As |   |                                       |                         |                     |
|  | exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements                                      |                                       |                         |                     |
|  | defined in Table 6.12 are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement   |                                       |                         |                     |
| Note **  | The measurements are made on frequencies which are integer multiples of 200 kHz. As                                     |                                       |                         |                     |
|  | exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in Table                                |                                       |                         |                     |
|  | 6.12 are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement due to 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup> |                                       |                         |                     |
|  | harmonic  | spurious emissions                    |                         |                     |
| Note ***   | This requ   | irement is applicable also for freque | encies, which are betwe | en 5 MHz and 25 MHz |
|  | away fron   | n the UE centre carrier frequency.    |                         |                     |

#### 6.6.3.1A.1 Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA

The UE shall meet the requirements in Table 6.13B for the applicable band.

Table 6.13B: Additional spurious emissions requirements

| Operating<br>Band   | Frequency Bandwidth  | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Minimum requirement     |  |
|---|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| XXVI  | 806 MHz ≤ f ≤ 813.5 MHz  | 6.25 kHz                 | -42 dBm (NOTE 1)        |  |
|   | 806 MHz ≤ f ≤ 816 MHz  | 6.25 kHz                 | -42 dBm (NOTE 2)        |  |
|   | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 1 MHz                    | -32 dBm (NOTE 3)        |  |
|   | 851 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 6.25 kHz                 | -53 dBm (NOTE 4)        |  |
|   | oplicable for a UE center frequenc   |                          |                         |  |
|   | 9 MHz. For such UE center frequ  |                          | the IE "Maximum allowed |  |
|   | _ TX power" shall be indicated an  |                          |                         |  |
|   | pplicable for UE center frequency  | •                        | •                       |  |
|   | MHz. For such UE center frequencies ≤ 829 MHz the IE "Maximum allowed UL TX              |                          |                         |  |
| po  | power" shall be indicated and set to +17 dBm.  |                          |                         |  |
|   | NOTE 3: Applicable for UE center frequency of the two assigned channel frequencies ≤ 844 |                          |                         |  |
| MHz. For such UE center frequencies ≥ 831 MHz the IE "Maximum allowed UL TX |  |                          |                         |  |
| po  | power" shall be indicated and set to +10 dBm.  |                          |                         |  |
|   | TE 4: Applicable for UE center frequency of the two assigned channel frequencies ≤ 844   |                          |                         |  |
| M   | MHz. For such UE center frequencies ≥ 831 MHz the IE "Maximum allowed UL TX              |                          |                         |  |
| po  | power" shall be indicated and set to +10 dBm.  |                          |                         |  |
| NOTE 5: Fo  | or the 6.25kHz measurement band  | dwidth, the emission     | s measurement shall be  |  |
| sufficiently power averaged to ensure standard standard deviation < 0.5 dB. |  |                          | d deviation < 0.5 dB.   |  |

### 6.6.3.1B Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the requirements specified in sub-clause 6.6.3.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

### 6.6.3.1C Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the spectrum emission requirements specified in sub-clause 6.6.3.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the spectrum emission requirements in subclause 6.6.3.1 apply at the active transmit antenna connector.

### 6.6.3.1D Additional requirement for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the spectrum emission requirements specified in sub-clause 6.6.3.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

### 6.7 Transmit intermodulation

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

## 6.7.1 Minimum requirement

User Equipment(s) transmitting in close vicinity of each other can produce intermodulation products, which can fall into the UE, or Node B receive band as an unwanted interfering signal. The UE intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the RRC filtered mean power of the wanted signal to the RRC filtered mean power of the intermodulation product when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal.

The requirement of transmitting intermodulation for a carrier spacing of 5 MHz is prescribed in Table 6.14.

**Table 6.14: Transmit Intermodulation** 

| Interference Signal Frequency Offset | 5MHz   | 10MHz  |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Interference CW Signal Level         | -40dBc |        |
| Intermodulation Product              | -31dBc | -41dBc |

## 6.7.1A Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA

The UE intermodulation attenuation is defined by the ratio of the sum of the RRC filtered mean powers of the wanted signal on the assigned carriers to the sum of the RRC filtered mean powers of the intermodulation product on two adjacent carriers when an interfering CW signal is added at a level below the wanted signal.

The requirement of transmitting intermodulation for a carrier spacing of 5 MHz is prescribed in Table 6.14A.

Table 6.14A: Transmit Intermodulation requirement for DC-HSUPA

| Interference Signal Frequency Offset  | 10MHz  | 20MHz  |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Interference CW Signal Level          | -40dBc |        |
| Intermodulation Product -31dBc -41dBc |        | -41dBc |

# 6.7.1B Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the requirements specified in sub-clause 6.7.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

# 6.7.1C Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the requirements specified in subclause 6.7.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the requirements specified in sub-clause 6.7.1 apply at the active transmit antenna connector.

### 6.7.1D Additional requirement for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the requirements specified in sub-clause 6.7.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

### 6.8 Transmit modulation

Transmit modulation defines the modulation quality for expected in-channel RF transmissions from the UE. The requirements apply to all transmissions including the PRACH pre-amble and message parts and all other expected transmissions. In cases where the mean power of the RF signal is allowed to change versus time e.g. PRACH, DPCH in compressed mode, change of TFC, inner loop power control and for HSDPA transmissions with non-constant HS-DPCCH code power, the EVM, Peak Code Domain Error and E-DCH Code Domain Error requirements do not apply during the 25 us period before and after the nominal time when the mean power is expected to change.

### 6.8.1 Transmit pulse shape filter

The transmit pulse shaping filter is a root-raised cosine (RRC) with roll-off  $\alpha = 0.22$  in the frequency domain. The impulse response of the chip impulse filter  $RC_0(t)$  is:

$$RC_0(t) = \frac{\sin\left(\pi \frac{t}{T_C}(1-\alpha)\right) + 4\alpha \frac{t}{T_C}\cos\left(\pi \frac{t}{T_C}(1+\alpha)\right)}{\pi \frac{t}{T_C}\left(1 - \left(4\alpha \frac{t}{T_C}\right)^2\right)}$$

Where the roll-off factor  $\alpha = 0.22$  and the chip duration is

$$T = \frac{1}{chiprate} \approx 0.26042 \ \mu s$$

## 6.8.1A Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the transmit pulse shape filter requirements specified in sub-clause 6.8.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

# 6.8.1B Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the transmit pulse shape filter requirements specified in sub-clause 6.8.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the transmit pulse shape filter requirements specified in sub-clause 6.8.1 apply at the active transmit antenna connector.

# 6.8.1C Additional requirement for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the transmit pulse shape filter requirements specified in sub-clause 6.8.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

# 6.8.2 Error Vector Magnitude

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Both waveforms pass through a matched Root Raised Cosine filter with bandwidth 3,84 MHz and roll-off  $\alpha = 0,22$ . Both waveforms are then further modified by selecting the frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing so as to minimise the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %. The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25  $\mu$ s at each end of the slot. For the PRACH preamble the measurement interval is 4096 chips less 25  $\mu$ s at each end of the burst (3904 chips).

When the UE uses 16QAM modulation on any of the uplink code channels in a carrier, the error minimization step also includes selecting an IQ origin offset besides selecting the frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing to minimise the error vector. The IQ origin offset shall be removed from the evaluated signal before calculating the EVM; however, the removed relative IQ origin offset power (relative carrier leakage power) also has to satisfy the applicable requirement.

For signals containing more than one spreading code in a carrier where the slot alignment of the codes is not the same and the code power is varying, the period over which the nominal mean power in that carrier remains constant can be less than one timeslot. For such time-varying signals it is not possible to define EVM across one timeslot since this interval contains an expected change in mean power, and the exact timing and trajectory of the power change is not defined. For these signals, the EVM minimum requirements apply only for intervals of at least one half timeslot (less any 25 µs transient periods) during which the nominal code power of each individual code is constant.

NOTE: The reason for setting a lower limit for the EVM measurement interval is that for any given impaired signal, the EVM would be expected to improve for measurement intervals less than one timeslot while the frequency error would be expected to degrade.

#### 6.8.2.1 Minimum requirement

When 16QAM modulation is not used on any of the uplink code channels, the Error Vector Magnitude shall not exceed 17.5 % for the parameters specified in Table 6.15.

When 16QAM modulation is used on any of the uplink code channels, the modulation accuracy requirement shall meet one or both of the following requirements:

- 1. The Error Vector Magnitude does not exceed 14 % for the parameters specified in Table 6.15.
- 2. The Relative Code Domain Error requirements specified in 6.8.3a are met.

The requirements are applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [8].

Table 6.15: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude/Peak Code Domain Error

| Parameter  |          | Unit  | Level                         |
|--|----------|-------|-------------------------------|
| UE Output Power, no 16QAM  |          | dBm   | ≥ -20                         |
| UE Output Power, 16QAM   |          | dBm   | ≥ -30                         |
| Operating conditions   |          |       | Normal conditions             |
| Power control step size  |          | dB    | 1                             |
| Measurement  | PRACH    |       | 3904                          |
| period<br>(Note 1)   | Any DPCH | Chips | From 1280 to 2560<br>(Note 2) |
| Note 1: Less any 25µs transient periods                                  |          |       |                               |
| Note 2: The longest period over which the nominal power remains constant |          |       |                               |

When 16QAM modulation is used on any of the uplink code channels, the relative carrier leakage power (IQ origin offset power) shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.15a

Table 6.15a: Relative Carrier Leakage Power

| UE Transmitted Mean | Relative Carrier Leakage Power |  |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Power               | (dB)                           |  |
| P ≥ -30 dBm         | < -17                          |  |

#### 6.8.2.1A Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA

When 16QAM modulation is not used on any of the uplink code channels in a carrier, the Error Vector Magnitude in that carrier shall not exceed 17.5 % for the parameters specified in Table 6.15AA.

When 16QAM modulation is used on any of the uplink code channels in a carrier, the modulation accuracy requirement shall meet one or both of the following requirements:

1. The Error Vector Magnitude does not exceed 14 % for the parameters specified in Table 6.15AA.

2. The Relative Code Domain Error requirements specified in 6.8.3a are met.

The requirements are applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [8], when the total power in each of the assigned carriers is equal to each other. The reference measurement channels for the requirements in subclause 6.8.2.1A are provided in subclause A.2.6 and A.2.7.

Table 6.15AA: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude for DC-HSUPA

| Parameter                 | Unit | Level             |
|---------------------------|------|-------------------|
| UE Output Power, no 16QAM | dBm  | ≥ -20             |
| UE Output Power, 16QAM    | dBm  | ≥ -30             |
| Operating conditions      |      | Normal conditions |
| Power control step size   | dB   | 1                 |

### 6.8.2.1B Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the EVM requirements specified in subclause 6.8.2.1 except the requirement with PRACH apply at each transmit antenna connector.

### 6.8.2.1C Additional requirement for UL CLTD

When 16QAM modulation is not used on any of the uplink code channels, the Error Vector Magnitude shall not exceed 17.5 % for the parameters specified in Table 6.15AB at each transmit antenna connector.

When 16QAM modulation is used on any of the uplink code channels, the modulation accuracy requirement shall meet one or both of the following requirements:

- 1. The Error Vector Magnitude does not exceed 14 % for the parameters specified in Table 6.15AB at each transmit antenna connector.
- 2. The Relative Code Domain Error requirements specified in 6.8.3a are met at each transmit antenna connector.

The requirements are applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_{sc}$ ,  $\beta_d$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$  and  $\beta_{ed}$  as specified in [8].

Table 6.15AB: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude for UL CLTD

| Parameter  |  | Unit  | Level                         |
|--|--|-------|-------------------------------|
| UE Output Power, no 16QAM  |  | dBm   | ≥ -20                         |
| UE Output Power, 16QAM   |  | dBm   | ≥ -30                         |
| Operating conditions   |  |       | Normal conditions             |
| Power control step size  |  | dB    | 1                             |
| Measurement period Any DPCH (Note 1)                                     |  | Chips | From 1280 to 2560<br>(Note 2) |
| Note 1: Less any 25µs transient periods                                  |  |       |                               |
| Note 2: The longest period over which the nominal power remains constant |  |       |                               |

When 16QAM modulation is used on any of the uplink code channels, the relative carrier leakage power (IQ origin offset power) shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.15a at each transmit antenna connector

### 6.8.2.1D Additional requirement for UL MIMO

When 16QAM modulation is not used on any of the uplink code channels, the Error Vector Magnitude shall not exceed 17.5 % for the parameters specified in Table 6.15AC at each transmit antenna connector.

When 16QAM modulation is used on any of the uplink code channels, the modulation accuracy requirement shall meet one or both of the following requirements:

- 1. The Error Vector Magnitude does not exceed 14 % for the parameters specified in Table 6.15AC.
- 2. The Relative Code Domain Error requirements specified in 6.8.3a are met.

The requirements are applicable for all values of  $\beta_c$ ,  $\beta_{sc}$ ,  $\beta_{hs}$ ,  $\beta_{ec}$ ,  $\beta_{sec}$ ,  $\beta_{ed}$  and  $\beta_{sed}$  as specified in [8].

Table 6.15AC: Parameters for Error Vector Magnitude for UL MIMO

| Parameter                 | Unit | Level             |
|---------------------------|------|-------------------|
| UE Output Power, no 16QAM | dBm  | ≥ -20             |
| UE Output Power, 16QAM    | dBm  | ≥ -30             |
| Operating conditions      |      | Normal conditions |
| Power control step size   | dB   | 1                 |

When 16QAM modulation is used on any of the uplink code channels, the relative carrier leakage power (IQ origin offset power) shall not exceed the values specified in Table 6.15a at each transmit antenna connector.

### 6.8.3 Peak code domain error

The Peak Code Domain Error is computed by projecting power of the error vector (as defined in 6.8.2) onto the code domain at a specific spreading factor. The Code Domain Error for every code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that code, to the mean power of the composite reference waveform. This ratio is expressed in dB. The Peak Code Domain Error is defined as the maximum value for the Code Domain Error for all codes. The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by  $25 \,\mu s$  at each end of the slot.

The requirement for peak code domain error is only applicable for multi-code DPDCH transmission and therefore does not apply for the PRACH preamble and message parts.

### 6.8.3.1 Minimum requirement

The peak code domain error shall not exceed -15 dB at spreading factor 4 for the parameters specified in Table 6.15. The requirements are defined using the UL reference measurement channel specified in subclause A.2.5.

#### 6.8.3.1A Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the Peak code domain error requirements specified in sub-clause 6.8.3.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

### 6.8.3.1B Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the peak code domain error shall not exceed -15 dB at spreading factor 4 for the parameters specified in Table 6.15. The requirements are defined using the UL reference measurement channel specified in subclause A.2.5A.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the Peak code domain error requirements specified in sub-clause 6.8.3.1 apply at the active transmit antenna connector.

### 6.8.3a Relative code domain error

#### 6.8.3a.1 Relative Code Domain Error

The Relative Code Domain Error is computed by projecting the error vector (as defined in 6.8.2) onto the code domain. Only the code channels with non-zero betas in the composite reference waveform are considered for this requirement. The Relative Code Domain Error for every non-zero beta code in the domain is defined as the ratio of the mean power of the projection onto that non-zero beta code, to the mean power of the non-zero beta code in the composite reference waveform. This ratio is expressed in dB. The measurement interval is one timeslot except when the mean power between slots is expected to change whereupon the measurement interval is reduced by 25  $\mu$ s at each end of the slot.

In the mode of DC-HSUPA, the requirement and corresponding measurements apply to each individual carrier when the total power in each of the assigned carriers is equal to each other.

The Relative Code Domain Error is affected by both the spreading factor and beta value of the various code channels in the domain. The Effective Code Domain Power (ECDP) is defined to capture both considerations into one parameter. It uses the Nominal CDP ratio (as defined in 6.2.3), and is defined as follows for each used code, k, in the domain:

 $ECDP_k = (Nominal\ CDP\ ratio)_k + 10*log10(SF_k/256)$ 

When 16QAM is not used on any of the UL code channels in a carrier, the requirements for Relative Code Domain Error are not applicable when either or both the following channel combinations occur:

- when the ECDP of any code channel is < -30dB
- when the nominal code domain power of any code channel is < -20 dB

When 16QAM is used on any of the UL code channels in a carrier, the requirements for Relative Code Domain Error are not applicable when either or both the following channel combinations occur:

- when the ECDP of any code channel is < -30dB
- when the nominal code domain power of any code channel is < -30 dB

The requirement for Relative Code Domain Error also does not apply for the PRACH preamble and message parts.

#### 6.8.3a.1.1 Minimum requirement

When 16QAM is not used on any of the UL code channels, the Relative Code Domain Error shall meet the requirements in Table 6.15B for the parameters specified in Table 6.15

Table 6.15B: Relative Code Domain Error minimum requirement

| ECDP dB          | Relative Code Domain<br>Error dB |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| -21 < ECDP       | ≤ -16                            |
| -30 ≤ ECDP ≤ -21 | ≤ -37 – ECDP                     |
| ECDP < -30       | No requirement                   |

When 16QAM is used on any of the UL code channels, the Relative Code Domain Error of the codes not using 16QAM shall meet the requirements in Table 6.15C for the parameters specified in Table 6.15.

Table 6.15C: Relative Code Domain Error minimum requirement

| ECDP dB          | Relative Code Domain<br>Error dB |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| -22 < ECDP       | ≤ -18                            |
| -30 ≤ ECDP ≤ -22 | ≤ -40 – ECDP                     |
| ECDP < -30       | No requirement                   |

When 16QAM is used on any of the UL code channels, the Nominal CDP Ratio-weighted average of the Relative Code Domain Errors measured individually on each of the codes using 16QAM shall meet the requirements in Table 6.15D for the parameters specified in Table 6.15. The Nominal CDP Ratio-weighted average of the Relative Code Domain Errors means the sum  $\sum 10^{(Nominal\ CDP\ ratio)_k/10} \cdot 10^{(Relative\ Code\ Domain\ Error)_k/10} \text{ over all code k that uses 16QAM}.$ 

For the purposes of evaluating the requirements specified in Table 6.15D, the ECDP value is determined as the minimum of the individual ECDP values corresponding to the codes using 16QAM.

Table 6.15D: Relative Code Domain Error minimum requirement

ECDP dBAverage Relative Code<br/>Domain Error dB-25.5 < ECDP</td> $\leq$  -18-30  $\leq$  ECDP  $\leq$  -25.5 $\leq$  -43.5 - ECDPECDP < -30No requirement

#### 6.8.3a.1.1a Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA

When 16QAM is not used on any of the UL code channels in a carrier, the Relative Code Domain Error in that carrier shall meet the requirements in Table 6.15B for the parameters specified in Table 6.15AA.

When 16QAM is used on any of the UL code channels in a carrier, the Relative Code Domain Error of the codes not using 16QAM in that carrier shall meet the requirements in Table 6.15C for the parameters specified in Table 6.15AA.

When 16QAM is used on any of the UL code channels in a carrier, the Nominal CDP Ratio-weighted average of the Relative Code Domain Errors measured individually on each of the codes using 16QAM in that carrier shall meet the requirements in Table 6.15D for the parameters specified in Table 6.15AA.

For the purposes of evaluating the requirements specified in Table 6.15D, the ECDP value is determined as the minimum of the individual ECDP values corresponding to the codes using 16QAM.

The reference measurement channels for the requirements in subclause 6.8.3a.1.1a are provided in subclause A.2.6 and A.2.7.

### 6.8.3a.1.1b Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the relative code domain error requirements specified in sub-clause 6.8.3a.1.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.8.3a.1.1c Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the relative code domain error requirements specified in sub-clause 6.8.3a.1.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the relative code domain error requirements specified in sub-clause 6.8.3a.1.1 apply at the active transmit antenna connector.

#### 6.8.3a.1.1d Additional requirement for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the relative code domain error requirements specified in sub-clause 6.8.3a.1.1 apply at each transmit antenna connector.

### 6.8.3b In-band emission for DC-HSUPA

The in-band emission is measured as the ratio of the UE output power in one carrier in dual cells to the UE output power in the other carrier, where the power in the former carrier shall be set to the minimum output power and the power in the latter carrier to the maximum output power. The reference measurement channel for the requirements in subclause 6.8.3b.1 is provided in subclause A.2.6 with an adjusted power imbalance to set the power in one carrier to the minimum output power and the power in the other carrier to the maximum output power. The basic in-band emission measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain.

#### 6.8.3b.1 Minimum requirement for DC-HSUPA

The in-band emission shall not exceed the value specified in Table 6.15E.

Table 6.15E: In-band emission minimum requirements for DC-HSUPA

|                  | Parameter Description | Unit | Limit |
|------------------|-----------------------|------|-------|
| In-band emission |                       | dBc  | -24   |
| Note:            |                       |      |       |

### 6.8.4 Phase discontinuity for uplink DPCH

Phase discontinuity is the change in phase between any two adjacent timeslots. The EVM for each timeslot (excluding the transient periods of  $25~\mu s$  on either side of the nominal timeslot boundaries), shall be measured according to subclause 6.8.2. The frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing used to minimise the error vector are chosen independently for each timeslot. The phase discontinuity result is defined as the difference between the absolute phase used to calculate EVM for the preceding timeslot, and the absolute phase used to calculate EVM for the succeeding timeslot.

### 6.8.4.1 Minimum requirement

The rate of occurrence of any phase discontinuity on an uplink DPCH for the parameters specified in table 6.16 shall not exceed the values specified in table 6.17. Phase shifts that are caused by changes of the UL transport format combination (TFC), compressed mode and HS-DPCCH are not included. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in subclauses 6.3 and 6.8.2 for each timeslot shall be met.

Table 6.16: Parameters for Phase discontinuity

| Parameter               | Unit | Level |
|-------------------------|------|-------|
| Power control step size | dB   | 1     |

Table 6.17: Phase discontinuity minimum requirement

| Phase discontinuity Δθ in degrees | Maximum allowed rate of occurrence in Hz |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| $\Delta\theta \leq 30$            | 1500                                     |  |
| $30 < \Delta\theta \le 60$        | 300                                      |  |
| Δθ > 60                           | 0  |  |

### 6.8.4.1A Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the rate of occurrence of any phase discontinuity on an uplink DPCH for the parameters specified in table 6.16 shall not exceed the values specified in table 6.17 for each transmit antenna connector. In addition, the relative phase applied to the two transmit paths shall be fixed during the phase discontinuity test. Phase shifts that are caused by changes of the UL transport format combination (TFC), compressed mode and HS-DPCCH are not included. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in subclauses 6.3B and 6.8.2 for each timeslot shall be met.

#### 6.8.4.1B Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the rate of occurrence of any phase discontinuity on an uplink DPCH for the parameters specified in table 6.16 shall not exceed the values specified in table 6.17 for each transmit antenna connector. In addition, TPI applied to the two transmit paths shall be fixed during the phase discontinuity test. Phase shifts that are caused by changes of the UL transport format combination (TFC), compressed mode and HS-DPCCH are not included. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in subclauses 6.3C and 6.8.2 for each timeslot shall be met.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the phase discontinuity for Uplink DPCH specified in sub-clause 6.8.4.1 applies at the active transmit antenna connector.

# 6.8.5 Phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH

Phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH is the change in phase due to the transmission of the HS-DPCCH. In the case where the HS-DPCCH timeslot is offset from the DPCCH timeslot, the period of evaluation of the phase discontinuity shall be the DPCCH timeslot that contains the HS-DPCCH slot boundary. The phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH result is defined as the difference between the absolute phase used to calculate the EVM for that part of the DPCCH timeslot prior to the HS-DPCCH slot boundary, and the absolute phase used to calculate the EVM for remaining part of the DPCCH timeslot following the HS-DPCCH slot boundary. In all cases the subslot EVM is measured excluding the transient periods of  $25~\mu s$ .

Since subslot EVM is only defined for intervals of at least one half timeslot, the phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH is only defined for non-aligned timeslots when the offset is 0.5 slots.

### 6.8.5.1 Minimum requirement

The phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH shall not exceed the value specified in table 6.18 90% of the time. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in sub clauses 6.3 and 6.8.2, respectively shall be met.

Table 6.18: Phase discontinuity minimum requirement for HS-DPCCH at HS-DPCCH slot boundary

| Phase discontinuity for |                        |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| HS-DPCCH Δθ in          | $\Delta\theta \leq 30$ |
| degrees                 |                        |

### 6.8.5.1A Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH shall not exceed the value specified in table 6.18 90% of the time for each transmit antenna connector. In addition, the relative phase applied to the two transmit paths shall be fixed during the phase discontinuity test. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in sub clauses 6.3B and 6.8.2, respectively shall be met.

### 6.8.5.1B Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH shall not exceed the value specified in table 6.18 90% of the time for each transmit antenna connector. In addition, TPI applied to the two transmit paths shall be fixed during the phase discontinuity test. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in sub clauses 6.3C and 6.8.2, respectively shall be met.

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the phase discontinuity for HS-DPCCH specified in sub-clause 6.8.5.1 applies at the active transmit antenna connector.

# 6.8.6 Phase discontinuity for E-DCH

Phase discontinuity for E-DCH is the change in phase due to the transmission of DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DCH with the combined transmit power profile as defined in Table 6.19. The phase discontinuity for E-DCH result is defined as the difference between the absolute phase used to calculate the EVM for the preceding timeslot, and the absolute phase used to calculate the EVM for the succeeding timeslot.

Table 6.19 Transmit power profile for E-DCH phase discontinuity test

| Slot<br>Number | $\left(rac{oldsymbol{eta}_{ec}}{oldsymbol{eta}_c} ight)$ | $\left(rac{oldsymbol{eta}_{ed}}{oldsymbol{eta}_c} ight)$ | $\left(rac{oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}}{oldsymbol{eta}_c} ight)$ |
|----------------|---|---|---|
| 1              | 19/15   | 21/15   | DTX   |
| 2              | 19/15   | 21/15   | 24/15   |
| 3              | 19/15   | 21/15   | 24/15   |
| 4              | 19/15   | 42/15   | 30/15   |
| 5              | 19/15   | 42/15   | DTX   |
| 6              | 19/15   | 42/15   | DTX   |
| 7              | 19/15   | 60/15   | DTX   |
| 8              | 19/15   | 60/15   | 24/15   |
| 9              | 19/15   | 60/15   | 24/15   |
| 10             | 19/15   | 30/15   | DTX   |
| 11             | 19/15   | 30/15   | DTX   |
| 12             | 19/15   | 30/15   | DTX   |
| 13             | 19/15   | 21/15   | 30/15   |
| 14             | 19/15   | 21/15   | 24/15   |
| 15             | 19/15   | 21/15   | 24/15   |
| 16             | 19/15   | 30/15   | DTX   |
| 17             | 19/15   | 30/15   | DTX   |
| 18             | 19/15   | 30/15   | DTX   |
| 19             | 19/15   | 21/15   |   |
| 20             | 19/15   | 21/15   |   |
| 21             | 19/15   | 21/15   |   |
| 22             | 19/15   | 42/15   |   |
| 23             | 19/15   | 42/15   |   |
| 24             | 19/15   | 42/15   |   |

Note 1: E-DCH power profile has a period of 24 slots and will be repeated every 24 slots.

Note 2: HS-DPCCH power profile has a period of 18 slots and will be repeated every 18 slots.

Note 3: The total combined power profile has a period of 72 slots and will be repeated every 72 slots.

Note 4: Power control will be turned off so that DPCCH power is kept constant for a specific run of the test.

### 6.8.6.1 Minimum requirement

When transmitting according to the power profile specified in Table 6.19, the phase discontinuity for E-DCH shall not exceed the value specified in table 6.20 for the specified amount of time in table 6.20. The requirement applies for the range of DPCCH powers according to table 6.20. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in sub clauses 6.3 and 6.8.2, respectively shall be met.

Table 6.20: Phase discontinuity minimum requirement for E-DCH

| Phase discontinuity Δθ | Minimum allowed time | DPCCH power in dBm                  |
|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| in degrees             | in percentage        |                                     |
| $\Delta\theta \leq 15$ | 80                   |                                     |
| $\Delta\theta \leq 35$ | 90                   | -15 ≤ DPCCH power ≤ $(P_{max}$ -20) |
| $\Delta\theta \le 45$  | 100                  |                                     |

### 6.8.6.1A Additional requirement for UL OLTD

For UE with two transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, when transmitting according to the power profile specified in Table 6.19, the phase discontinuity for E-DCH shall not exceed the value specified in table 6.20 for the specified amount of time in table 6.20 for each transmit antenna connector. The requirement applies for the range of DPCCH powers according to table 6.20. In addition, the relative phase applied to the two transmit paths shall be fixed

during the phase discontinuity test. When calculating the phase discontinuity, the requirements for frequency error and EVM in sub clauses 6.3B and 6.8.2, respectively shall be met.

### 6.8.6.1B Additional requirement for UL CLTD

For UE configured in UL CLTD activation state 2 or activation state 3, the phase discontinuity for E-DCH specified in sub-clause 6.8.6.1 applies at the active transmit antenna connector.

# 6.8.7 Time alignment error for DC-HSUPA

In DC-HSUPA transmission, signals are transmitted for dual cells. These signals shall be aligned. The time alignment error in DC-HSUPA transmission is specified as the delay between the signals from primary and secondary uplink frequencies at the antenna port.

### 6.8.7.1 Minimum requirement

The time alignment error shall not exceed ¾ Tc.

## 6.8.7A Time alignment error for UL OLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL OLTD operation, the signals transmitted in the two antenna connectors shall be aligned. The time alignment error in UL OLTD operation transmission is specified as the delay between the signals from two antenna connectors.

#### 6.8.7A.1 Minimum requirement

The time alignment error shall not exceed 0.4Tc.

# 6.8.7B Time alignment error for UL CLTD

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL CLTD activation state 1, the signals transmitted in the two antenna connectors shall be aligned. The time alignment error in UL CLTD activation state 1 transmission is specified as the delay between the signals from two antenna connectors.

### 6.8.7B.1 Minimum requirement

The time alignment error shall not exceed 0.4Tc.

# 6.8.7C Time alignment error for UL MIMO

For UE with two active transmit antenna connectors in UL MIMO operation, the signals transmitted in the two antenna connectors shall be aligned. The time alignment error in UL MIMO transmission is specified as the delay between the signals from two antenna connectors.

### 6.8.7C.1 Minimum requirement

The time alignment error shall not exceed 0.4Tc.

# 7 Receiver characteristics

# 7.1 General

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs

with more than one receiver antenna connector the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance, and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of the present document. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

UEs supporting DC-HSDPA, regardless of MIMO configuration, shall support both minimum requirements, as well as additional requirements for DC-HSDPA.

UEs supporting DB-DC-HSDPA shall support both minimum requirements as well as additional requirements for DB-DC-HSDPA.

UEs supporting DC-HSUPA shall support both minimum requirements, as well as additional requirements for DC-HSUPA.

UEs supporting single band 4C-HSDPA shall support minimum requirements, additional requirements for DC-HSDPA as well as additional requirements for single band 4C-HSDPA.

UEs supporting dual band 4C-HSDPA shall support minimum requirements, additional requirements for DC-HSDPA, additional requirements for DB-DC-HSDPA as well as additional requirements for dual band 4C-HSDPA.

UEs supporting single band 8C-HSDPA shall support minimum requirements, additional requirements for DC-HSDPA and single band 4C-HSDPA as well as additional requirements for single band 8C-HSDPA.

UEs supporting single band NC-4C-HSDPA shall support minimum requirements, additional requirements for DC-HSDPA as well as additional requirements for NC-4C-HSDPA.

For minimum requirements, all the parameters in clause 7 are defined using the DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps) specified in subclause A.3.1 and unless otherwise stated with DL power control OFF.

For the additional requirements for DC-HSDPA, DB-DC-HSDPA, DC-HSUPA, single band/dual band 4C-HSDPA or single band 8C-HSDPA or single band NC-4C-HSDPA, all the parameters in clause 7 are defined using the DL reference measurement channel H-Set 12, specified in subclause A.7.1.12 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.12C.

For the additional requirements for DC-HSDPA, the spacing of the carrier frequencies of the two cells in downlink shall be 5 MHz, and it is assumed that the UE is configured with a single uplink carrier frequency.

For the additional requirements for DC-HSUPA, the spacing of the carrier frequencies of the two cells in both downlink and uplink shall be 5 MHz.

For the additional requirements for single band/dual band 4C-HSDPA or single band NC-4C-HSDPA, the spacing of the adjacent carrier frequencies in downlink and uplink shall be 5 MHz.

For the additional requirements for single 8C-HSDPA, the spacing of the adjacent carrier frequencies in downlink and uplink shall be 5 MHz.

For each single band/dual band 4C-HSDPA and single band 8C-HSDPA or single band NC-4C-HSDPA configuration, the UL-DL carrier separation is defined as minimum (maximum) when the UL carrier is placed at minimum (maximum) possible distance in frequency from the closest carrier in the corresponding DL band for which the requirement applies.

The requirements specified in Section 7 in general could be different for each single band/dual band 4C-HSDPA or single band NC-4C-HSDPA configuration within the same operating band(s).

For the additional requirements for single band NC-4C-HSDPA, in-gap test refers to the case when the interfering signal is located at a positive offset with respect to the the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency of the left end subblock; or located at a negative offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency of the right end subblock.

For the additional requirements for single band NC-4C-HSDPA out-of-gap test refers to the case when the interfering signal(s) is (are) located at a positive offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency, or located at a negative offset with respect to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency.

For the additional requirements for single band NC-4C-HSDPA, existing blocking characteristics requirements shall be supported for in-gap tests only if the gap length satisfies the following condition so that the interferer position does not change the nature of the core requirement tested:

Gap length ≥ 2\*Interferer frequency offset –5MHz

# 7.2 Diversity characteristics

A suitable receiver structure using coherent reception in both channel impulse response estimation and code tracking procedures is assumed. Three forms of diversity are considered to be available in UTRA/FDD.

Table 7.1: Diversity characteristics for UTRA/FDD

| Time diversity          | Channel coding and interleaving in both up link and down link  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Multi-path<br>diversity | Rake receiver or other suitable receiver structure with maximum combining. Additional processing elements can increase the delay-spread performance due to increased capture of signal energy. |
| Antenna diversity       | Antenna diversity with maximum ratio combing in the Node B and optionally in the UE. Possibility for downlink transmit diversity in the Node B.  |

# 7.3 Reference sensitivity level

The reference sensitivity level <REFSENS> is the minimum mean power received at the UE antenna port at which the specified minimum requirement shall be met.

# 7.3.1 Minimum requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.2.

Table 7.2: Test parameters for reference sensitivity, minimum requirement.

| Operating Band   | Unit   | DPCH_Ec <refsens></refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub> |  |
|--|--|---|-----------------------------|--|
| I  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -117  | -106.7                      |  |
| II   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -115  | -104.7                      |  |
| III  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -114  | -103.7                      |  |
| IV   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -117  | -106.7                      |  |
| V  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -115  | -104.7                      |  |
| VI   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -117  | -106.7                      |  |
| VII  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -115  | -104.7                      |  |
| VIII   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -114  | -103.7                      |  |
| IX   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -116  | -105.7                      |  |
| X  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -117  | -106.7                      |  |
| XI   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -117  | -106.7                      |  |
| XII  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -114  | -103.7                      |  |
| XIII   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -114  | -103.7                      |  |
| XIV  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -114  | -103.7                      |  |
| XIX  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -117  | -106.7                      |  |
| XX   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -114  | -103.7                      |  |
| XXI  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -117  | -106.7                      |  |
| XXII   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -114  | -103.7                      |  |
| XXV  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -113.5  | -103.2                      |  |
| XXVI   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -113.5  | -103.2                      |  |
| NOTE 1 For Power   | class 3 and 3bis this sh   | nall be at the maximum output   | power                       |  |
|  |  | the maximum output power  |                             |  |
|  |  | and III and Band IX operating   |                             |  |
|  |  | 5 dBm DPCH_Ec <refsens:< td=""><td>&gt; shall apply for Band</td></refsens:<> | > shall apply for Band      |  |
|  | IX. The corresponding <refî<sub>or&gt; is -104.2 dBm</refî<sub>                |   |                             |  |
|  |  |   |                             |  |
|  | ence sensitivity level is FFS.   |   |                             |  |
|  |  |   |                             |  |
|  |  | dBm DPCH_Ec <refsens></refsens>   |                             |  |
|  | XXVI when the carrier frequency of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 |   |                             |  |
| MHz. The corresponding $\langle REF \tilde{l}_{or} \rangle$ is -104.7 dBm. |  |   |                             |  |

For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 7.2aA, the reference sensitivity level DPCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REF $\hat{I}_{or}$ > in Table 7.2 are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.2aA for the applicable bands.

Table 7.2aA: Allowed de-sensitization relative to reference sensitivity for UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA.

| DB-DC-HSDPA Configuration | Allowed de-sensitization (dB) | Applicable bands |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| 2                         | 1                             | II, IV           |
| 4                         | 1                             | I, XI            |

For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 7.2aB, the reference sensitivity level DPCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REF $\hat{I}_{or}$ > in Table 7.2 are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.2aB for the applicable bands.

Table 7.2aB: Allowed de-sensitization relative to reference sensitivity for UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA.

| Dual Band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | Allowed de-sensitization (dB) | Applicable bands |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------|
| II-1-IV-2                              |                               |                  |
| II-2-IV-1                              | 1                             | II, IV           |
| II-2-IV-2                              |                               |                  |

For the UE which supports E-UTRA inter-band carrier aggregation the reference sensitivity level DPCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REFÎ $_{or}>$  in Table 7.2 are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.3.1-

1A of TS 36.101[11] for those UTRA operating bands corresponding to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations. The tolerance in Table 7.3.1-1A of TS 36.101[11] does not apply to supported UTRA operating bands with frequency range below 1 GHz that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations when such bands are belonging only to band combination(s) where one band is <1GHz and another band is >1.7GHz and there is no harmonic relationship between the low band UL and high band DL.

In case the UE supports DB-DC-HSDPA or dual band 4C-HSDPA configurations and one or more of the E-UTRA inter-band carrier aggregation configurations listed in Table 7.3.1-1A of TS36.101[11] with a UTRA operating band that belongs to UTRA and E-UTRA carrier aggregation configurations, then

- When the UTRA operating band frequency range is ≤ 1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the average of the applicable tolerances, truncated to one decimal place for that operating band among the supported DB-DC-HSDPA, dual band 4C-HSDPA, and E-UTRA CA configurations, with the DB-DC-HSDPA, dual carrier 4C-HSDPA, and E-UTRA CA configurations counted separately. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum tolerance among the different supported carrier aggregation configurations involving such band shall be applied
- When the UTRA operating band frequency range is >1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the maximum tolerance that applies for that operating band among the supported DB-DC-HSDPA, dual band HSDPA, and E-UTRA CA configurations.

### 7.3.2 Additional requirement for DC-HSDPA

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.2A.

Note: The reference sensitivity level <REFSENS> requirement for DC-HSDPA is not applicable for dual uplink operation. However, there might be a substantial Rx de-sensitization for the UE operating in bands which have less than 80 MHz Tx-Rx frequency separation, transmitting on more than one uplink frequency, at maximum power.

Table 7.2A: Test parameters for reference sensitivity, additional requirement for DC-HSDPA.

| Operating Band                                     | Unit   | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br><refsens></refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub> |  |
|--|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| l  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -113                               | -102.7                      |  |
| II   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -111                               | -100.7                      |  |
| III  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -110                               | -99.7                       |  |
| IV   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -113                               | -102.7                      |  |
| V  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -111                               | -100.7                      |  |
| VI   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -113                               | -102.7                      |  |
| VII  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -111                               | -100.7                      |  |
| VIII   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -110                               | -99.7                       |  |
| IX   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -112                               | -101.7                      |  |
| X  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -113                               | -102.7                      |  |
| XI   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -113                               | -102.7                      |  |
| XII  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -110                               | -99.7                       |  |
| XIII   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -110                               | -99.7                       |  |
| XIV  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -110                               | -99.7                       |  |
| XIX  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -113                               | -102.7                      |  |
| XX   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -110                               | -99.7                       |  |
| XXI  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -113                               | -102.7                      |  |
| XXII   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -110                               | -99.7                       |  |
| XXV  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -109.5                             | -99.2                       |  |
| XXVI   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -109.5                             | -99.2                       |  |
| NOTE 2 For Power<br>NOTE 3 For the UE<br>reference | For Power class 4 this shall be at the maximum output power  |                                    |                             |  |
| NOTE 4 For the UE reference: NOTE 5 For the UE     | UE which supports both Band XI and Band XXI operating frequencies, the ce sensitivity level is FFS. UE which supports both Band V and Band XXVI operating frequencies, the   |                                    |                             |  |
| Band XXV   | reference sensitivity level of -111 dBm HS-PDSCH_Ec <refsens> shall apply for Band XXVI when any of the carrier frequencies of the assigned UTRA channel is within 869-894 MHz. The corresponding <refî<sub>or&gt; is -100.7 dBm.</refî<sub></refsens> |                                    |                             |  |

For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 7.2AA, the reference sensitivity level HS-PDSCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REF $\hat{\mathbf{I}}_{or}$ > in Table 7.2A are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.2AA for the applicable bands.

Table 7.2AA: Allowed de-sensitization relative to referenece sensitivity for UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA.

| DB-DC-HSDPA Configuration | Allowed de-sensitization (dB) | Applicable bands |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| 2                         | 1                             | II, IV           |
| 4                         | 1                             | I, XI            |

For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 7.2AB, the reference sensitivity level HS-PDSCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REF $\hat{I}_{or}$ > in Table 7.2A are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.2AB for the applicable bands.

Table 7.2AB: Allowed de-sensitization relative to reference sensitivity for UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA.

| Dual Band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | Allowed de-sensitization (dB) | Applicable bands |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------|
| II-1-IV-2                              |                               |                  |
| II-2-IV-1                              | 1                             | II, IV           |
| 11-2-1\/-2                             |                               |                  |

For the UE which supports E-UTRA inter-band carrier aggregation the reference sensitivity level HS-PDSCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REF $\hat{I}_{or}$ > in Table 7.2A are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.3.1-1A of TS 36.101[11] for those UTRA operating bands corresponding to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations. The tolerance in Table 7.3.1-1A of TS 36.101[11] does not apply to supported UTRA operating bands with frequency range below 1 GHz that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations when such bands are belonging only to band combination(s) where one band is <1GHz and another band is >1.7GHz and there is no harmonic relationship between the low band UL and high band DL.

In case the UE supports DB-DC-HSDPA or dual band 4C-HSDPA configurations and one or more of the E-UTRA inter-band carrier aggregation configurations listed in Table 7.3.1-1A of TS36.101[11] with a UTRA operating band that belongs to UTRA and E-UTRA carrier aggregation configurations, then

- When the UTRA operating band frequency range is ≤ 1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the average of the applicable tolerances, truncated to one decimal place for that operating band among the supported DB-DC-HSDPA, dual band 4C-HSDPA, and E-UTRA CA configurations, with the DB-DC-HSDPA, dual carrier 4C-HSDPA, and E-UTRA CA configurations counted separately. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum tolerance among the different supported carrier aggregation configurations involving such band shall be applied
- When the UTRA operating band frequency range is >1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the
  maximum tolerance that applies for that operating band among the supported DB-DC-HSDPA, dual band 4CHSDPA, and E-UTRA CA configurations.

### 7.3.3 Additional requirement for DB-DC-HSDPA

For all requirements listed in Table 7.2.B, corresponding to the specific DB-DC-HSDPA configuration(s) supported by the UE, (see Table 5.0aA), the BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1.

Table 7.2B: Test parameters for reference sensitivity, additional requirement for DB-DC-HSDPA.

| DB-DC-<br>HSDPA<br>configuration  | DL Band | UL Band | Unit         | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br><refsens></refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub> |
|---|---------|---------|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   |         |         | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      |
| 1   | VIII    | ı       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -110                               | -99.7                       |
| l I   | -       | VIII    | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      |
|   | VIII    | VIII    | dBm/3.84 MHz | -110                               | -99.7                       |
|   | II      | П       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -110                               | -99.7                       |
| 2   | IV      | П       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -112                               | -101.7                      |
| 2   | II      | IV      | dBm/3.84 MHz | -110                               | -99.7                       |
|   | IV      | IV      | dBm/3.84 MHz | -112                               | -101.7                      |
|   | I       | 1       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      |
| 3   | V       | ı       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      |
| 3   | I       | V       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      |
|   | V       | V       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      |
|   | I       | 1       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -112                               | -101.7                      |
| 4   | XI      | ı       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -112                               | -101.7                      |
| 4   | 1       | ΧI      | dBm/3.84 MHz | -112                               | -101.7                      |
|   | XI      | ΛI      | dBm/3.84 MHz | -112                               | -101.7                      |
|   | II      | П       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      |
| 5   | V       | - 11    | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      |
| 3   | П       | V       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      |
| V dBm/3.84 MHz -111 -100.7  |         |         | -100.7       |                                    |                             |
| NOTE 1 For Power class 3 and 3bis this shall be at the maximum output power |         |         |              |                                    |                             |
| NOTE 2 For Power class 4 this shall be at the maximum output power          |         |         |              |                                    |                             |

# 7.3.4 Additional requirement for single band 4C-HSDPA

For all requirements listed in Table 7.2C, corresponding to the specific single band 4C-HSDPA configuration(s) supported by the UE, (see Table 5.0aB), the BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1.

Note: The reference sensitivity level <REFSENS> requirement for single band 4C-HSDPA is not applicable for dual uplink operation. However, there might be a substantial Rx de-sensitization for the UE operating in bands which have less than 80 MHz Tx-Rx frequency separation, transmitting on more than one uplink frequency, at maximum power.

Table 7.2C: Test parameters for reference sensitivity, additional requirement for single band 4C-HSDPA.

|   | Single band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>configuration  | DL Band | Unit         | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br><refsens></refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub> | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|---|---|---------|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ſ | I-3   | I       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      | Minimum                        |
| Ī | II-3, II-4  | II      | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      | Minimum                        |
| Ī | NOTE 1 For Power class 3, 3bis and 4, this shall be at the maximum output power |         |              |                                    |                             |                                |

For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 7.2CA, the reference sensitivity level HS-PDSCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REF $\hat{\mathbf{1}}_{or}$ > in Table 7.2C are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.2CA for the applicable bands.

Table 7.2CA: Allowed de-sensitization relative to reference sensitivity for UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA.

| DB-DC-HSDPA Configuration | Allowed de-sensitization (dB) | Applicable bands |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| 2                         | 1                             | II               |
| 4                         | 1                             |                  |

For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 7.2CB, the reference sensitivity level HS-PDSCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REF $\hat{\mathbf{I}}_{or}$ > in Table 7.2C are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.2CB for the applicable bands.

Table 7.2CB: Allowed de-sensitization relative to reference sensitivity for UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA.

| Dual Band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | Allowed de-sensitization (dB) | Applicable bands |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------|
| II-1-IV-2                              |                               |                  |
| II-2-IV-1                              | 1                             | II               |
| II-2-IV-2                              |                               |                  |

For the UE which supports E-UTRA inter-band carrier aggregation the reference sensitivity level HS-PDSCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REF $\hat{I}_{or}$ > in Table 7.2C are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.3.1-1A of TS 36.101[11] for those UTRA operating bands corresponding to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations. The tolerance in Table 7.3.1-1A of TS 36.101[11] does not apply to supported UTRA operating bands with frequency range below 1 GHz that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations when such bands are belonging only to band combination(s) where one band is <1GHz and another band is >1.7GHz and there is no harmonic relationship between the low band UL and high band DL.

In case the UE supports DB-DC-HSDPA configurations and one or more of the E-UTRA inter-band carrier aggregation configurations listed in Table 7.3.1-1A of TS36.101[11] with a UTRA operating band that belongs to UTRA and E-UTRA carrier aggregation configurations, then

- When the UTRA operating band frequency range is  $\leq$  1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the average of the applicable tolerances, truncated to one decimal place for that operating band among the supported DB-DC-HSDPA and E-UTRA CA configurations, with the DB-DC-HSDPA and E-UTRA CA configurations counted separately. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum tolerance among the different supported carrier aggregation configurations involving such band shall be applied

- When the UTRA operating band frequency range is >1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the maximum tolerance that applies for that operating band among the supported DB-DC-HSDPA and E-UTRA CA configurations.

### 7.3.5 Additional requirement for dual band 4C-HSDPA

For all requirements listed in Table 7.2D, corresponding to the specific dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration(s) supported by the UE, (see Table 5.0aC), the BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1.

Note: The reference sensitivity level <REFSENS> requirement for dual band 4C-HSDPA is not applicable for dual uplink operation. However, there might be a substantial Rx de-sensitization for the UE operating in bands which have less than 80 MHz Tx-Rx frequency separation, transmitting on more than one uplink frequency, at maximum power.

Table 7.2D: Test parameters for reference sensitivity, additional requirement for dual band 4C-HSDPA.

| Dual band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>configuration  | DL Band | UL Band | Unit         | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br><refsens></refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub> | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|---|---------|---------|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I-2-VIII-1  | I       | 1       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      | Minimum                        |
| I-3-VIII-1  | VIII    | ı       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -110                               | -99.7                       | Minimum                        |
| I-2-VIII-2  | I       | VIII    | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      | Minimum                        |
| I-1-VIII-2  | VIII    | VIII    | dBm/3.84 MHz | -110                               | -99.7                       | Minimum                        |
| 11.4.11/.2  | II      | ll ll   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -110                               | -99.7                       | Minimum                        |
| II-1-IV-2<br>II-2-IV-1  | IV      | 11      | dBm/3.84 MHz | -112                               | -101.7                      | Minimum                        |
| II-2-IV-1   | II      | IV      | dBm/3.84 MHz | -110                               | -99.7                       | Minimum                        |
| 11-2-14-2   | IV      | IV      | dBm/3.84 MHz | -112                               | -101.7                      | Minimum                        |
| 14.1/.0   | I       | 1       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      | Minimum                        |
| I-1-V-2<br>I-2-V-1  | V       | ı       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      | Minimum                        |
| 1-2-V-1<br>1-2-V-2  | I       | V       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      | Minimum                        |
| 1-Z-V-Z   | V       | V       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      | Minimum                        |
|   | II      | П       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      | Minimum                        |
| II-1-V-2  | V       | 11      | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      | Minimum                        |
| II- I-V-Z   | II      | V       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      | Minimum                        |
|   | V       | \ \ \   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -111                               | -100.7                      | Minimum                        |
| NOTE 1 For Power class 3, 3bis and 4, this shall be at the maximum output power |         |         |              |                                    |                             |                                |

# 7.3.6 Additional requirement for single band 8C-HSDPA

For all requirements listed in Table 7.2E, corresponding to the specific single band 8C-HSDPA configuration(s) supported by the UE, (see Table 5.0aD), the BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1.

Note: The reference sensitivity level <REFSENS> requirement for single band 8C-HSDPA is not applicable for dual uplink operation. However, there might be a substantial Rx de-sensitization for the UE operating in bands which have less than 80 MHz Tx-Rx frequency separation, transmitting on more than one uplink frequency, at maximum power.

Table 7.2E: Test parameters for reference sensitivity, additional requirement for single band 8C-HSDPA.

| Single band<br>8C-HSDPA<br>configuration  | DL Band | Unit         | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br><refsens></refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub> | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|---|---------|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I-8   | 1       | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      | Minimum                        |
| NOTE 1 For Power class 3, 3bis and 4, this shall be at the maximum output power |         |              |                                    |                             |                                |

# 7.3.7 Additional requirement for single band NC-4C-HSDPA

For all requirements listed in Table 7.2E, corresponding to the specific single band NC-4C-HSDPA configuration(s) supported by the UE, (see Table 5.0aE), the BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1.

Note: The reference sensitivity level <REFSENS> requirement for single band NC-4C-HSDPA is not applicable for dual uplink operation. However, there might be a substantial Rx de-sensitization for the UE operating in bands which have less than 80 MHz Tx-Rx frequency separation, transmitting on more than one uplink frequency, at maximum power.

Table 7.2E: Test parameters for reference sensitivity, additional requirement for single band NC-4C-HSDPA.

| Single band NC-4C-<br>HSDPA configuration                                       | DL<br>Band | Unit         | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br><refsens></refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub> | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|---|------------|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I-1-5-1, I-2-5-1, I-3-10-1  | I          | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      | Minimum                        |
| IV-1-5-1, IV-2-10-1, IV-2-<br>15-2, IV-2-20-1, IV-2-25-2                        | IV         | dBm/3.84 MHz | -113                               | -102.7                      | Minimum                        |
| NOTE 1 For Power class 3, 3bis and 4, this shall be at the maximum output power |            |              |                                    |                             |                                |

For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 7.2F, the reference sensitivity level HS-PDSCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REF $\hat{I}_{or}>$  in Table 7.2E are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.2F for the applicable bands.

Table 7.2F: Allowed de-sensitization relative to reference sensitivity for UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA.

| DB-DC-HSDPA Configuration | Allowed de-sensitization (dB) | Applicable bands |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| 2                         | 1                             | IV               |
| 4                         | 1                             |                  |

For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 7.2G, the reference sensitivity level HS-PDSCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REF $\hat{\mathbf{1}}_{or}$ > in Table 7.2E are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.2G for the applicable bands.

Table 7.2G: Allowed de-sensitization relative to reference sensitivity for UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA.

| Dual Band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | Allowed de-sensitization (dB) | Applicable bands |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------|
| II-1-IV-2                              |                               |                  |
| II-2-IV-1                              | 1                             | IV               |
| II-2-IV-2                              |                               |                  |

For the UE which supports E-UTRA inter-band carrier aggregation the reference sensitivity level HS-PDSCH\_Ec <REFSENS> and corresponding <REF $\hat{I}_{or}$ > in Table 7.2E are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.3.1-1A of TS 36.101[11] for those UTRA operating bands corresponding to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations. The tolerance in Table 7.3.1-1A of TS 36.101[11] does not apply to supported UTRA operating bands with frequency range below 1 GHz that correspond to the E-UTRA operating bands that belong to the supported inter-band carrier aggregation configurations when such bands are belonging only to band combination(s) where one band is <1GHz and another band is >1.7GHz and there is no harmonic relationship between the low band UL and high band DL.

In case the UE supports DB-DC-HSDPA configurations and one or more of the E-UTRA inter-band carrier aggregation configurations listed in Table 7.3.1-1A of TS36.101[11] with a UTRA operating band that belongs to UTRA and E-UTRA carrier aggregation configurations, then

- When the UTRA operating band frequency range is  $\leq$  1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the average of the applicable tolerances, truncated to one decimal place for that operating band among the supported DB-DC-HSDPA and E-UTRA CA configurations, with the DB-DC-HSDPA and E-UTRA CA configurations counted separately. In case there is a harmonic relation between low band UL and high band DL, then the maximum tolerance among the different supported carrier aggregation configurations involving such band shall be applied

- When the UTRA operating band frequency range is >1GHz, the applicable additional tolerance shall be the maximum tolerance that applies for that operating band among the supported DB-DC-HSDPA and E-UTRA CA configurations.

# 7.4 Maximum input level

This is defined as the maximum mean power received at the UE antenna port, at which the specified BER performance shall be met.

# 7.4.1 Minimum requirement for DPCH reception

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.3.

Table 7.3: Maximum input level

| Parameter   | Unit         | Level |  |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| $\frac{DPCH\_Ec}{I_{or}}$   | dB           | -19   |  |
| Î <sub>or</sub>   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -25   |  |
| UE transmitted mean power dBm 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis) 18 (for Power class 4) NOTE 1 |              |       |  |
| NOTE 1: The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a                       |              |       |  |

NOTE 1: The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.

NOTE: Since the spreading factor is large (10log(SF)=21dB), the majority of the total input signal consists of the OCNS interference. The structure of OCNS signal is defined in Annex C.3.2.

# 7.4.2 Minimum requirement for HS-PDSCH reception

### 7.4.2.1 Minimum requirement for 16QAM

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set  $1 (16QAM \ version)$  specified in Annex A.7.1.1 with the addition of the parameters in Table 7.3A and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 7.3B.

Table 7.3A Test parameters for maximum input level

| Parameter                               | Unit         | Value   |
|---|--------------|---|
| Phase reference                         |              | P-CPICH   |
| Îor                                     | dBm/3.84 MHz | -25   |
| UE transmitted mean power               | dBm          | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 2 |
| DPCH_Ec/lor                             | dB           | -13   |
| HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor                        | dB           | -13   |
| Redundancy and constellation version    |              | 6   |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmissions |              | 1   |

NOTE 1: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI

NOTE 2: The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.

**Table 7.3B Minimum requirement** 

| $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$ | T-put R (kbps) |
|--|----------------|
| -3   | 700            |

### 7.4.2.2 Minimum requirement for 64QAM

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 8 specified in Annex A.7.1.8. with the addition of the parameters in Table 7.3C and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 7.3D.

Table 7.3C Test parameters for maximum input level

| Parameter                            | Unit         | Value   |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Phase reference                      |              | P-CPICH |
| Îor                                  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -25     |
| UE transmitted mean power            | dBm          | 0       |
| DPCH_Ec/lor                          | dB           | -13     |
| HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor                     | dB           | -13     |
| Redundancy and constellation version |              | 6       |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmissions |              | 1       |

NOTE 1: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI.

**Table 7.3D Minimum requirement** 

| $\begin{array}{c} {\sf HS\text{-}PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \text{(dB)} \end{array}$ | T-put R (kbps) |
|--|----------------|
| -2   | 11800          |

### 7.4.3 Additional requirement for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA

### 7.4.3.1 Additional requirement for 16QAM

The additional requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information throughput per cell R with the DL reference channel H-Set 1 (16QAM version) specified in Annex A7.1.1, with the addition of the parameters in Table 7.3E, and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8, applied to both cells simultaneously. Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 7.3F.

Table 7.3E Test parameters for maximum input level

| Parameter                            | Unit         | Value   |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---|
| Phase reference                      |              | P-CPICH   |
| Îor                                  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -25   |
| UE transmitted mean power            | dBm          | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 2 |
| DPCH_Ec/lor                          | dB           | -13   |
| HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor                     | dB           | -13   |
| Redundancy and constellation version |              | 6   |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmissions |              | 1   |

NOTE 1: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI.

NOTE 2: The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.

**Table 7.3F Minimum requirement** 

| HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | T-put $R$ (kbps) |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| -3                         | 700              |

### 7.4.3.2 Additional requirement for 64QAM

The additional requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information throughput per cell R with the DL reference channel H-Set 8 specified in Annex A7.1.8, with the addition of the parameters in Table 7.3G, and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8, applied to both cells simultaneously. Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 7.3H.

Table 7.3G Test parameters for maximum input level

| Parameter                            | Unit         | Value   |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Phase reference                      |              | P-CPICH |
| Îor                                  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -25     |
| UE transmitted mean power            | dBm          | 0       |
| DPCH_Ec/lor                          | dB           | -13     |
| HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor                     | dB           | -13     |
| Redundancy and constellation version |              | 6       |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmissions |              | 1       |

NOTE 1: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI

**Table 7.3H Minimum requirement** 

| $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$ | T-put R (kbps) |
|--|----------------|
| -2   | 11800          |

# 7.4.4 Additional requirement for single band/dual band 4C-HSDPA or single band 8C-HSDPA and single band NC-4C-HSDPA

### 7.4.4.1 Additional requirement for 16QAM

The additional requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information throughput per cell R with the DL reference channel H-Set 1 (16QAM version) specified in Annex A7.1.1, with the addition of the parameters in Table 7.3I, and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8, applied to all the cells simultaneously. Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 7.3J.

Table 7.3I Test parameters for maximum input level

| Parameter                               | Unit     | Value   |
|---|----------|---|
| Phase reference                         |          | P-CPICH   |
| Wanted signal mean power per band (dBm) | dBm/band | -22   |
| UE transmitted mean power               | dBm      | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |
| DPCH_Ec/lor                             | dB       | -13   |
| HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor                        | dB       | -13   |
| Redundancy and constellation version    |          | 6   |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmissions    |          | 1   |

Note 1: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every thir TTI

Note 2: Wanted signal mean power per band is the sum of measured mean power on each carrier in a band over 3.84 MHz.

**Table 7.3J Minimum requirement** 

| HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | T-put $R$ (kbps) |  |
|----------------------------|------------------|--|
| -3                         | 700              |  |

### 7.4.4.2 Additional requirement for 64QAM

The additional requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information throughput per cell R with the DL reference channel H-Set 8 specified in Annex A7.1.8, with the addition of the parameters in Table 7.3K, and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8, applied to all the cells simultaneously. Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 7.3L.

**Table 7.3K Parameters definition** 

| Parameter                               | Unit     | Value   |
|---|----------|---------|
| Phase reference                         |          | P-CPICH |
| Wanted signal mean power per band (dBm) | dBm/band | -22     |
| UE transmitted mean power               | dBm      | 0       |
| DPCH_Ec/lor                             | dB       | -13     |
| HS-SCCH_1_Ec/lor                        | dB       | -13     |
| Redundancy and constellation version    |          | 6       |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmissions    |          | 1       |

Note 1: The HS-SCCH and corresponding HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power but the HS-SCCH shall only use the identity of the UE under test every third TTI

Note 2: Wanted signal mean power per band is the sum of measured mean power on each carrier in a band over 3.84 MHz.

**Table 7.3L Minimum requirement** 

| HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | T-put R (kbps) |
|----------------------------|----------------|
| -2                         | 11800          |

# 7.5 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver"s ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of

the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

# 7.5.1 Minimum requirement

The UE shall fulfill the minimum requirement specified in Table 7.4 for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm.

However it is not possible to directly measure the ACS, instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen in Table 7.5 where the BER shall not exceed 0.001.

**Table 7.4: Adjacent Channel Selectivity** 

| Unit | ACS |
|------|-----|
| dB   | 33  |

Table 7.5: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity

| Parameter                               | Unit         | Case 1                              | Case 2                           |
|---|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| DPCH_Ec                                 | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refsens> + 14 dB</refsens>         | <refsens> + 41 dB</refsens>      |
| Î <sub>or</sub>                         | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 14 dB</refî<sub> | REFÎ <sub>or</sub> > + 41 dB     |
| I <sub>oac</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm          | -52                                 | -25                              |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)                | MHz          | +5 or -5                            | +5 or -5                         |
| UE transmitted mean power               | dBm          | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)     | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)  |
| OE transmitted mean power               | ubiii        | 18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 3    | 18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 3 |

NOTE 1: The I<sub>oac</sub> (modulated) signal consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: <REFSENS> and <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> refers to the DPCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the DPCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2.

NOTE 3: The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.

# 7.5.2 Additional requirement for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA

The UE shall fulfill the additional requirement specified in Table 7.5A for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm.

However it is not possible to directly measure the ACS, instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen in Table 7.5B, where the HS-PDSCH BLER shall not exceed 0.1.

**Table 7.5A: Adjacent Channel Selectivity** 

| Unit | ACS |
|------|-----|
| dB   | 33  |

Table 7.5B: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity

| Parameter                               | Unit         | Case 1   | Case 2   |
|---|--------------|--|--|
| HS-PDSCH_Ec                             | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refsens> + 14 dB</refsens>  | <refsens> + 41 dB</refsens>  |
| Îor                                     | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 14 dB</refî<sub>                                    | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 41 dB</refî<sub>                                    |
| I <sub>oac</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm          | -52  | -25  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)    | MHz          | +5 or -5   | +5 or -5   |
| UE transmitted mean power               | dBm          | 20 (for Power class 3 and<br>3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 4 | 20 (for Power class 3<br>and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 4 |

- NOTE 1: The I<sub>oac</sub> (modulated) signal consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.
- NOTE 2: For DC-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency used and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency used. For DB-DC-HSDPA, offset refers to the assigned channel frequencies of the individual cells.
- NOTE 3: <REFSENS> and <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> refers to the HS-PDSCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the HS-PDSCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2A for DC-HSDPA and Table 7.2B for DB-DC-HSDPA.
- NOTE 4: The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.

## 7.5.3 Additional requirement for single band/dual band 4C-HSDPA

The UE shall fulfill the additional requirement specified in Table 7.5C for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm.

However it is not possible to directly measure the ACS, instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen in Table 7.5D and the requirements are given in Table 7.5E and Table 7.5EA for single band 4C-HSDPA and in 7.5F and 7.5G for dual band 4C-HSDPA, where the HS-PDSCH BLER shall not exceed 0.1.

The ACS requirement for single band/dual-band 4C-HSDPA is not applicable for dual uplink operation.

**Table 7.5C: Adjacent Channel Selectivity** 

| Rx Parameter | Unit | Number of adjacent downlink carriers in a band |    |    |    |
|--------------|------|--|----|----|----|
|              |      | 1 2 3 4  |    |    |    |
| ACS          | dB   | 33   | 33 | 33 | 33 |

Table 7.5D: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity

| Parameter                               | Unit | Case 1  | Case 2   |
|---|------|---|----------|
| I <sub>oac</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -52   | -25      |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)    | MHz  | +5 or -5  | +5 or -5 |
| UE transmitted mean power               | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |          |

NOTE 1: The I<sub>oac</sub> (modulated) signal consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: Negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band.

Table 7.5E: Single band 4C-HSDPA requirements for Adjacent Channel Selectivity, Case 1

| Single band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I-3                                      |            | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |

| II-3, II-4 II  |  | II | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum |  |  |  |
|--|--|----|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refers to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsen< td=""></refsen<></refî<sub></refsens> |  |    |                           |                                   |         |  |  |  |
|  | and the HS-PDSCH <refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2C for single</refî<sub> |    |                           |                                   |         |  |  |  |
| band 4C-HSDPA.   |  |    |                           |                                   |         |  |  |  |

Table 7.5EA: Single band 4C-HSDPA requirements for Adjacent Channel Selectivity, Case 2

| Single band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration  |    | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |  |
|---|----|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| I-3   | ı  | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |
| II-3, II-4  | II | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refers to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2C for single band 4C-HSDPA.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |    |                              |                                   |                                |  |  |

Table 7.5F: Dual band 4C-HSDPA requirements for Adjacent Channel Selectivity, Case 1

| Dual band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | UL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |  |  |
|--|------------|------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| I-2-VIII-1                             | I          | 1          | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| I-3-VIII-1, I-2-                       | VIII       | 1          | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| VIII-2, I-1-VIII-                      | ı          | VIII       | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| 2                                      | VIII       | VIII       | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| II-1-IV-2                              | II         | Ш          | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| II-1-IV-2<br>II-2-IV-1                 | IV         | П          | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| II-2-IV-1                              | II         | IV         | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| 11-2-1 V -2                            | IV         |            | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| 14.1/.0                                | ı          | 1          | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| I-1-V-2<br>I-2-V-1                     | V          | ı          | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| 1-2-V-1<br>1-2-V-2                     | ı          | V          | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| 1-2-4-2                                | V          | V          | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
|  | II         | Ш          | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| 11.4.1/.0                              | V          | 11         | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| II-1-V-2                               | II         | V          | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
|  | V          | V          | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
|  |            |            |                              |                                   |                                |  |  |  |

Table 7.5G: Dual band 4C-HSDPA requirements for Adjacent Channel Selectivity, Case 2

| Dual band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | UL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I-2-VIII-1                             | ı          | ı          | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| I-3-VIII-1, I-2-                       | VIII       | I          | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| VIII-2, I-1-VIII-                      | ı          | VIII       | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| 2                                      | VIII       | VIII       | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| II-1-IV-2                              | II         | Ш          | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| II-1-IV-2<br>II-2-IV-1                 | IV         | 11         | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| II-2-IV-1                              | II         | IV         | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| 11-2-1 V -2                            | IV         |            | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| I-1-V-2                                | ı          |            | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| I-1-V-2<br>I-2-V-1                     | V          | Į.         | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| 1-2-V-1<br>1-2-V-2                     | ı          | V          | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| 1-Z-V-Z                                | V          | V          | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
|  | II         | Ш          | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| II-1-V-2                               | V          | l II       | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| 11-1-V-2                               | II         | V          | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
|  | V          | V          | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |

NOTE: <REFSENS> and <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> refers to the HS-PDSCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the HS-PDSCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2D for dual band 4C-HSDPA.

# 7.5.4 Additional requirement for single band 8C-HSDPA

The UE shall fulfill the additional requirement specified in Table 7.5H for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm.

However it is not possible to directly measure the ACS, instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen in Table 7.5I and the requirements are given in Table 7.5J and Table 7.5K where the HS-PDSCH BLER shall not exceed 0.1.

The ACS requirement for single band 8C-HSDPA is not applicable for dual uplink operation.

**Table 7.5H: Adjacent Channel Selectivity** 

| Rx Parameter | Unit |    | Number of adjacent downlink carriers in a band |    |    |       |       |       |      |
|--------------|------|----|--|----|----|-------|-------|-------|------|
|              |      | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5     | 6     | 7     | 8    |
| ACS          | dB   | 33 | 33   | 33 | 33 | [TBD] | [TBD] | [TBD] | [33] |

Table 7.51: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity

| Parameter   | Unit  | Case 1   | Case 2   |  |  |
|---|---|----------|----------|--|--|
| I <sub>oac</sub> mean power (modulated)   | dBm   | -52      | -25      |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)  | MHz   | +5 or -5 | +5 or -5 |  |  |
| UE transmitted mean power   | UE transmitted mean power dBm 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bi<br>18 (for Power class 4) |          |          |  |  |
| NOTE 1: The I <sub>oac</sub> (modulated) signal consists of the common channels |   |          |          |  |  |

needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: Negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency in each band, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency in each band.

Table 7.5J: Single band 8C-HSDPA requirements for Adjacent Channel Selectivity, Case 1

| 8C-HSDPA<br>Configuration   |       | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |
|---|-------|------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| I-8   | I-8 I |            | <refsens>+14 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refers to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2E for single band 8C-HSDPA.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |       |            |                              |                                   |                                |  |

Table 7.5K: Single band 8C-HSDPA requirements for Adjacent Channel Selectivity, Case 2

| Single band<br>8C-HSDPA<br>Configuration  | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |  |  |
|---|------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| I-8 I   |            | <refsens>+41 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refers to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2E for single band 8C-HSDPA.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |            |                              |                                   |                                |  |  |  |

### 7.5.5 Additional requirement for single band NC-4C-HSDPA

The UE shall fulfill the additional requirement specified in Table 7.5L for all values of an adjacent channel interferer up to -25 dBm.

However it is not possible to directly measure the ACS, instead the lower and upper range of test parameters are chosen in Table 7.5M and the requirements are given in Table 7.5N and Table 7.5P where the HS-PDSCH BLER shall not exceed 0.1.

The ACS requirement for single band NC-4C-HSDPA is not applicable for dual uplink operation.

**Table 7.5L: Adjacent Channel Selectivity** 

| Rx Parameter | Unit | Number of adjacent downlink carriers in a band |    |    |  |  |
|--------------|------|--|----|----|--|--|
|              |      | 1  | 2  | 3  |  |  |
| ACS          | dB   | 33   | 33 | 33 |  |  |

Table 7.5M: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity

| Parameter                               | Unit | Case 1                         | Case 2   |
|---|------|--------------------------------|----------|
| I <sub>oac</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -52                            | -25      |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2,3)  | MHz  | +5 or -5                       | +5 or -5 |
| UE transmitted mean power               | dBm  | 20 (for Power c<br>18 (for Pow |          |

NOTE 1: The l<sub>oac</sub> (modulated) signal consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: For single band NC-4C-HSPDA out-of-gap, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier belonging to the lower subblock of carriers, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier belonging to the higher subblock of carriers.

NOTE 3: For single band NC-4C-HSPDA in-gap, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier belonging to the higher subblock of carriers, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier belonging to the lower subblock of carriers.

Table 7.5N: Single band NC-4C-HSDPA requirements for Adjacent Channel Selectivity, Case 1

| Single band NC-4C-<br>HSDPA Configuration                | Test<br>type                     | DL<br>Band  | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | UL-DL carrier separation |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| I-1-5-1, I-2-5-1, I-3-10-1                               | In-gap                           | I           | <refsens>+14<br/>dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                  |
| I-1-5-1, I-2-5-1, I-3-10-1                               | Out-<br>of-gap                   | I           | <refsens>+14<br/>dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                  |
| IV-1-5-1, IV-2-10-1, IV-2-15-<br>2, IV-2-20-1, IV-2-25-2 | -5-1, IV-2-10-1, IV-2-15- In-gan |             | <refsens>+14<br/>dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                  |
| IV-1-5-1, IV-2-10-1, IV-2-15-<br>2, IV-2-20-1, IV-2-25-2 | Out-<br>of-gap                   | IV          | <refsens>+14<br/>dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+14 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                  |
| NOTE: <refsens> and &lt;</refsens>                       | :REFÎ <sub>or</sub> > re         | efers to th | e HS-PDSCH_Ec <f< td=""><td>REFSENS&gt; and the I</td><td>HS-</td></f<> | REFSENS> and the I                | HS-                      |

OTE: <REFSENS> and <REFI<sub>or</sub>> refers to the HS-PDSCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the HS PDSCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2E for single band NC-4C-HSDPA.

Table 7.5P: Single band NC-4C-HSDPA requirements for Adjacent Channel Selectivity, Case 2

| Single band NC-4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration   | Test<br>type   | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | UL-DL carrier<br>separation |
|--|----------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| I-1-5-1, I-2-5-1, I-3-10-1   | In-gap         | - 1        | <refsens>+41<br/>dB</refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                     |
| I-1-5-1, I-2-5-1, I-3-10-1   | Out-of-<br>gap | I          | <refsens>+41<br/>dB</refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                     |
| IV-1-5-1, IV-2-10-1, IV-2-15-2, IV-2-20-1, IV-2-25-2   | In-gap         | IV         | <refsens>+41<br/>dB</refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                     |
| IV-1-5-1, IV-2-10-1, IV-2-15-2,<br>IV-2-20-1, IV-2-25-2  | Out-of-<br>gap | IV         | <refsens>+41<br/>dB</refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;+41 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                     |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refers to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2E for single band NC-4C-HSDPA.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |                |            |                               |                                   |                             |

# 7.6 Blocking characteristics

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver"s ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

# 7.6.1 Minimum requirement (In-band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 7.6: In-band blocking

| Parameter                                    | Unit         | Lev   | rel                           |  |
|--|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| DPCH_Ec                                      | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  |                               |  |
| l <sub>or</sub>                              | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>   | + 3 dB                        |  |
| I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm          | -56   | -44                           |  |
|  |              |   | ≤-15 MHz                      |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> offset                       |              | =±10 MHz  | &<br>≥15 MHz                  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band I operation)        | MHz          | 2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2185                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band II operation)       | MHz          | 1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6   | 1915≤ f ≤2005                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band III operation)      | MHz          | 1797.4≤ f ≤1887.6   | 1790≤ f ≤1895                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band IV operation)       | MHz          | 2102.4≤ f ≤2162.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2170                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band V operation)        | MHz          | 861.4≤ f ≤901.6   | 854≤ f ≤909                   |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band VI operation)       | MHz          | 867.4≤ f ≤892.6<br>(NOTE 2)   | 860≤ f ≤900<br>(NOTE 2)       |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band VII operation)      | MHz          | 2612.4≤ f ≤2697.6   | $2605 \le f \le 2705$         |  |
| Fuw<br>(Band VIII operation)                 | MHz          | 917.4≤ f ≤967.6   | 910 ≤ f ≤ 975                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band IX operation)       | MHz          | 1837.4 ≤ f ≤ 1887.4   | 1829.9 ≤ f ≤ 1894.9           |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band X operation)        | MHz          | 2102.4 ≤ f ≤ 2177.6   | 2095 ≤ f ≤ 2185               |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XI operation)       | MHz          | 1468.4 ≤ f ≤ 1503.4   | 1460.9 ≤ f ≤ 1510.9           |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XII operation)      | MHz          | 721.4 ≤ f ≤ 753.6   | 714 ≤ f ≤ 761                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XIII operation)     | MHz          | 738.4 ≤ f ≤ 763.6   | 731 ≤ f ≤ 771                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XIV operation)      | MHz          | 750.4 ≤ f ≤ 775.6   | $743 \le f \le 783$           |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XIX operation)      | MHz          | 867.4≤ f ≤897.6   | 860≤ f ≤905<br>(NOTE 2)       |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XX operation)       | MHz          | 783.4 ≤ f ≤ 828.6   | 776 ≤ f ≤ 836                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XXI operation)      | MHz          | 1488.4≤ f ≤1518.4   | 1480.9≤ f ≤1525.9<br>(NOTE 2) |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XXII operation)     | MHz          | 3502.4≤ f ≤3597.6   | 3495≤ f ≤3605                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XXV operation)      | MHz          | 1922.4≤ f ≤2002.6   | 1915≤ f ≤2010                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XXVI operation)     | MHz          | 851.4≤ f ≤901.6   | 844≤ f ≤909                   |  |
| UE transmitted mean power                    | dBm          | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 4 |                               |  |

NOTE 1: I<sub>blocking</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: For Band VI, Band XIX and Band XXI, the unwanted interfering signal does not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

NOTE 3: <REFSENS> and <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> refer to the DPCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the DPCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2.

NOTE 4: The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.

# 7.6.1A Additional requirement for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA (In-band blocking)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6A. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 7.6A: In-band blocking for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA

| Parameter                                    | Unit         | Level   |                               |  |
|--|--------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| HS-PDSCH_Ec                                  | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refsens>+3 dB<br/><refî₀r> + 3 dB</refî₀r></refsens>               |                               |  |
| l <sub>or</sub>                              | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refi<sub>or&gt;</refi<sub>   | · + 3 dB                      |  |
| I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm          | -56   | -44                           |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> offset                       |              |   | ≤-15 MHz                      |  |
| (NOTE 3)                                     |              | =±10 MHz  | &<br>≥15 MHz                  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band I operation)        | MHz          | 2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2185                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band II operation)       | MHz          | 1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6   | 1915≤ f ≤2005                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band III operation)      | MHz          | 1797.4≤ f ≤1887.6   | 1790≤ f ≤1895                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band IV operation)       | MHz          | 2102.4≤ f ≤2162.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2170                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band V operation)        | MHz          | 861.4≤ f ≤901.6   | 854≤ f ≤909                   |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band VI operation)       | MHz          | 867.4≤ f ≤892.6<br>(NOTE 2)   | 860≤ f ≤900<br>(NOTE 2)       |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band VII operation)      | MHz          | 2612.4≤ f ≤2697.6   | $2605 \le f \le 2705$         |  |
| Fuw<br>(Band VIII operation)                 | MHz          | 917.4≤ f ≤967.6   | $910 \le f \le 975$           |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IX operation)          | MHz          | 1837.4 ≤ f ≤ 1887.4   | $1829.9 \le f \le 1894.9$     |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band X operation)        | MHz          | 2102.4 ≤ f ≤ 2177.6   | $2095 \le f \le 2185$         |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XI operation)          | MHz          | 1468.4 ≤ f ≤ 1503.4   | $1460.9 \le f \le 1510.9$     |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XII operation)      | MHz          | 721.4 ≤ f ≤ 753.6   | $714 \le f \le 761$           |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XIII operation)     | MHz          | 738.4 ≤ f ≤ 763.6   | 731 ≤ f ≤ 771                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XIV operation)         | MHz          | $750.4 \le f \le 775.6$   | $743 \le f \le 783$           |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XIX operation)      | MHz          | 867.4≤ f ≤897.6   | 860≤ f ≤905<br>(NOTE 2)       |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XX operation)          | MHz          | $783.4 \le f \le 828.6$   | $776 \le f \le 836$           |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XXI operation)         | MHz          | 1488.4≤ f ≤1518.4   | 1480.9≤ f ≤1525.9<br>(NOTE 2) |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XXII operation)     | MHz          | 3502.4≤ f ≤3597.6   | 3495≤ f ≤3605                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XXV operation)      | MHz          | 1922.4≤ f ≤2002.6   | 1915≤ f ≤2010                 |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XXVI operation)        | MHz          | 851.4≤ f ≤901.6   | 844≤ f ≤909                   |  |
| UE transmitted mean power                    | dBm          | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 5 |                               |  |

- NOTE 1: I<sub>blocking</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.
- NOTE 2: For Band VI, Band XIX and Band XXI, the unwanted interfering signal does not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.
- NOTE 3: For DC-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency used and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency used. For DB-DC-HSDPA, offset refers to the assigned channel frequencies of the individual cells.
- NOTE 4: <REFSENS> and <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> refer to the HS-PDSCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the HS-PDSCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2A for DC-HSDPA and Table 7.2B for DB-DC-HSDPA.
- NOTE 5: The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.

# 7.6.1B Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA (In-band blocking)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6B and Table 7.6C. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 7.6B: In-band blocking for DC-HSUPA

| Parameter                                    | Unit | Lev   | rel                           |
|--|------|---|-------------------------------|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -56   | -44                           |
| F <sub>uw</sub> offset<br>(NOTE 3)           |      | =±10 MHz  | ≤-15 MHz<br>&<br>≥15 MHz      |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band I operation)        | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2185                 |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band II operation)       | MHz  | 1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6   | 1915≤ f ≤2005                 |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band III operation)         | MHz  | 1797.4≤ f ≤1887.6   | 1790≤ f ≤1895                 |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band IV operation)       | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2162.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2170                 |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band V operation)        | MHz  | 861.4≤ f ≤901.6   | 854≤ f ≤909                   |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band VI operation)       | MHz  | 867.4≤ f ≤892.6<br>(NOTE 2)   | 860≤ f ≤900<br>(NOTE 2)       |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band VII operation)      | MHz  | 2612.4≤ f ≤2697.6   | 2605 ≤ f ≤ 2705               |
| Fuw<br>(Band VIII operation)                 | MHz  | 917.4≤ f ≤967.6   | 910 ≤ f ≤ 975                 |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IX operation)          | MHz  | 1837.4 ≤ f ≤ 1887.4   | 1829.9 ≤ f ≤ 1894.9           |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band X operation)        | MHz  | 2102.4 ≤ f ≤ 2177.6   | 2095 ≤ f ≤ 2185               |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XI operation)       | MHz  | 1468.4 ≤ f ≤ 1503.4   | 1460.9 ≤ f ≤ 1510.9           |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XII operation)      | MHz  | $721.4 \le f \le 753.6$   | 714 ≤ f ≤ 761                 |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XIII operation)     | MHz  | $738.4 \le f \le 763.6$   | 731 ≤ f ≤ 771                 |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XIV operation)         | MHz  | $750.4 \le f \le 775.6$   | $743 \le f \le 783$           |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XIX operation)         | MHz  | 867.4≤ f ≤897.6   | 860≤ f ≤905<br>(NOTE 2)       |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band XX operation)       | MHz  | 783.4≤ f ≤828.6   | 776≤ f ≤836<br>(NOTE 2)       |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XXI operation)         | MHz  | 1488.4≤ f ≤1518.4   | 1480.9≤ f ≤1525.9<br>(NOTE 2) |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XXII operation)        | MHz  | 3502.4≤ f ≤3597.6   | 3495≤ f ≤3605                 |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XXV operation)         | MHz  | 1922.4≤ f ≤2002.6   | 1915≤ f ≤2010                 |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band XXVI operation)        | MHz  | 851.4≤ f ≤901.6   | 844≤ f ≤909                   |
| UE transmitted mean power                    | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 4 |                               |

NOTE 1: I<sub>blocking</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 4: The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.

NOTE 2: For Band VI, Band XIX and Band XXI, the unwanted interfering signal does not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

NOTE 3: For DC-HSUPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency used and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency used.

Table 7.6C: Reference input powers for in-band blocking, DC-HSUPA.

| Operating Band  | Unit         | HS-PDSCH_Ec | Îor   |  |
|---|--------------|-------------|-------|--|
| I   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -110        | -99.7 |  |
| II.   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -108        | -97.7 |  |
| III   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -107        | -96.7 |  |
| IV  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -110        | -99.7 |  |
| V   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -104.3      | -94   |  |
| VI  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -104.7      | -94.4 |  |
| VII   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -108        | -97.7 |  |
| VIII  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -101.1      | -90.8 |  |
| IX  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -109        | -98.7 |  |
| X   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -110        | -99.7 |  |
| XI  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -101.4      | -91.1 |  |
| XII   | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A   |  |
| XIII  | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A   |  |
| XIV   | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A   |  |
| XIX   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -104.7      | -94.4 |  |
| XX  | dBm/3.84 MHz | TBD         | TBD   |  |
| XXI   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -101.4      | -91.1 |  |
| XXII  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -107        | -96.7 |  |
|   |              |             |       |  |
| XXV   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -106.5      | -96.2 |  |
| XXVI  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -101.1      | -90.8 |  |
| NOTE 1 For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the                 |              |             |       |  |
| reference sensitivity level of TBD dBm <ref_ec,in-band> shall apply for Band IX. The</ref_ec,in-band> |              |             |       |  |

- corresponding <REFÎ<sub>or,in-band</sub>> is TBD dBm
- NOTE 2 For the UE which supports both Band XI and Band XXI operating frequencies, the reference input power level is FFS.
- For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA the < HS-NOTE 3 PDSCH\_Ec > and  $< \hat{l}_{or} >$  are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table
- For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < NOTE 4 HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and < Îor > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.13.

#### 7.6.1C Additional requirement for single band 4C-HSDPA (In-band blocking)

#### 7.6.1C.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6D and Table 7.6E. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 7.6D: Test parameters for in-band blocking, single band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Parameter                                    | Unit | Lev   | el                       |
|--|------|---|--------------------------|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -56   | -44                      |
| F <sub>uw</sub> offset<br>(NOTE 2)           |      | =±10 MHz  | ≤-15 MHz<br>&<br>≥15 MHz |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band I operation)        | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2185            |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band II operation)       | MHz  | 1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6   | 1915≤ f ≤2005            |
| UE transmitted mean power                    | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |                          |

NOTE 1: I<sub>blocking</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: For single band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequencies, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequencies.

Table 7.6E: In-band blocking requirements, single band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Single band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration   |  | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |
|--|--|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| I-3 I  |  | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| II-3, II-4   |  | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2C for single band 4C-HSDPA.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |  |                              |                                  |                                |  |

### 7.6.1C.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6F and Table 7.6G. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 7.6F: Test parameters for in-band blocking, single band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Parameter                                    | Unit | Level             |                          |
|--|------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -56               | -44                      |
| F <sub>uw</sub> offset<br>(NOTE 2)           |      | =±10 MHz          | ≤-15 MHz<br>&<br>≥15 MHz |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band I operation)        | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6 | 2095≤ f ≤2185            |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band II operation)       | MHz  | 1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6 | 1915≤ f ≤2005            |

NOTE 1: I<sub>blocking</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: For single band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequencies, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequencies.

Table 7.6G: In-band blocking requirements, single band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Single band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration  | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted mean power (dBm)                           | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|---|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| I-3   | I          | -110                         | -99.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-3, II-4  | II         | -108                         | -97.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| NOTE 1 For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA the < HS-PDSCH_Ec > and < Î <sub>or</sub> > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.12.  NOTE 2 For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < HS-PDSCH_Ec > and < Î <sub>or</sub> > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.13. |            |                              |                                  |   |                                |

# 7.6.1D Additional requirement for dual band 4C-HSDPA (In-band blocking)

## 7.6.1D.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6H and Table 7.6I. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 7.6H: Test parameters for in-band blocking, dual band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Parameter                                    | Unit | Lev   | rel                      |  |
|--|------|---|--------------------------|--|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -56   | -44                      |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> offset<br>(NOTE 2)           |      | =±10 MHz  | ≤-15 MHz<br>&<br>≥15 MHz |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band I operation)        | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2185            |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band II operation)       | MHz  | 1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6   | 1915≤ f ≤2005            |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IV operation)          | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2162.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2170            |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band V operation)           | MHz  | 861.4≤ f ≤901.6   | 854≤ f ≤909              |  |
| Fuw<br>(Band VIII operation)                 | MHz  | 917.4≤ f ≤967.6   | 910 ≤ f ≤ 975            |  |
| UE transmitted mean power                    | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |                          |  |

NOTE 1: I<sub>blocking</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: For dual band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band.

Table 7.61: In-band blocking requirements, dual band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Dual band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | UL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |
|--|------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| I-2-VIII-1                             | ı          | - 1        | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| I-3-VIII-1                             | VIII       | -          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| I-2-VIII-2                             | ı          | VIII       | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| I-1-VIII-2                             | VIII       | VIII       | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| II-1-IV-2                              | II         | =          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| II-1-IV-2<br>II-2-IV-1                 | IV         | =          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| II-2-IV-1                              | II         | IV         | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| 11-2-1 V -2                            | IV         | IV         | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| I-1-V-2                                | I          | _          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| I-1-V-2                                | V          | -          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| I-2-V-1                                | I          | <b>V</b>   | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| 1-Z-V-Z                                | V          | ٧          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
|  | II         | П          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| II-1-V-2                               | V          | =          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| 11-1-V-2                               | II         | V          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
|  | V          | •          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
|  |            |            |                              |                                  |                                |  |

## 7.6.1D.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6K. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 7.6J: Test parameters for in-band blocking, dual band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Parameter                                    | Unit | Level             |                          |  |
|--|------|-------------------|--------------------------|--|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -56               | -44                      |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> offset<br>(NOTE 2)           |      | =±10 MHz          | ≤-15 MHz<br>&<br>≥15 MHz |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band I operation)        | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6 | 2095≤ f ≤2185            |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band II operation)       | MHz  | 1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6 | 1915≤ f ≤2005            |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band IV operation)       | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2162.6 | 2095≤ f ≤2170            |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band V operation)        | MHz  | 861.4≤ f ≤901.6   | 854≤ f ≤909              |  |
| Fuw<br>(Band VIII operation)                 | MHz  | 917.4≤ f ≤967.6   | 910 ≤ f ≤ 975            |  |

NOTE 1: I<sub>blocking</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: For dual band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band.

Table 7.6K: In-band blocking requirements, dual band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Dual band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | UL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted mean power<br>(dBm)                        | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| I-2-VIII-1                             | I          |            | -110                         | -99.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-3-VIII-1                             | VIII       | '          | -107                         | -96.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
|  | I          |            | -110                         | -99.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-2-VIII-2                             | VIII       | •          | -107                         | -96.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 1-Z-V111-Z                             | I          | VIII       | -110                         | -99.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
|  | VIII       | VIII       | -99.7                        | -89.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-1-VIII-2                             | I          | VIII       | -110                         | -99.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 1-1-1111-2                             | VIII       | VIII       | -99.7                        | -89.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-1-IV-2                              | II         | IV         | -107                         | -96.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 11-1-10-2                              | IV         | IV         | -109                         | -98.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-2-IV-1                              | II         | - 11       | -107                         | -96.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 11-2-11-1                              | IV         |            | -109                         | -98.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
|  | II         | · II       | -107                         | -96.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-2-IV-2                              | IV         |            | -109                         | -98.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 11-2-17-2                              | II         | IV         | -107                         | -96.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
|  | IV         | IV         | -109                         | -98.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-1-V-2                                | I          | V          | -110                         | -99.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 1-1-4-2                                | V          | V          | -103.2                       | -92.9                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-2-V-1                                | I          |            | -110                         | -99.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 1-Z-V-1                                | V          | '          | -108                         | -97.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
|  | I          | ı          | -110                         | -99.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-2-V-2                                | V          | <u>'</u>   | -108                         | -97.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 1-Z-V-Z                                | I          | V          | -110                         | -99.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
|  | V          | V          | -103.2                       | -92.9                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-1-V-2                               | II         | V          | -108                         | -97.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 11-1-4-2                               | V          | V          | -103.1                       | -92.8                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |

# 7.6.1E Additional requirement for single band 8C-HSDPA (In-band blocking)

### 7.6.1E.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6L and Table 7.6M. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 7.6L: Test parameters for in-band blocking, single band 8C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Parameter                                    | Unit | Level   |                          |  |
|--|------|---|--------------------------|--|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -56   | -44                      |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> offset<br>(NOTE 2)           |      | =±10 MHz  | ≤-15 MHz<br>&<br>≥15 MHz |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band I operation)        | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2185            |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band II operation)       | MHz  | 1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6   | 1915≤ f ≤2005            |  |
| UE transmitted mean power                    | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |                          |  |

NOTE 1: I<sub>blocking</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: For single band 8C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency.

Table 7.6M: In-band blocking requirements, single band 8C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Single band<br>8C-HSDPA<br>Configuration   | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |
|--|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| I-8 I  |            | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2E for single band 8C-HSDPA.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |            |                              |                                  |                                |  |

### 7.6.1E.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6N and Table 7.6O. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 7.6N: Test parameters for in-band blocking, single band 8C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Parameter                                    | Unit       | Level                       |                          |  |
|--|------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm        | -56                         | -44                      |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> offset<br>(NOTE 2)           |            | =±10 MHz                    | ≤-15 MHz<br>&<br>≥15 MHz |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band I operation)        | MHz        | 2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6           | 2095≤ f ≤2185            |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band II operation)          | MHz        | 1922.4≤ f ≤1997.6           | 1915≤ f ≤2005            |  |
| NOTE 1: Intention (mod                       | lulated) c | onsists of the common chann | als needed for tests as  |  |

NOTE 1: I<sub>blocking</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: For single band 8C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency.

Table 7.60: In-band blocking requirements, single band 8C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Single band<br>8C-HSDPA<br>Configuration   | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted mean power (dBm)                           | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| I-8  | I          | -110                         | -99.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| NOTE 1 For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA the < HS-PDSCH_Ec > and < Î <sub>or</sub> > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.12.        |            |                              |                                  |   |                                |
| NOTE 2 For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < HS-PDSCH_Ec > and < Î <sub>or</sub> > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.13. |            |                              |                                  |   |                                |

# 7.6.1F Additional requirement for single band NC-4C-HSDPA (In-band blocking)

### 7.6.1F.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6P and Table 7.6Q. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 7.6P: Test parameters for in-band blocking, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Parameter                                    | Unit   | Lev   | el                       |  |  |
|--|--|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -56   | -44<br>(NOTE 4)          |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> offset<br>(NOTE 2,3)         | MHz  | =±10 MHz  | ≤-15 MHz<br>&<br>≥15 MHz |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band I operation)        | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2185            |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IV operation)          | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2162.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2170            |  |  |
| UE transmitted mean power                    | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |                          |  |  |
|  | 1: I <sub>blocking</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table |   |                          |  |  |
| assigned cl<br>subblock of                   | 0.0.   |   |                          |  |  |
| assigned cl<br>subblock of<br>frequency of   |  |   |                          |  |  |
|  |  |   |                          |  |  |

Table 7.6Q: In-band blocking requirements, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Single band NC-4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration   | Test type  | DL Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UL-DL carrier separation |
|--|------------|---------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| I-1-5-1, I-2-5-1, I-3-10-1   | Out-of-gap | I       | <refsens>+3<br/>dB</refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                  |
| IV-2-15-2, IV-2-20-1, IV-2-<br>25-2  | In-gap     | IV      | <refsens>+3<br/>dB</refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                  |
| IV-1-5-1, IV-2-10-1, IV-2-15-<br>2, IV-2-20-1, IV-2-25-2   | Out-of-gap | IV      | <refsens>+3<br/>dB</refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                  |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2F for single hand NC-4C-HSDPA</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |            |         |                              |                                  |                          |

## 7.6.1F.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.6R and Table 7.6S. In-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling into the UE receive band or into the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

Table 7.6R: Test parameters for in-band blocking, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Parameter Unit Level                         |  |   | el                       |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -56   | -44<br>(NOTE 4)          |  |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> offset<br>(NOTE 2,3)         | MHz  | =±10 MHz  | ≤-15 MHz<br>&<br>≥15 MHz |  |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Band I operation)        | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2177.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2185            |  |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band IV operation)          | MHz  | 2102.4≤ f ≤2162.6   | 2095≤ f ≤2170            |  |  |  |  |
| UE transmitted mean power                    | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |                          |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1: I <sub>blocking</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table |   |                          |  |  |  |  |
| assigned ch<br>subblock of                   |  |   |                          |  |  |  |  |
| assigned ch<br>subblock of<br>frequency of   |  |   |                          |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |   |                          |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.6S: In-band blocking requirements, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Single band NC-4C-HSDPA Configuration          | Test type  | DL Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UL-DL carrier separation |
|--|------------|---------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| I-2-5-1, I-3-10-1                              | Out-of-gap | I       | -110                         | -99.7                            | Minimum                  |
| IV-2-15-2, IV-2-20-1, IV-2-<br>25-2            | In-gap     | IV      | -110                         | -99.7                            | Minimum                  |
| IV-2-10-1, IV-2-15-2, IV-2-<br>20-1, IV-2-25-2 | Out-of-gap | IV      | -110                         | -99.7                            | Minimum                  |

NOTE 1 For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and <  $\hat{I}_{or}$  > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.12.

NOTE 2 For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and <  $\hat{l}_{or}$  > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.13.

# 7.6.2 Minimum requirement (Out-of-band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7. Out-of-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling more than 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

For Table 7.7 in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to 24 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.7 in frequency range 4, up to 8 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable

Table 7.7: Out of band blocking

| Parameter                  | Unit              | Frequency range 1   | Frequency range 2  | Frequency range 3                  | Frequency range 4                  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| DPCH_Ec                    | dBm /<br>3.84 MHz | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>   | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>           | <refsens> +3 dB</refsens>          |  |  |  |
| Î <sub>or</sub>            | dBm /<br>3.84 MHz | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>  | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>   | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> |  |  |  |
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW) | dBm               | -44   | -30  | -15                                | -15                                |  |  |  |
| Fuw                        | MHz               | 2050 <f <2095<="" td=""><td>2025 <f td="" ≤2050<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤2025</td><td>-</td></f></td></f>   | 2025 <f td="" ≤2050<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤2025</td><td>-</td></f>               | 1< f ≤2025                         | -                                  |  |  |  |
| (Band I operation)         |                   | 2185 <f <2230<="" td=""><td>2230 ≤f &lt;2255</td><td>2255≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>  | 2230 ≤f <2255  | 2255≤f<12750                       |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 1870 <f <1915<="" td=""><td>1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1845</td><td>1850 ≤ f ≤ 1910</td></f></td></f>                                 | 1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1845</td><td>1850 ≤ f ≤ 1910</td></f> | 1< f ≤1845                         | 1850 ≤ f ≤ 1910                    |  |  |  |
| (Band II operation)        |                   | 2005 <f <2050<="" td=""><td>2050 ≤f &lt;2075</td><td>2075≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>  | 2050 ≤f <2075  | 2075≤f<12750                       |                                    |  |  |  |
| Fuw                        | MHz               | 1745 <f <1790<="" td=""><td>1720 <f 1745<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1720</td><td>-</td></f></td></f>   | 1720 <f 1745<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1720</td><td>-</td></f>           | 1< f ≤1720                         | -                                  |  |  |  |
| (Band III operation)       |                   | 1895 <f <1940<="" td=""><td>1940≤f &lt; 1965</td><td>1965≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>  | 1940≤f < 1965  | 1965≤f<12750                       |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 2050< f <2095   | 2025< f ≤2050  | 1< f ≤2025                         | -                                  |  |  |  |
| (Band IV operation)        |                   | 2170< f <2215   | 2215≤ f < 2240   | 2240≤f<12750                       |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 809< f <854   | 784< f ≤809  | 1< f ≤784                          | 824 ≤ f ≤ 849                      |  |  |  |
| (Band V operation)         |                   | 909< f <954   | 954≤ f < 979   | 979≤f<12750                        |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 815 < f < 860   | 790 < f ≤ 815  | 1 < f ≤ 790                        | -                                  |  |  |  |
| (Band VI operation)        |                   | 900 < f < 945   | 945 ≤ f < 970  | 970 ≤ f < 12750                    |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 2570 < f < 2605   | na   | 1 < f ≤ 2570                       | -                                  |  |  |  |
| (Band VII operation)       |                   | 2705 < f < 2750   | 2750 ≤ f < 2775  | 2775 ≤ f < 12750                   |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 865 < f < 910   | 840 < f ≤ 865  | 1 < f ≤ 840                        | -                                  |  |  |  |
| (Band VIII operation)      |                   | 975 < f < 1020  | 1020 ≤ f < 1045  | 1045 ≤ f < 12750                   |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 1784.9 < f < 1829.9   | 1759.9 < f ≤ 1784.9  | 1 < f ≤ 1759.9                     | -                                  |  |  |  |
| (Band IX operation)        |                   | 1894.9 < f < 1939.9   | 1939.9 ≤ f < 1964.9  | 1964.9 ≤ f < 12750                 |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 2050 < f < 2095   | 2025 < f ≤ 2050  | 1 < f ≤ 2025                       | _                                  |  |  |  |
| (Band X operation)         |                   | 2185 < f < 2230   | 2230 ≤ f < 2255  | 2255 ≤f< 12750                     |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 1415.9 < f < 1460.9   | 1390.9 < f ≤ 1415.9  | 1 < f ≤ 1390.9                     | _                                  |  |  |  |
| (Band XI operation)        | 171112            | 1510.9 < f < 1555.9   | $1555.9 \le f < 1580.9$  | 1580.9 ≤ f < 12750                 |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 669 < f < 714   | 644 < f ≤ 669  | 1 < f ≤ 644                        | 699 ≤ f ≤ 716                      |  |  |  |
| (Band XII operation)       | IVII IZ           | 761 < f < 806   | 806 ≤ f < 831  | 831 ≤f< 12750                      | 033 21 27 10                       |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 686 < f < 731   | 61 < f ≤ 686   | 1 < f ≤ 661                        | 776 ≤ f ≤ 788                      |  |  |  |
| (Band XIII operation)      | IVII IZ           | 771 < f < 816   | 816 ≤ f < 841  | 841 ≤f< 12750                      | 110 21 2100                        |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 698 < f < 743   | 673 < f ≤ 698  | 1 < f ≤ 673                        | 788 ≤ f ≤ 798                      |  |  |  |
| (Band XIV operation)       | IVII IZ           | 783 < f < 828   | 828 ≤ f < 853  | 853 ≤f< 12750                      | 700 21 27 90                       |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 815 < f < 860   | 790 < f ≤ 815  | 1 < f ≤ 790                        | <u> </u>                           |  |  |  |
| (Band XIX operation)       | IVII IZ           | 905 < f < 950   | 950 ≤ f < 975  | $975 \le f < 12750$                |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 731< f <776   | 706 < f ≤ 731  | 1 < f ≤ 706                        | <u> </u>                           |  |  |  |
| (Band XX operation)        | IVII IZ           | 836< f <881   | 881 ≤ f < 906  | 906 ≤ f < 12750                    |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 1435.9 < f < 1480.9   | 1410.9 < f ≤ 1435.9  | 1 < f ≤ 1410.9                     | <u> </u>                           |  |  |  |
| (Band XXI operation)       | IVII IZ           | 1525.9 < f < 1570.9   | 1570.9 ≤ f < 1595.9  | $1595.9 \le f < 12750$             |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 3450 <f <3495<="" td=""><td>3425 <f 3450<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1&lt; f ≤3425</td><td><u> </u></td></f></td></f>                                    | 3425 <f 3450<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1&lt; f ≤3425</td><td><u> </u></td></f>    | 1< f ≤3425                         | <u> </u>                           |  |  |  |
| (Band XXII operation)      | IVII IZ           | 3605 <f <3650<="" td=""><td>3650≤f &lt; 3675</td><td>3675≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>  | 3650≤f < 3675  | 3675≤f<12750                       |                                    |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 1870 <f <1915<="" td=""><td>1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1845</td><td>1850 ≤ f ≤ 1915</td></f></td></f>                                 | 1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1845</td><td>1850 ≤ f ≤ 1915</td></f> | 1< f ≤1845                         | 1850 ≤ f ≤ 1915                    |  |  |  |
| (Band XXV operation)       |                   | 2010 <f <2055<="" td=""><td>2055 ≤f &lt;2080</td><td>2080≤f&lt;12750</td><td>1000 21 2 1010</td></f>  | 2055 ≤f <2080  | 2080≤f<12750                       | 1000 21 2 1010                     |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub>            | MHz               | 799< f <844   | 774< f ≤799  | 1< f ≤774                          | 814 ≤ f ≤ 849                      |  |  |  |
| (Band XXVI operation)      | ····. <b>-</b>    | 909< f <954   | 954≤ f < 979   | 979 ≤ f < 12750                    | 3.1.21.2040                        |  |  |  |
| UE transmitted mean        | dBm               |   |  | lass 3 and 3bis)                   | <u> </u>                           |  |  |  |
| power                      | J 42              |   |  | ver class 4)                       |                                    |  |  |  |
|                            |                   |   |  | ΓΕ 3 ΄                             |                                    |  |  |  |
| Band I operation           | For 2095≤f        | ≤2185 MHz, the appr   | opriate in-band blocking   | or adjacent channel s              | electivity in                      |  |  |  |
|                            |                   | 7.5.1 and subclause 7   |  | ,                                  | ·                                  |  |  |  |
| Band II operation          |                   |   |  | g or adjacent channel s            | electivity in                      |  |  |  |
|                            |                   | For 1915≤f ≤2005 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied  |  |                                    |                                    |  |  |  |
| Band III operation         |                   |   |  | g or adjacent channel s            | electivity in                      |  |  |  |
| ·                          |                   | For 1790≤f ≤1895 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied. |  |                                    |                                    |  |  |  |
| Band IV operation          |                   |   | priate in-band blocking  | or adjacent channel se             | electivity in subclause            |  |  |  |
| ·                          |                   | ubclause 7.6.1 shall b  |  | <u> </u>                           |                                    |  |  |  |
| Band V operation           |                   |   | iate in-band blocking o  | adjacent channel sele              | ctivity in subclause               |  |  |  |
| ,                          |                   | ubclause 7.6.1 shall b  |  | ,                                  | •                                  |  |  |  |
| Band VI operation          |                   |   | iate in-band blocking o  | adjacent channel sele              | ctivity in subclause               |  |  |  |
| ,                          |                   | ubclause 7.6.1 shall b  |  | •                                  | •                                  |  |  |  |
|                            |                   |   | •  |                                    |                                    |  |  |  |

| Band VII operation          | For 2605 ≤ f ≤ 2705 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in   |
|-----------------------------|--|
| D 17/111 (;                 | subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| Band VIII operation         | For 910 ≤ f ≤ 975 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause                                       |
|                             | 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| Band IX operation           | For 1829.9≤f≤ 1894.9 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in  |
|                             | subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| Band X operation            | For 2095≤f ≤2185 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in  |
|                             | subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| Band XI                     | For 1460.9≤f≤ 1510.9 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in  |
| operation                   | subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| Band XII                    | For 714 ≤ f ≤ 761 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause                                       |
| operation                   | 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| Band XIII                   | For 731 ≤ f ≤ 771 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause                                       |
| operation                   | 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| Band XIV                    | For 743 ≤ f ≤ 783 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause                                       |
| operation                   | 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| Band XIX operation          | For 860≤f≤905 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause   |
|                             | 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| Band XX operation           | For 776≤f≤836 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause   |
|                             | 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| Band XXI operation          | For 1480.9≤f ≤1525.9 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in  |
|                             | subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| Band XXII operation         | For 3495≤ f ≤3605 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in   |
|                             | subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied. NOTE 3   |
| Band XXV operation          | For 1915≤f ≤2010 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in  |
|                             | subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied   |
| Band XXVI operation         | For 844≤f≤909 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause   |
|                             | 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied.  |
| NOTE 1: <refsens></refsens> | and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the DPCH_Ec<refsens> and the DPCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub> |
| NOTE 2: For the UE w        | hich supports both Band XI and Band XXI operating frequencies, the Out of band blocking is FFS.  |
| NOTE 3: The UE trans        | mitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.   |
|                             |  |

# 7.6.2A Additional requirement for DC-HSDPA (Out-of-band blocking)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7AA. Out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling more than 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

For Table 7.7AA in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to 24 exceptions per received cell are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.7AA in frequency range 4, up to 8 exceptions per received cell are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.7AA: Out of band blocking for DC-HSDPA

|                                    |  |  | _  |                                    |                                    |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Parameter                          | Unit   | Frequency range 1  | Frequency range 2  | Frequency range 3                  | Frequency range 4                  |
| HS-PDSCH_Ec                        | dBm /  | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>   | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>   | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>           | <refsens> +3 dB</refsens>          |
|                                    | 3.84 MHz   |  |  |                                    |                                    |
| l <sub>or</sub>                    | dBm /  | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>   | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>   | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> |
| (0)4()                             | 3.84 MHz   |  |  |                                    |                                    |
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW)         | dBm  | -44  | -30  | -15                                | -15                                |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Band I operation) | MHz  | 2050 <f <2095<br="">2185<f <2230<="" td=""><td>2025 <f td="" ≤2050<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤2025</td><td>-</td></f></td></f></f> | 2025 <f td="" ≤2050<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤2025</td><td>-</td></f>               | 1< f ≤2025                         | -                                  |
|                                    | N 41 1-  |  | 2230 ≤f <2255  | 2255≤f<12750                       | 1050 11 1010                       |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 1870 <f <1915<="" td=""><td>1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1845</td><td>1850 ≤ f ≤ 1910</td></f></td></f>          | 1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1845</td><td>1850 ≤ f ≤ 1910</td></f> | 1< f ≤1845                         | 1850 ≤ f ≤ 1910                    |
| (Band II operation)                | N 41 1-  | 2005 <f <2050<="" td=""><td>2050 ≤f &lt;2075</td><td>2075≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>                                   | 2050 ≤f <2075  | 2075≤f<12750                       |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 1745 <f <1790<="" td=""><td>1720 <f 1745<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1720</td><td>-</td></f></td></f>                    | 1720 <f 1745<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1720</td><td>-</td></f>           | 1< f ≤1720                         | -                                  |
| (Band III operation)               |  | 1895 <f <1940<="" td=""><td>1940≤f &lt; 1965</td><td>1965≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>                                   | 1940≤f < 1965  | 1965≤f<12750                       |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 2050< f <2095  | 2025< f ≤2050  | 1< f ≤2025                         | -                                  |
| (Band IV operation)                |  | 2170< f <2215  | 2215≤ f < 2240   | 2240≤f<12750                       | 224 4 242                          |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 809< f <854  | 784< f ≤809  | 1< f ≤784                          | 824 ≤ f ≤ 849                      |
| (Band V operation)                 |  | 909< f <954  | 954≤ f < 979   | 979≤f<12750                        |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 815 < f < 860  | 790 < f ≤ 815  | 1 < f ≤ 790                        | -                                  |
| (Band VI operation)                |  | 900 < f < 945  | 945 ≤ f < 970  | 970 ≤ f < 12750                    |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 2570 < f < 2605  | na   | 1 < f ≤ 2570                       | -                                  |
| (Band VII operation)               |  | 2705 < f < 2750  | 2750 ≤ f < 2775  | 2775 ≤ f < 12750                   |                                    |
| Fuw                                | MHz  | 865 < f < 910  | 840 < f ≤ 865  | 1 < f ≤ 840                        | -                                  |
| (Band VIII operation)              |  | 975 < f < 1020   | 1020 ≤ f < 1045  | 1045 ≤ f < 12750                   |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 1784.9 < f < 1829.9  | 1759.9 < f ≤ 1784.9  | 1 < f ≤ 1759.9                     | -                                  |
| (Band IX operation)                |  | 1894.9 < f < 1939.9  | 1939.9 ≤ f < 1964.9  | 1964.9 ≤ f < 12750                 |                                    |
| Fuw                                | MHz  | 2050 < f < 2095  | $2025 < f \le 2050$  | 1 < f ≤ 2025                       | -                                  |
| (Band X operation)                 |  | 2185 < f < 2230  | 2230 ≤ f < 2255  | 2255 ≤f< 12750                     |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 1415.9 < f < 1460.9  | 1390.9 < f ≤ 1415.9  | 1 < f ≤ 1390.9                     | -                                  |
| (Band XI operation)                |  | 1510.9 < f < 1555.9  | 1555.9 ≤ f < 1580.9  | 1580.9 ≤ f < 12750                 |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 669 < f < 714  | 643 < f ≤ 669  | 1 < f ≤ 644                        | 699 ≤ f ≤ 716                      |
| (Band XII operation)               |  | 761 < f < 806  | 806 ≤ f < 831  | 831 ≤f< 12750                      |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 686 < f < 731  | 61 < f ≤ 686   | 1 < f ≤ 661                        | 776 ≤ f ≤ 788                      |
| (Band XIII operation)              |  | 771 < f < 816  | 816 ≤ f < 841  | 841 ≤f< 12750                      |                                    |
| Fuw                                | MHz  | 698 < f < 743  | 673 < f ≤ 698  | 1 < f ≤ 673                        | 788 ≤ f ≤ 798                      |
| (Band XIV operation)               |  | 783 < f < 828  | 828 ≤ f < 853  | 853 ≤f< 12750                      |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 815 < f < 860  | 790 < f ≤ 815  | 1 < f ≤ 790                        | -                                  |
| (Band XIX operation)               |  | 905 < f < 950  | 950 ≤ f < 975  | 975 ≤ f < 12750                    |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 731< f <776  | 706 < f ≤ 731  | 1 < f ≤ 706                        | -                                  |
| (Band XX operation)                |  | 836< f <881  | 881 ≤ f < 906  | 906 ≤ f < 12750                    |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 1435.9 < f < 1480.9  | 1410.9 < f ≤ 1435.9  | 1 < f ≤ 1410.9                     | _                                  |
| (Band XXI operation)               |  | 1525.9 < f < 1570.9  | 1570.9 ≤ f < 1595.9  | 1595.9 ≤ f < 12750                 |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 3450 <f <3495<="" td=""><td>3425 <f 3450<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1&lt; f ≤3425</td><td>-</td></f></td></f>                    | 3425 <f 3450<="" td="" ≤=""><td>1&lt; f ≤3425</td><td>-</td></f>           | 1< f ≤3425                         | -                                  |
| (Band XXII operation)              |  | 3605 <f <3650<="" td=""><td>3650≤f &lt; 3675</td><td>3675≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>                                   | 3650≤f < 3675  | 3675≤f<12750                       |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 1870 <f <1915<="" td=""><td>1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1845</td><td>1850 ≤ f ≤ 1915</td></f></td></f>          | 1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>1&lt; f ≤1845</td><td>1850 ≤ f ≤ 1915</td></f> | 1< f ≤1845                         | 1850 ≤ f ≤ 1915                    |
| (Band XXV operation)               |  | 2010 <f <2055<="" td=""><td>2055 ≤f &lt;2080</td><td>2080≤f&lt;12750</td><td>1000 21 2 1010</td></f>                     | 2055 ≤f <2080  | 2080≤f<12750                       | 1000 21 2 1010                     |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                    | MHz  | 799< f <844  | 774 < f ≤799   | 1< f ≤774                          | 814 ≤ f ≤ 849                      |
| (Band XXVI operation)              |  | 909< f <954  | $954 \le f < 979$  | $979 \le f < 12750$                | 014 21 2040                        |
| UE transmitted mean                | dBm  | 000 11 100 1   |  | lass 3 and 3bis)                   |                                    |
| power                              | dbiii  |  |  | ver class 4)                       |                                    |
| powe.                              |  |  | •  | ΓΕ 3                               |                                    |
| Band I operation                   | For 2095 <f< td=""><td>&lt;2185 MHz the appr</td><td>opriate in-band blocking</td><td></td><td>electivity in</td></f<> | <2185 MHz the appr   | opriate in-band blocking   |                                    | electivity in                      |
|                                    |  |  | .6.1A shall be applied.  | g a. aajaaanii onaiiiloi o         |                                    |
| Band II operation                  |  |  | opriate in-band blocking   | n or adiacent channel s            | electivity in                      |
|                                    |  |  | .6.1A shall be applied   | g of adjacont chamile s            | Joseph Mil                         |
| Band III operation                 |  |  | opriate in-band blocking   | n or adiacent channel s            | electivity in                      |
|                                    |  |  | .6.1A shall be applied.  | g of adjacont chamile s            | Joseph Mil                         |
| Band IV operation                  |  |  | priate in-band blocking  | or adjacent channel se             | electivity in subclause            |
| Sand IV Operation                  |  | ubclause 7.6.1A shall  |  | or aujacent channel St             | Sissify in Subclause               |
| Band V operation                   |  |  | iate in-band blocking or   | r adiacent channel sele            | ctivity in subclause               |
| Sand v operation                   |  | ubclause 7.6.1A shall  |  | aujacent channel sele              | onvity in Subclause                |
| Band VI operation                  |  |  | iate in-band blocking or   | r adiacent channel sele            | ctivity in subclause               |
| Sand vi operation                  |  | ubclause 7.6.1A shall  |  | aajacent enamet sele               | onvity in Subclause                |
|                                    |  | assiduos 7.0.1A silali   | 20 appliod.  |                                    |                                    |

| Band VII operation    | For 2605 ≤ f ≤ 2705 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Band VIII operation   | For $910 \le f \le 975$ MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.  |
| Band IX operation     | For 1829.9≤f≤ 1894.9 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.   |
| Band X operation      | For 2095≤f ≤2185 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.   |
| Band XI operation     | For 1460.9≤f≤ 1510.9 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.   |
| Band XII operation    | For $714 \le f \le 761$ MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.  |
| Band XIII operation   | For $731 \le f \le 771$ MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.  |
| Band XIV operation    | For $743 \le f \le 783$ MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.  |
| Band XIX operation    | For 860≤f≤905 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.  |
| Band XX operation     | For 776≤f≤836 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.  |
| Band XXI operation    | For 1480.9≤f ≤1525.9 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.   |
| Band XXII operation   | For 3495≤ f ≤3605 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied. NOTE 3   |
| Band XXV operation    | For 1915≤f ≤2010 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.1 and subclause 7.6.1 shall be applied   |
| Band XXVI operation   | For 844≤f≤909 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1A shall be applied.  |
| NOTE 2: For the UE wi | and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the DPCH_Ec<refsens> and the DPCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2A. nich supports both Band XI and Band XXI operating frequencies, the Out of band blocking is FFS. mitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub> |

# 7.6.2B Additional requirement for DB-DC-HSDPA (Out-of-band blocking)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7AB. Out-of-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling at frequencies outside of frequency regions defined as the UE receive bands extended by 15 MHz at their lower and upper ends. For Table 7.7AB in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to 24 exceptions per received cell are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.7AB in frequency range 4, up to 8 exceptions per received cell are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.7AB: Out of band blocking for DB-DC-HSDPA

| Parameter                       | Unit           | Frequency range 1  | Frequency range 2   | Frequency range 3                  | Frequency range 4                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------|--|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| HS-PDSCH Ec                     | dBm /          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>   | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>           | <refsens> +3 dB</refsens>          |
|                                 | 3.84 MHz       |  |   |                                    |                                    |
| Îor                             | dBm /          | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>   | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>  | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> |
|                                 | 3.84 MHz       |  |   |                                    |                                    |
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW)      | dBm            | -44  | -30   | -15                                | -15                                |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                 | MHz            | 865< f <910  | 840< f ≤865   | 1< f ≤840                          | -                                  |
| (DB-DC-HSDPA                    |                | 975< f <1020   | 1020≤ f <1045   | 1045≤ f <2025                      |                                    |
| Configuration 1)                |                | 2050< f <2095  | 2025< f ≤2050   | 2255< f ≤ 12750                    |                                    |
|                                 |                | 2185< f <2230  | 2230≤ f <2255   |                                    |                                    |
| _                               |                | _  |   |                                    |                                    |
| Fuw                             | MHz            | 1870< f <1915  | 1845< f ≤1870   | 1< f ≤1845                         | 1850≤ f ≤1910                      |
| (DB-DC-HSDPA                    |                | 2005< f <2095  | 2215≤ f <2240   | 2240≤ f <12750                     |                                    |
| Configuration 2)                |                | 2170< f <2215  |   |                                    |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub>                 | MHz            | 809< f <854  | 784< f ≤809   | 1< f ≤784                          | 824 ≤ f ≤ 849                      |
| (DB-DC-HSDPA                    |                | 909< f <954  | 954≤ f < 979  | 979≤ f <2025                       |                                    |
| Configuration 3)                |                | 2050< f <2095  | 2025< f ≤2050   | 2255< f ≤12750                     |                                    |
|                                 |                | 2185< f <2230  | 2230≤ f <2255   |                                    |                                    |
|                                 | NAL I—         | 44450 4 44000  | 10000 0 1 1 1 1 1 5 0   | 4 ( : 4000 0                       |                                    |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(DB-DC-HSDPA | MHz            | 1415.9 < f < 1460.9  | 1390.9 < f ≤ 1415.9   | 1 < f ≤ 1390.9                     | -                                  |
| Configuration 4)                |                | 1510.9 < f < 1555.9<br>2050 <f <2095<="" td=""><td>1555.9 ≤ f &lt; 1580.9</td><td>1580.9 ≤ f &lt; 2025</td><td></td></f> | 1555.9 ≤ f < 1580.9   | 1580.9 ≤ f < 2025                  |                                    |
| Configuration 4)                |                | 2050<1 <2095<br>2185 <f <2230<="" td=""><td>2025 <f td="" ≤2050<=""><td>2255≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f></td></f>       | 2025 <f td="" ≤2050<=""><td>2255≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>   | 2255≤f<12750                       |                                    |
|                                 |                |  | 2230 ≤f <2255   |                                    |                                    |
| Fuw                             | MHz            | 809< f <854  | 784< f ≤809   | 1< f ≤784                          | 824 ≤ f ≤ 849                      |
| (DB-DC-HSDPA                    |                | 909< f <954  | 954≤ f < 979  | 979< f ≤1845                       | 1850 ≤ f ≤ 1910                    |
| Configuration 5)                |                | 1870 <f <1915<="" td=""><td>1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>2075≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f></td></f>                       | 1845 <f td="" ≤1870<=""><td>2075≤f&lt;12750</td><td></td></f>   | 2075≤f<12750                       |                                    |
|                                 |                | 2005 <f <2050<="" td=""><td>2050 ≤f &lt;2075</td><td></td><td></td></f>  | 2050 ≤f <2075   |                                    |                                    |
| UE transmitted                  | dBm            |  | 20 (for Power c   |                                    |                                    |
| mean power                      |                |  |   | ver class 4)                       |                                    |
| DB-DC-HSDPA                     |                |  |   | priate in-band blocking            | or adjacent channel                |
| Configuration 1                 |                |  | subclause 7.6.1A shal   |                                    | P (                                |
| DB-DC-HSDPA<br>Configuration 2  |                |  |   | ropriate in-band blocking          | ng or adjacent                     |
| DB-DC-HSDPA                     |                |  | 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6   |                                    | an adia adia a                     |
|                                 |                |  |   | oriate in-band blocking            | or adjacent channel                |
| Configuration 3 DB-DC-HSDPA     |                |  | subclause 7.6.1A shall  |                                    | alder a series and                 |
|                                 |                |  |   | appropriate in-band blo            | ocking or adjacent                 |
| Configuration 4                 | cnannei sel    | ectivity in subclause i  | 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6   | o. TA snall be applied.            |                                    |
| DB-DC-HSDPA                     | For 854≤f≤9    | 909 MHz and 1915≤f ≤   | ≤2005 MHz, the approp   | oriate in-band blocking            | or adjacent channel                |
| Configuration 5                 | selectivity in | n subclause 7.5.2 and  | subclause 7.6.1A shall  | I be applied.                      | ·                                  |
|                                 |                |  | HS-PDSCH_Ec <refs< td=""><td>ENS&gt; and the HS-PDS</td><td>CH<refî<sub>or&gt; as</refî<sub></td></refs<> | ENS> and the HS-PDS                | CH <refî<sub>or&gt; as</refî<sub>  |
| specifi                         | ed in Table    | 7.2B.  |   |                                    |                                    |

# 7.6.2C Additional requirement for single band 4C-HSDPA (Out-of-band blocking)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7AC and Table 7.7AD. Out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling more than 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. The requirement is not applicable for dual uplink operation.

For Table 7.7AC in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to 24 exceptions per received cell are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.7AC in frequency range 4, up to 8 exceptions per received cell are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.7AC: Test parameters for out of band blocking, single band 4C-HSDPA

| Parameter   | Unit   | Frequency range 1  | Frequency range 2                        | Frequency range 3                        | Frequency range 4  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--------------------|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW)                                      | dBm  | -44  | -30                                      | -15                                      | -15                |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Single band 4C-HSDPA Configuration I-3)        | MHz  | 2050 <f <2095<br="">2185<f <2230<="" td=""><td>2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f &lt;2255</f></td><td>1&lt; f ≤2025<br/>2255≤f&lt;12750</td><td>-</td></f></f>                   | 2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f &lt;2255</f> | 1< f ≤2025<br>2255≤f<12750               | -                  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Single band 4C-HSDPA Configuration II-3, II-4) | MHz  | 1870 <f <1915<br="">2005<f <2050<="" td=""><td>1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f &lt;2075</f></td><td>1&lt; f ≤1845<br/>2075≤f&lt;12750</td><td>1850 ≤ f ≤<br/>1910</td></f></f> | 1845 <f ≤1870<br="">2050 ≤f &lt;2075</f> | 1< f ≤1845<br>2075≤f<12750               | 1850 ≤ f ≤<br>1910 |
| UE transmitted mean power                                       | dBm  |  | 20 (for Power cla<br>18 (for Pow         | ,  |                    |
| Single band 4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration I-3                       | For 2095≤f ≤2185 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.3 and subclause 7.6.1C.1 shall be applied. |  |  |  |                    |
| Single band 4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration II-3, II-4                |  |  |  | d blocking or adja<br>6.1C.1 shall be ap |                    |

Table 7.7AD: Out of band blocking requirements, single band 4C-HSDPA

| Single band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | Parameter   | Frequency range 1                  | Frequency<br>range 2  | Frequency<br>range 3               | Frequency<br>range 4                | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|---|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I-3                                      | HS-PDSCH_Ec (dBm/3.84MHz)   | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>   | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>       | Minimum                        |
| 1-3                                      | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>  | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>  | Wiinimum                       |
| 11.2.11.4                                | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>   | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>       | Minimum                        |
| II-3, II-4                               | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>  | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>  | Wilhimum                       |
|  | SENS> and <rei 7.2c.<="" ble="" td=""><td>FÎ<sub>or</sub>&gt; refer to the HS</td><td>S-PDSCH_Ec<ref< td=""><td>SENS&gt; and the H</td><td>S-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub></td><td>as specified</td></ref<></td></rei> | FÎ <sub>or</sub> > refer to the HS | S-PDSCH_Ec <ref< td=""><td>SENS&gt; and the H</td><td>S-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub></td><td>as specified</td></ref<> | SENS> and the H                    | S-PDSCH <refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub> | as specified                   |

# 7.6.2D Additional requirement for dual band 4C-HSDPA (Out-of-band blocking)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7AE and Table 7.7AF. Out-of-band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling at frequencies outside of frequency regions defined as the UE receive bands extended by 15 MHz at their lower and upper ends. The requirement is not applicable for dual uplink operation.

For Table 7.7AF in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to 24 exceptions per received cell are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.7AF in frequency range 4, up to 8 exceptions per received cell are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.7AE: Test parameters for out of band blocking, dual band 4C-HSDPA

| Parameter  | Unit | Frequency range 1   | Frequency range 2  | Frequency range 3                             | Frequency range 4                |  |
|--|------|---|--|---|----------------------------------|--|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW)   | dBm  | -44   | -30  | -15   | -15                              |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Dual band 4C-HSDPA Configuration I-2-VIII-1, I-3-VIII-1, I- 2-VIII-2, I-1-VIII-2) | MHz  | 865< f <910<br>975< f <1020<br>2050< f <2095<br>2185< f <2230   | 840< f ≤865<br>1020≤ f <1045<br>2025< f ≤2050<br>2230≤ f <2255 | 1< f ≤840<br>1045≤ f <2025<br>2255< f ≤ 12750 | -                                |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Dual band 4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration II-1-IV-2,<br>II-2-IV-1, II-2-IV-2)        | MHz  | 1870< f <1915<br>2005< f <2095<br>2170< f <2215   | 1845< f ≤1870<br>2215≤ f <2240                                 | 1< f ≤1845<br>2240≤ f <12750                  | 1850≤ f ≤1910                    |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Dual band 4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration I-1-V-2,<br>I-2-V-1, I-2-V-2)              | MHz  | 809< f <854<br>909< f <954<br>2050< f <2095<br>2185< f <2230  | 784< f ≤809<br>954≤ f < 979<br>2025< f ≤2050<br>2230≤ f <2255  | 1< f ≤784<br>979≤ f <2025<br>2255< f ≤12750   | 824 ≤ f ≤ 849                    |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub><br>(Dual band 4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration II-1-V-2)                                  | MHz  | 809< f <854<br>909< f <954<br>1870< f <1915<br>2005< f <2050  | 784< f ≤809<br>954≤ f < 979<br>1845< f ≤1870<br>2050≤ f <2075  | 1< f ≤784<br>979≤ f <1845<br>2075< f ≤12750   | 824 ≤ f ≤ 849,<br>1850 ≤ f ≤1910 |  |
| UE transmitted mean power  | dBm  |   | 20 (for Power cla<br>18 (for Powe                              | ,   |                                  |  |
| Dual band 4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration<br>I-2-VIII-1, I-3-VIII-1, I-<br>2-VIII-2, I-1-VIII-2          |      | 975 MHz and 2095<br>annel selectivity in  |  |   |                                  |  |
| Dual band 4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration II-1-IV-2,<br>II-2-IV-1, II-2-IV-2                             |      | For 1915≤f ≤2005 MHz and 2095≤f ≤2070 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1D.1 shall be applied. |  |   |                                  |  |
| Dual band 4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration I-1-V-2,<br>I-2-V-1, I-2-V-2                                   | .    | For 854≤f≤909 MHz and 2095≤f ≤2185 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in subclause 7.5.2 and subclause 7.6.1D.1 shall be             |  |   |                                  |  |
| Dual band 4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration II-1-V-2   |      | 909 MHz and 1915<br>annel selectivity in  |  |   |                                  |  |

Table 7.7AF: Out of band blocking requirements, dual band 4C-HSDPA

| Dual band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | UL<br>Band | Parameter                        | Frequency range 1                      | Frequency range 2                      | Frequency range 3                      | Frequency range 4                      | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|------------|------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  | Ι          |            | HS-PDSCH_Ec (dBm/3.84MHz)        | +3 dB                                  | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I-2-VIII-1<br>I-3-VIII-1               | VIII       | -          | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I-2-VIII-2<br>I-1-VIII-2               | I          | VIII       | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz)     | +3 dB                                  | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | VIII       | VIII       | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) |  | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | II         | П          | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz)     | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| II-1-IV-2<br>II-2-IV-1                 | IV         | =          | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) |  | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| II-2-IV-1                              | =          | IV         | HS-PDSCH_Ec (dBm/3.84MHz)        | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | IV         | IV         | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) |  | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ι          |            | HS-PDSCH_Ec (dBm/3.84MHz)        | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I-1-V-2<br>I-2-V-1                     | ٧          | '          | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I-2-V-1                                | Ι          | <b>V</b>   | HS-PDSCH_Ec (dBm/3.84MHz)        | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ٧          | V          | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | П          | П          | HS-PDSCH_Ec (dBm/3.84MHz)        | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| II-1-V-2                               | V          | 11         | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | П          | V          | HS-PDSCH_Ec (dBm/3.84MHz)        | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>          | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | V          | V          | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt;<br/>+ 3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |            |            |                                  | HS-PDSCH_E                             | <refsens></refsens>                    | and the HS-PI                          | OSCH <refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>       |                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# 7.6.2E Additional requirement for single band 8C-HSDPA (Out-of-band blocking)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7AG and Table 7.7AH. Out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling more than 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. The requirement is not applicable for dual uplink operation.

For Table 7.7AG in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to 24 exceptions per received cell are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

For Table 7.7AG in frequency range 4, up to 8 exceptions per received cell are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 Spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.7AG: Test parameters for out of band blocking, single band 8C-HSDPA

| Parameter  | Unit | Frequency range 1  | Frequency range 2                        | Frequency range 3                        | Frequency range 4 |  |
|--|------|--|--|--|-------------------|--|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW)                               | dBm  | -44  | -30                                      | -15                                      | -15               |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Single band 8C-HSDPA Configuration I-8) | MHz  | 2050 <f <2095<br="">2185<f <2230<="" td=""><td>2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f &lt;2255</f></td><td>1&lt; f ≤2025<br/>2255≤f&lt;12750</td><td>-</td></f></f> | 2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f &lt;2255</f> | 1< f ≤2025<br>2255≤f<12750               | -                 |  |
| UE transmitted mean power                                | dBm  | 3m 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)   |  |  |                   |  |
| Single band 8C-HSDPA<br>Configuration I-8                |      |  |  | d blocking or adja<br>6.1E.1 shall be ap |                   |  |

Table 7.7AH: Out of band blocking requirements, single band 8C-HSDPA

| Singe band<br>8C-HSDPA<br>Configuration  | Parameter   | Frequency<br>range 1               | Frequency range 2   | Frequency<br>range 3               | Frequency<br>range 4               | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|---|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I-8  | HS-PDSCH_Ec (dBm/3.84MHz)   | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>   | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | Minimum                        |
| 1-0  | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub>  | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | Millimani                      |
| NOTE: <ref< td=""><td>FSENS&gt; and <re< td=""><td>FÎ<sub>or</sub>&gt; refer to the HS</td><td>S-PDSCH_Ec<ref< td=""><td>SENS&gt; and the H</td><td>S-PDSCH<refîor></refîor></td><td>as specified</td></ref<></td></re<></td></ref<> | FSENS> and <re< td=""><td>FÎ<sub>or</sub>&gt; refer to the HS</td><td>S-PDSCH_Ec<ref< td=""><td>SENS&gt; and the H</td><td>S-PDSCH<refîor></refîor></td><td>as specified</td></ref<></td></re<> | FÎ <sub>or</sub> > refer to the HS | S-PDSCH_Ec <ref< td=""><td>SENS&gt; and the H</td><td>S-PDSCH<refîor></refîor></td><td>as specified</td></ref<> | SENS> and the H                    | S-PDSCH <refîor></refîor>          | as specified                   |
| in Ta  | ble 7.2E.   |                                    |   |                                    |                                    |                                |

# 7.6.2F Additional requirement for single band NC-4C-HSDPA (Out-of-band blocking)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7AI and Table 7.7AJ. Out-of-band band blocking is defined for an unwanted interfering signal falling more than 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band. The requirement is not applicable for dual uplink operation.

For Table 7.7AI in frequency range 1, 2 and 3, up to 24 exceptions per received cell are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 7.7 spurious response are applicable.

Table 7.7AI: Test parameters for out of band blocking, single band NC-4C-HSDPA

| Parameter   | Unit | Frequency range 1  | Frequency range 2                        | Frequency range 3          |
|---|------|--|--|----------------------------|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW)  | dBm  | -44  | -30                                      | -15                        |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Single band NC-4C-HSDPA Configuration I-1-5-1, I-2-5-1, I-3-10-1)                            | MHz  | 2050 <f <2095<br="">2185<f <2230<="" td=""><td>2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f &lt;2255</f></td><td>1&lt; f ≤2025<br/>2255≤f&lt;12750</td></f></f> | 2025 <f ≤2050<br="">2230 ≤f &lt;2255</f> | 1< f ≤2025<br>2255≤f<12750 |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (Single band NC-4C-HSDPA Configuration IV-1-5-1, IV-2- 10-1, IV-2-15-2, IV-2-20-1, IV-2-25-2) | MHz  | 2050< f <2095<br>2170< f <2215   | 2025< f ≤2050<br>2215≤ f < 2240          | 1< f ≤2025<br>2240≤f<12750 |
| UE transmitted mean power   | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)  |  |                            |

Table 7.7AJ: Out of band blocking requirements, single band NC-4C-HSDPA

| Single band NC-4C-<br>HSDPA Configuration   | Parameter                        | Frequency range 1                  | Frequency range 2                  | Frequency range 3                  | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| I-1-5-1, I-2-5-1, I-3-10-1  | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz)     | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | Minimum                        |  |
| 1-1-5-1, 1-2-5-1, 1-3-10-1  | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | $<$ REF $\hat{l}_{or}>+3 dB$       | WIIIIIIIIIII                   |  |
| IV-1-5-1, IV-2-10-1, IV-2-  | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz)     | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | <refsens><br/>+3 dB</refsens>      | Minimum                        |  |
| 15-2, IV-2-20-1, IV-2-25-2  | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 3 dB</refî<sub> | wiiriimum                      |  |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2E.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |                                  |                                    |                                    |                                    |                                |  |

## 7.6.3 Minimum requirement (Narrow band blocking)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7A. This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

Table 7.7A: Narrow band blocking characteristics

| Parameter   | Unit  | Band II, IV, V, X, XXV,             | Band III, VIII, XII, XIII,          |  |  |  |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
|   |   | XXVI                                | XIV                                 |  |  |  |
| DPCH_Ec   | dBm/3.84 MHz  | <refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>         | <refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>         |  |  |  |
| Îor   | dBm/3.84 MHz  | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub> | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub> |  |  |  |
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK)  | dBm   | -57                                 | -56                                 |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)  | MHz   | 2.7                                 | 2.8                                 |  |  |  |
| UE transmitted mean   | dBm   | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)     |                                     |  |  |  |
| power   | UDIII   | 18 (for Power class 4)              |                                     |  |  |  |
| NOTE 1: Iblocking (GMS  | NOTE 1: I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6] |                                     |                                     |  |  |  |
| NOTE 2: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the DPCH_Ec<refsens> and the</refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |   |                                     |                                     |  |  |  |
| DPCH <ref< td=""><td>or&gt; as specified in Tab</td><td>le 7.2.</td><td></td></ref<>                        | or> as specified in Tab   | le 7.2.                             |                                     |  |  |  |

# 7.6.3A Additional requirement for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA (Narrow band blocking)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7B. This requirement is measure of a receiver"s ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

Table 7.7B: Narrow band blocking characteristics for DC-HSDPA

| Parameter  | Unit                                       | Band II, IV, V, X, XXV,  | Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV      |
|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| HS-PDSCH_Ec  | dBm/3.84 MHz                               | <refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>  | <refsens> + 10 dB</refsens>         |
| Î <sub>or</sub>  | dBm/3.84 MHz                               | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>                                | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub> |
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK)   | dBm  | -57  | -56                                 |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)   | MHz  | ±2.7   | ±2.8                                |
| UE transmitted mean power  | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)          |                                     |
| NOTE 1: I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6]  NOTE 2: For DC-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency used and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency used. For DB-DC-HSDPA, offset refers to the assigned channel frequencies of the individual cells. |  |  |                                     |
| NOTE 3: <refsens:< td=""><td>&gt; and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to</refî<sub></td><td>the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refs< td=""><td>SENS&gt; and the HS-</td></refs<></td></refsens:<>  | > and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to</refî<sub> | the HS-PDSCH_Ec <refs< td=""><td>SENS&gt; and the HS-</td></refs<> | SENS> and the HS-                   |

PDSCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2A for DC-HSDPA and Table 7.2B for DB-

### 7.6.3B Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA (Narrow band blocking)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7C and Table 7.7D. This requirement is measure of a receiver"s ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

Table 7.7C: Narrow band blocking characteristics for DC-HSUPA

| Parameter                            | Unit                      | Band II, IV, V, X, XXV,<br>XXVI    | Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK)         | dBm                       | -57                                | -56                            |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz                       | ±2.7                               | ±2.8                           |
| UE transmitted mean power            | dBm                       | 20 (for Power cla<br>18 (for Power |                                |
| NOTE 1: Intention (GMS               | K) is an interfering sign | nal as defined in TS 45 004        | [6]                            |

I<sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6]

NOTE 2: For DC-HSUPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency used and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency used.

Table 7.7D: Reference input powers for narrow-band blocking, DC-HSUPA.

| Operating Band | Unit         | HS-PDSCH_Ec | Îor   |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|-------|
| II             | dBm/3.84 MHz | -101        | -90.7 |
| III            | dBm/3.84 MHz | -100        | -89.7 |
| IV             | dBm/3.84 MHz | -102.8      | -92.5 |
| V              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -100.9      | -90.6 |
| VIII           | dBm/3.84 MHz | -98.5       | -88.2 |
| Χ              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -102.8      | -92.5 |
| XII            | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A   |
| XIII           | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A   |
| XIV            | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A   |
| XXV            | dBm/3.84 MHz | -99.5       | -89.2 |
| XXVI           | dBm/3.84 MHz | -98.5       | -88.2 |

For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and <  $\hat{I}_{or}$  > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table

For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < NOTE 2 HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and  $<\hat{l}_{or}>$  are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.13.

# 7.6.3C Additional requirement for single band 4C-HSDPA (Narrow band blocking)

This requirement is measure of a receiver's ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

#### 7.6.3C.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7DA and Table 7.7DB.

Table 7.7DA: Test parameters for narrow band blocking characteristics, single band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Parameter                                     | Unit   | Band II   |  |
|---|--|---|--|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK)                  | dBm  | -57   |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)          | MHz  | ±2.7  |  |
| UE transmitted mean power                     | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |  |
| NOTE 1: I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMS 45.004 [6] | K) is an   | interfering signal as defined in TS                       |  |
| the assigned frequencies,                     | For single band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequencies, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequencies. |   |  |

Table 7.7DB: Narrow band blocking requirements, single band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Configuration  |   | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|---|------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| II-3,  | II-3, II-4 II   |            | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+10 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| NOTE:  | NOTE: <refsens> and <refîor> refer to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens></refsens></refîor></refsens> |            |                              |                                   |                                |
| and the HS-PDSCH <refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2C for single</refî<sub> |   |            |                              |                                   |                                |
|  | band  | 4C-HSD     | PA.                          |                                   | -                              |

### 7.6.3C.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7DC and Table 7.7DD.

Table 7.7DC: Test parameters for narrow band blocking characteristics for single band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

Band II

Unit

Parameter

| I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK)         |                | dBm                   | -57   |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|---|
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) |                | MHz                   | ±2.7  |
| NOTE 1:                              | Iblocking (GMS | K) is an i            | interfering signal as defined in  |
|                                      | TS 45.004 [6   | ].                    |   |
| NOTE 2:                              | to the assign  | ed chani<br>encies, a | SDPA, negative offset refers nel frequency of the lowest nd positive offset refers to the quency of the highest carrier |
|                                      | nequencies.    |                       |   |

Table 7.7DD: Narrow band blocking requirements, single band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Single band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted mean power (dBm)                           | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| II-3, II-4                               | II         | -101                         | -90.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |

# 7.6.3D Additional requirement for dual band 4C-HSDPA (Narrow band blocking)

This requirement is measure of a receiver"s ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

## 7.6.3D.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7E and Table 7.7F.

Table 7.7E: Test parameters for narrow band blocking characteristics, dual band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Parameter                            | Unit   | Band II, IV, V       | Band VIII        |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------|------------------|--|--|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK)         | dBm  | -57                  | -56              |  |  |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz  | ±2.7                 | ±2.8             |  |  |
| UE transmitted mean                  | dBm  | 20 (for Power cl     | ass 3 and 3bis)  |  |  |
| power                                | GDII   | 18 (for Pow          | er class 4)      |  |  |
| NOTE 1: I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMS   | K) is an i                                       | interfering signal a | as defined in TS |  |  |
| 45.004 [6].                          |  |                      |                  |  |  |
| NOTE 2: For dual ban                 |  |                      |                  |  |  |
| assigned cha                         | assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier |                      |                  |  |  |

assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band.

Table 7.7F: Narrow band blocking requirements, dual band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Dual band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration     | DL<br>Band | UL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz)                                      | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)        | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| I-2-VIII-1                                 | VIII       | I          | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | $\langle REF\hat{I}_{or}\rangle +10 dB$ | Minimum                        |
| I-3-VIII-1, I-2-<br>VIII-2, I-1-VIII-<br>2 | VIII       | VIII       | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+10 dB</refî<sub>       | Minimum                        |
| 11.4.11/.0                                 | II         | Ш          | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+10 dB</refî<sub>       | Minimum                        |
| II-1-IV-2<br>II-2-IV-1                     | IV         | 11         | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | $\langle REF\hat{I}_{or}\rangle +10 dB$ | Minimum                        |
| II-2-IV-1                                  | II         | IV         | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | <REFÎ <sub>or</sub> $>+10$ dB           | Minimum                        |
| 11-2-1 V -2                                | IV         | IV         | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | $\langle REF\hat{I}_{or}\rangle +10 dB$ | Minimum                        |
| I-1-V-2                                    | V          | I          | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+10 dB</refî<sub>       | Minimum                        |
| I-2-V-1<br>I-2-V-2                         | V          | V          | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+10 dB</refî<sub>       | Minimum                        |
|  | II         | Ш          | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+10 dB</refî<sub>       | Minimum                        |
| II-1-V-2                                   | V          |            | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | $\langle REF\hat{I}_{or}\rangle +10 dB$ | Minimum                        |
| II-1-V-Z                                   | II         | V          | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+10 dB</refî<sub>       | Minimum                        |
|  | V          | V          | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+10 dB</refî<sub>       | Minimum                        |
|  |            |            | FÎ <sub>or</sub> > refer to the HS-P<br>as specified in Table 7.: | <del>-</del>                            |                                |

### 7.6.3D.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7G and Table 7.7H.

Table 7.7G: Test parameters for narrow band blocking characteristics for dual band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Parameter  | Unit | Band II, IV, V | Band VIII |
|--|------|----------------|-----------|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK)   | dBm  | -57            | -56       |
| F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)   | MHz  | ±2.7           | ±2.8      |
| NOTE 1: I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6]              |      |                |           |
| NOTE 2: For dual band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest |      |                |           |

carrier frequenc(ies) in each band, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of

Table 7.7H: Narrow band blocking requirements, dual band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Dual band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | UL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted mean power (dBm)                           | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| I-2-VIII-1<br>I-3-VIII-1               | VIII       | I          | -100                         | -89.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-2-VIIII-2                            | VIII       | I          | -100                         | -89.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 1-2-1111-2                             | VIII       | VIII       | -97.4                        | -87.1                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-1-VIIII-2                            | VIIII      | VIII       | -97.4                        | -87.1                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-1-IV-2                              | II         | IV         | -100                         | -89.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 11-1-10-2                              | IV         | IV         | -101                         | -90.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-2-IV-1                              | II         | Ш          | -100                         | -89.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 11-2-10-1                              | IV         | "          | -101                         | -90.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
|  | II         | 11         | -100                         | -89.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-2-IV-2                              | IV         | 11         | -101                         | -90.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 11-2-10-2                              | II         | IV         | -100                         | -89.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
|  | IV         | IV         | -101                         | -90.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-1-V-2                                | V          | V          | -99.8                        | -89.5                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-2-V-1                                | V          | I          | -101                         | -90.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-2-V-2                                | V          | I          | -101                         | -90.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| -Z-V-Z                                 | V          | V          | -99.8                        | -89.5                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 11.4.1/.0                              | П          | .,,        | -100.3                       | -90                              | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-1-V-2                               | V          | V          | -99.8                        | -89.5                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |

# 7.6.3E Additional requirement for single band NC-4C-HSDPA (Narrow band blocking)

This requirement is measure of a receiver"s ability to receive a W-CDMA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted narrow band interferer at a frequency, which is less than the nominal channel spacing.

## 7.6.3E.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7I and Table 7.7J.

Table 7.7I: Test parameters for narrow band blocking characteristics, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Para  | Parameter                               |   | Band IV  |
|---|---|---|--|
| Iblocking   | I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMSK)            |   | -57  |
| Fuw   | F <sub>uw</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2, 3) |   | ±2.7   |
|   | mitted mean<br>ower                     | dBm   | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)  |
| NOTE 1:   | I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMS 45.004 [6].  | K) is an i  | interfering signal as defined in TS  |
| NOTE 2: For single band NC-4 offset refers to the as lowest carrier belongi carriers, and positive channel frequency of the higher subblock of NOTE 3: For single band NC-4 refers to the assigned carrier belonging to the and positive offset ref frequency of the higher |   | to the as r belongi positive uency of abblock oand NC-4 assigned ging to the offset ref | signed channel frequency of the ng to the lower subblock of offset refers to the assigned the highest carrier belonging to |

Table 7.7J: Narrow band blocking requirements, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Single band NC-<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration                 | Test<br>type  | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)  | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |
|--|---|------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| IV-1-5-1, IV-2-10-<br>1, IV-2-15-2, IV-2-<br>20-1, IV-2-25-2 | In-<br>gap  | IV         | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+10 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| IV-1-5-1, IV-2-10-<br>1, IV-2-15-2, IV-2-<br>20-1, IV-2-25-2 | Out-<br>of-<br>gap  | IV         | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+10 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
|  | NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2E for single band NC-4C-HSDPA.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |            |                              |                                   |                                |  |

### 7.6.3E.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7K and Table 7.7L.

Table 7.7KTest parameters for narrow band blocking characteristics for single band NC-4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

Band IV

Unit

Parameter

| . a.ao.o.             |  | •   |   |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|
| I <sub>blocking</sub> | (GMSK)   | dBm   | -57   |
|                       | (offset)<br>TE 2, 3)   | MHz   | ±2.7  |
| NOTE 1:               | I <sub>blocking</sub> (GMS<br>TS 45.004 [6   |   | interfering signal as defined in  |
| NOTE 2:               | For single ba  | ind NC-4  | C-HSPDA out-of-gap,   |
| NOTE 3:               | frequency of lower subblo refers to the highest carriers. For single ba offset refers the lowest ca of carriers, a assigned characteristics. | the lower ck of car assigned ar belong and NC-4 to the as arrier belond position annel free | to the assigned channel est carrier belonging to the riers, and positive offset dichannel frequency of the ging to the higher subblock of C-HSPDA in-gap, negative signed channel frequency of longing to the higher subblock we offset refers to the quency of the highest carrier r subblock of carriers. |

Table 7.7L: Narrow band blocking requirements, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Single band<br>NC-4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration       | Test<br>type       | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted<br>mean power (dBm)                           | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|---|--------------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| IV-2-10-1, IV-2-<br>15-2, IV-2-20-1,<br>IV-2-25-2 | In-<br>gap         | IV         | -102.8                       | -92.5                            | 20 (for Power class 3<br>and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| IV-2-10-1, IV-2-<br>15-2, IV-2-20-1,<br>IV-2-25-2 | Out-<br>of-<br>gap | IV         | -102.8                       | -92.5                            | 20 (for Power class 3<br>and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |

NOTE 1 For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and < Î<sub>or</sub> > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.12.

NOTE 2 For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and <  $\hat{l}_{or}$  > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.13.

# 7.7 Spurious response

# 7.7.1 Minimum requirement

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver"s ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the out of band blocking limit as specified in subclause 7.6.2 is not met.

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.8.

**Table 7.8: Spurious Response** 

| Parameter                  | Unit         | Level   |
|----------------------------|--------------|---|
| DPCH_Ec                    | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refsens> +3 dB</refsens>   |
| Î <sub>or</sub>            | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refî<sub>or&gt; +3 dB</refî<sub>                                   |
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW) | dBm          | -44   |
| Fuw                        | MHz          | Spurious response frequencies                                       |
| UE transmitted mean power  | dBm          | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 2 |

NOTE 1: <REFSENS> and <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> refer to the DPCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the DPCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2.

NOTE 2: The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.

# 7.7.2 Additional requirement for DC-HSDPA, DB-DC-HSDPA, single band/dual band 4C-HSDPA and single band 8C-HSDPA and single band NC-4C-HSDPA

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the out of band blocking limit as specified in subclause 7.6.2A, 7.6.2B, 7.6.2C, 7.6.2D or 7.6.2E or 7.6.2F is not met.

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.8A. The requirement is not applicable for dual uplink operation.

**Table 7.8A: Spurious Response** 

| Parameter                  | Unit         | Level   |
|----------------------------|--------------|---|
| HS-PDSCH_Ec                | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refsens> +3 dB</refsens>   |
| Îor                        | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refî<sub>or&gt; +3 dB</refî<sub>                                   |
| I <sub>blocking</sub> (CW) | dBm          | -44   |
| Fuw                        | MHz          | Spurious response frequencies                                       |
| UE transmitted mean power  | dBm          | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 2 |

NOTE 1: <REFSENS> and <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> refer to the HS-PDSCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the HS-PDSCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2A for DC-HSDPA, Table 7.2B for DB-DC-HSDPA, Table 7.2C for single band 4C-HSDPA, Table 7.2D for dual band 4C-HSDPA and Table 7.2E for single band 8C-HSDPA

and 7.2F for single band NC-4C-HSDPA.

NOTE 2: The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.

## 7.8 Intermodulation characteristics

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receiver a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

# 7.8.1 Minimum requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9.

Table 7.9: Receive intermodulation characteristics

| Parameter  | Unit   | Le  | vel       |  |
|--|--|---|-----------|--|
| DPCH_Ec  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | <refsen< td=""><td>NS&gt; +3 dB</td></refsen<>                  | NS> +3 dB |  |
| Îor  | dBm/3.84 MHz   | <refî<sub>oi</refî<sub>   | > +3 dB   |  |
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)   | dBm  | -2  | 16        |  |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> mean power (modulated)   | dBm  | -4  | 16        |  |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)  | MHz  | 10  | -10       |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)  | MHz  | 20  | -20       |  |
| UE transmitted mean power  | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3<br>3bis)<br>18 (for Power class<br>NOTE 3 |           |  |
| NOTE 1: I <sub>ouw2</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.  NOTE 2: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the DPCH_Ec<refsens> and the DPCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |  |   |           |  |
| NOTE3: The UE transmit   | : The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE |   |           |  |

# 7.8.1A Additional requirement for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA

operating in band XXII.

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9AA.

Table 7.9AA: Receive intermodulation characteristics

| Par                                  | rameter   | Unit         | Level  |            |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------------|--|------------|
| HS-PDSCH_Ec                          |   | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refsens> +3 dB</refsens>  |            |
| Îor                                  |   | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refî<sub>or</refî<sub>  | > +3 dB    |
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)               |   | dBm          | -2   | <b>l</b> 6 |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> mean<br>(modulated |   | dBm          | -2   | 16         |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset<br>(NOTE 2) | t)  | MHz          | 10   | -10        |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset (NOTE 2)    | t)  | MHz          | 20   | -20        |
| UE transmi                           | itted mean  | dBm          | 20 (for Power class 3 and<br>3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 4 |            |
| NOTE 2: I                            | specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.  For DC-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency used and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency used. For DB-DC-HSDPA, offset refers to the assigned channel frequencies of the individual cells. |              |  |            |
| NOTE4:                               | <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refers to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2A for DC-HSDPA and Table 7.2B for DB-DC-HSDPA. The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens>   |              |  |            |

# 7.8.1B Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9AB and Table 7.9AC.

Table 7.9AB: Receive intermodulation characteristics

| Parameter                                | Unit | Level   |     |
|--|------|---|-----|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)                   | dBm  | -4  | 6   |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -46   |     |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)    | MHz  | 10  | -10 |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)    | MHz  | 20  | -20 |
| UE transmitted mean power                | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)<br>NOTE 3 |     |

NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6

NOTE 2: For DC-HSUPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency used and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency used.

NOTE 3 :The UE transmitted mean power shall be reduced by 0.5dB for a UE operating in band XXII.

Table 7.9AC: Reference input powers for intermod, DC-HSUPA.

| Operating Band | Unit         | HS-PDSCH_Ec | l <sub>or</sub> |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|
| I              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -105        | -94.7           |
| II             | dBm/3.84 MHz | -105.3      | -95             |
| III            | dBm/3.84 MHz | -104.1      | -93.8           |
| IV             | dBm/3.84 MHz | -105        | -94.7           |
| V              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -102        | -91.7           |
| VI             | dBm/3.84 MHz | -102.2      | -91.9           |
| VII            | dBm/3.84 MHz | -105.3      | -95             |
| VIII           | dBm/3.84 MHz | -99.8       | -89.5           |
| IX             | dBm/3.84 MHz | -104.6      | -94.3           |
| X              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -105        | -94.7           |
| XI             | dBm/3.84 MHz | -100        | -89.7           |
| XII            | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A             |
| XIII           | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A             |
| XIV            | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A             |
| XIX            | dBm/3.84 MHz | -102.2      | -91.9           |
| XX             | dBm/3.84 MHz | TBD         | TBD             |
| XXI            | dBm/3.84 MHz | -100        | -89.7           |
| XXII           | dBm/3.84 MHz | -104.1      | -93.8           |
| XXV            | dBm/3.84 MHz | -103.5      | -93.2           |
| XXVI           | dBm/3.84 MHz | -99.8       | -89.5           |

NOTE 1 For the UE which supports both Band III and Band IX operating frequencies, the reference sensitivity level of TBD dBm <REF\_Ec,intermod> shall apply for Band IX. The corresponding <REFÎor,intermod> is TBD dBm

NOTE 2 For the UE which supports both Band XI and Band XXI operating frequencies, the reference input power level is FFS.

NOTE 3 For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and <  $\hat{I}_{or}$  > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.12.

NOTE 4 For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and <  $\hat{l}_{or}$  > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.13.

# 7.8.1C Additional requirement for single band 4C-HSDPA

### 7.8.1C.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9AD and Table 7.9AE.

Table 7.9AD: Test parameters for receive intermodulation characteristics, single band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Pa  | arameter                          | Unit | Le  | vel |  |
|---|-----------------------------------|------|---|-----|--|
| Io  | uw1 (CW)                          | dBm  | -4  | l6  |  |
|   | mean power<br>odulated)           | dBm  | -46   |     |  |
|   | <sub>w1</sub> (offset)<br>NOTE 2) | MHz  | 10  | -10 |  |
|   | <sub>N2</sub> (offset)<br>NOTE 2) | MHz  | 20  | -20 |  |
| UE tran   | nsmitted mean power               | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |     |  |
| <ul> <li>NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.</li> <li>NOTE 2: For single band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequencies, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequencies.</li> </ul> |                                   |      |   |     |  |

Table 7.9AE: Intermodulation requirements, single band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Single band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration   | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz)                    | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |
|--|------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| I-3 I  |            | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>                        | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |
| II-3, II-4   | II         | <refsens>+3 dB <refîor>+3 dB</refîor></refsens> |                                  | Minimum                        |  |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2C for single band 4C-HSDPA.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |            |   |                                  |                                |  |

### 7.8.1C.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9AF and Table 7.9AG.

Table 7.9AF: Receive intermodulation characteristics for single band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Parameter                                | Unit | Level |     |  |
|--|------|-------|-----|--|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)                   | dBm  | -46   |     |  |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -46   |     |  |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)    | MHz  | 10    | -10 |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)    | MHz  | 20    | -20 |  |

NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: For single band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequencies, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequencies.

Table 7.9AG: Intermodulation requirements, single band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Single band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted mean power (dBm)                           | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| I-3                                      | I          | -105                         | -94.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-3, II-4                               | II         | -105.3                       | -95.0                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |

NOTE 1 For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and < Î<sub>or</sub> > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.12.

NOTE 2 For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and <  $\hat{I}_{or}$  > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.13.

## 7.8.1D Additional requirement for dual band 4C-HSDPA

### 7.8.1D.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9AH and Table 7.9AI.

Table 7.9AH: Test parameters for receive intermodulation characteristics, dual band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Parameter                                   | Unit | Le  | vel |  |
|---|------|---|-----|--|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)                      | dBm  | -46   |     |  |
| l <sub>ouw2</sub> mean power<br>(modulated) | dBm  | -46   |     |  |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)       | MHz  | 10  | -10 |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)       | MHz  | 20  | -20 |  |
| UE transmitted mean power                   | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |     |  |

NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: For dual band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band.

Table 7.9Al: Intermodulation requirements, dual band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Dual band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | UL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz)                                    | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I-2-VIII-1                             | ı          | ı          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| I-3-VIII-1, I-2-                       | VIII       | I          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| VIII-2, I-1-VIII-                      | ı          | VIII       | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| 2                                      | VIII       | VIII       | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| 11.4.11/.0                             | II         | Ш          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| II-1-IV-2<br>II-2-IV-1                 | IV         | 11         | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| II-2-IV-1                              | II         | IV         | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| 11-2-1 V -2                            | IV         | IV         | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| 14 1/ 2                                | ı          |            | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| I-1-V-2<br>I-2-V-1                     | V          | ı          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| I-2-V-1                                | ı          | V          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| 1-2- V -2                              | V          | V          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
|  | II         |            | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| II-1-V-2                               | V          | Į.         | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
|  | II         | V          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
|  | V          | V          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
|  |            |            | FÎ <sub>or</sub> > refer to the HS-P<br>as specified in Table 7 |                                  |                                |

### 7.8.1D.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9AJ and Table 7.9AK.

Table 7.9AJ: Receive intermodulation characteristics for dual band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Parameter  | Unit  | Lev                            | /el |  |
|--|---|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)   | dBm   | -4                             | 6   |  |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> mean power<br>(modulated)  | dBm   | -4                             | 6   |  |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)  | MHz   | 10                             | -10 |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)  | MHz   | 20                             | -20 |  |
| UE transmitted mean  | dBm   | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis |     |  |
| power  | ubili   | 18 (for Power class 4)         |     |  |
| needed for tests dedicated data c NOTE 2: For dual band 40 assigned channe frequenc(ies) in 6 the assigned cha | OTE 1: I <sub>ouw2</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6. OTE 2: For dual band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band. |                                |     |  |

Table 7.9AK: Intermodulation requirements, dual band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Dual band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band        | UL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)                          | UE transmitted mean power (dBm)                           | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|-------------------|------------|------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| I-2-VIII-1                             | I                 |            | -104.2                       | -93.9   | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-3-VIII-1                             | VIII -103.6 -93.3 |            | -93.3                        | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum   |                                |
| 1.2.1/11.2                             | ı                 |            | -104.2                       | -93.9   | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-2-VIII-2                             | VIII              | 1          | -103.6                       | -93.3   | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |

|               | 1         | 1     |        | 1     | 00 (( 0 101:)   |         |
|---------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|---|---------|
|               | I         | VIII  | -104.8 | -94.5 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
|               | VIII      | VIII  | -98.7  | -88.4 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| 14.1/111.0    | ı         | \//// | -104.8 | -94.5 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| I-1-VIII-2    | VIII      | VIII  | -98.7  | -88.4 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
|               | II        |       | -103.1 | -92.8 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| II-1-IV-2     | IV        | IV    | -103.4 | -93.1 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| 11.0.11/.4    | II        |       | -103.1 | -92.8 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| II-2-IV-1     | IV        | II    | -103.4 | -93.1 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
|               | II        | Ш     | -103.1 | -92.8 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| II 0 IV 0     | IV        | "     | -103.4 | -93.1 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| II-2-IV-2     | II-2-IV-2 | D./   | -103.1 | -92.8 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
|               | IV        | IV    | -103.4 | -93.1 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| 141/0         | ı         |       | -104.2 | -93.9 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| I-1-V-2       | V         | V     | -101.1 | -90.8 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| I-2-V-1       | I         |       | -104.2 | -93.9 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| 1-2-4-1       | V         | '     | -103.9 | -93.6 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
|               | I         |       | -104.2 | -93.9 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| I-2-V-2       | V         | '     | -103.9 | -93.6 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| 1-2-V-2<br>   | I         | V     | -104.2 | -93.9 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
|               | V         | v     | -101.1 | -90.8 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| II-1-V-2      | II        | V     | -104.4 | -94.1 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |
| II- I - V - Z | V         | V     | -101.1 | -90.8 | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum |

# 7.8.1E Additional requirement for single band 8C-HSDPA

# 7.8.1E.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9AL and Table 7.9AM.

Table 7.9AL: Test parameters for receive intermodulation characteristics, single band 8C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Parameter  | Unit | Le  | vel |  |
|--|------|---|-----|--|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)   | dBm  | -46   |     |  |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> mean power (modulated)   | dBm  | -46   |     |  |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)  | MHz  | 10  | -10 |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)  | MHz  | 20  | -20 |  |
| UE transmitted mean power  | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |     |  |
| NOTE 1: l <sub>ouw2</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.  NOTE 2: For single band 8C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency. |      |   |     |  |

Table 7.9AM: Intermodulation requirements, single band 8C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Configuration  |       | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|-------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I-8  | I-8 I |            | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2E for single band 8C-HSDPA.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |       |            |                              |                                  |                                |

### 7.8.1E.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9AN and Table 7.9AO.

Table 7.9AN: Receive intermodulation characteristics for single band 8C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

Level

-46

Unit

dBm

**Parameter** 

I<sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)

| I <sub>ouw2</sub> mean power<br>(modulated)  | dBm | -4 | 6   |  |
|--|-----|----|-----|--|
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)  | MHz | 10 | -10 |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)  | MHz | 20 | -20 |  |
| NOTE 1: I <sub>ouw2</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.  NOTE 2: For single band 8C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency. |     |    |     |  |

Table 7.9AO: Intermodulation requirements, single band 8C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Single band<br>8C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted mean power (dBm) | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I-8                                      | ı          | -105                         | -94.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis) | Minimum                        |

|  |  |        |                               |                    | 18 (for Power class 4)             |          |  |
|--|--|--------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|----------|--|
| NOTE 1   | For the  | UE wh  | ich supports DB-D             | C-HSDPA configura  | ation in Table 5.0aA the < HS-PDS  | SCH_Ec > |  |
|  | and $<\hat{l}_{or}>$ are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.12. |        |                               |                    |                                    |          |  |
| NOTE 2 For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < HS- |  |        |                               |                    |                                    |          |  |
|  | PDSCH  | H_Ec > | and $<\hat{l}_{or}>$ are allo | wed to be increase | ed by an amount defined in Table 7 | '.13.    |  |

# 7.8.1F Additional requirement for single band NC-4C-HSDPA

## 7.8.1F.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9AP and Table 7.9AQ.

Table 7.9AP: Test parameters for receive intermodulation characteristics, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Pa         | arameter   | Unit  | Level                                     |  |
|------------|--|---|---|--|
| Io         | uw1 (CW)   | dBm   | -4  | l6   |
|            | mean power<br>odulated)  | dBm   | -4  | 16   |
| <u>~</u> . | <sub>w1</sub> (offset)<br>NOTE 2)  | MHz   | 10  | -10  |
|            | F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)  |   | 20  | -20  |
| UE tran    | smitted mean   | dBm 20 (for Power class 3 and   |   | lass 3 and 3bis)   |
|            | power  | ubili   | 18 (for Power class 4)                    |  |
|            | dedicated data c<br>For single band I<br>refers to the assi<br>carrier belonging<br>positive offset re | as speci<br>hannels<br>NC-4C-H<br>gned cha<br>to the lo<br>fers to th | fied in Table C.7 a<br>as specified in Ta | and 16<br>ble C.6.<br>, negative offset<br>f the lowest<br>carriers, and<br>iel frequency of |

Table 7.9AQ: Intermodulation requirements, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Single band NC-4C-<br>HSDPA Configuration   | Test type      | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UL-DL carrier separation |  |
|---|----------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| I-1-5-1, I-2-5-1, I-3-10-1  | Out-of-<br>gap | I          | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                  |  |
| IV-1-5-1, IV-2-10-1, IV-2-<br>15-2, IV-2-20-1, IV-2-25-2  | Out-of-<br>gap | IV         | <refsens>+3 dB</refsens>     | <refî<sub>or&gt;+3 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                  |  |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refer to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH PDSCH<refî<sub>or&gt; as specified in Table 7.2E for single band NC-4C-HSDPA.</refî<sub></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |                |            |                              |                                  |                          |  |

### 7.8.1F.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9AR and Table 7.9AS.

Table 7.9AR: Receive intermodulation characteristics for single band NC-4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Parameter                                | Unit | Level |     |
|--|------|-------|-----|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)                   | dBm  | -4    | 6   |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> mean power (modulated) | dBm  | -46   |     |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)    | MHz  | 10    | -10 |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)    | MHz  | 20    | -20 |

NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (modulated) consists of the common channels needed for tests as specified in Table C.7 and 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.

NOTE 2: For single band NC-4C-HSPDA out-of-gap, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier belonging to the lower subblock of carriers, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier belonging to the higher subblock of carriers.

Table 7.9AS: Intermodulation requirements, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Single band NC-<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration      | Test<br>type   | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted mean power (dBm)                              | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|---|----------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| I-2-5-1, I-3-10-1                                 | Out-of-<br>gap | ı          | -105                         | -94.7                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and<br>3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| IV-2-10-1, IV-2-<br>15-2, IV-2-20-1,<br>IV-2-25-2 | Out-of-<br>gap | IV         | -104.7                       | -94.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and<br>3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |

NOTE 1 For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and < Î<sub>or</sub> > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.12.

NOTE 2 For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and <  $\hat{I}_{or}$  > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.13.

# 7.8.2 Minimum requirement (Narrow band)

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9A.

Table 7.9A: Receive intermodulation characteristics

| Parameter Unit            |              |   | Band II, IV, V, X,<br>XXV, XXVI      |                            | Band III, VIII, XII, XIII, XIV     |  |
|---------------------------|--------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| DPCH_Ec                   | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refsen< td=""><td>S&gt;+ 10 dB</td><td colspan="2"><refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens></td></refsen<> | S>+ 10 dB                            | <refsens>+ 10 dB</refsens> |                                    |  |
| Îor                       | dBm/3.84 MHz | <refî<sub>or&gt;</refî<sub>   | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>  |                            | <refî<sub>or&gt; +10 dB</refî<sub> |  |
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)    | dBm          | -4  | -44                                  |                            | -43                                |  |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK)  | dBm          | -4  | 4                                    | -43                        |                                    |  |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset) | MHz          | 3.5   | -3.5                                 | 3.6                        | -3.6                               |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset) | MHz          | 5.9   | -5.9                                 | 6.0                        | -6.0                               |  |
| UE transmitted mean power | dBm          | 20  | 20 (for Power class<br>18 (for Power |                            | •                                  |  |

NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6].

NOTE 2: <REFSENS> and <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> refer to the DPCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the DPCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2.

# 7.8.2A Additional requirement for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA (Narrow band)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9B.

Table 7.9B: Receive intermodulation characteristics

| Parameter                             | Parameter Unit |  | Band II, IV, V, X,<br>XXV, XXVI |   | Band III, VIII, XII, XIII,<br>XIV |  |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|--|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| HS-PDSCH_Ec                           | dBm/3.84 MHz   | <refsens< td=""><td>S&gt;+ 10 dB</td><td><refsen< td=""><td>NS&gt;+ 10 dB</td></refsen<></td></refsens<> | S>+ 10 dB                       | <refsen< td=""><td>NS&gt;+ 10 dB</td></refsen<> | NS>+ 10 dB                        |  |
| Îor                                   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | <refî<sub>or&gt; + 10 dB</refî<sub>  |                                 | <refî<sub>or&gt; +10 dB</refî<sub>              |                                   |  |
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)                | dBm            | -44  |                                 | -43   |                                   |  |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK)              | dBm            | -44  | 4                               | -43   |                                   |  |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz            | 3.5  | -3.5                            | 3.6   | -3.6                              |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz            | 5.9  | -5.9                            | 6.0   | -6.0                              |  |
| UE transmitted mean power             | dBm            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4)  |                                 | bis)  |                                   |  |

NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6].

NOTE 2: For DC-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency used and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency used. For DB-DC-HSDPA, offset refers to the assigned channel frequencies of the individual cells.

NOTE3: <REFSENS> and <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> refers to the HS-PDSCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the HS-PDSCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2A for DC-HSDPA and Table 7.2B for DB-DC-HSDPA.

## 7.8.2B Additional requirement for DC-HSUPA (Narrow band)

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9C and Table 7.9D.

Table 7.9C: Receive intermodulation characteristics

| Parameter                             | Unit | Band II, IV,  |      |      | /III, XII, XIII,<br>(IV |
|---------------------------------------|------|---|------|------|-------------------------|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)                | dBm  | -44   | 4    | -    | 43                      |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK)              | dBm  | dBm -44   |      | -43  |                         |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz  | 3.5   | -3.5 | 3.6  | -3.6                    |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz  | 5.9   | -5.9 | 6.0  | -6.0                    |
| UE transmitted mean power             | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |      | bis) |                         |

NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6].

NOTE 2: For DC-HSUPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency used and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency used.

Table 7.9D: Reference input powers for intermodulation, narrow-band, DC-HSUPA.

| Operating Band | Unit         | HS-PDSCH_Ec | Î <sub>or</sub> |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|
| II             | dBm/3.84 MHz | -86.9       | -76.6           |
| III            | dBm/3.84 MHz | -85.7       | -75.4           |
| IV             | dBm/3.84 MHz | -86.9       | -76.6           |
| V              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -86.9       | -76.6           |
| VIII           | dBm/3.84 MHz | -85.6       | -75.3           |
| X              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -86.9       | -76.6           |
| XII            | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A             |
| XIII           | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A             |
| XIV            | dBm/3.84 MHz | N/A         | N/A             |
| XXV            | dBm/3.84 MHz | -84.7       | -74.4           |
| XXVI           | dBm/3.84 MHz | -85.6       | -75.3           |

NOTE 1 For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and <  $\hat{l}_{or}$  > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.12.

NOTE 2 For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and <  $\hat{l}_{or}$  > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.13.

# 7.8.2C Additional requirement for single band 4C-HSDPA (Narrow band)

### 7.8.2C.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9DA and Table 7.9DB.

Table 7.9DA: Test parameters for receive narrow-band intermodulation characteristics, single band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Parameter                             | Unit | Band II   |      |  |
|---------------------------------------|------|---|------|--|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)                | dBm  | -4  | 14   |  |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK)              | dBm  | -4  | 14   |  |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz  | 3.5   | -3.5 |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz  | 5.9   | -5.9 |  |
| UE transmitted mean power             | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bi<br>18 (for Power class 4) |      |  |

NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004

NOTE 2: For single band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequencies, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequencies.

Table 7.9DB: Narrow-band intermodulation requirements, single band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Single band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz)    | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz)        | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| II-3, II-4                               | II         | <refsens>+15.5<br/>dB</refsens> | <refî<sub>or&gt;+15.5<br/>dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |

NOTE: <REFSENS> and <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> refers to the HS-PDSCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the HS-PDSCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2C for single band 4C-HSDPA.

### 7.8.2C.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9DC and Table 7.9DD.

Table 7.9DC: Test parameters for receive narrow-band intermodulation characteristics, single band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Parameter  | Unit | Band II |      |  |  |  |  |
|--|------|---------|------|--|--|--|--|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)   | dBm  | -44     |      |  |  |  |  |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK)   | dBm  | -44     |      |  |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)  | MHz  | 3.5     | -3.5 |  |  |  |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2)  | MHz  | 5.9     | -5.9 |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE 1: I <sub>Ouw2</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6].  NOTE 2: For single band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequencies, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequencies. |      |         |      |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.9DD: Narrow-band intermodulation requirements, single band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Single band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted mean power (dBm)                           | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| II-3, II-4                               | II         | -86.9                        | -76.6                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |

# 7.8.2D Additional requirement for dual band 4C-HSDPA (Narrow band)

### 7.8.2D.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9E and Table 7.9F.

Table 7.9E: Test parameters for receive narrow-band intermodulation characteristics, dual band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Parameter                             | Unit | Band II, IV, V  |      | Band VIII |      |
|---------------------------------------|------|---|------|-----------|------|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)                | dBm  | -44   | 1    | -43       |      |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK)              | dBm  | -44   | -44  |           | 43   |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz  | 3.5   | -3.5 | 3.6       | -3.6 |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz  | 5.9   | -5.9 | 6.0       | -6.0 |
| UE transmitted mean power             | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |      |           |      |

NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6].

NOTE 2: For dual band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band.

Table 7.9F: Narrow-band intermodulation requirements, dual band 4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Dual band 4C-<br>HSDPA<br>Configuration   | DL<br>Band | UL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub> (dBm/3.84MHz)       | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |  |  |
|---|------------|------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| I-2-VIII-1<br>I-3-VIII-1  | VIII       | I          | <refsens>+16.6 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+16.6 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |
| I-2-VIII-2<br>I-1-VIII-2  | VIII       | VIII       | <refsens>+16.6 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+16.6 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |
| 11.4.11/.0  | II         |            | <refsens>+17 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+17 dB</refî<sub>   | Minimum                        |  |  |
| II-1-IV-2<br>II-2-IV-1  | IV         | II         | <refsens>+18.9 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+18.9 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |
| II-2-IV-1   | II         | IV         | <refsens>+17 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+17 dB</refî<sub>   | Minimum                        |  |  |
| 11-2-17-2   | IV         | IV         | <refsens>+18.9 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+18.9 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |
| I-1-V-2   | V          | 1          | <refsens>+17 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+17 dB</refî<sub>   | Minimum                        |  |  |
| I-2-V-1<br>I-2-V-2  | V          | V          | <refsens>+17 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+17 dB</refî<sub>   | Minimum                        |  |  |
|   | Ш          |            | <refsens>+16.5 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+16.5dB</refî<sub>  | Minimum                        |  |  |
| II-1-V-2  | V          | II         | <refsens>+16.5 dB</refsens>  | <refî<sub>or&gt;+16.5dB</refî<sub>  | Minimum                        |  |  |
|   | II         | V          | <refsens>+16.5dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+16.5 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |  |  |
|   | V          | V          | <refsens>+16.5dB</refsens>   | <refî<sub>or&gt;+16.5dB</refî<sub>  | Minimum                        |  |  |
| NOTE: <refsens> and <refî<sub>or&gt; refers to the HS-PDSCH_Ec<refsens> and the HS-PDSCH<br/>PDSCH<refîor> as specified in Table 7.2D for dual band 4C-HSDPA.</refîor></refsens></refî<sub></refsens> |            |            |                              |                                     |                                |  |  |

#### 7.8.2D.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9G and Table 7.9H.

Table 7.9G: Test parameters for receive narrow-band intermodulation characteristics, dual band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Parameter                             | Unit | Band II | , IV, V | Ban | d VIII |
|---------------------------------------|------|---------|---------|-----|--------|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)                | dBm  | -44     | 1       |     | 43     |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK)              | dBm  | -44     | 1       |     | 43     |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz  | 3.5     | -3.5    | 3.6 | -3.6   |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz  | 5.9     | -5.9    | 6.0 | -6.0   |

NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004

NOTE 2: For dual band 4C-HSDPA, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequenc(ies) in each band.

Table 7.9H: Narrow-band intermodulation requirements, dual band 4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Dual band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | DL<br>Band | UL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted mean power (dBm)                           | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| I-2-VIII-1<br>I-3-VIII-1               | VIII       | ı          | -84.7                        | -74.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-2-VIII-2                             | VIII       | I          | -84.7                        | -74.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 1-2-111-2                              | VIII       | VIII       | -84.6                        | -74.3                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-1-VIII-2                             | VIII       | VIII       | -84.6                        | -74.3                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II 4 IV 0                              | II         | D.         | -84.7                        | -74.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-1-IV-2                              | IV         | IV         | -84.7                        | -74.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 11.0.11/.4                             | II         |            | -84.7                        | -74.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-2-IV-1                              | IV         | - 11       | -84.7                        | -74.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
|  | II         |            | -84.7                        | -74.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-2-IV-2                              | IV         | =          | -84.7                        | -74.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 11-2-1V-2                              | II         | IV         | -84.7                        | -74.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
|  | IV         | IV         | -84.7                        | -74.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-1-V-2                                | ٧          | ٧          | -85.7                        | -75.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-2-V-1                                | V          | I          | -85.7                        | -75.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 10.7/0                                 | V          | I          | -85.7                        | -75.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| I-2-V-2                                | V          | V          | -85.7                        | -75.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| 11.4.1/2                               | II         |            | -85.7                        | -75.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |
| II-1-V-2                               | ٧          | V          | -85.7                        | -75.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |

## 7.8.2E Additional requirement for single band NC-4C-HSDPA (Narrow band)

#### 7.8.2E.1 Single uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9I and Table 7.9J.

Table 7.9I: Test parameters for receive narrow-band intermodulation characteristics, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Parameter                             | Unit | Ban   | d IV |  |
|---------------------------------------|------|---|------|--|
| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)                | dBm  | -44   |      |  |
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK)              | dBm  | -44   |      |  |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz  | 3.5   | -3.5 |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz  | 5.9   | -5.9 |  |
| UE transmitted mean power             | dBm  | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) |      |  |

NOTE 1: I<sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK) is an interfering signal as defined in TS 45.004 [6].

NOTE 2: For single band NC-4C-HSPDA out-of-gap, negative offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier belonging to the lower subblock of carriers, and positive offset refers to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier belonging to the higher subblock of carriers.

Table 7.9J: Narrow-band intermodulation requirements, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, single uplink operation

| Single band NC-<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration               | Test<br>type   | DL Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub> (dBm/3.84MHz)     | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|----------------|---------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| IV-1-5-1, IV-2-10-1,<br>IV-2-15-2, IV-2-20-1,<br>IV-2-25-2 | Out-of-<br>gap | IV      | <refsens>+10 dB</refsens>    | <refî<sub>or&gt;+10 dB</refî<sub> | Minimum                        |

NOTE: <REFSENS> and <REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> refers to the HS-PDSCH\_Ec<REFSENS> and the HS-PDSCH<REFÎ<sub>or</sub>> as specified in Table 7.2E for single band NC-4C-HSDPA.

#### 7.8.2E.2 Dual uplink operation

The BLER measured on each individual cell shall not exceed 0.1 for the parameters specified in Table 7.9K and Table 7.9L.

Table 7.9DC: Test parameters for receive narrow-band intermodulation characteristics, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

Unit

Parameter

Band IV

| I <sub>ouw1</sub> (CW)                | dBm        | -44              |           |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|------------|------------------|-----------|--|--|
| I <sub>ouw2</sub> (GMSK)              | dBm        | -44              |           |  |  |
| F <sub>uw1</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz        | 3.5              | -3.5      |  |  |
| F <sub>uw2</sub> (offset)<br>(NOTE 2) | MHz        | 5.9              | -5.9      |  |  |
|                                       | ,          | is an interferir | 0 0       |  |  |
|                                       |            | TS 45.004 [6]    |           |  |  |
| NOTE 2: For s                         |            |                  |           |  |  |
|                                       |            | ive offset refe  |           |  |  |
| assi                                  | gned cha   | nnel frequenc    | y of the  |  |  |
| lowe                                  | st carrier | belonging to     | the lower |  |  |
| subblock of carriers, and positive    |            |                  |           |  |  |
| offset refers to the assigned channel |            |                  |           |  |  |
| frequency of the highest carrier      |            |                  |           |  |  |
| belonging to the higher subblock of   |            |                  |           |  |  |
| carri                                 | ~ ~        | ŭ                |           |  |  |

Table 7.9L: Narrow-band intermodulation requirements, single band NC-4C-HSDPA, dual uplink operation

| Single band<br>NC-4C-<br>HSDPA<br>Configuration    | Test<br>type   | DL<br>Band | HS-PDSCH_Ec<br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | Î <sub>or</sub><br>(dBm/3.84MHz) | UE transmitted mean power (dBm)                           | UL-DL<br>carrier<br>separation |
|--|----------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| IV-2-10-1, IV-<br>2-15-2, IV-2-<br>20-1, IV-2-25-2 | Out-of-<br>gap | IV         | -86.7                        | -76.4                            | 20 (for Power class 3 and 3bis)<br>18 (for Power class 4) | Minimum                        |

NOTE 1 For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and < Î<sub>or</sub> > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.12.

NOTE 2 For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC the < HS-PDSCH\_Ec > and < Î<sub>or</sub> > are allowed to be increased by an amount defined in Table 7.13.

## 7.9 Spurious emissions

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector. The spurious emission is verified per antenna connector with the other(s) terminated.

## 7.9.1 Minimum requirement

The power of any narrow band CW spurious emission shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 7.10 and Table 7.11

Table 7.10: General receiver spurious emission requirements

| Frequency Band  | Measurement<br>Bandwidth | Maximum<br>level | Note   |
|---|--------------------------|------------------|--------|
| 30MHz ≤ f < 1GHz  | 100 kHz                  | -57 dBm          |        |
| 1GHz ≤ f ≤ 12.75 GHz  | 1 MHz                    | -47 dBm          |        |
| 12.75GHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL operating band in GHz | 1 MHz                    | -47 dBm          | Note 1 |
| NOTE 1: Applies only for Bar  | nd XXII                  |                  |        |

Table 7.11: Additional receiver spurious emission requirements

| Band | Frequency Band   | Measurement          | Maximum            | Note   |
|------|--|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| ı    | 702 MI I- < f < 002 MI I-  | Bandwidth<br>1 MHz   | level<br>-50 dBm   |  |
| '    | 703 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 803 MHz<br>791 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 821 MHz     | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 1 MHz                | -50 dBm            |  |
|      | $859 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 894 \text{ MHz}$                            | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz  | 100 kHz              | -60 dBm *          |  |
|      |  | 100 kHz              | -67 dBm *          |  |
|      | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz  | 3.84MHz              | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  | 100 kHz              | -79 dBm *          |  |
|      | 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  | 100 kHz              | -71 dBm *          |  |
|      | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 1839.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 1920 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1980 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state |
|      | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            | UE receive band                                      |
|      | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz  | 1 MHz                | -50 dBm            |  |
|      | 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz  | 1 MHz                | -50 dBm            |  |
| II   | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz  | 1 MHz                | -50 dBm            |  |
| ŀ    | 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
| ŀ    | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  | 1 MHz<br>1 MHz       | -50 dBm            |  |
|      | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -50 dBm            |  |
| ŀ    | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz<br>1850 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm<br>-60 dBm | UE transmit band in URA_PCH,                         |
|      | 1920 MHZ ≥ L ≥ 1912 MHZ  | 3.04 IVITZ           | -60 dbiii          | Cell_PCH and idle state                              |
|      | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1990 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            | UE receive band                                      |
|      | 1990 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | $2110 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2170 \text{ MHz}$                          | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  | 1 MHz                | -50 dBm            |  |
| III  | 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  | 1 MHz                | -50 dBm            |  |
|      | 791 MHz ≤ f ≤ 821 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz  | 1 MHz                | -50 dBm            |  |
|      | 860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz  | 100 kHz              | -60 dBm*           |  |
|      | 925 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 935 MHz  | 100 kHz              | -67 dBm*           |  |
| ŀ    |  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz  | 100 kHz              | -79 dBm*           |  |
|      | $1475.9 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$                      | 3.84 MHz<br>3.84 MHz | -60 dBm<br>-60 dBm | UE transmit band in URA_PCH,                         |
|      | 1710 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1785 MHz  |                      |                    | Cell_PCH and idle state                              |
|      | 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            | UE receive band                                      |
|      | $1884.5 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1915.7 \text{ MHz}$                      | 3.84 MHz             | -41 dBm            |  |
|      | 2110 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 2170 MHz<br>2496 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 2570 MHz | 3.84 MHz<br>1 MHz    | -60 dBm<br>-50 dBm |  |
| }    | 2496 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 2690 MHz                                      | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
| ŀ    | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
| ŀ    | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz  | 1 MHz                | -50 dBm            |  |
| IV   | $717 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 728 \text{ MHz}$                            | 1 MHz                | -50 dBm            |  |
|      | 729 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 746 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
| ŀ    | 746 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 756 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
| ŀ    | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
| ŀ    | 768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  | 1 MHz                | -50 dBm            |  |
| ľ    | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 1 MHz                | -50 dBm            |  |
|      | 859 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            |  |
|      |  |                      | _                  |  |
|      | 1710 MHz ≤ f < 1755 MHz  | 3.84 MHz             | -60 dBm            | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state |

|      | 2110 MHz≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              | UE receive band                                      |
|------|---|---------------------|----------------------|--|
|      | $2496 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2690 \text{ MHz}$   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              | OL receive band                                      |
| V    | $717 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 728 \text{ MHz}$   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
| •    | $703 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 803 \text{ MHz}$   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
|      | $703 \text{ WHz} \le 1 \le 803 \text{ WHz}$<br>$729 \text{ MHz} \le \text{f} \le 746 \text{ MHz}$ | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | $725 \text{ WHz} \le 1 \le 746 \text{ WHz}$   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 758 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 768 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | $824 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 849 \text{ MHz}$   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              | UE transmit band in URA_PCH,                         |
|      |   |                     |                      | Cell_PCH and idle state                              |
|      | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -27 dBm              |  |
|      | 869 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              | UE receive band                                      |
|      | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
| VI   | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
|      | 815 MHz ≤ f ≤ 830 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 830 MHz ≤ f ≤ 840 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state |
|      | 840 MHz ≤ f ≤ 845 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 875 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 885 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              | UE receive band                                      |
|      | 885 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 1839.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
| VII  | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
|      | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 791 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
|      | 791 MHz ≤ f < 821 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
|      | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz   | 100 kHz             | -60 dBm *            |  |
|      | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz   | 100 kHz             | -67 dBm *            |  |
|      | 0051411 ( 10001411  | -3.84 MHz           | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz   | 100 kHz             | -79 dBm *            |  |
|      | 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz   | 100 kHz             | -71 dBm *            |  |
|      | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              | LIE too a soit based in LIEA DOLL                    |
|      | 2500 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state |
|      | 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              | UE receive band                                      |
|      | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
| VIII | 703 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
|      | 791 MHz ≤ f < 821 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 860 MHz ≤ f < 890 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 880 MHz ≤ f ≤ 915 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              | UE in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state               |
|      | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz   | 100 kHz             | -60 dBm *            |  |
|      | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz   | 100 kHz<br>3.84 MHz | -67 dBm *<br>-60 dBm | UE receive band                                      |
|      | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz   | 100 kHz             | -79 dBm *            | UE receive band                                      |
|      | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 1805 MHz < f ≤ 1880 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2570MHz  | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
|      | 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
| IX   | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz   | 1 MHz               | -50 dBm              |  |
|      | 860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      | 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz   | 3.84 MHz            | -60 dBm              |  |
|      |   |                     |                      |  |

| 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm |  |
|-----------------------------|----------|---------|--|
| 1749.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1784.9 MHz | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state |
| 1839.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm | UE receive band                                      |
| 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz     | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm |  |
| 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz     | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm |  |

| X     | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz  | 1 MHz             | -50 dBm            |  |
|-------|--|-------------------|--------------------|--|
|       | 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 768 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  | 1 MHz             | -50 dBm            |  |
|       | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 1 MHz             | -50 dBm            |  |
|       | 859 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | LIE transmit hand in LIDA DOLL   |
|       | 1710 MHz ≤ f < 1770 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state   |
|       | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE receive band  |
| ΧI    | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  | 1 MHz             | -50 dBm            |  |
|       | 860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | LIE too a social board in LIDA DOLL  |
|       | 1427.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1447.9 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state   |
|       | 1447.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1462.9 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1495.9 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE receive band  |
|       | 1495.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 1839.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz  | 1 MHz             | -50 dBm            | HE top and the transfer of the |
|       | 699 MHz ≤ f ≤ 716 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state   |
|       | 728 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE receive band  |
|       | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
| XII   | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 1 MHz             | -50 dBm            |  |
|       | 859 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  | 3.84 MHz<br>1 MHz | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  | 1 MHz             | -50 dBm            |  |
|       | 717 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 728 MHz<br>729 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 746 MHz     | 3.84 MHz          | -50 dBm<br>-60 dBm |  |
|       | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE receive band  |
|       | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | OE 7000170 Balla   |
|       |  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE transmit band in URA_PCH,   |
| XIII  | 776 MHz ≤ f ≤ 788 MHz  | 1 MHz             |                    | Cell_PCH and idle state  |
|       | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -50 dBm<br>-60 dBm |  |
|       | 859 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz<br>2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                     | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  | 3.64 MHz          | -50 dBm            |  |
| -     | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz  | 1 MHz             | -50 dBm            |  |
|       | 717 WHZ $\leq$ 1 $\leq$ 728 WHZ $\leq$ 729 MHz $\leq$ 1 $\leq$ 746 MHz | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 758 MHz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 768 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE receive band  |
| XIV   | 788 MHz ≤ f ≤ 798 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell PCH and idle state   |
| / 1 7 | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz  | 1 MHz             | -50 dBm            |  |
|       | 859 MHz ≤ f < 894 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz  | 1 MHz             | -50 dBm            |  |
|       | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz  | 1 MHz             | -50 dBm            |  |
|       | 815 MHz ≤ f ≤ 830 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
| VIV   | 830 MHz ≤ f ≤ 845 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state   |
| XIX   | 860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 875 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 875 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            | UE receive band  |
|       | 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |
|       | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz  | 3.84 MHz          | -60 dBm            |  |

|  | 1839.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|--|---|-------------|-----------|--|
|  | $2110 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 2170 \text{ MHz}$     | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz                           | 1 MHz       | -50 dBm   |  |
| XX                                     | 791 MHz ≤ f < 821 MHz                             | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   | UE receive band                                      |
|  | $832 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 862 \text{ MHz}$       | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   | UE transmit band in URA_PCH,                         |
|  | 002 IVII 12 3 1 3 002 IVII 12                     | 3.0+ WII 12 | OO abiii  | Cell_PCH and idle state                              |
|  | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz                             | 100 kHz     | -60 dBm*  | _  |
|  | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz                             | 100 kHz     | -67 dBm*  |  |
|  |   | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz                             | 100 kHz     | -79 dBm*  |  |
|  | 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz                             | 1 MHz       | -50 dBm   |  |
|  | 860 MHz ≤ f ≤ 890 MHz                             | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz                             | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 1427.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1447.9 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   | 115.1 11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.1          |
| XXI                                    | 1447.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1462.9 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state |
| 7/1                                    | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1495.9 MHz                       | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   | Con_i Ori and idle state                             |
|  | $1495.9 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1510.9 \text{ MHz}$ | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   | UE receive band                                      |
|  | $1839.9 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1879.9 \text{ MHz}$ | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 2545 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2575 MHz                           | 1 MHz       | -50 dBm   |  |
|  | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz                             | 1 MHz       | -50 dBm   |  |
|  | 791 MHz ≤ f < 821 MHz                             | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 869 MHz                             | 1 MHz       | -50 dBm   |  |
|  | 921 MHz ≤ f < 925 MHz                             | 100 kHz     | -60 dBm*  |  |
|  | 925 MHz ≤ f ≤ 935 MHz                             | 100 kHz     | -67 dBm*  |  |
|  | 923 IVII IZ \(\leq 1 \leq 933 IVII IZ             | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 935 MHz < f ≤ 960 MHz                             | 100 kHz     | -79 dBm*  |  |
|  | 1805 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1880 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
| XXII                                   | 1880 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1920 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
| XXII                                   | 2010 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2025 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 2300 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2400 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 2570 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2620 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 2620 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 3410 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3490 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state |
|  | 3510 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3590 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   | UE receive band                                      |
|  | 3600 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | -50 dBm   |  |
|  | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz                             | 1 MHz       | -50 dBm   |  |
|  | 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 746 MHz                             | 3.84 MHz    | [-60] dBm |  |
|  | 746 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz                             | 3.84 MHz    | [-60] dBm |  |
|  | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz                             | 3.84 MHz    | [-60] dBm |  |
|  | 852 MHz ≤ f ≤ 859 MHz                             | 1 MHz       | -50 dBm   |  |
| \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz                             | 3.84 MHz    | [-60] dBm |  |
| XXV                                    | 1850 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1915 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | [-60] dBm | UE transmit band in URA_PCH, Cell_PCH and idle state |
|  | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | [-60] dBm | UE receive band                                      |
|  | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz                           | 3.84 MHz    | [-60] dBm |  |
|  | 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz                           | 1 MHz       | [-50] dBm |  |
|  | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz                           | 1 MHz       | [-50] dBm |  |
|  | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3800 MHz                           | 1 MHz       | [-50] dBm |  |
|  | 717 MHz ≤ f ≤ 728 MHz                             | 1 MHz       | -50 dBm   |  |
| V/V/2 //                               | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 799 MHz                             | 1 MHz       | -50 dBm   |  |
| XXVI                                   | 799 MHz ≤ f ≤ 803 MHz                             | 1 MHz       | -40 dBm   |  |
|  | 729 MHz ≤ f ≤ 756 MHz                             | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |
|  | 758 MHz ≤ f ≤ 768 MHz                             | 3.84 MHz    | -60 dBm   |  |

|        | 859 MHz ≤ f ≤ 894 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |  |  |  |
|--------|---|----------|------------|--|--|--|
|        | 945 MHz ≤ f ≤ 960 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |  |  |  |
|        | 1475.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1510.9 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |  |  |  |
|        | 1525 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1559 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm    |  |  |  |
|        | 1839.9 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1879.9 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |  |  |  |
|        | 1884.5 MHz ≤ f ≤1919.6 MHz  | 300 kHz  | -41 dBm    |  |  |  |
|        | 1930 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1995 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |  |  |  |
|        | 2010 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2025 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm    |  |  |  |
|        | 2110 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2170 MHz   | 3.84 MHz | -60 dBm    |  |  |  |
|        | 2180 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2200 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm    |  |  |  |
|        | 2300 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2400 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm    |  |  |  |
|        | 2496 MHz ≤ f ≤ 2690 MHz   | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm ** |  |  |  |
|        | 3400 MHz ≤ f ≤3800 MHz  | 1 MHz    | -50 dBm    |  |  |  |
| Note * |   |          |            |  |  |  |
|        | exceptions, up to five measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in |          |            |  |  |  |

## 7.10 Reference input power adjustment for a dual band device

Table 7.10 are permitted for each UARFCN used in the measurement

For the UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aA, the reference input powers (HS-PDSCH\_Ec and  $\hat{l}_{or}$ ) of core requirements specified in subclause 7.6.1B, 7.6.1C.2, 7.6.3B, 7.8.1B, 7.8.1C.2, and 7.8.2B are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.12 for the applicable bands.

Table 7.12: Allowed increase of HS-PDSCH Ec and  $\hat{l}_{or}$  for UE which supports DB-DC-HSDPA.

| DB-DC-HSDPA<br>Configuration | Allowed increase of HS-PDSCH Ec and $\hat{I}_{or}$ (dB) | Applicable bands |
|------------------------------|---|------------------|
| 1                            | 0.5   | I, VIII          |
| 2                            | 1   | II, IV           |
| 3                            | 0.5   | I, V             |
| 4                            | 1   | I, XI            |
| 5                            | 0.5   | II, V            |

For the UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA configuration in Table 5.0aC, the reference input powers (HS-PDSCH\_Ec and  $\hat{l}_{or}$ ) of core requirements specified in subclause 7.6.1B, 7.6.1C.2, 7.6.3B, 7.8.1B, 7.8.1C.2, and 7.8.2B are allowed to be increased by the amount given in Table 7.13 for the applicable bands.

Table 7.13: Allowed increase of HS-PDSCH Ec and Î<sub>or</sub> for UE which supports dual band 4C-HSDPA.

| Dual Band<br>4C-HSDPA<br>Configuration | Allowed increase of HS-PDSCH Ec and $\hat{I}_{or}$ (dB) | Applicable bands |  |
|--|---|------------------|--|
| I-2-VIII-1                             |   |                  |  |
| I-3-VIII-1<br>I-1-VIII-2               | 0.5   | I, VIII          |  |
| I-2-VIII-2                             |   |                  |  |
| II-1-IV-2                              |   |                  |  |
| II-2-IV-1                              | 1   | II, IV           |  |
| II-2-IV-2                              |   |                  |  |
| I-1-V-2                                |   |                  |  |
| I-2-V-1                                | 0.5   | I, V             |  |
| I-2-V-2                                |   |                  |  |
| II-1-V-2                               | 0.5   | II, V            |  |

## 8 Performance requirement

#### 8.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this subclause are specified for the measurement channels specified in Annex A, the propagation conditions specified in Annex B and the Down link Physical channels specified in Annex C. Unless stated DL power control is OFF. Unless otherwise stated the performance requirements are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UE(s) with more than one receiver antenna connector the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

For a UE which supports optional enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH and an alternative requirement is specified, the UE shall meet only the enhanced performance requirement type1. For those cases where the enhanced performance requirements type1 are not specified, the minimum performance requirements shall apply.

## 8.2 Demodulation in static propagation conditions

- 8.2.1 (void)
- 8.2.2 (void)

## 8.2.3 Demodulation of Dedicated Channel (DCH)

The receive characteristic of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in the static environment is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). BLER is specified for each individual data rate of the DCH. DCH is mapped into the Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.2.3.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.5 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in Table 8.6. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Table 8.5: DCH parameters in static propagation conditions

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 1  | Test 2 | Test 3 | Test 4 |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| Phase reference       |              | P-CPICH |        |        |        |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -1      |        |        |        |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |        |        |        |
| Information Data Rate | kbps         | 12.2    | 64     | 144    | 384    |

Table 8.6: DCH requirements in static propagation conditions

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1           | -16.6 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 2           | -13.1 dB                   | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 2           | -12.8 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 2           | -9.9 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 3           | -9.8 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 4           | -5.6 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 4           | -5.5 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

# 8.3 Demodulation of DCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions

## 8.3.1 Single Link Performance

The receive characteristics of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.3.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.7, 8.9 , 8.11, 8.13 and 8.14A the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall

be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.8, 8.10, 8.12, 8.14 and 8.14B. If the UE supports optional enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH then for the parameters specified in Table 8.10A the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in 8.10B, and Test 5, Test 6

and Test 8 shall be replaced by Test 5a, Test 6a and Test 8a. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Table 8.7: Test Parameters for DCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 1  | Test 2 | Test 3 | Test 4 |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| Phase reference       |              | P-CPICH |        |        |        |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | 9       |        |        |        |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |        |        |        |
| Information Data Rate | kbps         | 12.2    | 64     | 144    | 384    |

Table 8.8: Test requirements for DCH in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1)

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1           | -15.0 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 2           | -13.9 dB                   | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 2           | -10.0 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 3           | -10.6 dB                   | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
|             | -6.8 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 4           | -6.3 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 4           | -2.2 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

Table 8.9: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 2)

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 5  | Test 6 | Test 7 | Test 8 |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| Phase reference       |              | P-CPICH |        |        |        |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -3      | -3     | 3      | 6      |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |        |        |        |
| Information Data Rate | kbps         | 12.2    | 64     | 144    | 384    |

Table 8.10: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation (Case 2)

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 5           | -7.7 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 6           | -6.4 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| O           | -2.7 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 7           | -8.1 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 1           | -5.1 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 0           | -5.5 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 0           | -3.2 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

Table 8.10A: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (VA30) for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 5a | Test 6a | Test 8a |  |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| Phase reference       |              | P-CPICH |         |         |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -3      | -3      | 6       |  |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |         |         |  |
| Information Data Rate | kbps         | 12.2    | 64      | 384     |  |

Table 8.10B: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation (VA30) for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 5a          | -14.4 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 60          | -11.4 dB                   | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 6a          | -10.0 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 90          | -9.3 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 8a          | -8.0 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

Table 8.11: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 9  | Test 10 | Test 11 | Test 12 |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Phase reference       |              | P-CPICH |         |         |         |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -3      | -3      | 3       | 6       |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz |         | -       | 60      |         |
| Information Data Rate | kbps         | 12.2    | 64      | 144     | 384     |

Table 8.12: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 3)

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| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 9           | -11.8 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
|             | -8.1 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 10          | -7.4 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
|             | -6.8 dB                    | 10 <sup>-3</sup> |
|             | -9.0 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 11          | -8.5 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
|             | -8.0 dB                    | 10 <sup>-3</sup> |
|             | -5.9 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 12          | -5.1 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
|             | -4.4 dB                    | 10 <sup>-3</sup> |

Table 8.13: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 13 | Test 14 | Test 15 | Test 16 |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Phase reference       |              | S-CPICH |         |         |         |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | 9       |         |         |         |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |         |         |         |
| Information Data Rate | kbps         | 12.2    | 64      | 144     | 384     |

Table 8.14: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 1) with S-CPICH

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 13          | -15.0 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 14          | -13.9 dB                   | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 14          | -10.0 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 15          | -10.6 dB                   | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 15          | -6.8 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 16          | -6.3 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 10          | -2.2 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

Table 8.14A: DCH parameters in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 17 | Test 18 | Test 19 | Test 20 |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Phase reference       |              | P-CPICH |         |         |         |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -3      | -3      | 3       | 6       |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |         |         |         |
| Information Data Rate | kbps         | 12.2    | 64      | 144     | 384     |

Table 8.14B: DCH requirements in multi-path fading propagation conditions (Case 6)

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 17          | -8.8 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
|             | -5.1 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 18          | -4.4 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
|             | -3.8 dB                    | 10 <sup>-3</sup> |
|             | -6.0 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 19          | -5.5 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
|             | -5.0 dB                    | 10 <sup>-3</sup> |
|             | -2.9 dB                    | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
| 20          | -2.1 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
|             | -1.4 dB                    | 10 <sup>-3</sup> |

Table 8.14C: (void)

Table 8.14D: (void)

Table 8.14E: (void)

Table 8.14F: (void)

## 8.4 Demodulation of DCH in moving propagation conditions

#### 8.4.1 Single link performance

The receive single link performance of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in dynamic moving propagation conditions are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BLER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.4.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.15 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.16.

Table 8.15: DCH parameters in moving propagation conditions

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 1  | Test 2 |  |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|--------|--|
| Phase reference       |              | P-CPICH |        |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           |         | ·1     |  |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -       | 60     |  |
| Information Data Rate | kbps         | 12.2    | 64     |  |

Table 8.16: DCH requirements in moving propagation conditions

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1           | -14.5 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 2           | -10.9 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

## 8.5 Demodulation of DCH in birth-death propagation conditions

#### 8.5.1 Single link performance

The receive single link performance of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in dynamic birth-death propagation conditions are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BER is measured for the each of the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.5.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.17 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.18.

Table 8.17: DCH parameters in birth-death propagation conditions

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 1  | Test 2 |  |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|--------|--|
| Phase reference       |              | P-CPICH |        |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -1      |        |  |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |        |  |
| Information Data Rate | kbps         | 12.2    | 64     |  |

Table 8.18: DCH requirements in birth-death propagation conditions

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1           | -12.6 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 2           | -8.7 dB                    | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

## 8.5A Demodulation of DCH in high speed train condition

#### 8.5A.1 General

The receiver performance of the DCH in high speed train condition is determined by the BLER values. BLER is measured for the individual data rate specified for the DPCH. DCH is mapped into DPCH.

## 8.5A.2 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.18A the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.18B.

Table 8.18A: DCH parameters in high speed train condition

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 1  |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|
| Phase reference       |              | P-CPICH |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | 5       |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |
| Information Data Rate | kbps         | 12.2    |

Table 8.18B: DCH requirements in high speed train condition

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1           | -21.8                      | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

## 8.6 Demodulation of DCH in downlink Transmit diversity modes

## 8.6.1 Demodulation of DCH in open-loop transmit diversity mode

The receive characteristic of the Dedicated Channel (DCH) in open loop transmit diversity mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.6.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.19 the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in Table 8.20.If the UE supports optional enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH then for the parameters specified in Table 8.20A the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I}$  power ratio shall be below the

specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.20B and Test 1 shall be replaced by Test 1a.

Table 8.19: Test parameters for DCH reception in an open loop transmit diversity scheme. (Propagation condition: Case 1)

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 1  |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|
| Phase reference       |              | P-CPICH |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | 9       |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |
| Information data rate | kbps         | 12.2    |

Table 8.20: Test requirements for DCH reception in open loop transmit diversity scheme

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ (antenna 1/2) | BLER             |
|-------------|--|------------------|
| 1           | -16.8 dB                                 | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

Table 8.20A: Test parameters for DCH reception in an open loop transmit diversity scheme for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH (Propagation condition: PA3)

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 1a        |  |  |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| Phase reference       |              | P-CPICH        |  |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | 9              |  |  |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60            |  |  |
| Information           | data         | rate kbps 12.2 |  |  |

Table 8.20B: Test requirements for DCH reception in open loop transmit diversity scheme for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ (antenna 1/2) | BLER             |
|-------------|--|------------------|
| 1a          | -22.7 dB                                 | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

## 8.6.2 Demodulation of DCH in closed loop transmit diversity mode

The receive characteristic of the dedicated channel (DCH) in closed loop transmit diversity mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER). DCH is mapped into in Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

#### 8.6.2.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.21 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I}$  power ratio shall be below the specified

value for the BLER shown in Table 8.22. If the UE supports optional enhanced performance requirements type 1 for DCH then for the parameters specified in Table 8.22A the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the

specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.22B and Test 1 shall be replaced by Test 1a.

Table 8.21: Test Parameters for DCH Reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode (Propagation condition: Case 1)

| Parameter                          | Unit         | Test 1<br>(Mode 1) |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$              | dB           | 9                  |
| $I_{oc}$                           | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60                |
| Information data rate              | kbps         | 12.2               |
| Feedback error rate                | %            | 4                  |
| Closed loop timing adjustment mode | -            | 1                  |

Table 8.22: Test requirements for DCH reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode

| Test Nu  | mber | $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ (see note) | BLER             |
|--|------|---|------------------|
| 1  |      | -18.0 dB                                  | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| NOTE: This is the total power from both antennas. Power sharing between antennas are feedback mode dependent as specified in TS25.214. |      |   |                  |

Table 8.22A: Test Parameters for DCH Reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH (Propagation condition: PA3)

| Parameter                          | Unit         | Test 1a<br>(Mode 1) |
|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$              | dB           | 9                   |
| $I_{oc}$                           | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60                 |
| Information data rate              | kbps         | 12.2                |
| Feedback error rate                | %            | 4                   |
| Closed loop timing adjustment mode | -            | 1                   |

Table 8.22B: Test requirements for DCH reception in closed loop transmit diversity mode for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH

| Test Numbe  | $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}} \text{(see note)}$ | BLER             |
|---|--|------------------|
| 1a  | -23.3 dB   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| NOTE: This is the total power from both antennas. |  |                  |

#### 8.6.3 (void)

**Table 8.23: (void)** 

**Table 8.24: (void)** 

#### 8.7 Demodulation in Handover conditions

#### 8.7.1 Demodulation of DCH in Inter-Cell Soft Handover

The bit error rate characteristics of UE is determined during an inter-cell soft handover. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to demodulate two PCCPCH channels and to combine the energy of DCH channels. Delay profiles of signals received from different cells are assumed to be the same but time shifted by 10 chips.

The receive characteristics of the different channels during inter-cell handover are determined by the average Block Error Ratio (BLER) values.

#### 8.7.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.25 the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified  $\underline{I}_{-}$ 

value for the BLER shown in Table 8.26. If the UE supports optional enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH then for the parameters specified in Table 8.26A the average downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio shall be below the

specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.26B and Test 1 shall be replaced by Test 1a.

Table 8.25: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

| Parameter   | Unit         | Test 1  | Test 2 | Test 3 | Test 4 |
|---|--------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| Phase reference                                   |              | P-CPICH |        |        |        |
| $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | 0       | 0      | 3      | 6      |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |        |        |        |
| Information data Rate                             | kbps         | 12.2    | 64     | 144    | 384    |

Table 8.26: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (Case 3)

| Test Number | $DPCH_{-}E_{c}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------|
|             | $I_{or}$        |                  |
| 1           | -15.2 dB        | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 2           | -11.8 dB        | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
|             | -11.3 dB        | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 3           | -9.9 dB         | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
|             | -9.5 dB         | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |
| 4           | -6.3 dB         | 10 <sup>-1</sup> |
|             | -5.8 dB         | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

Table 8.26A: DCH parameters in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (VA120) for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH

| Parameter   | Unit              | Test 1a |
|---|-------------------|---------|
| Phase   | reference P-CPICH | Phase   |
| $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ | dB                | 0       |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz      | -60     |
| Information data Rate                             | kbps              | 12.2    |

Table 8.26B: DCH requirements in multi-path propagation conditions during Soft Handoff (VA120) for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1a          | -18.5 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> |

## 8.7.2 Combining of TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets

#### 8.7.2.1 Minimum requirement

Test parameters are specified in Table 8.27. The delay profiles of the signals received from the different cells are the same but time-shifted by 10 chips.

For Test 1, the sequence of uplink power changes between adjacent slots shall be as shown in Table 8.28 over the 4 consecutive slots more than 99% of the time. Note that this case is without an additional noise source  $I_{oc}$ .

For Test 2, the Cell1 and Cell2 TPC patterns are repeated a number of times. If the transmitted power of a given slot is increased compared to the previous slot, then a variable "Transmitted power UP" is increased by one, otherwise a variable "Transmitted power DOWN" is increased by one. The requirements for "Transmitted power UP" and "Transmitted power DOWN" are shown in Table 8.28A.

Table 8.27: Parameters for TPC command combining

| Parameter                           | Unit         | Test 1               | Test 2            |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Phase reference                     | -            |                      |                   |
| DPCH_Ec/lor                         | dB           | -                    | 12                |
| $\hat{I}_{or1}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}$ | dBm/3.84 MHz | -                    | 60                |
| $I_{oc}$                            | dBm/3.84 MHz | -                    | -60               |
| Power-Control-Algorith              | -            | Algorithm 1          |                   |
| Cell 1 TPC commands                 | -            | {0,0,1,1}            |                   |
| over 4 slots                        |              |                      |                   |
| Cell 2 TPC commands                 | -            | {0,1,0,1}            |                   |
| over 4 slots                        |              |                      |                   |
| Information data Rate               | kbps         | 12.2                 |                   |
| Propagation condition               | -            | Static without       | Multi-path fading |
|                                     |              | AWGN source $I_{oc}$ | case 3            |

Table 8.28: Test requirements for Test 1

| Test Number | Required power changes over the 4 consecutive slots |
|-------------|---|
| 1           | Down, Down, Down, Up                                |

Table 8.28A: Requirements for Test 2

|             | Ratio                    | Ratio                    |  |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Test Number | (Transmitted power UP) / | (Transmitted power DOWN) |  |
|             | (Total number of slots)  | (Total number of slots)  |  |
| 2           | ≥0.25                    | ≥0.5                     |  |

## 8.7.3 Combining of reliable TPC commands from radio links of different radio link sets

#### 8.7.3.1 Minimum requirement

Test 1 verifies that the UE follows only the reliable TPC commands in soft handover. Test 2 verifies that the UE follows all the reliable TPC commands in soft handover.

Test parameters are specified in Table 8.28B. Before the start of the tests, the UE transmit power shall be initialised to -15 dBm. An actual UE transmit power may vary from the target level of -15 dBm due to inaccurate UE output power step.

During tests 1 and 2 the UE transmit power samples, which are defined as the mean power over one timeslot, shall stay 90% of the time within the range defined in Table 8.28C.

Table 8.28B: Parameters for reliable TPC command combining

| Parameter                | Unit         | Test 1            | Test 2           |
|--------------------------|--------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Phase reference          | -            | P-CPICH           |                  |
| DPCH_Ec/lor1             | dB           | Note 1            | Note 1 & Note 3  |
| DPCH_Ec/lor2             | dB           | DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10 | DPCH_Ec/lor1 + 6 |
| DPCH_Ec/lor3             | dB           | DPCH_Ec/lor1 - 10 | ī                |
| $\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$   | dB           | -1                | -1               |
| $\hat{I}_{or2}\!/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -1                | -1               |
| $\hat{I}_{or3}\!/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -1                | 1                |
| $I_{oc}$                 | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60               |                  |
| Power-Control-Algorithm  | -            | Algori            | thm 1            |
| UL Power Control step    | dB           | 4                 |                  |
| size, $\Delta_{TPC}$     | uБ           | I                 |                  |
| Cell 1 TPC commands      | -            | Note 2            | Note 2           |
| Cell 2 TPC commands      | -            | "1"               | "1"              |
| Cell 3 TPC commands      | -            | "1"               | -                |
| Information data Rate    | kbps         | 12.2              |                  |
| Propagation condition    | -            | Static            |                  |

Note 1: The DPCH\_Ec/lor1 is set at the level corresponding to 5% TPC error rate.

Note 2: The uplink power control from cell1 shall be such that the UE transmit power would stay at -15 dBm.

Note 3: The maximum DPCH\_Ec/lor1 level in cell1 is -9 dB.

Table 8.28C: Test requirements for reliable TPC command combining

| Parameter       | Unit | Test 1          | Test 2     |
|-----------------|------|-----------------|------------|
| UE output power | dBm  | $-15 \pm 5  dB$ | -15 ± 3 dB |

#### 8.8 Power control in downlink

Power control in the downlink is the ability of the UE receiver to converge to required link quality set by the network while using as low power as possible in downlink. If a BLER target has been assigned to a DCCH (See Annex A.3), then it has to be such that outer loop is based on DTCH and not on DCCH.

The requirements in this subclause were derived with the assumption that the UTRAN responds immediately to the uplink TPC commands by adjusting the power of the first pilot field of the DL DPCCH that commences after end of the received TPC command.

#### 8.8.1 Power control in the downlink, constant BLER target

#### 8.8.1.1 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 8.29 the downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio measured values, which are averaged

over one slot, shall be below the specified value in Table 8.30 more than 90% of the time. BLER shall be as shown in Table 8.30. If the UE supports optional enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH then for the parameters specified in Table 8.30A the downlink  $\underline{PPCH_{-}E_{c}}$  power ratio measured values, which are averaged over one slot, shall  $\underline{I_{or}}$ 

be below the specified value in Table 8.30B more than 90% of the time. BLER shall be as shown in Table 8.30B and Test 2 shall be replaced by Test 2a. Power control in downlink is ON during the test.

| Parameter                                    | Unit         | Test 1     | Test 2 | Test 3 | Test 4 |
|--|--------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$                        | dB           | 9          | -1     | 4      | 9      |
| $I_{oc}$                                     | dBm/3.84 MHz | -6         | 0      | -60    |        |
| Information Data Rate                        | kbps         | 12.        | .2     | 64     |        |
| Reference channel in Annex A                 |              | A.3.1      |        | A.3.5  |        |
| Target quality value on DTCH                 | BLER         | 0.0        | )1     | 0.1    | 0.001  |
| Target quality value on DCCH                 | BLER         | -          |        | 0.1    | 0.1    |
| Propagation condition                        |              | Case 4     |        |        |        |
| Maximum_DL_Power *                           | dB           | 7          |        |        |        |
| Minimum_DL_Power *                           | dB           | -18        |        |        |        |
| DL Power Control step size, □ <sub>TPC</sub> | dB           | 1          |        |        |        |
| Limited Power Increase                       | -            | "Not used" |        |        |        |

Table 8.29: Test parameter for downlink power control

NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [4].

Table 8.30: Requirements in downlink power control

| Parameter                  | Unit | Test 1   | Test 2   | Test 3  | Test 4    |
|----------------------------|------|----------|----------|---------|-----------|
| $\underline{DPCH \ \_E_c}$ | dB   | -16.0    | -9.0     | -9.0    | -10.3     |
| $I_{or}$                   |      |          |          |         |           |
| Measured quality on DTCH   | BLER | 0.01±30% | 0.01±30% | 0.1±30% | 0.001±30% |

Table 8.30A: Test parameter for downlink power control for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH

| Parameter                                  | Unit         | Test 2a    |
|--|--------------|------------|
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$                      | dB           | -1         |
| $I_{oc}$                                   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60        |
| Information Data Rate                      | kbps         | 12.2       |
| Reference channel in Annex A               |              | A.3.1      |
| Target quality value on DTCH               | BLER         | 0.01       |
| Target quality value on DCCH               | BLER         | -          |
| Propagation condition                      |              | PA3        |
| Maximum_DL_Power *                         | dB           | 7          |
| Minimum_DL_Power *                         | dB           | -18        |
| DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$ | dB           | 1          |
| Limited Power Increase                     | -            | "Not used" |

NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [4].

Table 8.30B: Requirements in downlink power control for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH

| Parameter                  | Unit | Test 2a  |
|----------------------------|------|----------|
| $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB   | -12.2    |
| Measured quality on DTCH   | BLER | 0.01±30% |

#### 8.8.2 Power control in the downlink, initial convergence

This requirement verifies that DL power control works properly during the first seconds after DPCH connection is established

#### 8.8.2.1 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 8.31 the downlink DPCH\_Ec/Ior power ratio measured values, which are averaged over 50 ms, shall be within the range specified in Table 8.32 more than 90% of the time. For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH with the parameters specified in Table 8.32A the downlink DPCH\_Ec/Ior power ratio measured values, which are averaged over 50 ms, shall be within the range specified in Table 8.32B more than 90% of the time. T1 equals to 500 ms and it starts 10 ms after the DPDCH physical channel is considered established and the first uplink frame is transmitted. T2 equals to 500 ms and it starts when T1 has expired. Power control is ON during the test. If the UE supports optional enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH, Test 1, Test 2, Test 3 and Test 4 shall be replaced by Test 1a, Test 2a, Test 3a and Test 4a.

The first 10 ms shall not be used for averaging, ie the first sample to be input to the averaging filter is at the beginning of T1. The averaging shall be performed with a sliding rectangular window averaging filter. The window size of the averaging filter is linearly increased from 0 up to 50 ms during the first 50 ms of T1, and then kept equal to 50ms.

Table 8.31: Test parameters for downlink power control

| Parameter                                    | Unit            | Test 1     | Test 2 | Test 3 | Test 4 |
|--|-----------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Target quality value on DTCH                 | BLER            | 0.01       | 0.01   | 0.1    | 0.1    |
| Initial DPCH_Ec/lor                          | dB              | -5.9       | -25.9  | -3     | -22.8  |
| Information Data<br>Rate                     | kbps            | 12.2       | 12.2   | 64     | 64     |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$                        | dB              | -1         |        |        |        |
| $I_{oc}$                                     | dBm/3.84<br>MHz | -60        |        |        |        |
| Propagation condition                        |                 | Static     |        |        |        |
| Maximum_DL_Power                             | dB              | 7          |        |        |        |
| Minimum_DL_Power                             | dB              | -18        |        |        |        |
| DL Power Control step size, Δ <sub>TPC</sub> | dB              | 1          |        |        |        |
| Limited Power Increase                       | -               | "Not used" |        |        |        |

Table 8.32: Requirements in downlink power control

| Parameter   | Unit | Test 1 and Test 2           | Test 3 and Test 4           |  |
|---|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| $\frac{DPCH \_E_c}{I_{or}}$ during T1   | dB   | -18.9 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -11.9 | -15.1 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -8.1  |  |
| $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ during T2  | dB   | -18.9 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -14.9 | -15.1 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -11.1 |  |
| Note: The lower limit is decreased by 3 dB for a UE with more than one antenna connector. |      |                             |                             |  |

Table 8.32A: Test parameters for downlink power control for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH

| Parameter                    | Unit            | Test 1a    | Test 2a | Test 3a | Test 4a |
|------------------------------|-----------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Target quality value on DTCH | BLER            | 0.01       | 0.01    | 0.1     | 0.1     |
| Initial DPCH_Ec/lor          | dB              | -8.9       | -28     | -6      | -25.8   |
| Information Data<br>Rate     | kbps            | 12.2       | 12.2    | 64      | 64      |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$        | dB              | -1         |         |         |         |
| $I_{oc}$                     | dBm/3.84<br>MHz | -60        |         |         |         |
| Propagation condition        |                 | Static     |         |         |         |
| Maximum_DL_Power             | dB              | 7          |         |         |         |
| Minimum_DL_Power             | dB              | -18        |         |         |         |
| DL Power Control             | dB              | 4          |         |         |         |
| step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$    | иь              | 1          |         |         |         |
| Limited Power Increase       | -               | "Not used" |         |         |         |

Table 8.32B: Requirements in downlink power control for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1 for DCH

| Parameter                                | Unit | Test 1a and Test 2a         | Test 3a and Test 4a         |
|--|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| $\frac{DPCH _E_c}{I_{or}}$ during T1     | dB   | -21.9 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -14.9 | -18.1 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -11.1 |
| $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$ during T2 | dB   | -21.9 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -17.9 | -18.1 ≤ DPCH_Ec/lor ≤ -14.1 |

## 8.8.3 Power control in downlink, wind up effects

#### 8.8.3.1 Minimum requirements

This test is run in three stages where stage 1 is for convergence of the power control loop. In stage two the maximum downlink power for the dedicated channel is limited not to be higher than the value specified in Table 8.33. All parameters used in the three stages are specified in Table 8.33. The downlink  $\underline{DPCH_{\underline{E}_c}}$  power ratio measured values,

which are averaged over one slot, during stage 3 shall be lower than the value specified in Table 8.34 more than 90% of the time.

Power control of the UE is ON during the test.

Table 8.33: Test parameter for downlink power control, wind-up effects

| Parameter                                  | Unit         | Test 1                |            |         |  |
|--|--------------|-----------------------|------------|---------|--|
| Parameter                                  | Unit         | Stage 1               | Stage 2    | Stage 3 |  |
| Time in each stage                         | S            | 5                     | 5          | 0.5     |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$                      | dB           | 5                     |            |         |  |
| $I_{oc}$                                   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60                   |            |         |  |
| Information Data Rate                      | kbps         | 12.2                  |            |         |  |
| Quality target on DTCH                     | BLER         |                       | 0.01       |         |  |
| Propagation condition                      |              |                       | Case 4     |         |  |
| Maximum_DL_Power                           | dB           | 7 min(-6.2,P). Note 1 |            | 7       |  |
| Minimum_DL_Power                           | dB           | -18                   |            |         |  |
| DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$ | dB           | 1                     |            |         |  |
| Limited Power Increase                     | -            |                       | "Not used" |         |  |

P is the level corresponding to the average  $\frac{DPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$  power ratio - 2 dB compared to the P-CPICH level. The average  $\frac{DPCH - E_c}{I}$  power ratio is measured during the initialisation stage

after the power control loop has converged before the actual test starts.

Table 8.34: Requirements in downlink power control, wind-up effects

| Parameter                  | Unit | Test 1, stage 3 |
|----------------------------|------|-----------------|
| $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB   | -13.3           |

#### 8.8.4 Power control in the downlink, different transport formats

#### 8.8.4.1 Minimum requirements

Test 1 verifies that UE outer loop power control has proper behaviour with different transport formats.

The downlink reference measurement channel used in this subclause shall have two different transport formats. The different transport formats of the downlink reference measurement channel used shall correspond to the measurement channels specified in Annex A.3.0 and A.3.1. The transport format used in downlink reference measurement channel during different stages of the test shall be set according to the information data rates specified in Table 8.34A. During stage 1 a downlink transport format combination using the 12.2kbps information data rate DTCH shall be used, and during stage 2 the downlink transport format combination shall be changed such that a 0kbps information data rate transport format combination is then used.

For the parameters specified in Table 8.34A the downlink  $DPCH_{-}E_{c}$  power ratio measured values, which are averaged

over one slot, shall be below the specified value in Table 8.34B more than 90% of the time. BLER shall be as shown in Table 8.34B. Power control in downlink is ON during the test.

Table 8.34A: Parameters for downlink power control in case of different transport formats

| Parameter   | Unit         | Tes           | Test 1  |  |  |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------|--|--|
| Parameter   | Offic        | Stage 1       | Stage 2 |  |  |
| Time in each stage  | S            | Note 1 Note 1 |         |  |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$   | dB           | Ş             | )       |  |  |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -6            | 0       |  |  |
| Information Data Rate   | kbps         | 12.2          | 0       |  |  |
| Quality target on DTCH  | BLER         | 0.01          |         |  |  |
| Quality target on DCCH  | BLER         | 1             |         |  |  |
| Propagation condition   |              | Case4         |         |  |  |
| Maximum_DL_Power  | dB           | 7             |         |  |  |
| Minimum_DL_Power  | dB           | -18           |         |  |  |
| DL Power Control step   | dB           | dB 1          |         |  |  |
| size, $\Delta_{TPC}$  | UD I         |               |         |  |  |
| Limited Power Increase  | -            | "Not used"    |         |  |  |
| Note 1: The stage lasts until the DTCH quality has converged to the |              |               |         |  |  |

quality target

NOTE: Power is compared to P-CPICH as specified in [4].

Table 8.34B: Requirements in downlink power control in case of different transport formats

| Parameter                  | Unit | Test 1, stage 1 | Test 1, stage 2 |
|----------------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| $\frac{DPCH _E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB   | -16.0           | -18.0           |
| Measured quality on DTCH   | BLER | 0.01±30%        | 0.01±30%        |

#### 8.8.5 Power control in the downlink for F-DPCH

#### 8.8.5.1 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 8.34C the downlink  $\frac{F - DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio measured values, which are

averaged over TPC symbols of the F-DPCH frame, shall be below the specified value in Table 8.34D more than 90% of the time. TPC command error ratio shall be in the limits given by Table 8.34D. Power control in downlink is ON during the tests.

Table 8.34C: Test parameters for Fractional downlink power control

| Parameter                                  | Unit         | Test 1 | Test 2 |
|--|--------------|--------|--------|
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$                      | dB           | 9      | -1     |
| $I_{oc}$                                   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60    |        |
| SF   |              | 2:     | 56     |
| Target quality value on F DPCH             | %            | 0.01   | 0.05   |
| Propagation condition                      |              | Case 4 |        |
| Maximum_DL_Power *                         | dB           | 7      |        |
| Minimum_DL_Power *                         | dB           | `-     | 18     |
| DL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$ | dB           |        | 1      |
| Limited Power Increase                     | -            | "Not   | used"  |
| Power-Control-Algorithm                    | -            | Algor  | ithm 1 |

Table 8.34D: Requirements in Fractional downlink power control

| Parameter                      | Unit | Test 1 | Test 2 |
|--------------------------------|------|--------|--------|
| $\frac{F - DPCH _E_c}{I_{or}}$ | dB   | -15.9  | -12.0  |
| TPC command Error Ratio high   | -    | 0.015  | 0.065  |
| TPC command Error Ratio low    | -    | 0.005  | 0.035  |

## 8.9 Downlink compressed mode

Downlink compressed mode is used to create gaps in the downlink transmission, to allow the UE to make measurements on other frequencies.

The requirements in this subclause were derived with the assumption that the UTRAN responds immediately to the uplink TPC commands by adjusting the power of the first pilot field of the DL DPCCH that commences after end of the received TPC command.

## 8.9.1 Single link performance

The receiver single link performance of the Dedicated Traffic Channel (DCH) in compressed mode is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) and transmitted DPCH\_Ec/Ior power ratio in the downlink.

The compressed mode parameters are given in clause A.5.

#### 8.9.1.1 Minimum requirements

For the parameters specified in Table 8.35 the downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio measured values, which are averaged

over one slot, shall be below the specified value in Table 8.36 more than 90% of the time. The measured quality on DTCH shall be as required in Table 8.36.

Downlink power control is ON during the test. Uplink TPC commands shall be error free.

Table 8.35: Test parameter for downlink compressed mode

| Parameter                    | Unit         | Test 1                  | Test 2                  |  |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Delta SIR1                   | dB           | 0                       | 3                       |  |
| Delta SIR after1             | dB           | 0                       | 3                       |  |
| Delta SIR2                   | dB           | 0                       | 0                       |  |
| Delta SIR after2             | dB           | 0                       | 0                       |  |
| Compressed mode patterns     | -            | Set 2 in table A.21 in  | Set 1 in table A.21 in  |  |
|                              |              | clause A.5 of TS 25.101 | clause A.5 of TS 25.101 |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$        | dB           | 9                       |                         |  |
| $I_{oc}$                     | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60                     |                         |  |
| Information Data Rate        | kbps         | 12                      | 2.2                     |  |
| Propagation condition        |              | Case 3                  | Case 2                  |  |
| Target quality value on DTCH | BLER         | 0.0                     | 01                      |  |
| Maximum_DL_Power             | dB           | 7                       |                         |  |
| Minimum_DL_Power             | dB           | -18                     |                         |  |
| DL Power Control step size,  | dB           | 1                       |                         |  |
| $\Delta_{TPC}$               | ub           | 1                       |                         |  |
| Limited Power Increase       | -            | "Not                    | used"                   |  |

Table 8.36: Requirements in downlink compressed mode

| Parameter  | Unit | Test 1          | Test 2          |
|--|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| $\frac{DPCH \_E_c}{I_{or}}$                        | dB   | -13.7           | No requirements |
| Measured quality of compressed and recovery frames | BLER | No requirements | <0.001          |
| Measured quality on DTCH                           | BLER | 0.01 ± 30 %     |                 |

## 8.10 Blind transport format detection

Performance of Blind transport format detection is determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values and by the measured average transmitted DPCH\_Ec/Ior value.

#### 8.10.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.37 the average downlink  $\frac{DPCH_{-}E_{c}}{I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.38.

Table 8.37: Test parameters for Blind transport format detection

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 1                          | Test 2           | Test 3           | Test 4           | Test 5           | Test 6           |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           |                                 | -1               |                  |                  | -3               |                  |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60                             |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |
| Information Data Rate | kbps         | 12.2<br>(rate 1)                | 7.95<br>(rate 2) | 1.95<br>(rate 3) | 12.2<br>(rate 1) | 7.95<br>(rate 2) | 1.95<br>(rate 3) |
| propagation condition | -            | static multi-path fading case 3 |                  |                  | case 3           |                  |                  |
| TFCI                  | -            | off                             |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |

Table 8.38: The Requirements for DCH reception in Blind transport format detection

| Test Number | $\frac{DPCH\_E_c}{I_{or}}$ | BLER             | FDR              |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1           | -17.7 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> | 10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| 2           | -17.8 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> | 10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| 3           | -18.4 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> | 10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| 4           | -13.0 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> | 10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| 5           | -13.2 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> | 10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| 6           | -13.8 dB                   | 10 <sup>-2</sup> | 10 <sup>-4</sup> |

NOTE 1: The value of DPCH\_Ec/Ior, Ioc, and Ior/Ioc are defined in case of DPCH is transmitted

NOTE 2: In this test, 9 different Transport Format Combinations (Table 8.39) are sent during the call set up procedure, so that the UE has to detect the correct transport format from these 9 candidates.

Table 8.39: Transport format combinations informed during the call set up procedure in the test

|      | 1     | 2     | 3     | 4    | 5    | 6    | 7     | 8     | 9     |
|------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| DTCH | 12.2k | 10.2k | 7.95k | 7.4k | 6.7k | 5.9k | 5.15k | 4.75k | 1.95k |
| DCCH |       |       |       |      | 2.4k |      |       |       |       |

## 8.11 Detection of Broadcast channel (BCH)

The receiver characteristics of Broadcast Channel (BCH) are determined by the Block Error Ratio (BLER) values. BCH is mapped into the primary common control physical channel (P-CCPCH).

## 8.11.1 Minimum requirement without transmit diversity

For the parameters specified in Table 8.40 the average downlink power P-CCPCH\_Ec/Ior shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.41. (The Down link Physical channels are specified in Annex C).

This requirement doesn"t need to be tested.

Table 8.40: Parameters for BCH detection

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 1  | Test 2 |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|--------|
| Phase reference       | -            | P-CPICH |        |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |        |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -1      | -3     |
| Propagation condition |              | Static  | Case 3 |

Table 8.41: Test requirements for BCH detection

| Test Number | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor | BLER |
|-------------|----------------|------|
| 1           | -18.5 dB       | 0.01 |
| 2           | -12.8 dB       | 0.01 |

#### 8.11.2 Minimum requirement with open loop transmit diversity

For the parameters specified in Table 8.41A the average downlink power P-CCPCH\_Ec/Ior shall be below the specified value for the BLER shown in Table 8.41B. (The Down link Physical channels are specified in Annex C).

This requirement doesn"t need to be tested.

Table 8.41A: Test parameters for BCH detection in an open loop transmit diversity scheme (STTD). (Propagation condition: Case 1)

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 3  |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|
| Phase reference       | -            | P-CPICH |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | 9       |

Table 8.41B: Test requirements for BCH detection in open loop transmit diversity scheme

| Test Number | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor<br>(Total power from<br>antenna 1 and 2) | BLER |
|-------------|---|------|
| 3           | -18.5   | 0.01 |

## 8.12 Demodulation of Paging Channel (PCH)

The receiver characteristics of paging channel are determined by the probability of missed paging message (Pm-p). PCH is mapped into the S-CCPCH and it is associated with the transmission of Paging Indicators (PI) to support efficient sleep-mode procedures.

#### 8.12.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.42 the average probability of missed paging (Pm-p) shall be below the specified value in Table 8.43. Power of downlink channels other than S-CCPCH and PICH are as defined in Table C.3 of Annex C. S-CCPCH structure is as defined in Annex A.6.

Table 8.42: Parameters for PCH detection

| Parameter                 | Unit         | Test 1  | Test 2 |  |
|---------------------------|--------------|---------|--------|--|
| Number of paging          | _            | 72      |        |  |
| indicators per frame (Np) |              | 12      |        |  |
| Phase reference           | -            | P-CPICH |        |  |
| $I_{oc}$                  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     | )      |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$     | dB           | -1      | -3     |  |
| Propagation condition     |              | Static  | Case 3 |  |

Table 8.43: Test requirements for PCH detection

| Test Number | S-CCPCH_Ec/lor | PICH_Ec/lor | Pm-p |
|-------------|----------------|-------------|------|
| 1           | -14.8          | -19         | 0.01 |
| 2           | -9.8           | -12         | 0.01 |

## 8.13 Detection of Acquisition Indicator (AI)

The receiver characteristics of Acquisition Indicator (AI) are determined by the probability of false alarm Pfa and probability of correct detection Pd. Pfa is defined as a conditional probability of detection of AI signature given that a AI signature was not transmitted. Pd is defined as a conditional probability of correct detection of AI signature given that the AI signature is transmitted.

## 8.13.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.44 the Pfa and 1-Pd shall not the exceed the specified values in Table 8.45. Power of downlink channels other than AICH is as defined in Table C.3 of Annex C.

Table 8.44: Parameters for Al detection

| Parameter   | Unit         | Test 1  |
|---|--------------|---------|
| Phase reference                                   | -            | P-CPICH |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |
| Number of other transmitted AI signatures on AICH | -            | 0       |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$                             | dB           | -1      |
| AICH_Ec/lor                                       | dB           | -22.0   |
| AICH Power Offset                                 | dB           | -12.0   |
| Propagation condition                             | -            | Static  |

Note that AICH\_Ec/Ior can not be set. Its value is calculated from other parameters and it is given for information only. (AICH\_Ec/Ior = AICH Power Offset + CPICH\_Ec/Ior)

Table 8.45: Test requirements for Al detection

| Ī | Test Number | Pfa  | 1-Pd |
|---|-------------|------|------|
| Γ | 1           | 0.01 | 0.01 |

## 8.13A Detection of E-DCH Acquisition Indicator (E-AI)

The receiver characteristics of E-DCH Acquisition Indicator (E-AI) are determined by the probability of correct detection Pde. Pde is defined as a conditional probability of correct detection of E-AI signature given that the E-AI signature is transmitted and AI signature was correctly received.

## 8.13A.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.45C the 1-Pde shall not exceed the specified value in Table 8.45D. The power settings for downlink channels other than AICH and E-AICH are set as defined in Table C.3 of Annex C.

**Parameter** Unit Test 1 Phase reference \_ P-CPICH  $I_{oc}$ dBm/3.84 MHz -60 Number of other transmitted AI 0 signatures on AICH Number of resources assumed 32 for E-DCH random access  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ -1 dB AICH\_Ec/lor dB -22.0 AICH Power Offset dB -12.0 E-AICH\_Ec/lor dΒ -22.0 E-AICH Power dB -12.0 Offset Propagation Static condition

Table 8.45C: Parameters for E-Al detection

Note that AICH\_Ec/Ior and E-AICH\_Ec/Ior can not be set, their values are calculated from other parameters and are given for information only.

Table 8.45D: Test requirements for E-Al detection

| Test Number | 1- Pde |
|-------------|--------|
| 1           | 0.005  |

# 8.14 UE UL power control operation with discontinuous UL DPCCH transmission operation

#### 8.14.1 Minimum requirement

This test verifies that the UE follows only those TPC commands that correspond to the UL DPCCH slots which are transmitted.

Test parameters are specified in Table 8.45A. The discontinuous UL DPCCH transmission is enabled during the test. The parameters for discontinuous UL DPCCH transmission operation are as specified in Table A.20A. Before the start of the tests, the UE transmit power shall be initialised to -15 dBm. An actual UE transmit power may vary from the target level of -15 dBm due to inaccurate UE output power step.

After transmission gaps due to discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission the uplink transmitter power difference shall be within the range as defined in Table 8.45B. The transmit power difference is defined as the difference between the power of the last slot transmitted before the gap and the power of first slot transmitted after the gap. The on power observation period is defined as the mean power over one timeslot excluding any transient periods.

Table 8.45A: Parameters for UE UL power control operation with discontinuous UL DPCCH transmission

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1                              |
|--|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Phase reference  | -            | P-CPICH                             |
| $HS	ext{-SCCH\_1}\ E_c/I_{or}$   | dB           | -10                                 |
| F-DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -10                                 |
| F-DPCH slot format   | =            | 0                                   |
| $\hat{I}_{or1}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60                                 |
| Power-Control-Algorithm  | -            | Algorithm 1                         |
| UL Power Control step size, $\Delta_{TPC}$   | dB           | 1                                   |
| Uplink TPC commands<br>corresponding to the UL<br>DPCCH slots which are<br>transmitted | -            | {0,1,0,1,0,1 }<br>Note 1            |
| Propagation condition  | -            | Static without AWGN source $I_{oc}$ |

Note 1: The sequence of uplink TPC commands corresponds to the UL DPCCH slots that are transmitted. During those slots which correspond to UL DPCCH slots that are not transmitted, UP-commands shall be transmitted.

Table 8.45B: Test requirements for UE UL power control operation with discontinuous UL DPCCH transmission

| Parameter                            | Unit | Test 1 |       |
|--------------------------------------|------|--------|-------|
| Parameter                            | Onit | Lower  | Upper |
| UE output power difference tolerance | dB   | -2     | +4    |

8.15 (void)

8.16 (void)

**Table 8.46: (void)** 

**Table 8.47: (void)** 

**Table 8.48: (void)** 

**Table 8.49: (void)** 

**Table 8.50: (void)** 

**Table 8.51: (void)** 

**Table 8.52: (void)** 

## 9 Performance requirement (HSDPA)

The performance requirements for the UE in this clause apply for the reference measurement channels specified in Annex A.7, the propagation conditions specified in Annex B.2.2 and the Down link Physical channels specified in Annex C.5. The specific references are provided separately for each requirement.

Unless otherwise stated the performance requirements are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one antenna connector testing the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

## 9.1 (void)

## 9.2 Demodulation of HS-DSCH (Fixed Reference Channel)

The minimum performance requirement for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 or 12 are determined according to Table 9.1.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 or 10 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 1 are determined according to Table 9.1AA.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 7, 8, 9 or 10 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 2 are determined according to Table 9.1AB.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting HS-DSCH category 13 or 14 are determined according to Table 9.1AB.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 7, 8, 9, 10, 13 or 14 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3 are determined according to Table 9.1AC.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20 are determined according to Table 9.1AC.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3i are determined according to Table 9.1AD.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 21, 22, 23 and 24 are determined according to Table 9.1 AE.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 or 28 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3 are determined according to Table 9.1 AF.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 or 28 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3i are determined according to Table 9.1 AG.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 29 and 31 are determined according to Table 9.1AH.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 29, 30, 31 and 32 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3 are determined according to Table 9.1AI.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 29, 30, 31 and 32 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3i are determined according to Table 9.1AJ.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting HS-DSCH category 35 are determined according to Table 9.1AK.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 35 and 36 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3 are determined according to Table 9.1AL.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 35 and 36 and supporting the optional enhanced performance requirements type 3i are determined according to Table 9.1AM.

A UE supporting one of categories 21, 22 23, 24, 29, 31 or 35 shall support either enhanced receiver type 2 requirements, or enhanced receiver type 3 requirements, or enhanced receiver type 3i requirements applicable for the other categories supported by this UE.

A UE supporting one of categories 21, 22 23, 24, 29, 31 or 35 supporting enhanced receiver type 3 requirements shall support either enhanced receiver type 3 requirements, or enhanced receiver type 3i requirements applicable for the other categories supported by this UE.

A UE supporting one of categories 21, 22 23, 24, 29, 31 or 35 supporting enhanced receiver type 3i requirements shall support enhanced receiver type 3i requirements applicable for the other categories supported by this UE.

The additional minimum performance requirements for UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 21, 22, 23, 24, 29, 31 or 35 and the MIMO only with single-stream restriction are indicated in Table 9.1AB, Table 9.1AC, 9.1AD, Table 9.1AE, Table 9.1AF, Table 9.1AG, Table 9.1AH, Table 9.1AI, Table 9.1AJ, Table 9.1AK, Table 9.1AL and Table 9.1AM.

The additional minimum performance requirements for UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 37 or 38 are indicated in Table 9.1AO.

The additional minimum performance requirements for UE supporting one of the HS-DSCH categories 28, 30, 32, 34 or 36 and the MIMO with four transmit antennas only with dual-stream restriction capability are indicated in Table 9.1AF, Table 9.1AG, Table 9.1AI, Table 9.1AJ, Table 9.1AL and Table 9.1AM.

The minimum performance requirements for a particular UE supporting the optional non-contiguous multi-cell operation are determined according to Table 9.1AN.

For the requirements for UEs supporting HS-DSCH categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 36, 37 or 38 when the carriers are located in the same frequency band or the carriers belong to the same cell group in Multiflow mode, the spacing of the carrier frequencies of the two cells shall be 5 MHz.

For Multiflow HSDPA requirements in subclause 9.2.5, the serving HS-DSCH cell and the assisting serving HS-DSCH cell shall have the same carrier frequency, and the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell and the assisting secondary serving HS-DSCH cell shall have the same carrier frequency.

For the requirements for UEs supporting HS-DSCH categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 or 32 and supporting NC-4C-HSDPA, the spacing of the carrier frequencies belonging to the same subblock of carriers shall be 5MHz. The spacing of the highest carrier frequency of the lowest subblock of carriers and the lowest carrier frequency of the highest subblock of carriers depends on the configuration as indicated in Table 5.0aE and on the UE capability as indicated in the Information Element 'Gap size', [7].

For single link performance with a UE supporting one of the categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 36, 37 or 38 and supporting enhanced receiver type 3i, the simplified testing method in Annex C.5.4 can be applied.

For open loop diversity performance with a UE supporting one of the categories 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 36, 37 or 38, and supporting enhanced receiver type 1, type 3 or type 3i, the simplified testing method in Annex C.5.4 can be applied.

For MIMO performance with a UE supporting one of the categories 30 or 32, and supporting enhanced receiver type 3 or type 3i, the simplified testing method in Annex C.5.4 can be applied.

For Multiflow performance with a UE supporting one of the categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 or 28, the simplified testing method in Annex C.5.4A can be applied.

All aforementioned requirements are applicable to the UE when in CELL\_DCH state. Minimum performance requirements for UE being able to receive HS-DSCH and HS-SCCH in CELL\_FACH state are given in Section 9.6.

The propagation conditions for this subclause are defined in table B.1B.

Table 9.1: FRC for minimum performance requirements for different HS-DSCH categories

| HS-DSCH category    | Corresponding requirement |                     |                       |  |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|
|                     | Single Link<br>(Note 1)   | Open Loop Diversity | Closed Loop Diversity |  |
| Category 1          | H-Set 1                   | H-Set 1             | H-Set 1               |  |
| Category 2          | H-Set 1                   | H-Set 1             | H-Set 1               |  |
| Category 3          | H-Set 2                   | H-Set 2             | H-Set 2               |  |
| Category 4          | H-Set 2                   | H-Set 2             | H-Set 2               |  |
| Category 5          | H-Set 3                   | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 6          | H-Set 3                   | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 7 (Note 1) | H-Set 6, H-Set 3          | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 8 (Note 1) | H-Set 6, H-Set 3          | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 9          | H-Set 6, H-Set 3          | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 10         | H-Set 6, H-Set 3          | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 11         | H-Set 4                   | H-Set 4             | H-Set 4               |  |
| Category 12         | H-Set 5                   | H-Set 5             | H-Set 5               |  |

Note 1: Single link minimum performance requirements for Categories 7-10 in Pedestrian A with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ =10dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are according to H-Set 3.

Note 2: For UE supporting the minimum performance requirements for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51 and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.53.

Table 9.1AA: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 1 for different HS-DSCH categories

| HS-DSCH category    | Corresponding requirement |                     |                       |  |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|
|                     | Single Link<br>(Note 1)   | Open Loop Diversity | Closed Loop Diversity |  |
| Category 1          | H-Set 1                   | H-Set 1             | H-Set 1               |  |
| Category 2          | H-Set 1                   | H-Set 1             | H-Set 1               |  |
| Category 3          | H-Set 2                   | H-Set 2             | H-Set 2               |  |
| Category 4          | H-Set 2                   | H-Set 2             | H-Set 2               |  |
| Category 5          | H-Set 3                   | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 6          | H-Set 3                   | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 7 (Note 1) | H-Set 6, H-Set 3          | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 8 (Note 1) | H-Set 6, H-Set 3          | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 9          | H-Set 6, H-Set 3          | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 10         | H-Set 6, H-Set 3          | H-Set 3             | H-Set 3               |  |

Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 1 for Categories 7 - 10 in Pedestrian A with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =10dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are according to H-Set 3.

Note 2: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 1 for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51A and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.54.

Table 9.1AB: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 2 for different HS-DSCH categories

| HS-DSCH category | Corresponding requirement              |                                 |                                |  |
|------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
|                  | Single Link (Note 1)                   | Open Loop Diversity<br>(Note 2) | Closed Loop Diversity (Note 3) |  |
| Category 7       | H-Set 6, H-Set 3                       | H-Set 3                         | H-set 6, H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 8       | H-Set 6, H-Set 3                       | H-Set 3                         | H-set 6, H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 9       | H-Set 10, H-Set 6, H-Set<br>3          | H-Set 3                         | H-set 6, H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 10      | H-Set 10, H-Set 6, H-Set<br>3          | H-Set 3                         | H-set 6, H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 13      | H-Set-10, H-Set 8, H-Set<br>6, H-Set 3 | H-Set 3                         | H-set 6, H-Set 3               |  |
| Category 14      | H-Set-10, H-Set 8, H-Set<br>6, H-Set 3 | H-Set 3                         | H-set 6, H-Set 3               |  |

Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for Categories 9, 10, 13 and 14 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 4 dB and 8 dB are set according to H-Set 10. Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for Categories 13 and 14 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 15 and 18 dB are set according to H-Set 8. Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for Categories 7, 8, 9, 10, 13 and 14 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =10dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are according to H-Set 3 minimum performance requirements.

Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 minimum performance requirements.

Note 3: Closed loop transmit diversity enhanced performance requirements type 2 for Categories 7, 8, 9, 10, 13 and 14 in Pedestrian B 3km/h with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ =10dB and  $E_c/I_{or}$ =-3dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are set according to H-Set 3 minimum performance requirements

Note 4: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 2 for HS-DSCH the minimum requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51 and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.53.

Note 5: For UE supporting the MIMO only with single-stream restriction the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22G2, 9.22G2A, 9.22H2 and 9.22H2A and for HS-SCCH type 3 in Table 9.57A2, 9.57A4 and 9.57A6.

Table 9.1AC: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 3 for different HS-DSCH categories

| HS-DSCH     |  | Corre                              | sponding requiremen                  | nt                |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| category    | Single Link<br>(Note 1)                | Open Loop<br>Diversity<br>(Note 2) | Closed Loop<br>Diversity<br>(Note 3) | MIMO<br>(Note 4)  |
| Category 7  | H-Set 6, H-Set 3                       | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 8  | H-Set 6, H-Set 3                       | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 9  | H-Set 10, H-Set 6,<br>H-Set 3          | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 10 | H-Set10, H-Set 6,<br>H-Set 3           | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 13 | H-Set 10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3 | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 14 | H-Set10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3  | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 15 | H-Set 10, H-Set 6,<br>H-Set 3          | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 9           |
| Category 16 | H-Set 10, H-Set 6,<br>H-Set 3          | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 9           |
| Category 17 | H-Set 10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3 | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 9           |
| Category 18 | H-Set 10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3 | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 9           |
| Category 19 | H-Set-10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3 | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 11, H-Set 9 |
| Category 20 | H-Set 10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3 | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 11, H-Set 9 |

Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for Categories 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 4 dB and 8 dB are set according to H-Set 10. Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for Categories 13, 14, 17, 18, 19 and 20 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 15 dB and 18 dB are set according to H-Set 8. Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for Categories 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =10dB and  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =5dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are according to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced performance requirements.

- Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 3: Closed loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 4: MIMO requirements for categories 15-20, with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6$  and 10 dB are set according to H-Set 9. MIMO requirements for categories 19-20, with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 18$  dB are set according to H-Set 11.
- Note 5: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 3 for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51A and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.54.
- Note 6: For UEs supporting MIMO for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection are determined in Tables 9.56, Table 9.57, 9.57a, 9.57b, 9.57c and 9.57d.
- Note 7: For UE supporting the MIMO only with single-stream restriction the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22G3, 9.22G4, 9.22H3 and 9.22H4 and for HS-SCCH type 3 in Table 9.57A3, 9.57A5 and 9.57A7.

Table 9.1AD: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 3i for different HS-DSCH categories

| HS-DSCH     |  | Corre                              | esponding requiremen                 | nt                |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| category    | Single Link<br>(Note 1)                | Open Loop<br>Diversity<br>(Note 2) | Closed Loop<br>Diversity<br>(Note 3) | MIMO<br>(Note 4)  |
| Category 7  | H-Set 6, H-Set 3                       | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 8  | H-Set 6, H-Set 3                       | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 9  | H-Set10, H-Set 6,<br>H-Set 3           | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 10 | H-Set10, H-Set 6,<br>H-Set 3           | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 13 | H-Set10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3  | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 14 | H-Set10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3  | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | N/A               |
| Category 15 | H-Set10, H-Set 6,<br>H-Set 3           | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 9           |
| Category 16 | H-Set10, H-Set 6,<br>H-Set 3           | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 9           |
| Category 17 | H-Set10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3  | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 9           |
| Category 18 | H-Set10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3  | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 9           |
| Category 19 | H-Set-10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3 | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 11, H-Set 9 |
| Category 20 | H-Set-10, H-Set 8,<br>H-Set 6, H-Set 3 | H-Set 3                            | H-Set 3                              | H-Set 11, H-Set 9 |

- Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3i for Categories 7-20 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ' = 0dB are set according to H-Set 6. Requirements in other conditions are according to type 3 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 3: Closed loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 4: MIMO requirements for categories 15-20, with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6$  and 10 dB are set according to H-Set 9. MIMO requirements for categories 19-20, with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 18$  dB are set according to H-Set 11.
- Note 5: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 3i for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51A and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.54.
- Note 6: For UE supporting MIMO for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection are determined in Tables 9.56, Table 9.57, 9.57a, 9.57b, 9.57c and 9.57d.
- Note 7: For UE supporting the MIMO only with single-stream restriction the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22G3, 9.22G4, 9.22H3 and 9.22H4 and for HS-SCCH type 3 in Table 9.57A3, 9.57A5 and 9.57A7.

Table 9.1AE: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 2 for different DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA categories

| HS-DSCH category | Corresponding requirement                   |                                 |                       |  |  |
|------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
|                  | Single Link (Note 1)                        | Open Loop Diversity<br>(Note 2) | Closed Loop Diversity |  |  |
| Category 21      | H-Set-10A, H-Set 6A, H-<br>Set 3A           | H-Set 3A                        | N/A                   |  |  |
| Category 22      | H-Set-10A, H-Set 6A, H-<br>Set 3A           | H-Set 3A                        | N/A                   |  |  |
| Category 23      | H-Set-10A, H-Set 8A, H-<br>Set 6A, H-Set 3A | H-Set 3A                        | N/A                   |  |  |
| Category 24      | H-Set-10A, H-Set 8A, H-<br>Set 6A, H-Set 3A | H-Set 3A                        | N/A                   |  |  |

Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for categories 21, 22, 23 and 24 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 4 dB and 8 dB are set according to H-Set 10A.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for categories 23 and 24 with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 15 and 18 dB are set according to H-Set 8A.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for categories 21, 22, 23 and 24 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =10dB are set according to H-Set 6A.

Single link requirements for categories 21, 22, 23 and 24 in other conditions are according to H-Set 3A minimum performance requirements.

- Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3A minimum performance requirements.
- Note 3: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 2 for HS-DSCH the minimum requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51 and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.53.
- Note 4: For UE supporting the MIMO only with single-stream restriction the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22G2, 9.22G2A, 9.22H2 and 9.22H2A and for HS-SCCH type 3 in Table 9.57A2, 9.57A4 and 9.57A6.

Table 9.1AF: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 3 for different DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA categories

| HS-DSCH     |  | Corre                              | esponding requiremen     | nt                  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| category    | Single Link<br>(Note 1)                        | Open Loop<br>Diversity<br>(Note 2) | Closed Loop<br>Diversity | MIMO                |
| Category 21 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>6A, H-Set 3A               | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | N/A                 |
| Category 22 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>6A, H-Set 3A               | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | N/A                 |
| Category 23 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>8A, H-Set 6A, H-<br>Set 3A | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | N/A                 |
| Category 24 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>8A, H-Set 6A, H-<br>Set 3A | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | N/A                 |
| Category 25 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>6A, H-Set 3A               | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | H-Set 9A            |
| Category 26 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>6A, H-Set 3A               | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | H-Set 9A            |
| Category 27 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>8A, H-Set 6A, H-<br>Set 3A | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | H-Set 11A, H-Set 9A |
| Category 28 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>8A, H-Set 6A, H-<br>Set 3A | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | H-Set 11A, H-Set 9A |

Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 4 dB and 8 dB are set according to H-Set 10A.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 23, 24, 27 and 28 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 15 dB and 18 dB are set according to H-Set 8A.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =10dB and  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =5dB are set according to H-Set 6A.

Single link minimum requirements for categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28 in other conditions are according to H-Set 3A type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

- Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3A type 1 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 3: MIMO requirements for categories 25-26, with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6$  and 10 dB are set according to H-Set 9A. MIMO requirements for categories 27-28, with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 18$  dB are set according to H-Set 11A.
- Note 4: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 3 for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51A and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.54.
- Note 5: For UE supporting MIMO for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection are determined in Tables 9.56, Table 9.57, 9.57a, 9.57b, 9.57c and 9.57d.
- Note 6: For UE supporting the MIMO only with single-stream restriction the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22G3, 9.22G4, 9.22H3 and 9.22H1 and for HS-SCCH type 3 in Table 9.57A3, 9.57A5, and 9.57A7.
- Note 7: For UE supporting MIMO mode with four transmit antennas only with dual-stream restriction capability the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22K2, 9.22K4 and for HS-SCCH type 4 in Table 9.57B5, 9.57B6.

Table 9.1AG: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 3i for different DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA categories

| HS-DSCH     |  | Corre                              | sponding requireme       | nt                  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| category    | Single Link<br>(Note 1)                        | Open Loop<br>Diversity<br>(Note 2) | Closed Loop<br>Diversity | MIMO                |
| Category 21 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>6A, H-Set 3A               | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | N/A                 |
| Category 22 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>6A, H-Set 3A               | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | N/A                 |
| Category 23 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>8A, H-Set 6A, H-<br>Set 3A | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | N/A                 |
| Category 24 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>8A, H-Set 6A, H-<br>Set 3A | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | N/A                 |
| Category 25 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>6A, H-Set 3A               | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | H-Set 9A            |
| Category 26 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>6A, H-Set 3A               | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | H-Set 9A            |
| Category 27 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>8A, H-Set 6A, H-<br>Set 3A | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | H-Set 11A, H-Set 9A |
| Category 28 | H-Set-10A, H-Set<br>8A, H-Set 6A, H-<br>Set 3A | H-Set 3A                           | N/A                      | H-Set 11A, H-Set 9A |

- Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3i for Categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ ' = 0dB are set according to H-Set 6A. Requirements in other conditions are according to type 3 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 3: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 3i for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51A and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.54
- Note 4: For UE supporting the MIMO only with single-stream restriction the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22G3, 9.22G4, 9.22H3 and 9.22H4 and for HS-SCCH type 3 in Table 9.57A3, 9.57A5, 9.57A7.
- Note 5: For UE supporting MIMO for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection are determined in Tables 9.56, 9.57, 9.57a, 9.57b, 9.57c and 9.57d.
- Note 6: For UE supporting MIMO mode with four transmit antennas only with dual-stream restriction capability the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22K2, 9.22K4 and for HS-SCCH type 4 in Table 9.57B5, 9.57B6.

Table 9.1AH: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 2 for different 4C-HSDPA categories

| HS-DSCH category | Corresponding requirement                   |                                 |                       |  |  |
|------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
|                  | Single Link (Note 1)                        | Open Loop Diversity<br>(Note 2) | Closed Loop Diversity |  |  |
| Category 29      | H-Set-10B, H-Set 8B, H-<br>Set 6B, H-Set 3B | H-Set 3B                        | N/A                   |  |  |
| Category 31      | H-Set-10C, H-Set 8C, H-<br>Set 6C, H-Set 3C | H-Set 3C                        | N/A                   |  |  |

Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for categories 29 and 31 with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 4 dB and 8 dB are set according to H-Set 10B and H-Set 10C respectively.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for categories 29 and 31 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 15 and 18 dB are set according to H-Set 8B and H-Set 8C respectively.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 2 for categories 29 and 31 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =10dB are set according to H-Set 6B and H-Set 6C respectively.

Single link requirements for categories 29 and 31 in other conditions are according to H-Set 3B minimum performance requirements and H-Set 3C minimum performance requirements respectively.

Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3B minimum performance requirements and H-Set 3C minimum performance requirements.

Note 3: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 2 for HS-DSCH the minimum requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51 and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.53.

Note 4: For UE supporting the MIMO only with single-stream restriction the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22G2, 9.22G2A, 9.22H2 and 9.22H2A and for HS-SCCH type 3 in Table 9.57A2, 9.57A4 and 9.57A6.

Table 9.1AI: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 3 for different 4C-HSDPA categories

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| HS-DSCH     | Corresponding requirement                      |                                    |                          |                     |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| category    | Single Link<br>(Note 1)                        | Open Loop<br>Diversity<br>(Note 2) | Closed Loop<br>Diversity | MIMO                |  |  |
| Category 29 | H-Set 10B, H-Set<br>6B, H-Set 8B, H-<br>Set 3B | H-Set 3B                           | N/A                      | N/B                 |  |  |
| Category 30 | H-Set-10B, H-Set<br>6B, H-Set 8B, H-<br>Set 3B | H-Set 3B                           | N/A                      | H-Set 11B, H-Set 9B |  |  |
| Category 31 | H-Set 10C, H-Set<br>8C, H-Set 6C, H-<br>Set 3C | H-Set 3C                           | N/A                      | N/A                 |  |  |
| Category 32 | H-Set 10C, H-Set<br>8C, H-Set 6C, H-<br>Set 3C | H-Set 3C                           | N/A                      | H-Set 11C, H-Set 9C |  |  |

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 29, 30 with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 4 dB and 8 Note 1: dB are set according to H-Set 10B.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 31, 32 with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 4 dB and 8 dB are set according to H-Set 10C.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 29, 30 with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 15 dB and 18 dB are set according to H-Set 8B.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 31, 32 with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 15 dB and 18 dB are set according to H-Set 8C.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 29, 30 with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  =10dB and  $\tilde{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =5dB are set according to H-Set 6B.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 31, 32 with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  =10dB and  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =5dB are set according to H-Set 6C.

Single link minimum requirements for categories 29, 30 in other conditions are according to H-Set 3B type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

Single link minimum requirements for categories 31, 32 in other conditions are according to H-Set 3C type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

- Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3B type 1 enhanced performance requirements and H-Set 3C type 1 enhanced performance requirements.
- MIMO requirements for categories 30 and 32, with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 6 and 10 dB are set according to H-Set Note 3: 9B and H-Set 9C respectively. MIMO requirements for categories 30 and 32, with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 18 dB are set according to H-Set 11B and H-set 11C respectively.
- Note 4: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 3 for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51A and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.54.
- Note 5: For UE supporting MIMO for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection are determined in Tables 9.56, Table 9.57, 9.57a, 9.57b, 9.57c and 9.57d,
- For UE supporting the MIMO only with single-stream restriction the additional minimum requirements Note 6: for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22G3, 9.22G4, 9.22H3 and 9.22H4 and for HS-SCCH type 3 in Table 9.57A3, 9.57A5 and 9.57A7.
- Note 7: For UE supporting MIMO mode with four transmit antennas only with dual-stream restriction capability the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22K2, 9.22K4 and for HS-SCCH type 4 in Table 9.57B5, 9.57B6.

Table 9.1AJ: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 3i for different 4C-HSDPA categories

| HS-DSCH     |  | Corre                              | sponding requireme       | ent                 |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| category    | Single Link<br>(Note 1)                        | Open Loop<br>Diversity<br>(Note 2) | Closed Loop<br>Diversity | MIMO                |
| Category 29 | H-Set-10B, H-Set<br>6B, H-Set 8B, H-<br>Set 3B | H-Set 3B                           | N/A                      | N/B                 |
| Category 30 | H-Set-10B, H-Set<br>6B, H-Set 8B, H-<br>Set 3B | H-Set 3B                           | N/A                      | H-Set 11B, H-Set 9B |
| Category 31 | H-Set 10C, H-Set<br>8C, H-Set 6C, H-<br>Set 3C | H-Set 3C                           | N/A                      | N/A                 |
| Category 32 | H-Set 10C, H-Set<br>8C, H-Set 6C, H-<br>Set 3C | H-Set 3C                           | N/A                      | H-Set 11C, H-Set 9C |

- Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3i for Categories 29, 30 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  '= 0dB are set according to H-Set 6B. Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3i for Categories 31, 32 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  '= 0dB are set according to H-Set 6C. Requirements in other conditions are according to type 3 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 3: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 3i for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51A and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.54
- Note 4: For UE supporting the MIMO only with single-stream restriction the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22G3, 9.22G4, 9.22H3 and 9.22H4 and for HS-SCCH type 3 in Table 9.57A3, 9.57A5 and 9.57A7.
- Note 5: For UE supporting MIMO for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection are determined in Tables 9.56, Table 9.57, 9.57a, 9.57b, 9.57c and 9.57d.
- Note 6: For UE supporting MIMO mode with four transmit antennas only with dual-stream restriction capability the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22K2, 9.22K4 and for HS-SCCH type 4 in Table 9.57B5, 9.57B6.

Table 9.1AK: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 2 for the 8C-HSDPA category

| HS-DS   | SCH category                       | Corresponding requirement   |  |  |  |  |
|---------|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
|         |                                    | Single Link (Note 1)  | ink (Note 1) Open Loop Diversity Closed Lo. (Note 2) |  |  |  |
| Ca      | ategory 35                         | H-Set-10E, H-Set 8E, H-<br>Set 6E, H-Set 3E   | H-Set 3E   | N/A  |  |  |
| Note 1: | Single link enha                   | anced performance requireme<br>o H-Set 10E.   | nts type 2 for category 35 with                      | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 4 dB and 8 dB are  |  |  |
|         | Single link enha                   | anced performance requireme<br>o H-Set 8E.  | nts type 2 for category 35 with                      | n $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 15 and 18 dB are |  |  |
|         | Single link enha                   | anced performance requirements  | nts type 2 for category 35 with                      | $n^{\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}}$ =10dB are set    |  |  |
|         | Single link requ<br>performance re | irements for category 35 in othequirements.   | ner conditions are according to                      | o H-Set 3E minimum                         |  |  |
| Note 2: | Open loop trans<br>requirements.   | smit diversity requirements are   | e set according to H-Set 3E m                        | inimum performance                         |  |  |
| Note 3: | requirements for                   | ting the enhanced performance<br>or HS-SCCH Type 1 detection<br>oversity in Table 9.53. |  |  |  |  |
| Note 4: | for HS-DSCH a                      | ting the MIMO only with single<br>are given in Table 9.22G2, 9.22<br>9.57A4 and 9.57A6. |  |  |  |  |

Table 9.1AL: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 3 for different 8C-HSDPA categories

| HS-DSCH     | Corresponding requirement                      |                                    |                          |                     |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--|
| category    | Single Link<br>(Note 1)                        | Open Loop<br>Diversity<br>(Note 2) | Closed Loop<br>Diversity | МІМО                |  |
| Category 35 | H-Set 10E, H-Set<br>6E, H-Set 8E, H-<br>Set 3E | H-Set 3E                           | N/A                      | N/B                 |  |
| Category 36 | H-Set-10E, H-Set<br>6E, H-Set 8E, H-<br>Set 3E | H-Set 3E                           | N/A                      | H-Set 11E, H-Set 9E |  |

Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 35, 36 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 4 dB and 8 dB are set according to H-Set 10E.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 35, 36 with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 15 dB and 18 dB are set according to H-Set 8E.

Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3 for categories 35, 36 with  $I_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 10 dB and  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  =5dB are set according to H-Set 6E.

Single link minimum requirements for categories 35, 36 in other conditions are according to H-Set 3E type 1 enhanced performance requirements.

- Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3E type 1 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 3: MIMO requirements for category 36, with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} = 6$  and 10 dB are set according to H-Set 9E. MIMO
- requirements for category 36, with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 18 dB are set according to H-Set 11E. Note 4: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 3 for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51A and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.54.
- Note 5: For UE supporting MIMO for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection are determined in Tables 9.56, Table 9.57, 9.57a, 9.57b, 9.57c and 9.57d.
- Note 6: For UE supporting the MIMO only with single-stream restriction the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22G3, 9.22G4, 9.22H3 and 9.22H4 and for HS-SCCH type 3 in Table 9.57A3, 9.57A5 and 9.57A7.
- Note 7: For UE supporting MIMO mode with four transmit antennas only with dual-stream restriction capability the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22K2, 9.22K4 and for HS-SCCH type 4 in Table 9.57B5, 9.57B6.

Table 9.1AM: FRC for enhanced performance requirements type 3i for different 8C-HSDPA categories

| HS-DSCH     |  | Corresponding requirement          |                          |                     |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| category    | Single Link<br>(Note 1)                        | Open Loop<br>Diversity<br>(Note 2) | Closed Loop<br>Diversity | MIMO                |  |  |  |
| Category 35 | H-Set-10E, H-Set<br>6E, H-Set 8E, H-<br>Set 3E | H-Set 3E                           | N/A                      | N/B                 |  |  |  |
| Category 36 | H-Set-10E, H-Set<br>6E, H-Set 8E, H-<br>Set 3E | H-Set 3E                           | N/A                      | H-Set 11E, H-Set 9E |  |  |  |

- Note 1: Single link enhanced performance requirements type 3i for Categories 35, 36 with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  '= 0dB are set according to H-Set 6E. Requirements in other conditions are according to type 3 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 2: Open loop transmit diversity requirements are set according to H-Set 3 type1 enhanced performance requirements.
- Note 3: For UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type 3i for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 1 detection for single link are determined in Table 9.51A and for open loop transmit diversity in Table 9.54
- Note 4: For UE supporting the MIMO only with single-stream restriction the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22G3, 9.22G4, 9.22H3 and 9.22H4 and for HS-SCCH type 3 in Table 9.57A3, 9.57A5 and 9.57A7.
- Note 5: For UE supporting MIMO for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection are determined in Tables 9.56, Table 9.57, 9.57a, 9.57b, 9.57c and 9.57d.
- Note 6: For UE supporting MIMO mode with four transmit antennas only with dual-stream restriction capability the additional minimum requirements for HS-DSCH are given in Table 9.22K2, 9.22K4 and for HS-SCCH type 4 in Table 9.57B5, 9.57B6.

Table 9.1AN: Applicability of the requirements for UE supporting NC-4C-HSDPA

|   |                            |   | Applicable requirements                                      |  |   |  |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|
| HS-DSCH<br>categories<br>supported by<br>the UE | NC-4C-HSDPA configurations | Applicable category for performance requirement | FRC for<br>enhanced<br>performance<br>requirements<br>type 2 | FRC for<br>enhanced<br>performance<br>requirements<br>type 3 | FRC for<br>enhanced<br>performance<br>requirements<br>type 3i |  |
| 21, 22, 23, 24,                                 |                            | 21, 22, 23, 24,                                 | Table 9.1AE  | Table 9.1AF  | Table 9.1AG   |  |
| 25, 26, 27, 28<br>(Note 1)                      | I-1-5-1. IV-1-5-1          | 25, 26, 27, 28                                  | NA   | Table 9.1AF  | Table 9.1AG   |  |
| 29, 31  |                            | 24  | Table 9.1AE  | Table 9.1AF  | Table 9.1AG   |  |
| 30, 32 (Note 1)                                 | ]                          | 28  | Table 9.1AE  | Table 9.1AF  | Table 9.1AG   |  |
| 29, 31  | I-2-5-1, IV-2-10-1,        | 29  | Table 9.1AH  | Table 9.1Al  | Table 9.1AJ   |  |
| 30, 32 (Note 1)                                 | IV-2-20-1                  | 30  | NA   | Table 9.1Al  | Table 9.1AJ   |  |
| 31  | IV-2-15-2, IV-2-25-        | 31  | Table 9.1AH  | Table 9.1Al  | Table 9.1AJ   |  |
| 32 (Note 1)                                     | 2, I-3-10-1                | 32  | NA   | Table 9.1Al  | Table 9.1AJ   |  |

Note 1: MIMO requirements are applicable for UE supporting NC-4C-HSDPA if UE has signalled support for this combination via IE "Non-contiguous multi-cell with MIMO' in 25.331 [7].

Table 9.1AO: FRC for UEs supporting MIMO mode with four transmit antennas for DC-HSDPA/DB-DC-HSDPA and 4C-HSDPA categories

| HS-DSCH     |                             | sponding requirem           | ent                      |                                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| category    | Single Link                 | Open Loop<br>Diversity      | Closed Loop<br>Diversity | MIMO mode with four transmit antennas |
| Category 37 | Table 9.1AF, Table 9.1AG    | Table 9.1AF,<br>Table 9.1AG | N/A                      | H-Set 13A, H-Set 14A                  |
| Category 38 | Table 9.1AI, Table<br>9.1AJ | Table 9.1AI,<br>Table 9.1AJ | N/A                      | H-Set 13C, H-Set 14C                  |

Note 1: For UE supporting MIMO mode with four transmit antennas for HS-DSCH the requirements for HS-SCCH Type 4 detection are determined in Tables 9.57B2, 9.57B3.

During the Fixed Reference Channel tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.1A:

Table 9.1A: Node-B Emulator Behaviour in response to ACK/NACK/DTX

| HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK<br>Field State | Node-B Emulator Behaviour                   |
|----------------------------------|---|
|                                  | et et                                       |
| ACK                              | ACK: new transmission using 1 <sup>st</sup> |
|                                  | redundancy and constellation version (RV)   |
| NACK                             | NACK: retransmission using the next RV (up  |
|                                  | to the maximum permitted number or RV"s)    |
| DTX                              | DTX: retransmission using the RV            |
|                                  | previously transmitted to the same H-ARQ    |
|                                  | process                                     |

NOTE: Performance requirements in this section assume a sufficient power allocation to HS-SCCH\_1 so that probability of reporting DTX is very low.

# 9.2.1 Single Link performance

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R

# 9.2.1.1 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3E (QPSK version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.2 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.3. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.3A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.2: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3/H-Set 3A/H-Set 3B/H-Set 3C/3E

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1 | Test 2 | Test 3 | Test 4 |
|--|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Phase reference                                      |              |        | P-CF   | PICH   |        |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60    |        |        |        |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence |              |        | {0,2   | ,5,6}  |        |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmission               |              |        | 4      | 1      |        |

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.3: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E

| Test   | Propagation |  | Reference value                                 |  |  |  |
|--------|-------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$ | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |  |
|        | DAG         | -6   | 65  | 309  |  |  |
| 1      | PA3         | -3   | N/A   | 423  |  |  |
| 2      | PB3         | -6   | 23  | 181  |  |  |
|        | FD3         | -3   | 138   | 287  |  |  |
| 3      | VA30        | -6   | 22  | 190  |  |  |
| 3      | VASU        | -3   | 142   | 295  |  |  |
| 4      | \/\120      | -6   | 13  | 181  |  |  |
| 4      | VA120       | -3   | 140   | 275  |  |  |

- 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1. \* Notes:
  - 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer).
  - 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).
  - 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 6).
  - 5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 9).
  - 6) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 12).
  - 7) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 24).

Table 9.3A: Enhanced requirement type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E

| Test   | Propagation |                            | Reference value                                 |  |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
|        |             |                            |   |  |
|        |             | -12                        | N/A   | 247  |
| 1      | PA3         | -9                         | N/A   | 379  |
| 1      | FAS         | -6                         | 195   | N/A  |
|        |             | -3                         | 329   | N/A  |
|        |             | -9                         | N/A   | 195  |
| 2      | PB3         | -6                         | 156   | 316  |
|        |             | -3                         | 263   | N/A  |
|        |             | -9                         | N/A   | 212  |
| 3      | VA30        | -6                         | 171   | 329  |
|        |             | -3                         | 273   | N/A  |
| •      |             | -9                         | N/A   | 191  |
| 4      | VA120       | -6                         | 168   | 293  |
|        |             | -3                         | 263   | N/A  |

- \* Notes:
- 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1.
  - 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer).
  - 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).
  - 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 6).
  - 5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 9).
  - 6) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 12).
  - 7) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 24).

#### 9.2.1.2 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels Hset 1/2/3 (16QAM version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.4 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.5. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.5A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.4: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

| Pa       | rameter                                    | Unit                                       | Test 1    | Test 2 | Test 3 | Test 4 |
|----------|--|--|-----------|--------|--------|--------|
| Phase    | e reference                                |  | P-CPICH   |        |        |        |
|          | $I_{oc}$                                   | dBm/3.84 MHz                               | -60       |        |        |        |
| constell | ndancy and<br>lation version<br>g sequence |  | {6,2,1,5} |        |        |        |
|          | ım number of transmission                  |  | 4         |        |        |        |
| Note:    |  | -1 and HS-PDSCH st<br>r. HS-SCCH-1 shall o |           |        | ,      |        |

those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.5: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

| Test   | Propagation |  | Reference value                                  |
|--------|-------------|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$ | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
| 1      | PA3         | -6   | 198  |
| Į.     | FAS         | -3   | 368  |
| 2      | PB3         | -6   | 34   |
|        | FDS         | -3   | 219  |
| 3      | VA30        | -6   | 47   |
| 3      | VA30        | -3   | 214  |
| 4      | VA120       | -6   | 28   |
| 4      | VA120       | -3   | 167  |

1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1. \* Notes: 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer). 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).

Table 9.5A: Enhanced requirement type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

| Test   | Propagation |                   | Reference value                   |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | T-put R (kbps)*                   |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
| 4      | PA3         | -9                | 312                               |
| l      | PAS         | -6                | 487                               |
| 2      | DD2         | -6                | 275                               |
| 2      | PB3         | -3                | 408                               |
| 3      | VA30        | -6                | 296                               |
| 3      | VASU        | -3                | 430                               |
| 4      | VA120       | -6                | 271                               |
| 4      | VAIZU       | -3                | 392                               |

1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1. 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer). 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).

#### 9.2.1.3 Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels Hset 4/5 specified in Annex A.7.1.4 and A.7.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.6 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.7 for H-Set 4 and table 9.8 for H-Set 5.

Table 9.6: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1 | Test 2 | Test 3 | Test 4 |
|--|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Phase reference                                      |              |        | P-CI   | PICH   |        |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60    |        |        |        |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence |              |        | {0,2   | ,5,6}  |        |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmission                  |              | 4      |        |        |        |

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.7: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

| Test   | Propagation |  | Reference value                               |  |  |  |  |
|--------|-------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$ | T-put $R$ (kbps) $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | T-put $R$ (kbps) $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |  |  |
| 1      | PA3         | -6   | 72  | 340  |  |  |  |
| ļ      | PAS         | -3   | N/A   | 439  |  |  |  |
| 2      | DDO         | -6   | 24  | 186  |  |  |  |
| 2      | PB3         | -3   | 142   | 299  |  |  |  |
| 3      | VA30        | -6   | 19  | 183  |  |  |  |
| 3 VA30 |             | -3   | 148   | 306  |  |  |  |
| 1      | \/\120      | -6   | 11  | 170  |  |  |  |
| 4      | VA120       | -3   | 144   | 284  |  |  |  |

Table 9.8: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

| Test   | Propagation |                   | Reference value              |                               |  |  |  |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | T-put $R$ (kbps)             | T-put R (kbps)                |  |  |  |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |  |  |
| 4      | PA3         | -6                | 98                           | 464                           |  |  |  |
| 1      |             | -3                | N/A                          | 635                           |  |  |  |
| 2      | PB3         | -6                | 35                           | 272                           |  |  |  |
|        |             | -3                | 207                          | 431                           |  |  |  |
| 3      | 1/420       | -6                | 33                           | 285                           |  |  |  |
| 3      | VA30        | -3                | 213                          | 443                           |  |  |  |
| 4      | VA120       | -6                | 20                           | 272                           |  |  |  |
| 4      | VA120       | -3                | 210                          | 413                           |  |  |  |

## 9.2.1.4 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E specified in Annex A.7.1.6 with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.8A and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.8B. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 as specified in Table 9.8B1 are based on receiver diversity. Enhanced performance requirements type 2 as specified in Table 9.8B2 are based on chip level equaliser. Enhanced performance requirements type 3 as specified in Table 9.8B3 and in Table 9.8B4 are based on receiver diversity and chip level equaliser. Enhanced performance requirements type 3i as specified in Table 9.8B5 are based on receiver diversity and interference-aware chip level equaliser.

Table 9.8A: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

| Parameter  | Unit               | Test 1       | Test 2      | Test 3        | Test 4     |
|--|--------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| Phase reference                                      |                    | P-CPICH      |             |               |            |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz       | -60          |             |               |            |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence |                    |              | {0,2        | ,5,6}         |            |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmission               |                    | 4            |             |               |            |
| Note: The HS-SCCH                                    | -1 and HS-PDSCH sh | all be trans | mitted cont | inuously witl | h constant |

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.8B: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

| Test   | Propagation |                   | Reference value                   |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | T-put R (kbps)                    |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
| 1      | PA3         | -6                | 1407                              |
| l      | FAS         | -3                | 2090                              |

Table 9.8B1: Enhanced requirements type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

| Test   | Propagation |                   | Reference value               |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | T-put R (kbps)                |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
| 4      | PA3         | -12               | 672                           |
| ı      |             | -9                | 1305                          |

Table 9.8B2: Enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

| Test<br>Number | Propagation | Re                         | eference value                                   |
|----------------|-------------|----------------------------|--|
|                | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
| 1 F            | D.4.0       | -6                         | 1494   |
|                | PA3         | -3                         | 2153   |
| 2              | PB3         | -6                         | 1038   |
| 2              |             | -3                         | 1744   |
| 3              | VA30 -      | -6                         | 1142   |
|                |             | -3                         | 1782   |
| 4              | V/A120      | -6                         | 909  |
|                | VA120       | -3                         | 1467   |

\* Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6.

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2).

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).

<sup>4)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4).

<sup>5)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 8).

Table 9.8B3: Enhanced requirement type 3 QPSK at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 10 dB, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

| Test   | Propagation |   |  |
|--------|-------------|---|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{c} {\sf HS\text{-}PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ ({\sf dB}) \end{array}$ | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
| 4      | DAG         | -9  | 1554   |
| 1      | PA3         | -6  | 2495   |
| 2      | 2 PB3       | -9  | 1190   |
| 2      |             | -6  | 2098   |
| 2      | 3 VA30      | -9  | 1229   |
| 3      |             | -6  | 2013   |
| 4      | VA120       | -9  | 1060   |
| 4      | VAIZU       | -6  | 1674   |

<sup>\*</sup> Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6.

- 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2).
- 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).
- 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4).
- 5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 8).

**Test** 

**Propagation** 

Table 9.8B4: Enhanced requirement type 3 QPSK at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 5 dB, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

| Test                  | Propagation                           | Reference value   |                              |  |  |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Number                | Conditions                            | HS-PDSCH          | T-put R (kbps) *             |  |  |
|                       |                                       | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 5 dB |  |  |
| 5                     | PB3                                   | -6                | 1248                         |  |  |
| 5                     | PB3                                   | -3                | 2044                         |  |  |
| 2<br>3<br>3<br>4<br>5 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                   |                              |  |  |

Table 9.8B5: Enhanced requirement type 3i QPSK at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ '= 0 dB, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

Reference value

| Number                              | Conditions   |  | T-put $R$ (kbps) *                             |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                                     |  |  | $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ ' = 0 dB             |  |  |
|                                     |  | $egin{aligned} 	extsf{HS-PDSCH} \ E_c/I_{or} \end{aligned}$ (dB) | DIP1 = -2.75 dB<br>DIP2 = -7.64 dB<br>(Note 1) |  |  |
| 1                                   | PB3  | -6   | 691  |  |  |
| !                                   | FBS  | -3   | 1359   |  |  |
| 2                                   | VA30   | -6   | 661  |  |  |
|                                     | VASU   | -3   | 1327   |  |  |
|                                     | *Notes: 1) $I_{oc}/I_{oc}$ is computed based on the relations shown in C.5.3. (Information only $I_{oc}/I_{oc}$ = -5.27 dB). |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | 2) The reference   | value R is for the Fixed   | Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6.               |  |  |
|                                     | 3) For Fixed Refe  | erence Channel (FRC) H   | -Set 6A the reference values for R             |  |  |
|                                     | should be scaled   | I (multiplied by 2).   |  |  |  |
|                                     | 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6B the reference values for R   |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | should be scaled (multiplied by 3).  |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | 5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6C the reference values for R   |  |  |  |  |
| should be scaled (multiplied by 4). |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | <ol><li>For Fixed Refe</li></ol>   | erence Channel (FRC) H   | -Set 6E the reference values for R             |  |  |
| should be scaled (multiplied by 8)  |  |  |  |  |  |

# 9.2.1.5 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H Set-6/6A/6B/6C/6E specified in Annex A.7.1.6 with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.8C and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.8D. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 as specified in Table 9.8D1 are based on receiver diversity. Enhanced performance requirements type 2 as specified in Table 9.8D2 are based on chip level equaliser. Enhanced performance requirements type 3 as specified in Table 9.8D3 and in Table 9.8D4 are based on receiver diversity and chip level equaliser.

Table 9.8C: Test Parameters for Testing 16-QAM FRCs H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1 | Test 2 | Test 3    | Test 4 | Test 5 |
|--|--------------|--------|--------|-----------|--------|--------|
| Phase reference                                      |              |        |        | P-CPICH   |        |        |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz |        |        | -60       |        |        |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence |              |        |        | {6,2,1,5} |        |        |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmission               |              |        |        | 4         |        |        |

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.8D: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

| Test   | Propagation |                   | Reference value                   |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | T-put R (kbps)                    |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
| 1      | PA3         | -6                | 887                               |
| l      | FAS         | -3                | 1664                              |

Table 9.8D1: Enhanced requirements type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value   |                               |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | T-put R (kbps)                |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
| 1      | PA3         | -9                | 912                           |
| ı      | FAS         | -6                | 1730                          |

Table 9.8D2: Enhanced requirement type 2 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value   |                               |  |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | T-put R (kbps) *              |  |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |
| 1      | PA3         | -6                | 991                           |  |
| ı      |             | -3                | 1808                          |  |
| 2      | PB3         | -6                | 465                           |  |
|        |             | -3                | 1370                          |  |
| 3      | VA30        | -6                | 587                           |  |
| 3      |             | -3                | 1488                          |  |
| 4      | VA120       | -6                | 386                           |  |
|        |             | -3                | 1291                          |  |

 $^{\star}$  Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

- 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3)
- 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4)
- 5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 8)

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2)

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Table 9.8D3: Enhanced requirement type 3 16QAM at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 10 dB, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

| Test<br>Number | Propagation | ppagation Reference value  |  |
|----------------|-------------|----------------------------|--|
|                | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
| 1              | DAG         | -6                         | 1979   |
|                | PA3         | -3                         | 3032   |
|                | DDO         | -6                         | 1619   |
| 2              | PB3         | -3                         | 2464   |
| 3              | 1/420       | -6                         | 1710   |
|                | VA30        | -3                         | 2490   |
| 4              | \/\120      | -6                         | 1437   |
|                | VA120       | -3                         | 2148   |

\* Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

- 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2)
- 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3)
- 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4)
- 5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 8)

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Table 9.8D4: Enhanced requirement type 3 16QAM at  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  = 5 dB, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

| rest   | Propagation   |   | Reference value   |
|--------|---|---|---|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH  | T-put $R$ (kbps) *  |
|        |   | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)   | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 5 dB  |
| 5      | PB3   | -6  | 779   |
| 3      | FB3   | -3  | 1688  |
|        | 2) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 3) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 4) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled | erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 2)<br>erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 3)<br>erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 4)<br>erence Channel (FRC) H | Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6 -Set 6A the reference values for R -Set 6B the reference values for R -Set 6C the reference values for R -Set 6E the reference values for R |

## 9.2.1.6 Requirement 64QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 8/8A/8B/8C/8E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H Set-8/8A/8B/8C/8E specified in Annex A.7.1.7 with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.8E and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.8F2 and 9.8F3. Enhanced performance requirements type 2 as specified in Table 9.8F2 are based on chip level equaliser. Enhanced performance requirements type 3 as specified in Table 9.8F3 are based on receiver diversity and chip level equaliser.

Table 9.8F1: Test Parameters for Testing 64QAM FRCs H-Set 8/8A/8B/8C/8E

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1    |
|--|--------------|-----------|
| Phase reference  |              | P-CPICH   |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60       |
| $I_{otx}/I_{or}$   | dB           | -24.4     |
| Redundancy and<br>constellation version<br>coding sequence |              | {6,2,1,5} |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmission                        |              | 4         |

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.8F2: Enhanced requirement type 2 64QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 8/8A/8B/8C/8E

| Test   | Propagation   | Reference value  |  |  |
|--------|---|--|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | T-put R (kbps) * HS-PDSCH  |  |  |
|        |   | $\hat{I}_{or}^{}/I_{oc}^{}$ (dB)   | $E_c/I_{or}$ = -2 dB   |  |
| 1      | PA3   | 15   | 4507   |  |
| '      | FAS   | 18   | 5736   |  |
|        | 2) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 3) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 4) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 5) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled | erence Channel (FRC) If<br>(multiplied by 2).<br>erence Channel (FRC) If<br>(multiplied by 3).<br>erence Channel (FRC) If<br>(multiplied by 4).<br>erence Channel (FRC) If<br>(multiplied by 8). | Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 8. H-Set 8A the reference values for R H-Set 8B the reference values for R H-Set 8C the reference values for R H-Set 8E the reference values for R H-Set 8E the reference values for R ution from $I_{arr}$ is not included. |  |

Table 9.8F3: Enhanced requirement type 3 64QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 8/8A/8B/8C/8E

| Test   | Propagation   | Reference value  |  |  |
|--------|---|--|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | T-put R (kbps) *<br>HS-PDSCH   |  |  |
|        |   | $\hat{I}_{or}^{}/I_{oc}^{}$ (dB)   | $E_c/I_{or}$ = -2 dB   |  |
| 1      | PA3   | 15   | 6412   |  |
| '      | FAS   | 18   | 7638   |  |
|        | 2) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 3) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 4) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 5) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled | erence Channel (FRC) If<br>(multiplied by 2).<br>erence Channel (FRC) If<br>(multiplied by 3).<br>erence Channel (FRC) If<br>(multiplied by 4).<br>erence Channel (FRC) If<br>(multiplied by 8). | Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 8. H-Set 8A the reference values for R H-Set 8B the reference values for R H-Set 8C the reference values for R H-Set 8E the reference values for R H-Set 8E the reference values for R ution from $I_{otx}$ is not included. |  |

# 9.2.1.7 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 10/10A/10B/10C/10E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H Set-10/10A/10B/10C/10E specified in Annex A.7.1.10 with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.8G and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum performance requirements as specified in table 9.8H and table 9.8H1. Enhanced performance requirements type 2 as specified in Table 9.8H are based on chip level equaliser. Enhanced performance requirements type 3 as specified in Table 9.8H1 are based on receiver diversity and chip level equaliser.

Table 9.8G: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 10/10A/10B/10C/10E

| Parameter   | Unit         | Test 1      |  |
|---|--------------|-------------|--|
| Phase reference   |              | P-CPICH     |  |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60         |  |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence  |              | {0,2, 5, 6} |  |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmission   | Δ            |             |  |
| Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE. |              |             |  |

Table 9.8H: Enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 10/10A/10B/10C/10E

| Test   | Propagation  | Reference value  |   |  |
|--------|--|--|---|--|
| Number | Conditions   | HS-PDSCH   | T-put R (kbps) *  |  |
|        |  | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)  | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 4 dB  |  |
| 1      | VA3  | -2   | 1397  |  |
|        | 2) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 3) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 4) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 5) For Fixed Refeshould Refesh | erence Channel (FRC) F<br>(multiplied by 2).<br>erence Channel (FRC) F<br>(multiplied by 3).<br>erence Channel (FRC) F<br>(multiplied by 4). | Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 10. I-Set 10A the reference values for R I-Set 10B the reference values for R I-Set 10C the reference values for R I-Set 10E the reference values for R |  |

Table 9.8H1: Enhanced requirement type 3 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 10/10A/10B/10C/10E

| Test   | Propagation  | Reference value  |   |  |
|--------|--|--|---|--|
| Number | Conditions   | HS-PDSCH   | T-put R (kbps) *  |  |
|        |  | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)  | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 4 dB  |  |
| 1      | VA3  | -2   | 2621  |  |
|        | 2) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 3) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 4) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 5) For Fixed Refeshould Refesh | erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 2).<br>erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 3).<br>erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 4).<br>erence Channel (FRC) H | Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 10. I-Set 10A the reference values for I-Set 10B the reference values for R I-Set 10C the reference values for R I-Set 10E the reference values for R |  |
|        | should be scaled   | (multiplied by 8).   |   |  |

# 9.2.1.8 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 10/10A/10B/10C/10E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H Set-10/10A/10B/10C/10E specified in Annex A.7.1.10 with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.8I and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum performance requirements as specified in table 9.8J and table 9.8J1. Enhanced performance requirements type 2 as specified in Table 9.8J are based on chip level equaliser. Enhanced performance requirements type 3 as specified in Table 9.8J1 are based on receiver diversity and chip level equaliser.

Table 9.8I: Test Parameters for Testing 16-QAM FRCs H-Set 10/10A/10B/10C/10E

| Parameter   | Unit         | Test 1       |  |
|---|--------------|--------------|--|
| Phase reference   |              | P-CPICH      |  |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60          |  |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence  |              | {6, 2, 1, 5} |  |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmission 4   |              |              |  |
| Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE. |              |              |  |

Table 9.8J: Enhanced requirement type 2 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 10/10A/10B/10C/10E

| Test   | Propagation  | Reference value  |   |  |
|--------|--|--|---|--|
| Number | Conditions   | HS-PDSCH   | T-put R (kbps)*   |  |
|        |  | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)  | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 8 dB  |  |
| 1      | VA3  | -2   | 1726  |  |
|        | 2) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 3) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 4) For Fixed Refeshould be scaled 5) For Fixed Refeshould Refesh | erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 2).<br>erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 3).<br>erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 4). | Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 10. I-Set 10A the reference values for R I-Set 10B the reference values for R I-Set 10C the reference values for R I-Set 10E the reference values for R |  |

Table 9.8J1: Enhanced requirement type 3 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 10/10A/10B/10C/10E

| Test   | Propagation  | Reference value  |   |  |
|--------|--|--|---|--|
| Number | Conditions   | HS-PDSCH   | T-put R (kbps) *  |  |
|        |  | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)  | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 8 dB  |  |
| 1      | VA3  | -2   | 3396  |  |
|        | 2) For Fixed Refe<br>should be scaled<br>3) For Fixed Refe<br>should be scaled<br>4) For Fixed Refe<br>should be scaled<br>5) For Fixed Refe | erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 2).<br>erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 3).<br>erence Channel (FRC) H<br>(multiplied by 4). | Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 10. I-Set 10A the reference values for I-Set 10B the reference values for R I-Set 10C the reference values for R I-Set 10E the reference values for R |  |

## 9.2.2 Open Loop Diversity performance

The receiver single open loop transmit diversity performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

# 9.2.2.1 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E (QPSK version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.9 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.9.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.10. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.10A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.9: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1    | Test 2 | Test 3 |
|--|--------------|-----------|--------|--------|
| Phase reference  |              | P-CPICH   |        |        |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60       |        |        |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence   |              | {0,2,5,6} |        |        |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmission  |              | 4         |        |        |
| Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for |              |           |        |        |

Table 9.10: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E

| Test   | Propagation |   | Reference value                                 |  |  |  |
|--------|-------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{c} {\sf HS\text{-}PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ ({\sf dB}) \end{array}$ | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |  |
| 1      | DAG         | -6  | 77  | 375  |  |  |
| 1 PA3  | -3          | 180   | 475   |  |  |  |
| 2      | PB3         | -6  | 20  | 183  |  |  |
| 2      | 2 PB3       | -3  | 154   | 274  |  |  |
| 3 VA30 | \/\20       | -6  | 15  | 187  |  |  |
|        | -3          | 162   | 284   |  |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1.

those TTI intended for the UE.

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer).

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).

<sup>4)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 6).

<sup>5)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 9).

<sup>6)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 12).

<sup>7)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 24).

Table 9.10A: Enhanced requirement type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value  |   |  |  |
|--------|-------------|--|---|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$ | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |
|        |             | -12  | N/A   | 268  |  |
| 1      | PA3         | -9   | N/A   | 407  |  |
| I PAS  | PA3         | -6   | 197   | N/A  |  |
|        |             | -3   | 333   | N/A  |  |
|        |             | -9   | N/A   | 183  |  |
| 2      | PB3         | -6   | 152   | 288  |  |
|        |             | -3   | 251   | N/A  |  |
|        |             | -9   | N/A   | 197  |  |
| 3      | VA30        | -6   | 164   | 307  |  |
|        |             | -3   | 261   | N/A  |  |

\* Notes:

- 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1.
- 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer).
- 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).
- 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 6).
- 5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 9).
- 6) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 12).
- 7) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 24).

# 9.2.2.2 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E (16QAM version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.11 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.9.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.12. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.12A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.11: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1    | Test 2  | Test 3 |
|--|--------------|-----------|---------|--------|
| Phase reference                                      |              |           | P-CPICH |        |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60       |         |        |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence |              | {6,2,1,5} |         |        |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmission               |              | 4         |         |        |

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for

those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.12: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E

| Test   | Propagation | F                 | Reference value                   |  |  |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | T-put R (kbps)*                   |  |  |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |  |
| 1      | PA3         | -6                | 295                               |  |  |
| ı      | PAS         | -3                | 463                               |  |  |
| 2      | PB3         | -6                | 24                                |  |  |
| 2      | FDS         | -3                | 243                               |  |  |
| 2      | 3 VA30      | -6                | 35                                |  |  |
| 3      |             | -3                | 251                               |  |  |

\* Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1.

- 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer).
- 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).
- 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 6).
- 5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 9).
- 6) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 12).
- 7) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 24).

Table 9.12A: Enhanced requirement type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3/3A/3B/3C/3E

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value           |                               |  |
|--------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) * |                               |  |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)         | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |
| 1      | PA3         | -9                        | 340                           |  |
| ı      | FAS         | -6                        | 513                           |  |
| 2      | PB3         | -6                        | 251                           |  |
| 2      | FB3         | -3                        | 374                           |  |
| 3      | VA30        | -6                        | 280                           |  |
| 3      | VASU        | -3                        | 398                           |  |

Notes:

- 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1.
  2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R
- should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer).
- 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).
- 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 6).
- 5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 9).
- 6) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 12).
- 7) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 24).

### 9.2.2.3 Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 4/5 specified in Annex A.7.1.4 and A.7.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.13 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.9.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.14 for H-Set 4 and table 9.15 for H-Set 5.

Table 9.13: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

| Parameter  | Unit           | Test 1    | Test 2 | Test 3 | Test 4 |
|--|----------------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|
| Phase reference  |                |           | P-CI   | PICH   |        |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz   | -60       |        |        |        |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence   |                | {0,2,5,6} |        |        |        |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmission   | imum number of |           |        |        |        |
| Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for |                |           |        |        |        |

those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.14: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

| Test              | Propagation |                            | Reference value                                 |  |  |  |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Number Conditions |             | HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | T-put $R$ (kbps) $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |  |
| 1                 | PA3         | -6                         | 70  | 369  |  |  |
| '                 | 1 70        | -3                         | 171   | 471  |  |  |
| 2                 | PB3         | -6                         | 14  | 180  |  |  |
|                   | FDS         | -3                         | 150   | 276  |  |  |
| 3                 | VA30        | -6                         | 11  | 184  |  |  |
| 3                 | VA30        | -3                         | 156   | 285  |  |  |

Table 9.15: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value   |                              |                               |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | T-put R (kbps) *             | T-put $R$ (kbps)              |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
| 4      | DAG         | -6                | 116                          | 563                           |
| ı      | PA3         | -3                | 270                          | 713                           |
| 2      | PB3         | -6                | 30                           | 275                           |
| 2      | FDS         | -3                | 231                          | 411                           |
| 2      | \/^20       | -6                | 23                           | 281                           |
| 3      | 3 VA30      | -3                | 243                          | 426                           |

#### Closed Loop Diversity Performance 9.2.3

The closed loop transmit diversity (Mode 1) performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

#### 9.2.3.1 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 1/2/3 (QPSK version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.16 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.10.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.17. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.17A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.16: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

| Parameter                            | Unit         | Test 1    | Test 2   | Test 3 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|----------|--------|
| Phase reference                      |              |           | P-CPICH  |        |
| $I_{oc}$                             | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60       |          |        |
| DPCH frame offset                    | Ch:-         |           | 0        |        |
| $(	au_{DPCH,n})$                     | Chip         | 0         |          |        |
| Redundancy and constellation version |              | (0.2.5.0) |          |        |
| coding sequence                      | {0,2,5,6}    |           |          |        |
| Maximum number of                    |              | 4         |          |        |
| HARQ transmission                    |              |           |          |        |
| Feedback Error Rate                  | %            | 4         |          |        |
| Closed loop timing                   |              | 1         |          |        |
| adjustment mode                      |              |           | <u> </u> |        |

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.17: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

| Test   | Propagation |                   | Reference value              |                               |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | T-put R (kbps) *             | T-put $R$ (kbps) *            |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |
|        | PA3         | -6                | 118                          | 399                           |
| 1      | PAS         | -3                | 225                          | 458                           |
| 2      | PB3         | -6                | 50                           | 199                           |
| 2      | PD3         | -3                | 173                          | 301                           |
| 2      | 2 1/420     | -6                | 47                           | 204                           |
| 3      | VA30        | -3                | 172                          | 305                           |

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1.

2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer).

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).

Table 9.17A: Enhanced requirement type 1 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

| Test Propagation |            | Reference value  |   |  |  |
|------------------|------------|--|---|--|--|
| Number           | Conditions | $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{HS-PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$ | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | T-put $R$ (kbps) * $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |
|                  |            | -12  | N/A   | 297  |  |
| 1                | PA3        | -9   | N/A   | 410  |  |
| '                | PAS        | -6   | 242   | N/A  |  |
|                  |            | -3   | 369   | N/A  |  |
|                  |            | -9   | N/A   | 194  |  |
| 2                | PB3        | -6   | 170   | 308  |  |
|                  |            | -3   | 272   | N/A  |  |
|                  |            | -9   | N/A   | 204  |  |
| 3 VA30           | -6         | 172  | 315   |  |  |
|                  |            | -3   | 270   | N/A  |  |

\* Notes: 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1.

2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, i integer).

3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3 the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).

# 9.2.3.2 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set  $\frac{1}{2}$  (16QAM version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, A.7.1.2 and A.7.1.3 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.18 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.10.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.19. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.19A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.18: Test Parameters for Testing 16-QAM FRCs H-Set 1/H-Set 2/H-Set 3

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1    | Test 2 | Test 3 |
|--|--------------|-----------|--------|--------|
| Phase reference  |              | P-CPICH   |        |        |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60       |        |        |
| DPCH frame offset  | Chin         |           | 0      |        |
| $(	au_{DPCH,n})$   | Chip         |           | 0      |        |
| Redundancy and   |              |           |        |        |
| constellation version  |              | {6,2,1,5} |        |        |
| coding sequence  |              |           |        |        |
| Maximum number of  |              |           | 4      |        |
| HARQ transmission  |              |           |        |        |
| Feedback Error Rate  | %            | 4         |        |        |
| Closed loop timing   |              | 1         |        |        |
| adjustment mode  |              | ı         |        |        |
| Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for |              |           |        |        |

Table 9.19: Minimum requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

those TTI intended for the UE.

| lest   | Propagation | Reference value   |                               |  |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | T-put R (kbps) *              |  |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |
| 1      | PA3         | -6                | 361                           |  |
|        | FAS         | -3                | 500                           |  |
| 2      | 200         | -6                | 74                            |  |
| 2      | PB3         | -3                | 255                           |  |
| 3      | \/A20       | -6                | 84                            |  |
| 3      | VA30        | -3                | 254                           |  |
|        |             |                   |                               |  |

Table 9.19A: Enhanced requirement type 1 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/2/3

| Test     | Propagation  | Reference value   |                                    |  |  |
|----------|--|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Number   | Conditions   | HS-PDSCH  | T-put R (kbps) *                   |  |  |
|          |  | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)   | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB      |  |  |
| 1        | PA3  | -9  | 376                                |  |  |
| <b>'</b> | PAS  | -6  | 532                                |  |  |
| 2        | 2 PB3  | -6  | 267                                |  |  |
| 2        |  | -3  | 393                                |  |  |
| 3        | VA30   | -6  | 279                                |  |  |
| 3        | VASU   | -3  | 404                                |  |  |
| * Notes: | 1)The reference  | e value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1. |                                    |  |  |
|          | 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 2 the reference values for R          |   |                                    |  |  |
|          | should be scaled (multiplied by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest integer t-put in |   |                                    |  |  |
|          | kbps, where values of i+1/2 are rounded up to i+1, I integer).                   |   |                                    |  |  |
|          | 3) For Fixed Refe  | erence Channel (FRC) F                                      | I-Set 3 the reference values for R |  |  |

## 9.2.3.3 Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4/5

should be scaled (multiplied by 3).

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 4/5 specified in Annex A.7.1.4 and A.7.1.5 respectively, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.20 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.10.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.21 for H-Set 4 and table 9.22 for H-Set 5.

Table 9.20: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 4/H-Set 5

| Parameter   | Unit         | Test 1 | Test 2    | Test 3 |
|---|--------------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Phase reference   |              |        | P-CPICH   |        |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz |        | -60       |        |
| DPCH frame offset   | Ob.:-        |        | 0         |        |
| $(	au_{DPCH,n})$  | Chip         | 0      |           |        |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence                    |              |        | {0,2,5,6} |        |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmission                                  |              |        | 4         |        |
| Feedback Error Rate   | %            | 4      |           |        |
| Closed loop timing adjustment mode                                      |              | 1      |           |        |
| Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with |              |        |           |        |

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.21: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 4

| Test    | Propagation | Reference value                      |                              |                               |  |
|---------|-------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Number  | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) T-put R (kbp |                              |                               |  |
|         |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)                    | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |
| 1       | PA3         | -6                                   | 114                          | 398                           |  |
| 1       | PAS         | -3                                   | 223                          | 457                           |  |
| 2       | PB3         | -6                                   | 43                           | 196                           |  |
|         | PD3         | -3                                   | 167                          | 292                           |  |
| 2 1/420 |             | -6                                   | 40                           | 199                           |  |
| 3       | VA30        | -3                                   | 170                          | 305                           |  |

Table 9.22: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 5

| Test    | Propagation | Reference value                    |                              |                               |  |
|---------|-------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Number  | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) T-put R (k |                              |                               |  |
|         |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)                  | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |
| 1       | PA3         | -6                                 | 177                          | 599                           |  |
| !       | FAS         | -3                                 | 338                          | 687                           |  |
| 2       | PB3         | -6                                 | 75                           | 299                           |  |
|         | FBS         | -3                                 | 260                          | 452                           |  |
| 2 1/420 |             | -6                                 | 71                           | 306                           |  |
| 3       | VA30        | -3                                 | 258                          | 458                           |  |

## 9.2.3.4 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H-Set 6 specified in Annex A.7.1.6 with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22A and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.10.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements specified in table 9.22B. Enhanced performance requirements type 2 as specified in Table 9.22B are based on chip level equaliser.

Table 9.22A: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 6

| Parameter             | Unit               | Test 1                                |
|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Phase reference       |                    | P-CPICH                               |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz       | -60                                   |
| DPCH frame offset     | Ohin               | 0                                     |
| $(	au_{DPCH,n})$      | Chip               | 0                                     |
| Redundancy and        |                    |                                       |
| constellation version |                    | {0,2,5,6}                             |
| coding sequence       |                    |                                       |
| Maximum number of     |                    | 4                                     |
| HARQ transmission     |                    | 4                                     |
| Feedback Error Rate   | %                  | 4                                     |
| Closed loop timing    |                    | 1                                     |
| adjustment mode       |                    | <b>I</b>                              |
| Note: The HS-SCCH     | -1 and HS-PDSCH sh | nall be transmitted continuously with |

Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE.

Table 9.22B: Enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value  |      |  |  |
|--------|-------------|--|------|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCHT-put $R$ (kbps) $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |      |  |  |
| 1      | PB3         | -3   | 1536 |  |  |

### 9.2.3.5 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channel H Set-6 specified in Annex A.7.1.6 with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22C and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.10.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the requirements specified in table 9.22D. Enhanced performance requirements type 2 specified in Table 9.22D are based on chip level equaliser.

Table 9.22C: Test Parameters for Testing 16-QAM FRCs H-Set 6

| Parameter  | Unit                           | Test 1    |  |  |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Phase reference  |                                | P-CPICH   |  |  |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz                   | -60       |  |  |
| DPCH frame offset  | Ob.:-                          | 0         |  |  |
| $(	au_{DPCH,n})$   | Chip                           | 0         |  |  |
| Redundancy and   |                                |           |  |  |
| constellation version  |                                | {6,2,1,5} |  |  |
| coding sequence  |                                |           |  |  |
| Maximum number of  |                                | 4         |  |  |
| HARQ transmission  |                                | 4         |  |  |
| Feedback Error Rate  | %                              | 4         |  |  |
| Closed loop timing   |                                | 1         |  |  |
| adjustment mode  |                                | '         |  |  |
| Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with        |                                |           |  |  |
| constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for |                                |           |  |  |
| those TTI inten  | those TTI intended for the UE. |           |  |  |

Table 9.22D: Enhanced requirement type 2 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value         |                               |  |
|--------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH T-put R (kbps) |                               |  |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)       | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 10 dB |  |
| 1      | PB3         | -3                      | 1154                          |  |

### 9.2.4 MIMO Performance

The MIMO performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments is determined by the information bit throughput R.

### 9.2.4.1 Requirement Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9/9A/9B/9C/9E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 9/9A/9B/9C/9E specified in Annex A.7.1.9, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22E1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.9 and Table C.12D. Precoding weight set restriction shall not be enabled.

The primary precoding vector signalled on the HS-SCCH and applied on the associated HS-DSCH subframe shall correspond to the preferred primary precoding vector reported immediately before the start of the HS-SCCH subframe.

The determination of applied precoding vector for single transport block transmission shall be as follows: the reported preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the primary transport block.

The determination of applied precoding vector for two transport block transmission shall be as follows: If the CQI reported by the UE indicates a preference for a single transport block, the preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the primary transport block. If the CQI reported by the UE indicates a preference for two transport blocks, and the preferred primary precoding vector corresponds to the highest reported CQI value, the preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the primary precoding vector does not correspond to the highest reported CQI value, the preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the secondary transport block.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22E2 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9, and the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22E3 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D.

Table 9.22E1: Test Parameters for Testing MIMO FRC H-Set 9/9A/9B/9C/9E

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2 | Test 3               | Test 4 |
|--|--------------|--|--------|----------------------|--------|
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz |  | -(     | 60                   |        |
| DPCH frame offset $(\tau_{DPCH,n})$                  | Chip         | 0  |        |                      |        |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence |              | {0,3,2,1} for 16-QAM and QPSK  |        |                      |        |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmission               |              | 4  |        |                      |        |
| MIMO N_cqi_typeA/M_cqi ratio                         |              | 1/1 1/2  |        | /2                   |        |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error Rate                         | %            | 0 0  |        | 0                    |        |
| Number of transport blocks                           |              | 2 1  |        | 1                    |        |
| Modulation   |              | Primary Transport Block: 16QAM Secondary Transport Block: QPSK  Primary Transport Block: 16QAM Secondary Transport Block is not used |        | 16QAM<br>/ Transport |        |

Table 9.22E2: Minimum requirement MIMO, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9/9A/9B/9C/9E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9

| Test   | Propagation  | Reference value  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Number | Conditions   | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)   | T-put $R$ (kbps) * HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ = -2 dB                                 |  |
| 1      | PA3  | 10   | 5563   |  |
| 2      | VA3  | 10   | 4347   |  |
| 3      | PA3  | 6  | 3933   |  |
| 4      | VA3  | 6  | 3011   |  |
| 1      | Set 9. 2) For Fixed Referon R should be so an arrow Referon R should be so an arrow Referon R should be so arrow R should be so arrow Referon R should R shoul | rence Channel (FRC) H-Secaled (multiplied by 2). rence Channel (FRC) H-Secaled (multiplied by 3). rence Channel (FRC) H-Secaled (multiplied by 3). rence Channel (FRC) H-Secaled (multiplied by 4). rence Channel (FRC) H-Secaled (multiplied by 8). | et 9A the reference values et 9B the reference values et 9C the reference values |  |

Table 9.22E3: Minimum requirement MIMO, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9/9A/9B/9C/9E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D

| Test   | Propagation  | Refere                                 | nce value                   |  |  |
|--|--|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Number   | Conditions   |  | T-put $R$ (kbps) * HS-PDSCH |  |  |
|  |  | $\hat{I}_{or}^{}$ $/$ $I_{oc}^{}$ (dB) | $E_c/I_{or}$ = -2 dB        |  |  |
| 1  | PA3  | 10                                     | 5394                        |  |  |
| 2  | VA3  | 10                                     | 4344                        |  |  |
| 3  | PA3  | 6                                      | 3742                        |  |  |
| 4  | VA3  | 6                                      | 2926                        |  |  |
| * Notes:   | 1)The reference v  | alue R is for the Fixed Refe           | erence Channel (FRC) H-     |  |  |
|  | Set 9.   |  |                             |  |  |
|  | 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9A the reference values |  |                             |  |  |
| f  | for R should be so   | caled (multiplied by 2).               |                             |  |  |
|  | <ol><li>For Fixed Refe</li></ol>                                   | rence Channel (FRC) H-Se               | et 9B the reference values  |  |  |
| f  | for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).                          |  |                             |  |  |
| 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9C the reference values |  |  |                             |  |  |
| f  | for R should be so   | caled (multiplied by 4).               |                             |  |  |
|  | 5) For Fixed Refe  | rence Channel (FRC) H-Se               | et 9E the reference values  |  |  |
| f  | for R should be so   | caled (multiplied by 8).               |                             |  |  |

## 9.2.4.2 Requirement Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11/11A/11B/11C/11E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 11/11A/11B/11C/11E specified in Annex A.7.1.11, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22F1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.9 and Table C.12D. Precoding weight set restriction shall not be enabled.

The primary precoding vector signalled on the HS-SCCH and applied on the associated HS-DSCH subframe shall correspond to the preferred primary precoding vector reported immediately before the start of the HS-SCCH subframe.

The determination of applied precoding vector for two transport block transmission shall be as follows: If the CQI reported by the UE indicates a preference for a single transport block, the preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the primary transport block. If the CQI reported by the UE indicates a preference for two transport blocks, and the preferred primary precoding vector corresponds to the highest reported CQI value, the preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the primary precoding vector does not correspond to the highest reported CQI value, the preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the secondary transport block.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22F2 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9, and the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22F3 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D.

Table 9.22F1: Test Parameters for Testing MIMO FRC H-Set 11/11A/11B/11C/11E

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1   |
|--|--------------|--|
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60  |
| DPCH frame offset $(\tau_{DPCH,n})$                  | Chip         | 0  |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence |              | {0,3,2,1} for 16QAM<br>and 64QAM   |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmission               |              | 4  |
| MIMO<br>N_cqi_typeA/M_cqi<br>ratio                   |              | 1/1  |
| PCI/CQI reporting<br>Error Rate                      | %            | 0  |
| Number of transport blocks                           |              | 2  |
| Modulation   |              | Primary Transport<br>Block: 64QAM<br>Secondary Transport<br>Block: 16QAM |

Table 9.22F2: Minimum requirement MIMO, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11/11A/11B/11C/11E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9

| Test                             | Propagation   | Reference value                |                             |  |  |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Number                           | Conditions  |                                | T-put $R$ (kbps) * HS-PDSCH |  |  |
|                                  |   | $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ (dB) | $E_c/I_{or}$ = -1.5 dB      |  |  |
| 1                                | PA3   | 18                             | 9980                        |  |  |
|                                  |   | alue R is for the Fixed Refe   | erence Channel (FRC) H-     |  |  |
| 2)<br>fo<br>3)<br>fo<br>4)<br>fo | Set 11. 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2). 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3). 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4). 5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11E the reference values |                                |                             |  |  |

Table 9.22F3: Minimum requirement MIMO, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11/11A/11B/11C/11E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D

| Test  | Propagation | Reference value                        |                                |  |
|---|-------------|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Number  | Conditions  |  | T-put R (kbps) *<br>HS-PDSCH   |  |
|   |             | $\hat{I}_{or}^{}$ $/$ $I_{oc}^{}$ (dB) | $E_c/I_{or} = -1.5 \text{ dB}$ |  |
| 1   | PA3         | 18                                     | 9880                           |  |
| * Notes: 1)The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11.  2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2).  3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).  4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4).  5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 8). |             |  |                                |  |

## 9.2.4A MIMO only with single-stream restriction Performance

The MIMO only with single-stream performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

## 9.2.4A.1 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E (QPSK version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22G1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.12D. Precoding weight set restriction shall be enabled for the tests with the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.12D, defined in Table 9.22G2A and Table 9.22G4. Precoding weight set restriction shall not be enabled for the tests with the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.9, defined in Table 9.22G2 and Table 9.22G3.

The primary precoding vector signalled on the HS-SCCH and applied on the associated HS-DSCH subframe shall correspond to the preferred primary precoding vector reported immediately before the start of the HS-SCCH subframe.

The determination of applied precoding vector for single transport block transmission shall be as follows: the reported preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the primary transport block.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22G2 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9, and the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22G2A with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D. If UE supports enhanced performance requirements type 3, the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22G3 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9, and the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22G4 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D. The performance requirements specified in Table 9.22G2 and Table 9.22G2A are based on chip level equaliser and the performance requirements specified in Table 9.22G3 and Table 9.22G4 are based on chip level equaliser with receiver diversity.

Table 9.22G1: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E

| Pa   | arameter | Unit         | Test 1 | Test 2 |
|--|----------|--------------|--------|--------|
| $I_{oc}$   |          | dBm/3.84 MHz | -(     | 60     |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence   |          |              | {0,3   | 3,2,1} |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmission   |          |              |        | 4      |
| Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE |          |              |        |        |

Table 9.22G2: Enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9

| Test    | Propagation  | Reference value            |   |  |
|---------|--|----------------------------|---|--|
| Number  | Conditions   | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | T-put $R$ (kbps)* HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ = -3 dB |  |
| 1       | PA3  | 0                          | 305   |  |
| 2       | VA3  | 3                          | 357   |  |
| *Notes: | 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1. 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2). 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3). |                            |   |  |

<sup>4)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4).

Table 9.22G2A: Enhanced requirement type 2 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D

| Test Propagation |   | Reference value            |   |
|------------------|---|----------------------------|---|
| Number           | Conditions  | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | T-put $R$ (kbps)* HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ = -3 dB |
|                  | 1   | or · oc VIII               | Z <sub>c</sub> · z <sub>or</sub>                |
| 1                | PA3   | 0                          | 279   |
| 2                | VA3   | 3                          | 345   |
|                  | 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1. 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2). 3) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3). 4) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4). 5) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1E the reference values for R should be scaled |                            |   |

Table 9.22G3: Enhanced requirement type 3 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9

| Test Propagation |   | Reference value            |   |  |
|------------------|---|----------------------------|---|--|
| Number           | Conditions  | $\hat{I}_{ar}/I_{ac}$ (dB) | T-put $R$ (kbps)* HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ = -6 dB |  |
| 1                | PA3   | 0                          | 306   |  |
| 2                | VA3   | 0                          | 236   |  |
| *Notes:          | 1) The reference value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1. 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2). |                            |   |  |

<sup>5)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 8).

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).

<sup>4)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4).

<sup>5)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 8).

Table 9.22G4: Enhanced requirement type 3 QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D

| Test   | Propagation   | Reference value   |                             |  |
|--------|---|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  |   | T-put R (kbps)*<br>HS-PDSCH |  |
|        |   | $\hat{I}_{or}^{}$ $/$ $I_{oc}^{}$ (dB)  | $E_c/I_{or}$ = -6 dB        |  |
| 1      | PA3   | 0   | 285                         |  |
| 2      | VA3   | 0   | 230                         |  |
|        | 2) For Fixed Refe<br>(multiplied by 2).<br>3) For Fixed Refe<br>(multiplied by 3).<br>4) For Fixed Refe<br>(multiplied by 4). | value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1. erence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1A the reference values for R should be scaled erence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1B the reference values for R should be scaled erence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1C the reference values for R should be scaled erence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1E the reference values for R should be scaled |                             |  |

## 9.2.4A.2 Requirement 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E (16QAM version) specified in Annex A.7.1.1, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22H1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.9 and Table C.12D. Precoding weight set restriction shall be enabled for the tests with the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.12D, defined in Table 9.22H2A and 9.22H4. Precoding weight set restriction shall not be enabled for the tests with the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.9, defined in Table 9.22H2 and Table 9.22H3.

The primary precoding vector signalled on the HS-SCCH and applied on the associated HS-DSCH subframe shall correspond to the preferred primary precoding vector reported immediately before the start of the HS-SCCH subframe.

The determination of applied precoding vector for single transport block transmission shall be as follows: the reported preferred primary precoding vector shall be applied to the primary transport block.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22H2 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9, and the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22H2A with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D. If UE supports enhanced performance requirements type 3, the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22H3 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9, and the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22H4 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D. The performance requirements specified in Table 9.22H2 and Table 9.22H2A are based on chip level equaliser and the performance requirements specified in Table 9.22H3 and Table 9.22H4 are based on chip level equaliser with receiver diversity.

Table 9.22H1: Test Parameters for Testing 16QAM FRCs H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E

| Parameter   | Unit         | Test 1    | Test 2 |
|---|--------------|-----------|--------|
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60       |        |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence  |              | {0,3,2,1} |        |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmission  |              | 4         |        |
| Note: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for those TTI intended for the UE. |              |           |        |

Table 9.22H2: Enhanced requirement type 2 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9

| Test    | Propagation                          | Reference value   |   |  |  |  |
|---------|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Number  | Conditions                           | T-put $R$ (kbps)* HS-PDSCH $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) $E_c/I_{or} = -3$ dB  |   |  |  |  |
|         | 1                                    | or oc V   |   |  |  |  |
| 1       | PA3                                  | 3   | 394   |  |  |  |
| 2       | VA3                                  | 6   | 388   |  |  |  |
| *Notes: | 1) The reference                     | value R is for the Fixed Re   | ralue R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1. |  |  |  |
|         | 2) For Fixed Refe (multiplied by 2). | Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1A the reference values for R should be scaled by 2).  Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1B the reference values for R should be scaled |   |  |  |  |

<sup>4)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4).

Table 9.22H2A: Enhanced requirement type 2 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D

| Test   | Propagation   | Reference value   |                      |  |  |
|--------|---|---|----------------------|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | T-put R (kbps)* HS-PDSCH  |                      |  |  |
|        |   | $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ (dB)  | $E_c/I_{or}$ = -3 dB |  |  |
| 1      | PA3   | 3   | 363                  |  |  |
| 2      | VA3   | 6   | 380                  |  |  |
|        | 2) For Fixed Refe<br>(multiplied by 2).<br>3) For Fixed Refe<br>(multiplied by 3).<br>4) For Fixed Refe<br>(multiplied by 4). | value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1. rence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1A the reference values for R should be scaled rence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1B the reference values for R should be scaled rence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1C the reference values for R should be scaled rence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1E the reference values for R should be scaled |                      |  |  |

Table 9.22H3: Enhanced requirement type 3 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.9

| Test    | Propagation |  | Reference value |  |
|---------|-------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Number  | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |                 |  |
| 1       | PA3         | 0  | 385             |  |
| 2       | VA3         | 3  | 437             |  |
| *Notes: |             | value R is for the Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1. rence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1A the reference values for R should be scaled |                 |  |

<sup>3)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1B the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 3).

<sup>5)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 8).

<sup>4)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4).

<sup>5)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1E the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 8).

Table 9.22H4: Enhanced requirement type 3 16QAM, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12D

| Test   | Propagation   | Reference value   |                          |  |
|--------|---|---|--------------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | â <b>/</b> >  | T-put R (kbps)* HS-PDSCH |  |
|        |   | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)  | $E_c/I_{or}$ = -3 dB     |  |
| 1      | PA3   | 0   | 365                      |  |
| 2      | VA3   | 3   | 433                      |  |
|        | 2) For Fixed Refe<br>(multiplied by 2).<br>3) For Fixed Refe<br>(multiplied by 3).<br>4) For Fixed Refe<br>(multiplied by 4). | erence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1B the reference values for R should be scaled erence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1C the reference values for R should be scaled erence Channel (FRC) H-Set 1E the reference values for R should be scaled |                          |  |

#### 9.2.4B Four Transmit Antennas MIMO Performance

The four transmit antennas MIMO performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments is determined by the information bit throughput R.

## 9.2.4B.1 Requirement Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 13A/13C

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 13A/13C specified in Annex A.7.1.13, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22I1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.12F.

The precoding weights signalled on the HS-SCCH and applied on the associated HS-DSCH subframe shall correspond to the preferred precoding control index reported immediately before the start of the HS-SCCH subframe.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22I2 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12F.

Table 9.22I1: Test Parameters for Testing MIMO mode with Four Transmit Antennas, FRC H-Set 13A/13C

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1                                 | Test 2  | Test 3              | Test 4                                   |
|--|--------------|--|---|---------------------|--|
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz |  | -6  | 60                  |  |
| DPCH frame offset (TDPCH,n)                          | Chip         |  | (   | )                   |  |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence |              | {0,3,2,1} for 16-QAM and QPSK          |   |                     | PSK                                      |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmission                  |              | 4                                      |   |                     |  |
| MIMO N_cqi_typeA/M_cqi ratio                         |              | 1/1 1/1                                |   | /1                  |  |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate                      | %            | 0 0                                    |   | )                   |  |
| Number of transport blocks                           |              | Up to 4 Up to 2                        |   | to 2                |  |
| Modulation   |              | Transpo<br>160<br>Secondary<br>Transpo | d fourth<br>rt Block:<br>AM<br>y and third<br>rt Block:<br>SK | Block:<br>Secondary | Transport<br>16QAM<br>Transport<br>QPSK. |

Table 9.22I2: Minimum requirement for MIMO mode with four transmit antennas, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 13A/13C with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12F

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value  |                            |                  |
|--------|-------------|--|----------------------------|------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | $egin{aligned} 	extsf{HS-PDSCH} \ E_c/I_{or} \end{aligned}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | T-put R (kbps) * |
| 1      | PA3         | -1.9   | 15                         | 16000            |
| 2      | VA3         | -1.9   | 12                         | 8500             |
| 3      | PA3         | -2.26  | 8                          | 7000             |
| 4      | VA3         | -1.9   | 10                         | 6500             |

<sup>\*</sup> Notes: 1) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 13A the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2).

## 9.2.4B.2 Requirement Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 14A/14C

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 14A/14C specified in Annex A.7.1.14, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22J1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.12F.

The precoding weights signalled on the HS-SCCH and applied on the associated HS-DSCH subframe shall correspond to the preferred precoding control index vector reported immediately before the start of the HS-SCCH subframe.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22J2 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12F.

<sup>2)</sup> For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 13C the reference values for R should be scaled (multiplied by 4)

Table 9.22J1: Test Parameters for Testing MIMO mode with four transmit antennas, FRC H-Set 14A/14C

| Parameter                       | Unit         | Test 1                            | Test 2              |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| $I_{oc}$                        | dBm/3.84 MHz | -6                                | 60                  |
| DPCH frame offset               | Chip         | (                                 | )                   |
| $(	au_{DPCH,n})$                | Op           |                                   |                     |
| Redundancy and                  |              |                                   |                     |
| constellation version           |              | {0,3,2,1} for 64Q                 | AM and 16-QAM       |
| coding sequence                 |              |                                   |                     |
| Maximum number of               |              | 4                                 |                     |
| HARQ transmission               |              |                                   | -                   |
| MIMO                            |              | 1/1                               | 1/1                 |
| N_cqi_typeA/M_cqi ratio         |              | .,.                               | ., .                |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate | %            | 0                                 | 0                   |
| Number of transport             |              |                                   |                     |
| blocks                          |              | Up to 4                           | Up to 2             |
|                                 |              | First and fourth Transport Block: | Primary Transport   |
| Modulation                      |              | 64QAM                             | Block: 64QAM        |
|                                 |              | Secondary and third               | Secondary Transport |
|                                 |              | Transport Block:<br>16QAM         | Block: 16QAM.       |

Table 9.22J2: Minimum requirement MIMO mode with four transmit antennas, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 14A/14C with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12F

| Test  | Propagation  | Reference value                        |                             |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Number  | Conditions   |  | T-put $R$ (kbps) * HS-PDSCH |  |  |  |
|   |  | $\hat{I}_{or}^{}$ $/$ $I_{oc}^{}$ (dB) | $E_c/I_{or}$ = -1.9 dB      |  |  |  |
| 1   | PA3  | 18                                     | 17500                       |  |  |  |
| 2   | PA3  | 15                                     | 13500                       |  |  |  |
|   | * Notes: 1) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 14A the reference values |  |                             |  |  |  |
| f   | for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2).                                    |  |                             |  |  |  |
| 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 14C the reference values |  |  |                             |  |  |  |
| f   | for R should be so   | caled (multiplied by 4).               |                             |  |  |  |

# 9.2.4C MIMO Mode with Four Transmit Antennas Only With Dual-stream Restriction Performance

The performance of MIMO mode with four transmit antennas only with dual stream capability for High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) in multi-path fading environments are determined by the information bit throughput R.

# 9.2.4C.1 Requirement Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9A/9C

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 9A/9C specified in Annex A.7.1.9, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22K1 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.12F. Precoding weight set restriction shall be enabled for the tests with the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.12F, defined in Table 9.22K2.

The precoding control index signalled on the HS-SCCH and applied on the associated HS-DSCH subframe shall correspond to the preferred precoding control index reported immediately before the start of the HS-SCCH subframe.

Using this configuration, if UE supports enhanced performance requirements type 3, the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22K2 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12F. The performance requirements specified in Table 9.22K2 are based on chip level equaliser with receiver diversity.

Table 9.22K1: Test Parameters for Testing MIMO mode with four transmit antennas only with dual stream restriction, FRC H-Set 9A/9C

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1/Test 2   |
|--|--------------|---|
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60   |
| DPCH frame offset (TDPCH,n)                          | Chip         | 0   |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence |              | {0,3,2,1} for 16QAM and QPSK                                    |
| Maximum number of<br>HARQ transmission               |              | 4   |
| MIMO<br>N_cqi_typeA/M_cqi ratio                      |              | 1/1   |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate                      | %            | 0   |
| Number of transport blocks                           |              | Up to 2   |
| Modulation   |              | Primary Transport Block: 16QAM Secondary Transport Block: QPSK. |

Table 9.22K2: Minimum requirement MIMO mode with four transmit antennas only with dual stream restriction capability, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9A/9C with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12F

| Test                                      | Propagation   | Reference value            |                             |  |  |  |
|---|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Number                                    | Conditions  |                            | T-put $R$ (kbps) * HS-PDSCH |  |  |  |
|   |   | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $E_c/I_{or}$ = -1.9 dB      |  |  |  |
| 1   | PA3   | 12                         | 8000                        |  |  |  |
| 2   | VA3   | 10                         | 3000                        |  |  |  |
|   | * Notes: 1) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9A the reference values |                            |                             |  |  |  |
| for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2). |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |
|   | 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 9C the reference values          |                            |                             |  |  |  |
|   | for R should be so  | caled (multiplied by 4).   |                             |  |  |  |

## 9.2.4C.2 Requirement Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11A/11C

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 11A/11C specified in Annex A.7.1.11, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22K3 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.12F. Precoding weight set restriction shall be enabled for the tests with the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.12F, defined in Table 9.22K4.

The precoding control index signalled on the HS-SCCH and applied on the associated HS-DSCH subframe shall correspond to the preferred precoding control index reported immediately before the start of the HS-SCCH subframe.

Using this configuration, if UE supports enhanced performance requirements type 3, the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in Table 9.22K4 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12F. The performance requirements specified in Table 9.22K4 are based on chip level equaliser with receiver diversity.

Table 9.22K3: Test Parameters for Testing MIMO mode with four transmit antennas with dual stream restriction capability, FRC H-Set 11A/11C

| Parameter               | Unit         | Test 1                            |
|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| $I_{oc}$                | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60                               |
| DPCH frame offset       | Chin         | 0                                 |
| $(	au_{DPCH,n})$        | Chip         | 0                                 |
| Redundancy and          |              |                                   |
| constellation version   |              | {0,3,2,1} for 64QAM and 16QAM     |
| coding sequence         |              |                                   |
| Maximum number of       |              | 4                                 |
| HARQ transmission       |              | '                                 |
| MIMO                    |              | 1/1                               |
| N_cqi_typeA/M_cqi ratio |              | 17.1                              |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error | %            | 0                                 |
| Rate                    | 70           | O                                 |
| Number of transport     |              | Up to 2                           |
| blocks                  |              | Ορ t0 2                           |
| Modulation              |              | Primary Transport Block: 64QAM    |
| iviodulation            |              | Secondary Transport Block: 16QAM. |

Table 9.22K4: Minimum requirement MIMO mode with four transmit antennas only with dual stream restriction capability, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11A/11C with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12F

| Test   | Propagation        | Reference value                |                        |  |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Number   | Conditions         | T-put R (kbps) * HS-PDSCH      |                        |  |
|  |                    | $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$ (dB) | $E_c/I_{or}$ = -1.9 dB |  |
| 1  | PA3                | 18                             | 12500                  |  |
| * Notes: 1) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11A the reference values |                    |                                |                        |  |
| for R should be scaled (multiplied by 2).                                    |                    |                                |                        |  |
| 2) For Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 11C the reference values          |                    |                                |                        |  |
| f  | for R should be so | caled (multiplied by 4).       |                        |  |

# 9.2.5 Multiflow HSDPA performance

The Multiflow HSDPA performance in multi-path fading environments is determined by the information bit throughput R.

## 9.2.5.1 Requirement Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 6 16QAM/QPSK

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-Set 6 16QAM (HS-DSCH serving cell) and QPSK (assisting HS-DSCH serving cell) specified in Annex A.7.1.6, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.22H5 and the test set-up in Annex C.5.5.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.22H6.

Table 9.22H5: Test Parameters for Testing FRC H-Set 6 16QAM and QPSK

| Parameter  | Unit                                       | Test 1  | Test 2                                 | Test 3 | Test 4 |
|--|--|---------|--|--------|--------|
| Phase reference                                      |  | P-CPICH |  |        |        |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz                               | -60     |  |        |        |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence |  |         | {6,2,1,5} for H-S<br>{0,2,5,6} for H-S |        |        |
| Maximum number of HARQ transmission                  |  |         | 4                                      |        |        |
|  | H-1 and HS-PDSCH<br>shall only use the ide |         |  |        |        |

| Test   | Number of  | Propagation |                   | Reference value                             |  |
|--------|--|-------------|-------------------|---|--|
| Number | additional<br>interfering<br>cell  | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH          | Serving HS-DSCH<br>cell<br>(H-Set 6, 16QAM) | Assisting serving<br>HS-DSCH cell<br>(H-Set 6, QPSK) |
|        |  |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | T-put R (kbps)                              | T-put $R$ (kbps)                                     |
|        |  |             |                   | $\hat{I}_{or,1}/I_{oc,1}$ "= 1.83 dB        | $\hat{I}_{or,2}/I_{oc,2}$ " = -4.19 dB               |
| 1      | 0  | PA3         | -3                | 1971  | 1408   |
| 2      | 0  | PB3         | -3                | 1706  | 1155   |
|        |  |             |                   | $\hat{I}_{or,1}/I_{oc,1}$ "= 0 dB           | $\hat{I}_{or,2}/I_{oc,2}$ " = -4.42 dB               |
| 3      | 1  | PA3         | -3                | 1324  | 1012   |
| 4      | 1  | PB3         | -3                | 1059  | 769  |
| Notoo: | Notes: 1) When the number of configured colle is 2 in Multiflow mode, the conving HS DSCH coll |             |                   |   |  |

Table 9.22H6: Minimum requirement QPSK, FRC H-Set 6 16QAM and QPSK

- When the number of configured cells is 3 in Multiflow mode, the serving HS-DSCH cell requirement is applicable to the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell.
- 2) When the number of configured cells is 4 in Multiflow mode, the serving HS-DSCH cell requirement is applicable to the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell and the assisting serving HS-DSCH cell requirement is applicable to the assisting secondary serving HS-DSCH cell. 3) I<sub>oc,1</sub>" and I<sub>oc,2</sub>" are defined in Annex C.5.5.1

#### 9.3 Reporting of Channel Quality Indicator

The propagation conditions for this subclause are defined in table B.1C for non-MIMO operation under fading conditions, in subclause B.2.6.1 for MIMO operation under single stream conditions, and in subclause B.2.6.2 for MIMO operation under dual stream conditions.

For the cases in this subclause where CQI reporting is evaluated under fading conditions or under MIMO single/dual stream conditions it is expected that the UE will not always detect the HS-SCCH, resulting in a DTX for the uplink ACK/NACK transmission. The downlink configuration for evaluating CQI performance does not use retransmission. Therefore any BLER calculations must exclude any packets where the UE may have attempted to combine data from more than one transmission due to having missed one or more new data indicators or initial transmissions in MIMO operation from lost HS-SCCH transmissions.

For the requirements for UEs supporting HS-DSCH categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35 and 36, when the carriers are located in the same frequency band or the carriers belong to the same cell group in Multiflow mode, the spacing of the carrier frequencies of the two cells shall be 5 MHz.

For Multiflow HSDPA requirements in subclause 9.2.5, the serving HS-DSCH cell and the assisting serving HS-DSCH cell shall have the same carrier frequency, and the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell and the assisting secondary serving HS-DSCH cell shall have the same carrier frequency.

#### Single Link Performance 9.3.1

#### 9.3.1.1 AWGN propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of channel quality indicator (CQI) under AWGN environments is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

#### 9.3.1.1.1 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 1-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.23, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.8, the reported CQI value shall be in the range of +/-2 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI +2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.23: Test Parameter for CQI test in AWGN - single link

| Pa      | rameter   | Unit  | Test 1  | Test 2           | Test 3         |
|---------|---|---|---|------------------|----------------|
|         | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$   | dB  | 0   | 5                | 10             |
|         | $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz  |   | -60              |                |
| Phase   | e reference   | -   |   | P-CPICH          |                |
| HS-PE   | $DSCHE_c/I_{\mathit{or}}$   | dB  |   | -3               |                |
| HS-SC   | CH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB  |   | -10              |                |
| DPC     | $CH E_c/I_{or}$   | dB  |   | -10              |                |
|         | um number of transmission   | -   |   | 1                |                |
|         | of HS-SCCH set<br>monitored   | -   |   | 1                |                |
| CQI fee | edback cycle  | ms  | 2   |                  |                |
| CQI rep | petition factor   | -   |   | 1                |                |
|         | CH-1 signalling<br>pattern  | -   | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-<br>frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall<br>be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity<br>of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different<br>UE identity. |                  |                |
| Note 1: |   | wer offset ' $\Gamma$ ' is cor  |   | RC accordingly a | and as defined |
| Note 2: | in [7].  Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. |   |   |                  | Other physical |
| Note 3: |   |   |   | justment Δ       |                |
| Note 4: | For any given tra   | nsport format the p   |   | IS-SCCH and H    | S-PDSCH shall  |
| Note 5: | UEs from capabil  | ted continuously with constant power. apability categories 13-20 shall be configured in non-64QAM/non- e and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214. |   |                  |                |

## 9.3.1.1.2 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 13,14,17,18, 19 and 20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.24, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.8, the reported CQI value shall be in the range of  $\pm$ 0 fthe reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI + 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.24: Test Parameter for CQI test in AWGN - single link

| Pa                           | arameter   | Unit  | Test 1  |  |
|------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$        |  | dB  | 15  |  |
|                              | $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz  | -60   |  |
| Phas                         | se reference   | -   | P-CPICH   |  |
| HS-PI                        | $DSCHE_c/I_{or}$   | dB  | -2  |  |
| HS-SC                        | $ECH_1 E_c/I_{or}$   | dB  | -12   |  |
| DPC                          | $CH\ E_c/I_{or}$   | dB  | -12   |  |
|                              | um number of<br>transmission   | -   | 1   |  |
|                              | of HS-SCCH set<br>e monitored  | -   | 1   |  |
| CQI fe                       | edback cycle   | ms  | 2   |  |
| CQI re                       | petition factor  | -   | 1   |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern |  | -   | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-<br>frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall<br>be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity<br>of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different<br>UE identity. |  |
| Note 1:                      | •  | wer offset $\Gamma$ is cor  | figured by RRC accordingly and as defined   |  |
| Note 2:                      | based on median  | S-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF n median CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physical parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table d in TS25.214. |   |  |
| Note 3:                      |  |   |   |  |
| Note 4:                      | For any given tra  | nsport format the p   | power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall   |  |
| Note 5:                      | be transmitted continuously with constant power.  Note 5: The UE shall be configured in 64QAM/non-MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214. |   |   |  |

# 9.3.1.1.3 Additional Requirements – UE HS-DSCH categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35 and 36

For the parameters specified in Table 9.25, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.8, with a serving HS-DSCH cell and secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s) configured, for each of the serving cells, the reported CQI value for the cell shall be in the range of +/-2 of the cell-specific reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH BLER, for any of the cells, using the transport format indicated by cell-specific median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER for this cell using the transport format indicated by the (cell-specific median CQI +2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH BLER, for any of the cells, using the transport format indicated by the cell-specific median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (cell-specific median CQI -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.25: Test Parameter for CQI test in AWGN - single link

| Parameter  | Unit  | Test 1  |  |
|--|---|---|--|
| $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$   | dB  | 0   |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$   | dB  | 10  |  |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz  | -60   |  |
| Phase reference  | -   | P-CPICH   |  |
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$   | dB  | -3  |  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB  | -10   |  |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB  | -10   |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission  | -   | 1   |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored  | -   | 1   |  |
| CQI feedback cycle   | ms  | 2   |  |
| CQI repetition factor  | -   | 1   |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern   | -   | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-<br>frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall<br>be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity<br>of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different<br>UE identity. |  |
| •  | ower offset 'Γ' is cor  | nfigured by RRC accordingly and as defined  |  |
| based on media   | S-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF n median CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physical parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table and in TS25.214. |   |  |
| Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment described in TS 25.214.   |   |   |  |
| Note 4: For any given tr   | ansport format the p  | ower of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall  |  |
| be transmitted continuously with constant power.  Note 5: The UE shall be configured in non 64QAM/MIMO mode and use appropriate tables according to TS 25.214. |   |   |  |

## 9.3.1.2 Fading propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The specified requirements may be subject to further simulations to verify assumptions.

#### 9.3.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 1-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.26, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.8, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.27. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Table 9.26: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading – single link

| Parameter  | Unit  | Test 1   | Test 2   |
|--|---|--|--|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$   | dB  | -8   | -4   |
| $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$  | dB  | 0  | 5  |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz  | -(   | 50   |
| Phase reference  | -   | P-CI   | PICH   |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB  | -8   | 3.5  |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB  | -  | 6  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission  | -   |  | 1  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored  | -   |  | 1  |
| CQI feedback cycle   | ms  |  | 2  |
| CQI repetition factor  | -   |  | 1  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern   | -   | To incorporate inte sub-frame HS-SCC pattern shall be ' where 'X' indicates HS-SCCH-1 uses to UE under test, and which the HS-SCC different UE identit | CH-1 signalling<br>XOOXOO',<br>TTI in which the<br>the identity of the<br>'O' indicates TTI in<br>H-1 uses a |
| Propagation Channel  |   |  | se 8   |
| <ul> <li>Note 1: Measurement power offset 'Γ' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].</li> <li>Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214.</li> </ul> |   |  |  |
| Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/l<br>Δ described in T<br>Note 4: For any given tra   | Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.  Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS- |  |  |
| PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.  Note 5: The UE shall be configured in non-64QAM/non-MIMO mode and use  |   |  |  |

Table 9.27: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading - single link

appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

| Reported CQI   | Maximum BLER |       |  |
|----------------|--------------|-------|--|
| Reported CQI   | Test 1       | Test2 |  |
| CQI median     | 60%          | 60%   |  |
| CQI median + 3 | 15%          | 15%   |  |

## 9.3.1.2.2 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 13,14,17,18, 19 and 20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.27A, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.8, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.27B. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Note 4:

Note 5:

Table 9.27A: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading - single link

| Parameter  | Unit                | Test 1   |  |
|--|---------------------|--|--|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$   | dB                  | -2   |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$  | dB                  | 15   |  |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz        | -60  |  |
| Phase reference  | -                   | P-CPICH  |  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB                  | -12  |  |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB                  | -12  |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission  | -                   | 1  |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored  | -                   | 1  |  |
| CQI feedback cycle   | ms                  | 2  |  |
| CQI repetition factor  | -                   | 1  |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern   |                     |  |  |
| Propagation Channel  |                     | Case 8   |  |
| Note 1: Measurement power offset 'Γ' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].   |                     |  |  |
| TF based on me   | dian CQI is used. ( | cording to the reported CQI statistics.  Other physical channel parameters are |  |
| configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214.  Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment |                     |  |  |

Table 9.27B: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading - single link

For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-

PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. The UE shall be configured in 64QAM/non-MIMO mode and use

appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

Δ described in TS 25.214.

| Reported CQI   | Maximum BLER |
|----------------|--------------|
|                | Test 1       |
| CQI median     | 60%          |
| CQI median + 3 | 15%          |

# 9.3.1.2.3 Additional Requirements – UE HS-DSCH categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35 and 36

For the parameters specified in Table 9.26, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.8, with a serving HS-DSCH cell and secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s) configured, for each of the serving cells, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs for each serving cell when transmitting with a cell-specific fixed transport format given by the cell-specific CQI median as shown in Table 9.27. The BLER at a particular reported CQI for a specific serving cell is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe transmitted from this serving cell overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

#### 9.3.1.3 Periodically varying radio conditions.

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) when subject to AWGN propagation conditions with periodically varying  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ , is determined by the reporting variance as measured during selected parts of a predetermined  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  pattern, as depicted in Figure 9.1.

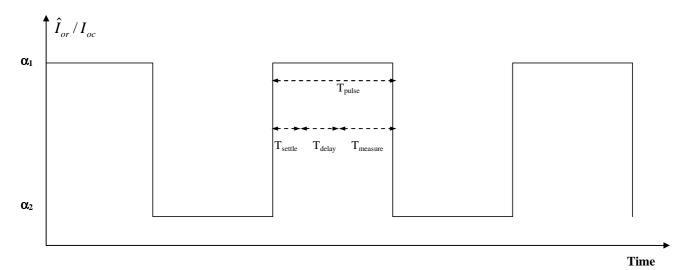


Figure 9.1 Test scenario for CQI reporting test under varying interference conditions.  $\hat{I}_{\sigma'}/I_{\sigma c}$  is varied between  $\alpha$ 1 and  $\alpha$ 2 according to a predetermined square wave pattern.

#### 9.3.1.3.1 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 1-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.27C, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.8, let  $M_1$  be defined as the median CQI that the UE reports in static propagation conditions, with Ior/Ioc set to  $\alpha_1$ , and  $M_2$  be the median CQI that the UE reports in static propagation conditions, with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  set to  $\alpha_2$ . The minimum difference between  $M_1$  and  $M_2$  is required to be larger than 6.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.27C, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.8, 90% of the reported CQI values, during  $T_{measure}$  as depicted in Figure 9.1, shall be in the range of +/-3 of M1, for the cases when  $T_{measure}$  occurs during time-periods where  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  is set to  $\alpha_1$ , and in the range of +/-3 of M2, for the cases when  $T_{measure}$  occurs during time-periods where  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  is set to  $\alpha_2$ .

The measurement equipment is allowed to start the ramping of  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  13 slots before the start of the HS-DPCCH slot that contains the first CQI report in  $T_{measure}$ .

The measurement equipment shall have settled  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  to its nominal value 10 slots before the start of the HS-DPCCH slot that contains the first CQI report in  $T_{measure}$ .

An illustration of these timing relations is provided in Figure 9.2.

Table 9.27C: Test Parameter for CQI test in periodically varying radio conditions - single link

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1  |
|--|--------------|---------|
| $\alpha_1$   | dB           | 10      |
| $\alpha_2$   | dB           | 0       |
| I <sub>oc1</sub>   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |
| I <sub>oc2</sub>   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -50     |
| Phase reference  | -            | P-CPICH |
| $T_{measure}$  | TTI          | 8       |
| $T_{delay}$  | TTI          | 3       |
| T <sub>settle</sub>  | TTI          | 1       |
| $T_{pulse}$  | TTI          | 12      |
| $HS\text{-PDSCH}E_c/I_{\mathit{or}}$   | dB           | -2      |
| ${\sf HS\text{-}SCCH\_1}\ E_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -10     |
| $DPCH\ E_c/I_{\mathit{or}}$  | dB           | -10     |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission  | -            | 1       |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored  | -            | 1       |
| CQI feedback cycle   | ms           | 2       |
| CQI repetition factor  | -            | 1       |
| To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shabe 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates T in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |              |         |

Note 2: The UE shall be configured in non-64QAM/non-MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

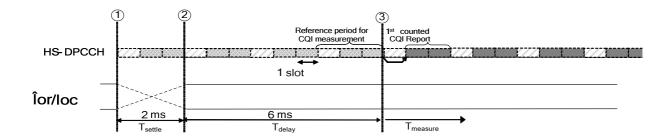


Figure 9.2 Timing relation between HS-DPCCH, DPCCH/DPDCH and  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  ramping. The measurement equipment starts ramping the  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  at point 1. The  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  should be settled to its nominal value at point 2. The first CQI report that is counted in the statistics of the requirement is transmitted in the uplink at point 3.

# 9.3.2 Open Loop Diversity Performance

# 9.3.2.1 AWGN propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of channel quality indicator (CQI) under AWGN environments is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

## 9.3.2.1.1 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 1-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.32, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.9, the reported CQI value shall be in the range of  $\pm$ 0 fthe reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH (BLER) using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI  $\pm$ 2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH (BLER) using the transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (median CQI  $\pm$ 1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.32: Test Parameter for CQI test in AWGN - open loop diversity

| Parameter             |  | Unit                       | Test 1   | Test 2           | Test 3  |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------------|--|------------------|---|
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ |  | dB                         | 0  | 5                | 10  |
|                       | $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz               | -60  |                  |   |
| Pha                   | se reference   | -                          | P-CPICH  |                  |   |
| HS-P                  | ${\sf PDSCH}E_c/I_{or}$  | dB                         |  | -3               |   |
| HS-S0                 | CCH _1 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB                         |  | -10              |   |
| DP                    | PCH $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB                         |  | -10              |   |
| H-ARC                 | num number of<br>Q transmission  | -                          |  | 1                |   |
|                       | of HS-SCCH set<br>e monitored  | -                          |  | 1                |   |
| CQI fe                | eedback cycle  | ms                         | 2  |                  |   |
| CQI re                | epetition factor   | -                          | 1  |                  |   |
| HS-SC                 | CH-1 signalling<br>pattern   | -                          | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-<br>frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall<br>be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TT<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity<br>of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different<br>UE identity. |                  | g pattern shall<br>'' indicates TTI<br>es the identity<br>' indicates TTI |
| Note 1:               | •  | wer offset $\Gamma$ is cor |  | RC accordingly a | and as defined  |
| Note 2:               | in [7]. TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. |                            |  |                  |   |
| Note 3:               | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |                            |  |                  | justment Δ  |
| Note 4:               | described in TS 25.214.  ote 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shabe transmitted continuously with constant power.   |                            |  | S-PDSCH shall    |   |
| Note 5:               | ·  |                            |  |                  |   |

# 9.3.2.1.2 Additional Requirements – UE HS-DSCH categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35 and 36

For the parameters specified in Table 9.33, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.9, with a serving HS-DSCH cell and secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s) configured, for each of the serving cells, the reported CQI value for the cell shall be in the range of +/-2 of the cell-specific reported median more than 90% of the time. If the

HS-PDSCH BLER, for any of the cells, using the transport format indicated by cell-specific median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER for this cell using the transport format indicated by the (cell-specific median CQI +2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH BLER, for any of the cells, using the transport format indicated by the cell-specific median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (cell-specific median CQI -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.33: Test Parameter for CQI test in AWGN – open loop diversity

| Parameter   | Unit  | Test 1  |  |
|---|---|---|--|
| $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$  | dB  | 0   |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or2}$ / $I_{oc}$  | dB  | 10  |  |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz  | -60   |  |
| Phase reference   | -   | P-CPICH   |  |
| $HS\text{-PDSCH}E_c/I_{\mathit{or}}$  | dB  | -3  |  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB  | -10   |  |
| $DPCH\ E_c/I_{or}$  | dB  | -10   |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission   | -   | 1   |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -   | 1   |  |
| CQI feedback cycle  | ms  | 2   |  |
| CQI repetition factor   | -   | 1   |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern  | -   | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-<br>frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall<br>be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity<br>of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different<br>UE identity. |  |
| in [7].  Note 2: TF for HS-PDS based on media                                   | power offset 'Г' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined SCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF an CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physical leters are configured according to the CQI mapping table |   |  |
| described in TS  Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ed  described in TS  Note 4: For any given to | S25.214. /lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ  |   |  |
|   | ·   |   |  |

## 9.3.2.2 Fading propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The specified requirements may be subject to further simulations to verify assumptions.

appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

#### 9.3.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 1-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.35, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.9, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.36. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Table 9.35: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading - open loop diversity

| Parameter   | Unit  | Test 1  | Test 2   |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$  | dB  | -8  | -4   |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$   | dB  | 0   | 5  |  |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz  | -6  | 60   |  |
| Phase reference   | -   | P-CF  | PICH   |  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB  | -8  | .5   |  |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB  | -(  | 6  |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission                                 | -   | 1   | 1  |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH se<br>to be monitored                                 | et -  | 1   | I  |  |
| CQI feedback cycle  | ms  | 2   | 2  |  |
| CQI repetition factor   | -   | 1   |  |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern  | -   | To incorporate intersub-frame HS-SCC pattern shall be '' where 'X' indicates HS-SCCH-1 uses t UE under test, and which the HS-SCC different UE identity | CH-1 signalling XOOXOO', TTI in which the he identity of the 'O' indicates TTI in H-1 uses a |  |
| Propagation Channel   |   | Cas   |  |  |
| Note 1: Measurement defined in [7]. Note 2: TF for HS-PD: TF based on r | ote 1: Measurement power offset 'Г' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].  TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics.  TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters are |   |  |  |
| Note 3: HS-PDSCH E  | configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.   |   |  |  |
| PDSCH shall I   | For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.   |   |  |  |
|   | be configured in non-<br>QI tables according to   |   | node and use   |  |

Table 9.36: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading – open loop diversity

| Papartad COI   | Maxim  | um BLER |
|----------------|--------|---------|
| Reported CQI   | Test 1 | Test2   |
| CQI median     | 60%    | 60%     |
| CQI median + 3 | 15%    | 15%     |

# 9.3.2.2.2 Additional Requirements – UE HS-DSCH categories 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35 and 36

For the parameters specified in Table 9.35 and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.9, with a serving HS-DSCH cell and secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s) configured, for each of the serving cells, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs for each serving cell when transmitting with a cell-specific fixed transport format given by the cell-specific CQI median as shown in Table 9.36. The BLER at a particular reported CQI for a specific serving cell is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe transmitted from this serving cell overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

#### 9.3.2.3 Periodically varying radio conditions.

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) when subject to AWGN propagation conditions with periodically varying  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ , is determined by the reporting variance as measured during selected parts of a predetermined  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  pattern, as depicted in Figure 9.1.

#### 9.3.2.3.1 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 1-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.37, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.9, let  $M_1$  be defined as the median CQI that the UE reports in static propagation conditions, with Ior/Ioc set to  $\alpha_1$ , and  $M_2$  be the median CQI that the UE reports in static propagation conditions, with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  set to  $\alpha_2$ . The minimum difference between  $M_1$  and  $M_2$  is required to be larger than 6.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.37, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.9, 90% of the reported CQI values, during  $T_{measure}$  as depicted in Figure 9.1, shall be in the range of +/-3 of M1, for the cases when  $T_{measure}$  occurs during time-periods where  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  is set to  $\alpha_1$ , and in the range of +/-3 of M2, for the cases when  $T_{measure}$  occurs during time-periods where  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  is set to  $\alpha_2$ .

The measurement equipment is allowed to start the ramping of  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  13 slots before the start of the HS-DPCCH slot that contains the first CQI report in  $T_{measure}$ .

The measurement equipment shall have settled  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  to its nominal value 10 slots before the start of the HS-DPCCH slot that contains the first CQI report in  $T_{measure}$ .

An illustration of these timing relations is provided in Figure 9.2.

Table 9.37: Test Parameter for CQI test in periodically varying radio conditions – open loop diversity

| Parameter   | Unit         | Test 1   |  |  |  |
|---|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| $\alpha_1$  | dB           | 10   |  |  |  |
| $\alpha_2$  | dB           | 0  |  |  |  |
| I <sub>oc1</sub>  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60  |  |  |  |
| I <sub>oc2</sub>  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -50  |  |  |  |
| Phase reference   | -            | P-CPICH  |  |  |  |
| T <sub>measure</sub>  | TTI          | 8  |  |  |  |
| T <sub>delay</sub>  | TTI          | 3  |  |  |  |
| T <sub>settle</sub>   | TTI          | 1  |  |  |  |
| T <sub>pulse</sub>  | TTI          | 12   |  |  |  |
| $HS\text{-PDSCH}E_c/I_{\mathit{or}}$  | dB           | -2   |  |  |  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -10  |  |  |  |
| $DPCH\ E_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -10  |  |  |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission   | -            | 1  |  |  |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -            | 1  |  |  |  |
| CQI feedback cycle  | ms           | 2  |  |  |  |
| CQI repetition factor   | -            | 1  |  |  |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern  | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |  |  |  |
| Note 1: Measurement power offset '\Gamma' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined |              |  |  |  |  |

Note 2: The UE shall be configured in non 64QAM/non-MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

#### 9.3.3 Closed Loop Diversity Performance

#### 9.3.3.1 AWGN propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of channel quality indicator (CQI) under AWGN environments is determined by the reporting variance and the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

#### 9.3.3.1.1 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 1-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.41, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.10, the reported CQI value shall be in the range of +/-2 of the reported median more than 90% of the time. If the HS-PDSCH (BLER) using the transport format indicated by median CQI is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (median CQI +2) shall be greater than 0.1. If the HS-PDSCH (BLER) using transport format indicated by the median CQI is greater than 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by (median CQI -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1.

Table 9.41: Test Parameters for CQI in AWGN - closed loop diversity

| Parameter                                       | Unit   | Test 1  | Test 2  | Test 3  |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$                       | dB   | 0 5 10  |   | 10  |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz   |   | -60   |   |
| Phase reference                                 | -  |   | P-CPICH   |   |
| $HS\text{-PDSCH}E_c/I_{or}$                     | dB   |   | -3  |   |
| HS-SCCH _1 $E_c/I_{or}$                         | dB   |   | -10   |   |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$                               | dB   |   | -10   |   |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission         | -  |   | 1   |   |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored           | -  |   | 1   |   |
| CQI feedback cycle                              | ms   |   | 2   |   |
| CQI repetition factor                           | -  | 1   |   |   |
| Feedback Error Rate                             | %  | 0   |   |   |
| Closed loop timing adjustment mode              |  | 1   |   |   |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern                    | -  | frame HS-S<br>be 'XOO'<br>in which the<br>of the UE u | ate inter-TTI=3 tl<br>CCH-1 signalling<br>(OO', where 'X<br>HS-SCCH-1 us<br>nder test, and 'O<br>HS-SCCH-1 us | g pattern shall<br>(' indicates TTI<br>es the identity<br>' indicates TTI |
| in [7].  Note 2: TF for HS-PDSC based on mediar | cower offset 'Γ' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined sCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF an CQI, median CQI -1, median CQI+2 are used. Other physical eters are configured according to the CQI mapping table |   |   |   |
| Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lo described in TS :        | Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ  |   |   |   |
|   |  |   |   | S-PDSCH shall   |
| Note 5: The UE shall be                         | E shall be configured in non.64QAM/non-MIMO mode and use originate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.  |   |   |   |

## 9.3.3.2 Fading propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The specified requirements may be subject to further simulations to verify assumptions.

#### 9.3.3.2.1 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 1-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.44, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.10, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.45. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Table 9.44: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading- closed loop diversity

| Parameter   | Unit  | Test 1  | Test 2 |  |
|---|---|---|--------|--|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$  | dB  | -8  | -4     |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$   | dB  | 0 5   |        |  |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz  | -6  | 60     |  |
| Phase reference   | -   | P-CF  | PICH   |  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB  | -8.5  |        |  |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB  | -   | 6      |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission   | -   | 1   |        |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -   | 1   |        |  |
| CQI feedback cycle  | ms  | 2   |        |  |
| CQI repetition factor   | -   | 1   |        |  |
| Feedback Error Rate   | %   | (   | )      |  |
| Closed loop timing adjustment mode  |   | 1   |        |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern  | -   | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which th HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of th UE under test, and 'O' indicates T which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |        |  |
| Propagation Channel   |   | Cas   |        |  |
| Note 1: Measurement power offset 'Г' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].  Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters are |   |   |        |  |
| Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/I Δ described in T  | configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214. |   |        |  |
| PDSCH shall be<br>Note 5: The UE shall be   | PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.  |   |        |  |
| appropriate CQI   | tables according to   | 13 25.214.  |        |  |

Table 9.45: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading – closed loop diversity

| Reported CQI   | Maximum BLER |       |  |
|----------------|--------------|-------|--|
| Reported CQI   | Test 1       | Test2 |  |
| CQI median     | 60%          | 60%   |  |
| CQI median + 3 | 15%          | 15%   |  |

## 9.3.3.3 Periodically varying radio conditions.

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) when subject to AWGN propagation conditions with periodically varying  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ , is determined by the reporting variance as measured during selected parts of a predetermined  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  pattern, as depicted in Figure 9.1.

#### 9.3.3.3.1 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 1-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.45A, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.10, let  $M_1$  be defined as the median CQI that the UE reports in static propagation conditions, with Ior/Ioc set to  $\alpha_1$ , and  $M_2$  be the median CQI that the UE reports in static propagation conditions, with  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  set to  $\alpha_2$ . The minimum difference between  $M_1$  and  $M_2$  is required to be larger than 6.

For the parameters specified in Table 9.45A, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.10, 90% of the reported CQI values, during  $T_{\text{measure}}$  as depicted in Figure 9.1, shall be in the range of +/-3 of M1, for the cases when  $T_{\text{measure}}$  occurs during time-periods where  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  is set to  $\alpha_1$ , and in the range of +/-3 of M2, for the cases when  $T_{\text{measure}}$  occurs during time-periods where  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  is set to  $\alpha_2$ .

The measurement equipment is allowed to start the ramping of  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  13 slots before the start of the HS-DPCCH slot that contains the first CQI report in  $T_{measure}$ .

The measurement equipment shall have settled  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  to its nominal value 10 slots before the start of the HS-DPCCH slot that contains the first CQI report in  $T_{\text{measure}}$ .

An illustration of these timing relations is provided in Figure 9.2.

Table 9.45A: Test Parameter for CQI test in periodically varying radio conditions – closed loop diversity

| Parameter                               | Unit         | Test 1  |
|---|--------------|---|
| α <sub>1</sub>                          | dB           | 10  |
| $\alpha_2$                              | dB           | 0   |
| I <sub>oc1</sub>                        | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60   |
| I <sub>oc2</sub>                        | dBm/3.84 MHz | -50   |
| Phase reference                         | -            | P-CPICH   |
| T <sub>measure</sub>                    | TTI          | 8   |
| T <sub>delay</sub>                      | TTI          | 3   |
| T <sub>settle</sub>                     | TTI          | 1   |
| T <sub>pulse</sub>                      | TTI          | 12  |
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$              | dB           | -2  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$                  | dB           | -10   |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$                       | dB           | -10   |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission | -            | 1   |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -            | 1   |
| CQI feedback cycle                      | ms           | 2   |
| CQI repetition factor                   | -            | 1   |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern            | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-<br>frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall<br>be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity<br>of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different<br>UE identity. |

Note 1: Measurement power offset 'Γ' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].

Note 2: The UE shall be configured in non-64QAM/non-MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

#### 9.3.4 MIMO Performance

#### 9.3.4.1 MIMO Single Stream Fading Conditions

The minimum performance requirements of channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under MIMO single stream conditions are defined based on a CQI Type A versus Type B reporting ratio of 1/2, i.e. the parameters  $N_{\text{cqi\_typeA}}$  and  $M_{\text{cqi}}$  (see [8]) are assumed to be set to 1 and 2, respectively. The propagation conditions assumed for minimum performance requirements of CQI reporting under MIMO single stream conditions are defined in subclause B.2.6.1. The precoding used at the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding vector for single transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding vectors as defined in [8]. The same precoding vector shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO single stream conditions in subclause B.2.6.1.

The reporting accuracy of CQI under MIMO single stream conditions is determined by the BLER performance when transmitting with a transport format indicated by the reported CQI median determined over all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.1.

#### 9.3.4.1.1 Minimum Requirement - UE HS-DSCH categories 15-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.46, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Table C.9 and Table C.12D, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.47. The CQI median shall be determined over all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.1. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period for all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.1with the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes to which the same CQI value was associated.

Table 9.46: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO single stream fading conditions

| Parameter                               | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                        |
|---|--------------|--|-------------------------------|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$              | dB           | -2   | -2.23 dB                      |
| $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$               | dB           |  | 6                             |
| $I_{oc}$                                | dBm/3.84 MHz |  | -60                           |
| Phase reference                         | -            | P-CPICH (Table C.9)  | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12D) |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$                  | dB           | -15 (using STTD)   | -15 (without STTD)            |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$                       | dB           | -10 (using STTD)   | -10 (without STTD)            |
| Precoding weight set restriction        | -            | Disabled   | Enabled                       |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission | -            | 1  |                               |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -            | 1  |                               |
| CQI feedback cycle                      | ms           |  | 2                             |
| CQI repetition factor                   | -            |  | 1                             |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate         | %            | 0  |                               |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern            | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |                               |
| Propagation Channel                     |              | MIMO single :  | stream fading conditions      |

Note 1: Measurement power offset '\Gamma' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].

Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI over all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.1 is used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. The precoding that shall be used in the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding vector for single transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding vectors as defined in [8]. The same precoding vector shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO single stream conditions in subclause B.2.6.1.

- Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.
- Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
- Note 5: The UE shall be configured in non-64QAM/MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

Table 9.47: Minimum requirement for CQI test in MIMO single stream conditions

| Reported CQI   | Maximum BLER |        |  |
|----------------|--------------|--------|--|
| Reported CQI   | Test 1       | Test 2 |  |
| CQI median     | 60%          | 60%    |  |
| CQI median + 3 | 15%          | 15%    |  |

#### 9.3.4.1.2 Additional Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 25-28, 30, 32 and 36

With a serving HS-DSCH cell and secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s) configured, using the parameters specified in Table 9.47A, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Table C.9 and Table C.12D, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the cell-specific CQI median as shown in Table 9.47B. The requirement is applicable for each cell individually, that is the median reported CQI, as well as corresponding BLERs, are to be separately determined for each cell and independently verified against the requirement in Table 9.47B. The cell-specific CQI median shall be determined over all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.1. The cell-specific BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period for all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the cell-specific precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.1 with

the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes to which the same CQI value was associated.

Table 9.47A: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO single stream fading conditions

| Parameter                               | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                        |  |
|---|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$              | dB           | -2   | -2.23                         |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$                  | dB           | 6  |                               |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$                  | dB           |  | 6                             |  |
| $I_{oc}$                                | dBm/3.84 MHz |  | -60                           |  |
| Phase reference                         | -            | P-CPICH (Table C.9)  | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12D) |  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$                  | dB           | -15 (using STTD)   | -15 (without STTD)            |  |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$                       | dB           | -10 (using STTD)   | -10 (without STTD)            |  |
| Precoding weight set restriction        | -            | Disabled   | Enabled                       |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission | -            | 1  |                               |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -            | 1  |                               |  |
| CQI feedback cycle                      | ms           |  | 2                             |  |
| CQI repetition factor                   | -            |  | 1                             |  |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate         | %            | 0  |                               |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern            | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |                               |  |
| Propagation Channel                     |              | MIMO single stream fading conditions   |                               |  |

Note 1: Measurement power offset ' $\Gamma$ ' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].

Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI over all single transport block Type A CQI reports and all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.1 is used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. The precoding that shall be used in the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding vector for single transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding vectors as defined in [8]. The same precoding vector shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO single stream conditions in subclause B.2.6.1.

Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment  $\Delta$  described in TS 25.214.

Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.

Note 5: The UE shall be configured in non-64QAM/MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

Table 9.47B: Minimum requirement for CQI test in MIMO single stream conditions

| Reported CQI   | Maximum BLER |        |
|----------------|--------------|--------|
| Reported CQI   | Test 1       | Test 2 |
| CQI median     | 60%          | 60%    |
| CQI median + 3 | 15%          | 15%    |

#### 9.3.4.2 MIMO Dual Stream Fading Conditions

The minimum performance requirements of channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under MIMO dual stream conditions are defined based on a Type A reporting fraction of 100%, i.e. the parameters  $N_{\text{cqi_typeA}}$  and  $M_{\text{cqi}}$  (see [8]) are assumed to be both set to 1. The propagation conditions assumed for minimum performance requirements of CQI reporting under MIMO dual stream conditions are defined in subclause B.2.6.2. The precoding used at the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix for dual transport block transmission out of the set of

possible precoding matrices as defined in [8]. The same precoding matrix shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO dual stream conditions in subclause B.2.6.2.

The reporting accuracy of CQI under MIMO dual stream conditions is determined by the BLER performance of two streams of transport blocks using the transport formats indicated by the respective stream specific reported CQI median over all dual transport block CQI reports for each stream that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2.

## 9.3.4.2.1 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 15-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.48, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Table C.9 and Table C.12D, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs for each stream when transmitting a fixed transport format per stream given by the stream specific CQI median as shown in Table 9.49. The stream specific CQI median shall be determined over all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2. When the reported preferred primary precoding vector is matching with the first column of the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2, the reported values CQI<sub>1</sub> and CQI<sub>2</sub> shall be used respectively to determine the median CQI values for stream #1 and stream #2 as depicted in Figure B.5 in subclause B.2.6.2. When the reported preferred primary precoding vector is matching with the second column of the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2, the reported values COI<sub>1</sub> and COI<sub>2</sub> shall be used to determine the median CQI values for stream #2 and stream #1, respectively. The stream specific BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period for all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with a PCI report that was matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2 with the two transport blocks of the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fractions of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes to which the same CQI values were associated.

Table 9.48: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO dual stream fading conditions

| Parameter   | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                        |  |
|---|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -2   | -2.23                         |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$   | dB           |  | 10                            |  |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60  |                               |  |
| Phase reference   | -            | P-CPICH (Table C.9)  | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12D) |  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -15 (using STTD)   | -15 (without STTD)            |  |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB           | -10 (using STTD)   | -10 (without STTD)            |  |
| Precoding weight set restriction  | -            | Disabled   | Enabled                       |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission   | -            | 1  |                               |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -            | 1  |                               |  |
| CQI feedback cycle  | ms           | 2  |                               |  |
| CQI repetition factor   | -            |  | 1                             |  |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate   | %            | 0  |                               |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern  | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |                               |  |
| Propagation Channel   |              | MIMO dual stream fading conditions   |                               |  |
| Note 1: Measurement power offset $\Gamma$ is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7]. |              |  |                               |  |

TF for HS-PDSCH is configured for each stream according to the reported CQI statistics. TF for each Note 2: stream is based on median CQI over all dual transport block CQI reports that are reported together with a PCI report that is matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. The precoding that shall be used in the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix for dual transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding matrices as defined in [8]. The same precoding matrix shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO dual stream conditions in subclause

Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.

Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted

continuously with constant power.

The UE shall be configured in non-64QAM/MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to Note 5: TS 25.214.

Table 9.49: Minimum requirement for CQI test in MIMO dual stream conditions

| Paparted COI   | Maximum BLER |        |
|----------------|--------------|--------|
| Reported CQI   | Test 1       | Test 2 |
| CQI median     | 60%          | 60%    |
| CQI median + 2 | 15%          | 15%    |

#### 9.3.4.2.2 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 19-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.49A, and using the downlink physical channels specified in table C.9 and Table C.12D, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported COIs for each stream when transmitting a fixed transport format per stream given by the stream specific CQI median as shown in Table 9.49B. The stream specific CQI median shall be determined over all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2. When the reported preferred primary precoding vector is matching with the first column of the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2, the reported values CQI<sub>1</sub> and CQI<sub>2</sub> shall be used respectively to determine the median CQI values for stream #1 and stream #2 as depicted in Figure B.5 in subclause B.2.6.2. When the reported preferred primary precoding vector is matching with the second column of the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2, the reported values CQI<sub>1</sub> and CQI<sub>2</sub> shall be used to determine the median CQI values for stream #2 and stream #1, respectively. The stream specific BLER at a

particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period for all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with a PCI report that was matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2 with the two transport blocks of the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fractions of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes to which the same CQI values were associated.

Table 9.49A: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO dual stream conditions

| Parameter                               | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                        |
|---|--------------|--|-------------------------------|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$              | dB           | -2   | -2.23                         |
| $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$               | dB           |  | 15                            |
| $I_{oc}$                                | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60  |                               |
| Phase reference                         | -            | P-CPICH (Table C.9)  | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12D) |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$                  | dB           | -15 (using STTD)   | -15 (without STTD)            |
| $DPCH\ E_c/I_{or}$                      | dB           | -10 (using STTD)   | -10 (without STTD)            |
| Precoding weight set restriction        | -            | Disabled   | Enabled                       |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission | -            | 1  |                               |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -            | 1  |                               |
| CQI feedback cycle                      | ms           | 2  |                               |
| CQI repetition factor                   | -            |  | 1                             |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate         | %            | 0  |                               |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern            | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |                               |
| Propagation Channel                     |              | MIMO dual stream conditions  |                               |

- Note 1: Measurement power offset '\Gamma' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].
- Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured for each stream according to the reported CQI statistics. TF for each stream is based on median CQI over all dual transport block CQI reports that are reported together with a PCI report that is matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. The precoding that shall be used in the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix for dual transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding matrices as defined in [8]. The same precoding matrix shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO dual stream conditions in subclause B.2.6.2.
- Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment  $\Delta$  described in TS 25.214.
- Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
- Note 5: The UE shall be configured in 64QAM/MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

Table 9.49B: Minimum requirement for CQI test in MIMO dual stream conditions

| Paparted COI   | Maximum BLER |        |
|----------------|--------------|--------|
| Reported CQI   | Test 1       | Test 2 |
| CQI median     | 60%          | 60%    |
| CQI median + 2 | 15%          | 15%    |

#### 9.3.4.2.3 Additional Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 25-28, 30, 32 and 36

With a serving HS-DSCH cell and secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s) configured, using the parameters specified in Table 9.49BA, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Table C.9 and Table C.12D, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs for each stream when transmitting a fixed transport format per stream given by the stream specific CQI median as shown in Table 9.49BB. The requirement is applicable for each cell and stream individually, that is the median reported CQI, as well as corresponding BLERs, are to be

separately determined for each cell and stream, and independently verified against the requirement in Table 9.49BB. The stream and cell-specific CQI median shall be determined over all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2. When the reported preferred primary precoding vector is matching with the first column of the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2, the reported values CQI<sub>1</sub> and CQI<sub>2</sub> shall be used respectively to determine the median CQI values for stream #1 and stream #2 as depicted in Figure B.5 in subclause B.2.6.2. When the reported preferred primary precoding vector is matching with the second column of the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2, the reported values CQI<sub>1</sub> and CQI<sub>2</sub> shall be used to determine the median CQI values for stream #2 and stream #1, respectively. The stream and cell-specific BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period for all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with a PCI report that was matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2 with the two transport blocks of the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fractions of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes to which the same CQI values were associated.

Table 9.49BA: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO dual stream conditions

| Parameter                               | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                        |
|---|--------------|--|-------------------------------|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$              | dB           | -2   | -2.23                         |
| $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$                  | dB           | 10   |                               |
| $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$                  | dB           | 10   |                               |
| $I_{oc}$                                | dBm/3.84 MHz |  | -60                           |
| Phase reference                         | -            | P-CPICH (Table C.9)  | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12D) |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$                  | dB           | -15 (using STTD)   | -15 (without STTD)            |
| $DPCH\ E_c/I_{or}$                      | dB           | -10 (using STTD)   | -10 (without STTD)            |
| Precoding weight set restriction        | -            | Disabled   | Enabled                       |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission | -            | 1  |                               |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -            | 1  |                               |
| CQI feedback cycle                      | ms           |  | 2                             |
| CQI repetition factor                   | -            |  | 1                             |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate         | %            | 0  |                               |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern            | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |                               |
| Propagation Channel                     |              | MIMO du  | al stream conditions          |

- Note 1: Measurement power offset  $\Gamma$  is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].
- Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured for each stream according to the reported CQI statistics. TF for each stream is based on median CQI over all dual transport block CQI reports that are reported together with a PCI report that is matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. The precoding that shall be used in the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix for dual transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding matrices as defined in [8]. The same precoding matrix shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO dual stream conditions in subclause B.2.6.2.
- Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.
- Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.
- Note 5: The UE shall be configured in non-64QAM/MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

Table 9.49BB: Minimum requirement for CQI test in MIMO dual stream conditions

| Reported CQI   | Maximum BLER |        |
|----------------|--------------|--------|
| Reported CQI   | Test 1       | Test 2 |
| CQI median     | 60%          | 60%    |
| CQI median + 2 | 15%          | 15%    |

#### 9.3.4.2.4 Additional Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 27, 28, 30, 32 and 36

With a serving HS-DSCH cell and secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s) configured, using the parameters specified in Table 9.49BC, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Table C.9 and Table C.12D, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs for each stream when transmitting a fixed transport format per stream given by the stream specific CQI median as shown in Table 9.49BD. The requirement is applicable for each cell and stream individually, that is the median reported CQI, as well as corresponding BLERs, are to be separately determined for each cell and stream, and independently verified against the requirement in Table 9.49BB. The stream and cell-specific CQI median shall be determined over all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2. When the reported preferred primary precoding vector is matching with the first column of the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2, the reported values CQI<sub>1</sub> and CQI<sub>2</sub> shall be used respectively to determine the median CQI values for stream #1 and stream #2 as depicted in Figure B.5 in subclause B.2.6.2. When the reported preferred primary precoding vector is matching with the second column of the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2, the reported values CQI<sub>1</sub> and CQI<sub>2</sub> shall be used to determine the median CQI values for stream #2 and stream #1, respectively. The stream and cell-specific BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period for all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with a PCI report that was matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2 with the two transport blocks of the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this COI reference measurement period and calculating the fractions of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes to which the same CQI values were associated.

Table 9.49BC: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO dual stream conditions

| Parameter   | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                        |
|---|--------------|--|-------------------------------|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -2   | -2.23                         |
| $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$  | dB           | 15   |                               |
| $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$  | dB           | 15   |                               |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz |  | -60                           |
| Phase reference   | -            | P-CPICH (Table C.9)  | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12D) |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -15 (using STTD)   | -15 (without STTD)            |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB           | -10 (using STTD)   | -10 (without STTD)            |
| Precoding weight set restriction  | -            | Disabled   | Enabled                       |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission   | -            | 1  |                               |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -            | 1  |                               |
| CQI feedback cycle  | ms           | 2  |                               |
| CQI repetition factor   | -            |  | 1                             |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate   | %            | 0  |                               |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern  | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |                               |
| Propagation Channel   |              | MIMO dual stream conditions  |                               |
| Note 1: Measurement power offset '\Gamma' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7]. |              |  |                               |

TF for HS-PDSCH is configured for each stream according to the reported CQI statistics. TF for each stream is based on median CQI over all dual transport block CQI reports that are reported together with a PCI report that is matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.2. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. The precoding that shall be used in the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix for dual transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding matrices as defined in [8]. The same precoding matrix shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO dual stream conditions in subclause B.2.6.2.

Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214

Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted

continuously with constant power.

The UE shall be configured in 64QAM/MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS Note 5: 25.214.

Table 9.49BD: Minimum requirement for CQI test in MIMO dual stream conditions

| Paparted COI   | Maximum BLER |        |  |
|----------------|--------------|--------|--|
| Reported CQI   | Test 1       | Test 2 |  |
| CQI median     | 60%          | 60%    |  |
| CQI median + 2 | 15%          | 15%    |  |

#### 9.3.4.3 MIMO Dual Stream Static Orthogonal Conditions

The minimum performance requirements of channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under MIMO dual stream conditions are defined based on a Type A reporting fraction of 100%, i.e. the parameters N\_cqi\_typeA and M\_cqi (see [8]) are assumed to be both set to 1. The propagation conditions assumed for minimum performance requirements of CQI reporting under MIMO dual stream static orthogonal conditions are defined in subclause B.2.6.3.

The precoding matrix used in the transmitter shall be one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix  $\mathbf{W}$  out of the set defined in equation EQ.B.2.6.2.

#### 9.3.4.3.1 Minimum Requirement –UE HS-DSCH categories 15-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.49C, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Table C.9 and Table C.12D, the reported CQI value, for each of the streams, shall be in the range of +/-2 of the reported stream specific CQI median more than 90% of the time. The stream specific CQI median shall be determined over all dual transport block CQI reports.

For each of the streams, if the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the stream specific CQI median is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (stream specific CQI median + 2) shall be greater than 0.1. For each of the streams, if the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the stream specific CQI median is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (stream specific CQI median -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1. The requirements are applicable to Test 1 and Test 2.

Table 9.49C: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO dual stream static orthogonal conditions

| Parameter   | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                        |
|---|--------------|--|-------------------------------|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -2   | -2.23                         |
| $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$   | dB           | 10   |                               |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60  |                               |
| Phase reference   | -            | P-CPICH (Table C.9)  | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12D) |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -15 (using STTD)   | -15 (without STTD)            |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB           | -10 (using STTD)   | -10 (without STTD)            |
| Precoding weight set restriction  | -            | Disabled   | Enabled                       |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission   | -            | 1  |                               |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -            | 1  |                               |
| CQI feedback cycle  | ms           |  | 2                             |
| CQI repetition factor   | -            |  | 1                             |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate   | %            | 0  |                               |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern  | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |                               |
| Propagation Channel   |              | MIMO dual stream static orthogonal conditions  |                               |
| Note 1: Measurement power offset 'T' is configured by PRC accordingly and as defined in [7] |              |  |                               |

- Note 1: Measurement power offset 'I' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].
- Note 2: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214
- Note 3: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted
- continuously with constant power.
- Note 4: The UE shall be configured in non-64QAM/MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

#### 9.3.4.3.2 Minimum Requirement –UE HS-DSCH categories 19-20

For the parameters specified in Table 9.49D, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Table C.9 and Table C.12D, the reported CQI value, for each of the streams, shall be in the range of +/-2 of the reported stream specific CQI median more than 90% of the time. The stream specific CQI median shall be determined over all dual transport block CQI reports.

For each of the streams, if the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the stream specific CQI median is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (stream specific CQI median + 2) shall be greater than 0.1. For each of the streams, if the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the stream specific CQI median is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (stream specific CQI median -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1. The requirements are applicable to Test 1 and Test 2.

Table 9.49D: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO dual stream static orthogonal conditions

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                        |  |
|--|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$   | dB           | -2   | -2.23                         |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$  | dB           | 15   |                               |  |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60  |                               |  |
| Phase reference  | -            | P-CPICH (Table C.9)  | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12D) |  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB           | -15 (using STTD)   | -15 (without STTD)            |  |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -10 (using STTD)   | -10 (without STTD)            |  |
| Precoding weight set restriction   | -            | Disabled   | Enabled                       |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission  | -            | 1  |                               |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored  | -            | 1  |                               |  |
| CQI feedback cycle   | ms           | 2  |                               |  |
| CQI repetition factor  | -            |  | 1                             |  |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate  | %            | 0  |                               |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern   | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |                               |  |
| Propagation Channel  |              | MIMO dual stream static orthogonal conditions  |                               |  |
| Note 1: Measurement power offset 'I' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7]. |              |  |                               |  |

Note 2: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214

Note 3: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted

continuously with constant power.

Note 4: The UE shall be configured in 64QAM/MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

#### 9.3.4.3.3 Additional Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 25-28, 30, 32 and 36

With a serving HS-DSCH cell and secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s) configured, using the parameters specified in Table 9.49E, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Table C.9 and Table C.12D, the reported CQI value, for each of the streams, and cells shall be in the range of +/-2 of the reported stream specific CQI median more than 90% of the time. The requirement is applicable for each cell and stream individually, that is the median reported CQI, as well as corresponding BLERs, are to be separately determined for each cell and stream, and independently verified to fulfil the requirement. The stream and cell-specific CQI median shall be determined over all dual transport block CQI reports.

For each of the streams and cells, if the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the stream and cell-specific CQI median is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (stream and cell-specific CQI median + 2) shall be greater than 0.1. For each of the streams and cells, if the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the stream and cell-specific CQI median is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (stream and cell-specific CQI median -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1. The requirements are applicable to Test 1 and Test 2.

Table 9.49E: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO dual stream static orthogonal conditions

| Parameter                               | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                        |
|---|--------------|--|-------------------------------|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$              | dB           | -2   | -2.23                         |
| $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$                  | dB           |  | 10                            |
| $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$                  | dB           | 10   |                               |
| $I_{oc}$                                | dBm/3.84 MHz |  | -60                           |
| Phase reference                         | -            | P-CPICH (Table C.9)  | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12D) |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$                  | dB           | -15 (using STTD)   | -15 (without STTD)            |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$                       | dB           | -10 (using STTD)   | -10 (without STTD)            |
| Precoding weight set restriction        | -            | Disabled   | Enabled                       |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission | -            | 1  |                               |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -            | 1  |                               |
| CQI feedback cycle                      | ms           | 2  |                               |
| CQI repetition factor                   | -            |  | 1                             |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate         | %            | 0  |                               |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern            | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |                               |
| Propagation Channel                     |              | MIMO dual stream   | static orthogonal conditions  |

Note 1: Measurement power offset  $\Gamma$  is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].

Note 2: Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.

Note 3: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.

Note 4: UEs from HS-DSCH categories 27-28 shall be configured in non-64QAM/MIMO and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.

## 9.3.4.3.4 Additional Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 27, 28, 30, 32 and 36

With a serving HS-DSCH cell and secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s) configured, using the parameters specified in Table 9.49F, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Table C.9 and Table C.12D, the reported CQI value, for each of the streams, and cells shall be in the range of +/-2 of the reported stream specific CQI median more than 90% of the time. The requirement is applicable for each cell and stream individually, that is the median reported CQI, as well as corresponding BLERs, are to be separately determined for each cell and stream, and independently verified to fulfil the requirement. The stream and cell-specific CQI median shall be determined over all dual transport block CQI reports.

For each of the streams and cells, if the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the stream and cell-specific CQI median is less than or equal to 0.1, the BLER using the transport format indicated by the (stream and cell-specific CQI median + 2) shall be greater than 0.1. For each of the streams and cells, if the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the stream and cell-specific CQI median is greater than 0.1, the BLER using transport format indicated by (stream and cell-specific CQI median -1) shall be less than or equal to 0.1. The requirements are applicable to Test 1 and Test 2.

Table 9.49EF: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO dual stream static orthogonal conditions

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                        |
|--|--------------|--|-------------------------------|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$   | dB           | -2   | -2.23                         |
| $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$   | dB           | 15   |                               |
| $\hat{I}_{or2}$ / $I_{oc}$   | dB           | 15   |                               |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60  |                               |
| Phase reference  | -            | P-CPICH (Table C.9)  | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12D) |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB           | -15 (using STTD)   | -15 (without STTD)            |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -10 (using STTD)   | -10 (without STTD)            |
| Precoding weight set restriction   | -            | Disabled   | Enabled                       |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission  | -            | 1  |                               |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored  | -            | 1  |                               |
| CQI feedback cycle   | ms           | 2  |                               |
| CQI repetition factor  | -            | 1  |                               |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error Rate   | %            | 0  |                               |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern   | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |                               |
| Propagation Channel  |              | MIMO dual stream static orthogonal conditions  |                               |
| Note 1: Measurement power offset 'Γ' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].  Note 2: Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214. |              |  |                               |
| Note 3: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.  |              |  |                               |
| Note 4: The UE shall be configured in 64QAM/MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS   |              |  |                               |

# 9.3.5 MIMO only with single-stream restriction Performance

#### 9.3.5.1 MIMO only with single-stream restriction Fading Conditions

The propagation conditions assumed for minimum performance requirements of CQI reporting under MIMO single stream conditions are defined in subclause B.2.6.1. The precoding used at the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding vector for single transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding vectors as defined in [8]. The same precoding vector shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO single stream conditions in subclause B.2.6.1.

The reporting accuracy of CQI under MIMO with single-stream restriction is determined by the BLER performance when transmitting with a transport format indicated by the reported CQI median determined over all CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.1.

#### 9.3.5.1.1 Minimum Requirement

25.214

For the parameters specified in Table 9.49E1, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Table C.9 and Table C.12D, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.4E2. The CQI median shall be determined over all CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.1. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period for all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.1with the

HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes to which the same CQI value was associated.

Table 9.49E1: Test Parameters for CQI test in MIMO single stream fading conditions

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                        |  |
|--|--------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$   | dB           | -2   | -2.23                         |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  | dB           | 6  |                               |  |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz |  | -60                           |  |
| Phase reference  | -            | P-CPICH (Table C.9)  | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12D) |  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB           | -15 (using STTD)   | -15 (without STTD)            |  |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB           | -10 (using STTD)   | -10 (without STTD)            |  |
| Precoding weight set restriction   | -            | Disabled   | Enabled                       |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission  | -            | 1  |                               |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored  | -            | 1  |                               |  |
| CQI feedback cycle   | ms           | 2  |                               |  |
| CQI repetition factor  | -            | 1  |                               |  |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate  | %            | 0  |                               |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern   | -            | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. |                               |  |
| Propagation Channel  |              |  | stream fading conditions      |  |
| Note 1: Measurement power offset 'I' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7]. |              |  |                               |  |

Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI over all Type B CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding vector embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.6.1is used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. The precoding that shall be used in the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding vector for single transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding vectors as defined in [8]. The same precoding vector shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO single stream conditions in subclause B.2.6.1.

Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214. Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.

Table 9.49E2: Minimum requirement for CQI test in MIMO single stream conditions

| Reported CQI   | Maximum BLER |        |  |
|----------------|--------------|--------|--|
| Reported CQI   | Test 1       | Test 2 |  |
| CQI median     | 60%          | 60%    |  |
| CQI median + 3 | 15%          | 15%    |  |

## 9.3.6 Multiflow HSDPA performance

#### 9.3.6.1 Fading propagation conditions

The reporting accuracy of the channel quality indicator (CQI) under fading environments is determined by the BLER performance using the transport format indicated by the reported CQI median.

The specified requirements may be subject to further simulations to verify assumptions.

#### 9.3.6.1.1 Minimum Requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 9.49E3, and using the test set-up in Annex C.5.5, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs when transmitting a fixed transport format given by the CQI median as shown in Table 9.49E4. The BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period with the HS-PDSCH subframe of the time reference cell overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fraction of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes.

Table 9.49E3: Test Parameters for CQI test in fading – Multiflow HSDPA

| Parameter  | Unit  | Test 1   |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$   | dB  | -3   |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or}$ / $I_{oc}$  | dB  | Specified in Annex C.5.5   |  |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz  | -60  |  |
| Number of additional interfering cell  |   | 0  |  |
| Phase reference  | -   | P-CPICH  |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission  | -   | 1  |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored  | -   | 1  |  |
| CQI feedback cycle   | ms  | 2  |  |
| CQI repetition factor  | -   | 1  |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern   | -   | The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity. The HS-SCCH-1 shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. |  |
| Propagation Channel  |   | Case 8   |  |
| Note 1: Measurement power offset 'T' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].  Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured according to the reported CQI statistics. TF based on median CQI is used. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. |   |  |  |
| Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/I Δ described in T   | HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.                              |  |  |
| PDSCH shall be   | For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. |  |  |
| Note 5: The UE shall be configured in non-MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS 25.214.   |   |  |  |

Table 9.49E4: Minimum requirement for CQI test in fading - Multiflow HSDPA

| Reported CQI   | Maximum BLER |  |
|----------------|--------------|--|
| Reported CQI   | Test 1       |  |
| CQI median     | 60%          |  |
| CQI median + 3 | 15%          |  |

#### 9.3.7 MIMO Performance with four transmit antennas

#### 9.3.7.1 Four Streams Static Orthogonal Conditions

The minimum performance requirements of channel quality indicator (CQI) reporting under MIMO with four transmit antennas and four stream conditions are defined based on a Type A reporting fraction of 100%, i.e. the parameters  $N_{\text{cqi}}$  (see [8]) are assumed to be both set to 1. The propagation conditions assumed for minimum performance requirements of CQI reporting are defined in subclause B.2.7.

The precoding matrix used in the transmitter shall be one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix  $\mathbf{W}$  out of the set defined in Annex B.2.7.

#### 9.3.7.1.1 Minimum Requirement – UE HS-DSCH categories 37 and 38

With a serving HS-DSCH cell and secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s) configured, using the parameters specified in Table 9.49E5, and using the downlink physical channels specified in C.12F, the reported CQI value, for each of the HARQ process, and cells shall be in the range of [+/-2] of the reported stream specific CQI median more than 90% of the time. The requirement is applicable for each cell and for each HARQ process individually, that is the median reported CQI, as well as corresponding BLERs, are to be separately determined for each cell and HARQ process, and independently verified to fulfil the requirement. The HARQ process and cell-specific CQI median shall be determined over all four transport block reports.

For each HARQ process and cells, if the HS-PDSCH BLER averaged over the streams associated to the same HARQ-process identifier, using the transport format indicated by the HARQ process and cell-specific CQI median is less than or equal to [0.1], the BLER using the transport format indicated by the HARQ process and cell-specific CQI median [+2] shall be greater than [0.1]. For each of the HARQ process and cells, if the HS-PDSCH BLER using the transport format indicated by the stream and cell-specific CQI median is greater than [0.1], the BLER using transport format indicated by the HARQ-process and cell-specific CQI median [-1] shall be less than or equal to [0.1].

Table 9.49E5: Test Parameters for CQI test for MIMO with four transmit antennas with four streams static orthogonal conditions

| Parameter   | Unit            | Test 1  | Test 2  |
|---|-----------------|---|---|
| $\begin{array}{c} {\rm HS-} \\ {\rm PDSCH}E_c/I_{or} \end{array}$ | dB              | -2.3  | -2.3  |
| $\hat{I}_{or1}$ / $I_{oc}$  | dB              | 13  | 18  |
| $\hat{I}_{or2}$ / $I_{oc}$  | dB              | 13  | 18  |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84<br>MHz | -60   | -60   |
| Phase reference   | -               | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12F)   | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12F)   |
| $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB              | -17.4 (without STTD)  | -17.4 (without STTD)  |
| $DPCH\ E_c/I_{or}$  | dB              | -10 (without STTD)  | -10 (without STTD)  |
| Precoding weight set restriction                                  | -               | Enabled   | Enabled   |
| Maximum<br>number of<br>H-ARQ<br>transmission                     | -               | 1   | 1   |
| Number of HS-<br>SCCH set to be<br>monitored                      | -               | 1   | 1   |
| CQI feedback cycle  | ms              | 2   | 2   |
| CQI repetition factor   | -               | 1   | 1   |
| PCI/CQI<br>reporting Error<br>Rate                                | %               | 0   | 0   |
| HS-SCCH-1<br>signalling pattern                                   | -               | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-<br>frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall<br>be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity<br>of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different<br>UE identity. | To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-<br>frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall<br>be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity<br>of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI<br>in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different<br>UE identity. |
| Propagation<br>Channel  |                 | Four branch MIMO four stream static orthogonal conditions, Annex B.2.7.1  | Four branch MIMO four stream static orthogonal conditions, Annex B.2.7.1  |

Note 1: Measurement power offset ' $\Gamma$ ' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].

Note 2: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment Δ described in TS 25.214.

Note 3: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.

## 9.3.8 MIMO with Four Transmit Antennas only with Dual-Stream Restriction Performance

## 9.3.8.1 MIMO with four transmit antennas only with dual-stream restriction fading conditions

The propagation conditions assumed for minimum performance requirements of CQI reporting under MIMO with four transmit antennas with dual stream conditions are defined in subclause B.2.7.2. The precoding used at the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding vector for dual transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding vectors as defined in [8]. The same precoding vector shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described in subclause B.2.7.2.

The reporting accuracy of CQI under MIMO with four transmit antennas with dual-stream restriction is determined by the BLER performance when transmitting with a transport format indicated by the reported CQI median determined

over all CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.7.2.

#### 9.3.8.1.1 Minimum Requirement

With a serving HS-DSCH cell and secondary serving HS-DSCH cell(s) configured, using the parameters specified in Table 9.49E6, and using the downlink physical channels specified in Table C.12F, the requirements are specified in terms of maximum BLERs at particular reported CQIs for each HARQ process when transmitting a fixed transport format per HARQ process given by the HARQ process specific CQI median as shown in Table 9.49E7. The requirement is applicable for each cell and stream individually, that is the median reported CQI, as well as corresponding BLERs, are to be separately determined for each cell and stream, and independently verified against the requirement in Table 9.49E7. The HARQ process and cell-specific CQI median shall be determined over all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with PCI reports matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.7.2. The HARQ process and cell-specific BLER at a particular reported CQI is obtained by associating a particular CQI reference measurement period for all dual transport block CQI reports that were reported together with a PCI report that was matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.7.2 with the two transport blocks of the HS-PDSCH subframe overlapping with the end of this CQI reference measurement period and calculating the fractions of erroneous HS-PDSCH subframes to which the same CQI values were associated.

Table 9.49E6: Test Parameters for CQI test for MIMO with four transmit antennas only with dual streams conditions

| Parameter   | Unit  | Test 1   |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| $HS	ext{-}PDSCHE_c/I_{or}$  | dB  | -2.3   |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$  | dB  | 15   |  |
| $\hat{I}_{or2}$ / $I_{oc}$  | dB  | 15   |  |
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84 MHz  | -60  |  |
| Phase reference   | -   | P-CPICH/S-CPICH (Table C.12F)  |  |
| HS-SCCH_1 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB  | -17.4 (without STTD)   |  |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB  | -10 (without STTD)   |  |
| Precoding weight set restriction  | -   | Enabled  |  |
| Maximum number of<br>H-ARQ transmission   | -   | 1  |  |
| Number of HS-SCCH set to be monitored   | -   | 1  |  |
| CQI feedback cycle  | Ms  | 2  |  |
| CQI repetition factor   | -   | 1  |  |
| PCI/CQI reporting Error<br>Rate   | %   | 0  |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern  To incorporate inter-TTI=3 the six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indica TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE ur test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a   |   | signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under |  |
| Propagation Channel   | Four branch MIMO dual stream fading conditions. Appey |  |  |
| Note 1: Measurement power offset 'I' is configured by RRC accordingly and as defined in [7].  Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured for each stream according to the reported CQI statistics. TF for each stream is based on median CQI over all dual transport block CQI reports that are reported together with a PCI report that is matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as |   |  |  |

Note 2: TF for HS-PDSCH is configured for each stream according to the reported CQI statistics. TF for each stream is based on median CQI over all dual transport block CQI reports that are reported together with a PCI report that is matching the precoding matrix embedded in the propagation channel as defined in subclause B.2.7.2. Other physical channel parameters are configured according to the CQI mapping table described in TS25.214. The precoding that shall be used in the transmitter is one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix for dual transport block transmission out of the set of possible precoding matrices as defined in [8]. The same precoding matrix shall be used to generate the resulting channel coefficients as described for MIMO dual stream conditions in subclause B.2.7.2.

Note 3: HS-PDSCH Ec/lor is decreased according to reference power adjustment  $\Delta$  described in TS 25.214

Note 4: For any given transport format the power of the HS-SCCH and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted

continuously with constant power.

Note 5: The UE shall be configured in 64QAM/MIMO mode and use appropriate CQI tables according to TS

25.214.

Table 9.49E7: Minimum requirement for CQI test in MIMO dual stream conditions

| Reported CQI     | Maximum BLER |
|------------------|--------------|
| Reported CQI     | Test 1       |
| CQI median       | 60%          |
| CQI median [+ 2] | 15%          |

#### 9.4 HS-SCCH Detection Performance

The detection performance of the HS-SCCH is determined by the probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$ , which is declared when the UE is signaled on HS-SCCH-1, but DTX is observed in the corresponding HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK field. The probability of event  $E_{\rm m}$  is denoted  $P(E_{\rm m})$ .

### 9.4.1 HS-SCCH Type 1 Single Link Performance

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.50, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.51 and Table 9.51A the measured  $P(E_m)$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_m)$ . Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.51A are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.50: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – single link

| Parameter                          | Unit            | Test 1   | Test 2                   | Test 3           |  |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--------------------------|------------------|--|
| $I_{oc}$                           | dBm/3.84<br>MHz |  | -60                      |                  |  |
| Phase reference                    | -               |  | P-CPICH                  |                  |  |
| P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$               | dB              |  | -10                      |                  |  |
| HS-SCCH UE Identity                |                 | HS-SCCH  | l-1: 1010101010101       | 01010            |  |
| $(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$ |                 | (every third TTI only                                |                          | ddressed solely  |  |
| 10,1                               |                 |  | a HS-SCCH-1)             |                  |  |
|                                    |                 |  | I-2: 0001001010101       |                  |  |
|                                    |                 | HS-SCCH-3: 0001101010101010                          |                          |                  |  |
|                                    |                 |  | <u> -4: 000111111010</u> |                  |  |
| HS-DSCH TF of UE1                  |                 | TF cor   | responding to CQ         | 11               |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 transmission             |                 | The HS-SCCH-1 shall be transmitted continuously with |                          |                  |  |
| pattern                            |                 | constant power.                                      |                          |                  |  |
| HS-PDSCH transmission              |                 | The HS-PDSCH shall                                   | l be transmitted co      | ontinuously with |  |
| pattern                            |                 | constant power.                                      |                          | -                |  |
| HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling           | -               | The six sub-frame HS                                 | S-SCCH-1 signallir       | ng pattern shall |  |
| Pattern                            |                 | be 'XOOXOO', w                                       | here 'X' indicates       | TTI in which the |  |
|                                    |                 | HS-SCCH-1 uses the                                   | identity of the UE       | under test, and  |  |
|                                    |                 | 'O' indicates TTI in wh                              |                          |                  |  |
|                                    |                 | different UE identity.                               |                          |                  |  |

Table 9.51: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH detection – single link

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -9                          | 0                          | 0.05     |
| 2      | PA3         | -9.9                        | 5                          | 0.01     |
| 3      | VA30        | -10                         | 0                          | 0.01     |

Table 9.51A: Enhanced requirement type 1 for HS-SCCH detection – single link

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -12.0                       | 0                          | 0.01     |
| 2      | VA30        | -15.6                       | 0                          | 0.01     |

## 9.4.2 HS-SCCH Type 1 Open Loop Diversity Performance

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.52, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.53 and Table 9.54 the measured  $P(E_m)$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_m)$ . Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.54 are based on receiver diversity.

**Parameter** Unit Test 1 Test 2 Test 3 dBm/3.84 -60  $I_{oc}$ MHz Phase reference P-CPICH dB -10 P-CPICH  $E_c/I_{or}$ **HS-SCCH UE Identity** HS-SCCH-1: 1010101010101010 (every third TTI only,UE under test addressed solely via  $(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2}, ..., x_{ue,16})$ HS-SCCH-1) HS-SCCH-2: 0001001010101010 HS-SCCH-3: 0001101010101010 HS-SCCH-4: 0001111110101010 HS-DSCH TF of UE1 TF corresponding to CQI1 The HS-SCCH-1 shall be transmitted continuously with HS-SCCH-1 transmission constant power. pattern **HS-PDSCH** transmission The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with pattern constant power. HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall Pattern be '...XOOXOO...', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a

Table 9.52: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – open loop diversity

Table 9.53: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH detection - open loop diversity

different UE identity.

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -11.6                       | 0                          | 0.05     |
| 2      | PA3         | -13.4                       | 5                          | 0.01     |
| 3      | VA30        | -11.5                       | 0                          | 0.01     |

Table 9.54: Enhanced requirement type 1 for HS-SCCH detection – open loop diversity

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -15.2                       | 0                          | 0.01     |
| 2      | VA30        | -16.4                       | 0                          | 0.01     |

## 9.4.3 HS-SCCH Type 3 Performance

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.55 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.56 and Table 9.57 the measured  $P(E_m)$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_m)$ . The requirements in Table 9.56 and Table 9.57 assume STTD is enabled on HS-SCCH and DPCH. The requirements in Table 9.56 assume HS-SCCH Type 3 coding associated with single stream transmission on HS-DSCH. The requirements in Table 9.57 assume HS-SCCH Type 3 coding associated with dual stream transmission on HS-DSCH.

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.55 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12E, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.57a, Table 9.57b, Table 9.57c and Table 9.57d, the measured  $P(E_{\rm m})$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_{\rm m})$ . The requirements in Table 9.57a and Table 9.57b assume STTD is disabled on HS-SCCH and DPCH. The requirements in Table 9.57c and Table 9.57d assume STTD is enabled on HS-SCCH and DPCH. The requirements in Table 9.57c assume HS-SCCH Type 3 coding associated with single stream transmission on HS-DSCH. The requirements in Table 9.57b and Table 9.57d assume HS-SCCH Type 3 coding associated with dual stream transmission on HS-DSCH.

Minimum performance requirements specified in Table 9.56, 9.57, 9.57a, 9.57b, 9.57c and 9.57d are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.55: Test parameters for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection

| Parameter                          | Unit            | Test 1  | Test 2           | Test 3                 | Test 4         |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| $I_{oc}$                           | dBm/3.84<br>MHz | -60   |                  |                        |                |
| HS-SCCH UE Identity                |                 | HS  | S-SCCH-1: 101    | 101010101010           | 10             |
| $(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$ |                 | (every third T  | TI only,UE und   | der test address       | sed solely via |
| ue,1 ue,2 ue,10                    |                 |   |                  | CH-1)                  |                |
|                                    |                 |   |                  | 010010101010           | -              |
|                                    |                 |   |                  | 011010101010           | _              |
|                                    |                 |   |                  | 0111111101010          | _              |
| HS-DSCH TF of UE1                  |                 |   |                  | <u>is signalled or</u> |                |
|                                    |                 |   |                  | TF correspondi         |                |
|                                    |                 |   |                  | to HS-PDSCH            |                |
|                                    |                 | th  | rough the four   | possible option        | IS.            |
|                                    |                 | In case tw  | o transport blo  | cks are signalle       | ed on HS-      |
|                                    |                 |   | SC               | _                      |                |
|                                    |                 | Two transp  | ort blocks with  | the same size          | and same       |
|                                    |                 | number  | of OVSF codes    | s as used in the       | e case of      |
|                                    |                 | tran  | smitting only o  | ne transport bl        | ock.           |
|                                    |                 |   |                  | to HS-PDSCH            |                |
|                                    |                 | th  | rough the four   | possible option        | ıs.            |
| HS-SCCH-1 transmission             |                 | The HS-SCC  | H-1 shall be tra | ansmitted conti        | nuously with   |
| pattern                            |                 | constant pow  |                  |                        |                |
| HS-PDSCH transmission              |                 |   |                  | nsmitted contir        | nuously with   |
| pattern                            |                 | constant power.   |                  |                        |                |
| HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling           | -               | The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall  |                  |                        |                |
| Pattern                            |                 | be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and |                  |                        |                |
|                                    |                 |   |                  |                        |                |
|                                    |                 |   |                  | HS-SCCH-1              | uses a         |
|                                    |                 | different UE i  | dentity.         |                        |                |

Table 9.56: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, single transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -15.6                       | 0                          | 0.01     |
| 2      | VA3         | -16.8                       | 0                          | 0.01     |

Table 9.57: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, dual transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 3      | PA3         | -14.7                       | 0                          | 0.01     |
| 4      | VA3         | -16.0                       | 0                          | 0.01     |

Table 9.57a: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, STTD disabled, single transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12E

| Test   | Propagation |                             | Reference value            |          |  |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |  |
| 1      | PA3         | -12.3                       | 0                          | 0.01     |  |
| 2      | VA3         | -14.9                       | 0                          | 0.01     |  |

Table 9.57b: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, STTD disabled, dual transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12E

| Test   | Propagation | $\begin{array}{c c} & & & & \\ \textbf{HS-SCCH-1} & & & & \\ E_c/I_{or} \text{ (dB)} & & \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \text{ (dB)} & & P(E_m) \end{array}$ |   |      |
|--------|-------------|---|---|------|
| Number | Conditions  |   |   |      |
| 3      | PA3         | -11.4   | 0 | 0.01 |
| 4      | VA3         | -14.2   | 0 | 0.01 |

Table 9.57c: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, STTD enabled, single transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12E

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -15.3                       | 0                          | 0.01     |
| 2      | VA3         | -16.7                       | 0                          | 0.01     |

Table 9.57d: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, STTD enabled, dual transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12E

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 3      | PA3         | -14.4                       | 0                          | 0.01     |
| 4      | VA3         | -15.8                       | 0                          | 0.01     |

## 9.4.4 HS-SCCH Type 3 Performance for MIMO only with single-stream restriction

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.57A1 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.57A2 and Table 9.57A3 the measured  $P(E_m)$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_m)$ . The requirements in Table 9.57A2 and Table 9.57A3 assume STTD is enabled on HS-SCCH and DPCH. The requirements in Table 9.57A2 and Table 9.57A3 assume HS-SCCH Type 3 coding associated with single stream transmission on HS-DSCH. Performance requirements specified in Table 9.57A3 are based on receiver diversity.

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.57A1 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12E, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.57A4, Table 9.57A5, Table 9.57A6 and Table 9.57A7, the measured  $P(E_m)$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_m)$ . The requirements in Table 9.57A4 and Table 9.57A5 assume STTD is disabled on HS-SCCH and DPCH. The requirements in Table 9.57A6 and Table 9.57A6, Table 9.57A6 and Table 9.57A7 assume HS-SCCH Type 3 coding associated with single stream transmission on HS-DSCH. Performance requirements specified in Table 9.57A5 and Table 9.57A7 are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.57A1: Test parameters for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection

| Parameter                             | Unit            | Test 1   | Test 2                               |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| $I_{oc}$                              | dBm/3.84<br>MHz | -6   | 60                                   |
| Phase reference                       | 1               | P-CPICH  |                                      |
| P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$                  | dB              | -1   | 0                                    |
| HS-SCCH UE Identity                   |                 | HS-SCCH-1: 101                                       | 101010101010                         |
| $(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$    |                 | ` -  | der test addressed solely via CCH-1) |
|                                       |                 |  | 010010101010                         |
|                                       |                 |  | 01101010101010                       |
|                                       |                 |  | 01111110101010                       |
| HS-DSCH TF of UE1                     |                 |  | TF corresponding to CQI1             |
|                                       |                 |  | to HS-PDSCH shall cycle              |
| 110 0001111                           |                 | through the four                                     |                                      |
| HS-SCCH-1 transmission                |                 | The HS-SCCH-1 shall be tra                           | ansmitted continuously with          |
| pattern                               |                 | constant power.                                      |                                      |
| HS-PDSCH transmission                 |                 | The HS-PDSCH shall be tra                            | nsmitted continuously with           |
| pattern                               |                 | constant power.                                      |                                      |
| HS-SCCH <sub>-</sub> 1 TTI Signalling | -               | The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall |                                      |
| Pattern                               |                 | be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the    |                                      |
|                                       |                 | HS-SCCH-1 uses the identit                           |                                      |
|                                       |                 | 'O' indicates TTI in which the                       | e HS-SCCH-1 uses a                   |
|                                       |                 | different UE identity.                               |                                      |

Table 9.57A2: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, single transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -8.9                        | 0                          | 0.01     |
| 2      | VA3         | -11.0                       | 0                          | 0.01     |

Table 9.57A3: Enhanced requirement type 1 for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, single transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12

| Test   | Propagation |                             | Reference value            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -15.6                       | 0                          | 0.01     |
| 2      | VA3         | -16.8                       | 0                          | 0.01     |

Table 9.57A4: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, STTD disabled, single transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12E

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -11.0                       | 3                          | 0.05     |
| 2      | VA3         | -8.7                        | 0                          | 0.01     |

Table 9.57A5: Enhanced requirement type 1 for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, STTD disabled, single transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12E

| Test   | Propagation | $\begin{array}{c c} & & & & \\ \textbf{HS-SCCH-1} & & & & \\ E_c/I_{or} \text{ (dB)} & & \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \text{ (dB)} & & P(E_m) \end{array}$ |   |      |
|--------|-------------|---|---|------|
| Number | Conditions  |   |   |      |
| 1      | PA3         | -12.3   | 0 | 0.01 |
| 2      | VA3         | -14.9   | 0 | 0.01 |

Table 9.57A6: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, STTD enabled, single transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12E

| Test   | Propagation |                             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -8.4                        | 0                          | 0.01     |
| 2      | VA3         | -11.1                       | 0                          | 0.01     |

Table 9.57A7: Enhanced requirement type 1 for HS-SCCH Type 3 detection, STTD enabled, single transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12E

| Test              | Propagation | ation Referen               |                            | ice value |  |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|--|
| Number Conditions |             | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$  |  |
| 1                 | PA3         | -15.3                       | 0                          | 0.01      |  |
| 2                 | VA3         | -16.7                       | 0                          | 0.01      |  |

#### 9.4.5 HS-SCCH Type 4 Performance

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.57B1 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12G, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_{\rm c}/I_{\rm or}$  specified in Table 9.57B2 and Table 9.57B3 the measured  $P(E_{\rm m})$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_{\rm m})$ . The requirements in Table 9.57B2 and Table 9.57B3 assume STTD is disabled on HS-SCCH and DPCH. The requirements in Table 9.57B2 assume HS-SCCH Type 4 coding associated with single stream transmission on HS-DSCH. The requirements in Table 9.57B3 assume HS-SCCH Type 4 coding associated with four stream transmission on HS-DSCH.

Minimum performance requirements specified in Table 9.57B1, 9.57B2 are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.57B1: Test parameters for HS-SCCH Type 4 detection

| Parameter                          | Unit            | Test 1  | Test 2                    | Test 3          | Test 4         |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| $I_{oc}$                           | dBm/3.84<br>MHz |   | -60                       | )               |                |
| HS-SCCH UE Identity                |                 | H   | S-SCCH-1: 1010            | 01010101010     | 10             |
| $(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$ |                 | (every third T  | TI only,UE unde<br>HS-SC0 |                 | sed solely via |
|                                    |                 | HS-SCCH-2: 0001001010101010   |                           |                 | 10             |
|                                    |                 |   | S-SCCH-3: 000°            |                 |                |
|                                    |                 |   | S-SCCH-4: 000°            |                 |                |
| HS-DSCH TF of UE1                  |                 |   | transport block           |                 |                |
|                                    |                 |   | ort block with T          |                 |                |
|                                    |                 |   | vector applied to         |                 |                |
|                                    |                 | th  | rough all the po          | ossible options | 3.             |
| HS-SCCH-1 transmission             |                 | In case four transport blocks are signalled on HS-SCCH:  Three/four transport blocks with the same size and same number of OVSF codes as used in the case of transmitting only one transport block.  Precoding matrix applied to HS-PDSCH shall cycle through all the possible options.  Note that 2, 3 or 4 transport blocks will have the same HS-SCCH structure.  The HS-SCCH-1 shall be transmitted continuously with |                           |                 |                |
| pattern                            |                 | constant pow  |                           | ismilled conti  | nuousiy with   |
| HS-PDSCH transmission              |                 |   | CH shall be tran          | smitted contir  | nuously with   |
| pattern                            |                 | constant pow  |                           |                 | ,              |
| HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling Pattern   | -               | The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the  |                           |                 |                |
| , attorn                           |                 |   | uses the identity         |                 |                |
|                                    |                 | 'O' indicates   | TTI in which the          | HS-SCCH-1       | uses a         |
|                                    |                 | different UE i  | dentity.                  |                 |                |

Table 9.57B2: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH Type 4 detection, single transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12G

|  | Test Propagation Number Conditions |     |                             | Reference value            |          |  |
|--|------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|--|
|  |                                    |     | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |  |
|  | 1                                  | PA3 | -18                         | 0                          | 0.01     |  |
|  | 2                                  | VA3 | -19                         | 0                          | 0.01     |  |

Table 9.57B3: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH Type 4 detection, four transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12G

| Test   | Propagation |                             | Reference value            |          |  |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |  |
| 3      | PA3         | -21                         | 5                          | 0.01     |  |
| 4      | VA3         | -20                         | 5                          | 0.01     |  |

## 9.4.6 HS-SCCH Type 4 Performance for MIMO mode with Four Transmit Antennas Only with Dual-stream Restriction

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.57B4 with the downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12G, for each value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.57B5 and Table 9.57B6 the measured  $P(E_m)$  shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of  $P(E_m)$ . The requirements in Table 9.57B5 and Table 9.57B6 assume STTD is disabled on HS-SCCH and DPCH. The requirements in Table 9.57B5 and Table 9.57B6 assume HS-SCCH Type 4

coding associated with dual stream transmission on HS-DSCH. Performance requirements specified in Table 9.57B5 and 9.57B6 are based on (dual branches) receiver diversity.

Table 9.57B4: Test parameters for HS-SCCH Type 4 detection

| Parameter                           | Unit            | Test 1  | Test 2          | Test 3            | Test 4                        |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| $I_{oc}$                            | dBm/3.84<br>MHz | -60   |                 |                   |                               |
| HS-SCCH UE Identity                 |                 | HS-SCCH-1: 1010101010101010   |                 |                   |                               |
| $(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2},, x_{ue,16})$  |                 | (every third  |                 | nder test addre   | ssed solely via               |
| . ne,1 ne,2 ne,10 ·                 |                 |   |                 | SCCH-1)           |                               |
|                                     |                 |   |                 | 001001010101      |                               |
|                                     |                 |   |                 | 00110101010101    |                               |
|                                     |                 |   |                 | 001111110101      |                               |
| HS-DSCH TF of UE1                   |                 |   |                 | ck is signalled o |                               |
|                                     |                 |   |                 | n TF correspond   |                               |
|                                     |                 | _   | • •             | d to HS-PDSCI     | •                             |
|                                     |                 | 1   | inrough all the | e possible option | ns.                           |
|                                     |                 | Two transport blocks are signalled on HS-SCCH: Two transport blocks with the same size and same number of OVSF codes as used in the case of transmitting only one transport block. Precoding matrix applied to HS-PDSCH shall cycle through all the possible options. |                 |                   |                               |
| HS-SCCH-1 transmission pattern      |                 | The HS-SCO  |                 | transmitted con   | tinuously with                |
| HS-PDSCH transmission               |                 |   |                 | ransmitted cont   | inuously with                 |
| pattern                             |                 | constant power.   |                 |                   |                               |
| HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling<br>Pattern | -               | The six sub-frame HS-SCCH-1 signalling pattern shall be 'XOOXOO', where 'X' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, and 'O' indicates TTI in which the HS-SCCH-1 uses a different UE identity.                                   |                 |                   | Π in which the nder test, and |

Table 9.57B5: Enhanced requirement type 1 for HS-SCCH Type 4 detection, single transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12G

| Test   | Propagation |       | Reference value            |          |
|--------|-------------|-------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number |             |       | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -17   | 5                          | 0.01     |
| 2      | VA3         | -17.8 | 5                          | 0.01     |

Table 9.57B6: Enhanced requirement type 1 for HS-SCCH Type 4 detection, dual transport block case with downlink physical channel setup in Table C.12G

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value             |                            |          |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | $P(E_m)$ |
| 1      | PA3         | -19                         | 10                         | 0.01     |
| 2      | VA3         | -18.5                       | 10                         | 0.01     |

# 9.5 HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH (Fixed Reference Channel)

The receiver performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) with HS-SCCH-less operation in multi-path fading environment is determined by the information bit throughput R.

The propagation conditions for this subclause are defined in table B.1C.

During the Fixed Reference Channel tests the behaviour of the Node-B emulator in response to the ACK/NACK signalling field of the HS-DPCCH is specified in Table 9.1A.

Performance requirements in this section assume sufficient power allocation to HS-SCCH\_1, so that the probability of detection failure, when the HS-SCCH-1 uses the identity of the UE under test, is very low.

### 9.5.1 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 7

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum information bit throughput R for the DL reference channels H-set 7 specified in Annex A.7.1.7, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.58 and the downlink physical channel setup according to table C.8.

Using this configuration the throughput shall meet or exceed the minimum requirements specified in table 9.59. Enhanced performance requirements type 1 specified in Table 9.60 are based on receiver diversity.

Table 9.58: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 7

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1  |  |
|--|--------------|---------|--|
| Phase reference  | -            | P-CPICH |  |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60     |  |
| Redundancy and   |              |         |  |
| constellation version  | -            | {0,3}   |  |
| coding sequence  |              |         |  |
| Maximum number of  |              |         |  |
| HARQ transmission  | -            | 2       |  |
| NOTE: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for redundancy version 3 transmissions intended for the UE. |              |         |  |

Table 9.59: Minimum requirement, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 7

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value  |                            |                       |  |
|--------|-------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{c} {\sf HS\text{-}PDSCH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \text{(dB)} \end{array}$ | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | T-put <i>R</i> (kbps) |  |
| 1      | Case 8      | -6   | 0                          | 19.9                  |  |

Table 9.60: Enhanced requirement type 1, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 7

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value            |                            |                       |  |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | T-put <i>R</i> (kbps) |  |
| 1      | Case 8      | -9                         | 0                          | 23.5                  |  |

## 9.6 Requirements for HS-DSCH and HS-SCCH reception in CELL\_FACH state

The requirements determined in this section apply for UE being able to receive HS-DSCH and HS-SCCH in CELL\_FACH state.

#### 9.6.1 HS-DSCH demodulation requirements (Single Link)

The receiver single link performance of the High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH) is determined by the RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER).

#### 9.6.1.1 Requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

The requirements are specified in terms of a minimum RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER) for the DL reference channel H-Set 3 (QPSK version) specified in A.7.1.3, with the addition of the parameters in Table 9.61 and the downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.12A. For the test parameters specified in Table 9.61, for the value of HS-DSCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.62 the measured RLC SDU ER shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of RLC SDU ER.

Table 9.61: Test Parameters for Testing QPSK FRCs H-Set 3

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1    |
|--|--------------|-----------|
| Phase reference  |              | P-CPICH   |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60       |
| Redundancy and constellation version coding sequence   |              | {0,2,5,6} |
| Number of HARQ transmission  |              | 4         |
| NOTE: The HS-SCCH-1 and HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. HS-SCCH-1 shall only use the identity of the UE under test for |              |           |

those TTI intended for the UE.

NOTE: The HS-PDSCH is transmitted using all four HARQ transmissions cycling

through the different redundancy and constellation versions.

Table 9.62: Minimum requirement QPSK, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 3

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value     |                              |  |
|--------|-------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-PDSCH RLC SDU ER |                              |  |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB)   | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ = 0 dB |  |
| 1      | VA30        | -6                  | 0.82                         |  |

#### 9.6.2 HS-SCCH Detection Performance

The detection performance of the HS-SCCH is determined by RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER).

#### 9.6.2.1 HS-SCCH Type 1 Single Link Performance

For the test parameters specified in Table 9.63, for the value of HS-SCCH-1  $E_c/I_{or}$  specified in Table 9.64 the measured RLC SDU ER shall be less than or equal to the corresponding specified value of RLC SDU ER. The downlink physical channel setup according to Table C.12B.

**Parameter** Unit Test 1 Test 2 Test 3 dBm/3.84 -60  $I_{oc}$ MHz Phase reference P-CPICH dB -10 P-CPICH  $E_c/I_{or}$ **HS-SCCH UE Identity** HS-SCCH-1: 1010101010101010 (UE under test addressed solely via HS-SCCH-1)  $(x_{ue,1}, x_{ue,2}, ..., x_{ue,16})$ HS-SCCH-2: 0001001010101010 HS-DSCH TF of UE1 TF corresponding to CQI1 HS-SCCH-1 transmission The HS-SCCH-1 shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. pattern HS-PDSCH transmission The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with pattern constant power, without re-transmissions. HS-SCCH-1 TTI Signalling The identity of the UE under test shall be used on every Pattern fourth TTI.

Table 9.63: Test parameters for HS-SCCH detection – single link

Table 9.64: Minimum requirement for HS-SCCH detection – single link

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value                                 |   |      |  |
|--------|-------------|---|---|------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | HS-SCCH-1 $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) RLC SDU ER |   |      |  |
| 3      | VA30        | -10   | 0 | 0.01 |  |

## 10 Performance requirement (E-DCH)

#### 10.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this subclause are specified for the propagation conditions specified in Annex B.2.2 and the Downlink Physical channels specified in Annex C.3.2.

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below. Enhanced performance requirements Type 1 are based on receiver diversity.

# 10.2 Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH)

## 10.2.1 Single link performance

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) in different multi-path fading environments are determined by the missed ACK and false ACK values.

#### 10.2.1.1 Performance requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.1 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.2 and 10.3 for minimum performance requirements and Table 10.2A and 10.3A for enhanced performance requirements Type 1. For the parameters specified in Table 10.1 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.4 and 10.5.

Table 10.1: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Parameter                 | Unit            | Missed ACK | False ACK |
|---------------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------|
| $I_{oc}$                  | dBm/3.84<br>MHz | -60        |           |
| Phase reference           | -               | P-CPICH    |           |
| P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$      | dB              | -10        |           |
| E-HICH signalling pattern | -               | 100% ACK   | 100% DTX  |

Table 10.2: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value   |   |      |  |
|--------|-------------|---|---|------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $ \begin{array}{c c} \textbf{E-HICH} & & \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \text{ (dB)} & & \textbf{Missed ACK} \\ E_c/I_{or} \text{ (dB)} & & \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \text{ (dB)} & & \text{probability} \\ \end{array} $ |   |      |  |
| 1      | VA30        | -28.3   | 0 | 0.01 |  |

Table 10.2A: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value   |   |      |  |
|--------|-------------|---|---|------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{c c} \textbf{E-HICH} & & & \textbf{Missed ACK} \\ E_c/I_{or} \text{ (dB)} & & \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \text{ (dB)} & & \text{probability} \end{array}$ |   |      |  |
| 1      | VA30        | -31.7   | 0 | 0.01 |  |

Table 10.3: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value   |   |      |  |
|--------|-------------|---|---|------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c }\hline \textbf{E-HICH} & & & & & & & & \\ \hline E_c/I_{or} \text{ (dB)} & & & \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \text{ (dB)} & & & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$ |   |      |  |
| 2      | VA30        | -35.1   | 0 | 0.01 |  |

Table 10.3A: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value  |   |      |  |
|--------|-------------|--|---|------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{c c} \textbf{E-HICH} & & \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \text{ (dB)} & & \text{Missed ACK} \\ E_c/I_{or} \text{ (dB)} & & \hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc} \text{ (dB)} & & \text{probability} \end{array}$ |   |      |  |
| 2      | VA30        | -38.3  | 0 | 0.01 |  |

Table 10.4: Rinimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value            |                       |  |  |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | False ACK probability |  |  |
| 3      | VA30        | 0                          | 0.5                   |  |  |

Table 10.5: Rinimum requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test              | Propagation | Reference value            |                       |  |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Number Conditions |             | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | False ACK probability |  |
| 4                 | VA30        | 0                          | 0.5                   |  |

#### 10.2.2 Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel (E-HICH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed ACK and false ACK error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-HICH signalling from different cells belonging to different RLS, containing and not containing the Serving E-DCH cell.

#### 10.2.2.1 Performance requirement for RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

For the parameters specified in Table 10.6 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.7 and 10.8 for minimum performance requirements and Table 10.7A and 10.8A for enhanced performance requirements Type 1. For the parameters specified in Table 10.6 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.9 and 10.10.

Table 10.6: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Parameter   | Unit            | Missed ACK                  | False ACK                   |  |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| $I_{oc}$  | dBm/3.84<br>MHz | -60                         |                             |  |
| Phase reference   | -               | P-C                         | PICH                        |  |
| P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB              | -10                         |                             |  |
| E-HICH signalling pattern for<br>the Serving E-DCH cell   | -               | 100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup> | 100% NACK (-1) <sup>1</sup> |  |
| E-HICH signalling pattern for<br>cell belonging to RLS not<br>containing the Serving E-<br>DCH cell   |                 | 100% ACK (+1)               | 100% NACK (0)               |  |
| Note 1 The Serving E-DCH cell E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ power level is set to -16 dB when hybrid ARQ  |                 |                             |                             |  |
| acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots and to -23 dB when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots. |                 |                             |                             |  |

Table 10.7: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value   |   |      |  |
|--------|-------------|---|---|------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $ \begin{array}{c c} \textbf{E-HICH} & & \hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc} \text{ and } \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} \text{ (dB)} & & \text{Missed ACK} \\ E_c/I_{or} \text{ (dB)} & & \hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc} \text{ and } \hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc} \text{ (dB)} & & \text{probability} \\ \end{array} $ |   |      |  |
| 1      | VA30        | -16.3   | 0 | 0.05 |  |

Table 10.7A: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value          |  |                        |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Missed ACK probability |
| 1      | VA30        | -20.6                    | 0  | 0.05                   |

Table 10.8: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation |   | Reference value |      |
|--------|-------------|---|-----------------|------|
| Number | Conditions  | E-HICH $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) Missed ACK probability |                 |      |
| 2      | VA30        | -23.6   | 0               | 0.05 |

Table 10.8A: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation |  | Reference value  |                        |
|--------|-------------|--|--|------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{E-HICH} \\ E_c/I_{or} \ \ \textbf{(dB)} \end{array}$ | $\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Missed ACK probability |
| 2      | VA30        | -27.8  | 0  | 0.05                   |

Table 10.9: Requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value  |                       |  |
|--------|-------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | False ACK probability |  |
| 3      | VA30        | 0  | 2E-4                  |  |

Table 10.10: Requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – cell belonging to RLS not containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value  |                       |  |
|--------|-------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | False ACK probability |  |
| 4      | VA30        | 0  | 2E-4                  |  |

#### 10.2.2.2 Performance requirement for RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell

For the parameters specified in Table 10.11 the average downlink E-HICH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio of cell belonging to RLS containing the serving E-DCH cell shall be below the specified value for the missed ACK probabilities in Table 10.12 and 10.13 for minimum performance requirements and Table 10.12A and 10.13A for enhanced performance requirements Type 1. For the parameters specified in Table 10.11 the false ACK probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.14 and 10.15.

Table 10.11: Requirement scenario parameters for E-HICH – RLS containing the serving cell in SHO

| Parameter                          | Unit     | Missed ACK    | False ACK     |
|------------------------------------|----------|---------------|---------------|
| $I_{oc}$                           | dBm/3.84 | -6            | 60            |
| OC.                                | MHz      |               |               |
| Phase reference                    | -        | - P-CPICH     |               |
| P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$               | dB       | -10           |               |
| E-HICH signalling pattern for      | -        | 100% ACK (+1) | 100% DTX (0)  |
| Serving E-DCH cell                 |          |               |               |
| E-HICH signalling pattern for cell |          | 100% NACK (0) | 100% NACK (0) |
| belonging to RLS not containing    |          |               |               |
| the Serving E-DCH cell             |          |               |               |

Table 10.12: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value                                       |  |                        |
|--------|-------------|---|--|------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | E-HICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for Serving E-DCH cell (ACK) | $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Missed ACK probability |
| 1      | VA30        | -23.2   | 0  | 0.05                   |

Table 10.12A: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation |                       | Reference value  |             |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------|--|-------------|
| Number | Conditions  | E-HICH                |  |             |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for | $\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB)                       | Missed ACK  |
|        |             | Serving E-DCH cell    | I <sub>or</sub> //I <sub>oc</sub> and I <sub>or</sub> 2/I <sub>oc</sub> (db) | probability |
|        |             | (ACK)                 |  |             |
| 1      | VA30        | -27.1                 | 0  | 0.05        |

Table 10.13: Minimum requirement for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value   |  |             |
|--------|-------------|---|--|-------------|
| Number | Conditions  | E-HICH  |  |             |
|        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for   | $\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Missed ACK  |
|        |             | Serving E-DCH cell $I_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $I_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) |  | probability |
|        |             | (ACK)   |  |             |
| 2      | VA30        | -29.7   | 0  | 0.05        |

Table 10.13A: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| ĺ | Test   | Propagation |                          | Reference value  |             |
|---|--------|-------------|--------------------------|--|-------------|
|   | Number | Conditions  | E-HICH                   |  |             |
|   |        |             | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) for    | $\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Missed ACK  |
|   |        |             | Serving E-DCH cell (ACK) | 2017 20c 4114 2012 20c (42)                            | probability |
| l | 2      | VA30        | -33.4                    | 0  | 0.05        |

Table 10.14: Requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value  |                       |  |  |
|--------|-------------|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | False ACK probability |  |  |
| 3      | PA3         | 0  | 0.1                   |  |  |
| 4      | VA120       | 0  | 0.1                   |  |  |

Table 10.15: Requirement for False ACK when hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – RLS containing the Serving E-DCH cell

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value  |                       |  |
|--------|-------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\hat{I}_{orI}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | False ACK probability |  |
| 5      | PA3         | 0  | 0.1                   |  |
| 6      | VA120       | 0  | 0.1                   |  |

## 10.3 Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH)

#### 10.3.1 Single link performance

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) in multi-path fading environment is determined by the missed UP/DOWN and missed HOLD.

#### 10.3.1.1 Performance requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.16 the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed UP/DOWN probabilities in Table 10.17 and 10.18 for minimum performance requirements and Table 10.17A and 10.18A for enhanced performance requirements Type 1. For the parameters specified in Table 10.16 the missed HOLD probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.19 and 10.20.

Table 10.16: Requirement scenario parameters for E-RGCH – Serving E-DCH RLS

| Parameter                 | Unit     | Missed UP/DOWN | Missed HOLD |
|---------------------------|----------|----------------|-------------|
| $I_{oc}$                  | dBm/3.84 | -60            |             |
| 00                        | MHz      |                |             |
| Phase reference           | -        | P-CPICH        |             |
| P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$      | dB       | -10            |             |
| E-RGCH signalling pattern | -        | 50% UP         | 100% HOLD   |
|                           |          | 50% DOWN       |             |

Table 10.17: Minimum requirement for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH RLS

| Test   | Propagation |                          | Reference value            |                            |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Missed UP/DOWN probability |
| 1      | VA30        | -24.4                    | 0                          | 0.05/0.05                  |

Table 10.17A: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH RLS

| Test   | Propagation |                          | Reference value            |                            |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Missed UP/DOWN probability |
| 1      | VA30        | -28.6                    | 0                          | 0.05/0.05                  |

Table 10.18: Minimum requirement for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH RLS

| Test   | Propagation |                          | Reference value            |                            |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Missed UP/DOWN probability |
| 2      | VA30        | -31                      | 0                          | 0.05/0.05                  |

Table 10.18A: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed UP/DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH RLS

| Test   | Propagation |                          | Reference value            |                            |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | E-RGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Missed UP/DOWN probability |
| 2      | VA30        | -35.0                    | 0                          | 0.05/0.05                  |

Table 10.19: Requirement for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 3 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH RLS

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value            |                         |  |  |
|--------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Missed HOLD probability |  |  |
| 3      | VA30        | 0                          | 0.1                     |  |  |

Table 10.20: Requirement for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots – Serving E-DCH RLS

| Test   | Propagation | Propagation Reference value |                         |  |  |
|--------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB)  | Missed HOLD probability |  |  |
| 4      | VA30        | 0                           | 0.1                     |  |  |

#### 10.3.2 Detection in Inter-Cell Handover conditions

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) is determined during an inter-cell soft handover by the missed UP/DOWN and missed HOLD error probabilities. During the soft handover a UE receives signals from different cells. A UE has to be able to detect E-RGCH signalling from different cells, Serving E-DCH cell and Non-serving E-DCH RL.

#### 10.3.2.1 Performance requirement for Non-serving E-DCH RL

For the parameters specified in Table 10.21 the missed HOLD probability shall be below the specified value in Table 10.22. For the parameters specified in Table 10.21 the average downlink E-RGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed DOWN probabilities in Table 10.23 for minimum performance requirements and Table 10.23A for enhanced performance requirements Type 1.

Table 10.21: Requirement scenario parameters for E-RGCH - Non-serving E-DCH RL

|        | Parameter   | Unit         | Missed HOLD  | Missed DOWN                |  |  |
|--------|---|--------------|--|----------------------------|--|--|
|        | $I_{oc}$  |              | -60  |                            |  |  |
| Ph     | nase reference  | -            | P-0  | P-CPICH                    |  |  |
| P-(    | CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$                                    | dB           | -10  |                            |  |  |
|        | E-RGCH signalling pattern for Serving E-DCH cell      |              | 100% UP <sup>1</sup>                               | 100% UP <sup>1</sup>       |  |  |
| E-AC   | GCH information                                       |              | Fixed SG <sup>2</sup>                              | Fixed SG <sup>2</sup>      |  |  |
|        | E-RGCH signalling pattern<br>for Non-serving E-DCH RL |              | 100% HOLD  | 100% DOWN                  |  |  |
| Note 1 | Serving E-DCH cell                                    | E-RGCH $E_c$ | $I_{or}$ power level is set to -22                 | dB and relative scheduling |  |  |
| Note 2 | grant is transmitted<br>Serving E-DCH cell            |              | secutive slots. $I_{or}$ power level is set to -15 | dB and E-AGCH TTI length   |  |  |

Table 10.22: Requirement for Missed HOLD when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 15 consecutive slots – Non-serving E-DCH RL

| Test   | Propagation | Reference v  | alue                    |
|--------|-------------|--|-------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Missed HOLD probability |
| 1      | VA30        | 0  | 0.005                   |

Table 10.23: Minimum requirement for Missed DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 15 consecutive slots – Non-serving E-DCH RL

| Test   | Propagation |  | Reference value |                         |
|--------|-------------|--|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) $\hat{I}_{orl}/I_{oc}$ and $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ (dB) |                 | Missed DOWN probability |
| 2      | VA30        | -27.3  | 0               | 0.05                    |

Table 10.23A: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for Missed DOWN when relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 15 consecutive slots – Non-serving E-DCH RL

| Test   | Propagation | -                                    |   |                         |  |  |  |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Number | Conditions  | $\hat{I}$ $I$ and $\hat{I}$ $I$ (dR) |   | Missed DOWN probability |  |  |  |
| 2      | VA30        | -31.2                                | 0 | 0.05                    |  |  |  |

## 10.3A Determination of common E-RGCH radio links in CELL\_FACH state

#### 10.3A.1 Introduction

The requirements defined in this section are applicable to a UE supporting Common E-RGCH based interference control [7].

Uplink interference from E-DCH transmission in CELL\_FACH can be controlled based on the UE monitoring an E-RGCH channel from the neighboring cells. The UE determines the set of cells from candidate set for common E-RGCH monitoring by comparing CPICH\_Ec/No of the neighbor cell within a threshold of the serving cell CPICH\_Ec/No according to the procedure specified in [7]. The UE starts monitoring common E-RGCH from common E-RGCH radio link (RL).

## 10.3A.2 Requirements

## 10.3A.2.1 Determination when a cell for common E-RGCH RL has been already identified

This test case is targeting the scenario where UE has already been in CELL\_FACH state for a long enough time to identify candidate cells for common E-RGCH monitoring. The purpose of this test is to verify the amount of time for UE to determine common E-RGCH RL only without including a cell identification time, and to verify the missed down probability after determination.

The test parameters are given in Tables 10.23B and 10.23C below. The test consists of three successive time periods, with a time duration of T1, T2 and T3 respectively. During time duration T1, the UE shall not initiate PRACH preamble transmission for common E-DCH transmission. At the beginning of time duration T2, the UE shall initiate PRACH preamble transmission for common E-DCH transmission. During time duration T3, the common E-DCH resource shall be released.

NOTE: UE may not initiate PRACH preamble transmission for common E-DCH transmission exactly at the beginning of time duration T2.

Missed DOWN probability from Cell 2 shall be measured after 60 ms from initial PRACH preamble transmission until the end of time duration T2. Test shall be repeated to test common E-RGCH RL determination performance. The overall missed DOWN probability shall not exceed 5%. The overall missed down probability shall be measured over multiple repetitions of T2. If the UE fails to determine to monitor Cell 2 during a certain repetition of T1, T2, and T3, then the missed down probability for that repetition will be 100%.

Table 10.23B: General test parameters for test 1

| Parameter                                      | Unit          | Value              | Comment                                  |
|--|---------------|--------------------|--|
| Phase reference                                |               | P-CPICH            |  |
| Active cell                                    |               | Cell 1             |  |
| Candidate cell for Common E-RGCH RL            |               | Cell 2             |  |
| L3 filter coefficient                          |               | 5 <sup>1</sup>     | Applicable for event 1A                  |
| Reporting range                                | dB            | 4.5                | Applicable for event 1A                  |
| Hysteresis                                     | dB            | 0                  | Applicable for event 1A                  |
| Reporting deactivation threshold               |               | 0                  | Applicable for event 1A                  |
| Time to Trigger                                | ms            | 0                  | Applicable for event 1A                  |
| S <sub>intrasearch</sub> for Cell 1            | dB            | Not sent           |  |
| Qoffset1 <sub>s,n</sub> for Cell 2             | dB            | 50                 | To prevent reselection to Cell 2 during  |
|  |               |                    | the test                                 |
| Qoffset2 <sub>s,n</sub> for Cell 2             | dB            | 50                 | To prevent reselection to Cell 2 during  |
|  |               |                    | the test                                 |
| E-RGCH signalling pattern for Cell 1           |               | 100% UP            | Relative scheduling grant is transmitted |
|  |               |                    | using 12 consecutive slots.              |
| E-RGCH signalling pattern for Cell 2           |               | 100% DOWN          | Relative scheduling grant is transmitted |
|  |               |                    | using 12 consecutive slots.              |
| E-AGCH information for Cell 1                  |               | Fixed SG           | E-AGCH TTI length is 10 ms.              |
| Common E-RGCH channel configuration list       |               | 24                 |  |
| T1   | S             | 1                  | UE shall identify Cell 2 during T1.      |
| T2   | S             | 3                  |  |
| T3   | S             | 1                  |  |
| NOTE 1: L3 filter coefficient assumes the defa | ault filter i | nput rate as 10 ms | ).                                       |

Table 10.23C: Cell specific test parameters for test 1

| Parameter                | Unit            | Cell 1 |       |       |        | Cell 2 |          |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------|
|                          |                 | T1     | T2    | T3    | T1     | T2     | T3       |
| CPICH_Ec/lor             | dB              | -10    |       |       | -10    |        |          |
| PCCPCH_Ec/lor            | dB              | -12    |       |       | -12    |        |          |
| SCH_Ec/lor               | dB              | -12    |       |       | -12    |        |          |
| PICH_Ec/lor              | dB              | -15    |       |       | -15    |        |          |
| E-RGCH_Ec/lor            | dB              | -20    |       |       | -35.3  |        |          |
| E-AGCH_Ec/lor            | dB              | -13    |       |       | N/A    |        |          |
| OCNS                     |                 | Note 1 |       |       | Note 1 |        |          |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$    | dB              | 10     | 10    | 10    | 15     | 15     | 15       |
| $I_{oc}$                 | dBm/3,84<br>MHz | -60    |       |       |        |        | <u>.</u> |
| CPICH_Ec/Io              | dB              | -16.3  | -16.3 | -16.3 | -11.3  | -11.3  | -11.3    |
| Propagation<br>Condition |                 | AWGN   |       |       |        |        |          |

NOTE 1: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to

NOTE 2: Cell 2 PSC shall be changed from T1 in one test to T1 in the next test among Common E-RGCH channel configuration list.

#### 10.3A.2.2 Determination when a cell for common E-RGCH RL has not been identified

This test case is targeting the scenario where UE enters into CELL\_FACH and E-DCH resources are allocated immediately, before candidate cells for E-RGCH monitoring have been identified. The purpose of this test is to verify the amount of time for UE to determine common E-RGCH RL including the cell identification time for a candidate cell for common E-RGCH RL.

The test parameters are given in Tables 10.23D and 10.23E below. The test consists of two successive time periods, with a time duration of T1 and T2 respectively. At the beginning of time duration T1, the UE shall initiate PRACH preample transmission for common E-DCH transmission. During time duration T2, the common E-DCH resource shall be released.

NOTE: UE may not initiate PRACH preamble transmission for common E-DCH transmission exactly at the beginning of time duration T1.

Missed DOWN probability from Cell 2 shall be measured after 120 ms from initial PRACH preamble transmission until the end of time duration T1. Test shall be repeated to test common E-RGCH RL determination performance. The overall missed DOWN probability shall not exceed 24%. The overall missed down probability shall be measured over multiple repetitions of T1. If the UE fails to determine to monitor Cell 2 during a certain repletion of T1 and T2, then the missed down probability for that repetition will be 100%.

Table 10.23D: General test parameters for test 2

| Parameter                                    | Unit         | Value              | Comment  |
|--|--------------|--------------------|--|
| Phase reference                              |              | P-CPICH            |  |
| Active cell                                  |              | Cell 1             |  |
| Candidate cell for Common E-RGCH RL          |              | Cell 2             |  |
| L3 filter coefficient                        |              | 5 <sup>1</sup>     | Applicable for event 1A  |
| Reporting range                              | dB           | 4.5                | Applicable for event 1A  |
| Hysteresis                                   | dB           | 0                  | Applicable for event 1A  |
| Reporting deactivation threshold             |              | 0                  | Applicable for event 1A  |
| Time to Trigger                              | ms           | 0                  | Applicable for event 1A  |
| E-RGCH signalling pattern for Cell 1         |              | 100% UP            | Relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots. |
| E-RGCH signalling pattern for Cell 2         |              | 100% DOWN          | Relative scheduling grant is transmitted using 12 consecutive slots. |
| E-AGCH information for Cell 1                |              | Fixed SG           | E-AGCH TTI length is 10 ms.  |
| Common E-RGCH channel configuration list     |              | 24                 |  |
| T1   | S            | 3                  |  |
| T2   | S            | 1                  |  |
| NOTE 1: L3 filter coefficient assumes the de | fault filter | input rate as 10 m | S.   |

Table 10.23E: Cell specific test parameters for test 2

| Parameter             | Unit            | Ce     | II 1 | Ce     | ell 2     |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--------|------|--------|-----------|
|                       |                 | T1     | T2   | T1     | T2        |
| CPICH_Ec/lor          | dB              | -10    |      | -10    |           |
| PCCPCH_Ec/lor         | dB              | -12    |      | -12    |           |
| SCH_Ec/lor            | dB              | -12    |      | -12    |           |
| PICH_Ec/lor           | dB              | -15    |      | -15    |           |
| E-RGCH_Ec/lor         | dB              | -22    |      | -27.3  |           |
| E-AGCH_Ec/lor         | dB              | -15    |      | N/A    |           |
| OCNS                  |                 | Note 1 |      | Note 1 |           |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB              | 0      | 0    | 2      | -infinity |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3,84<br>MHz | -60    |      |        |           |
| CPICH_Ec/lo           | dB              | -15.5  | -13  | -13.5  | -infinity |
| Propagation Condition |                 | VA30   |      |        |           |

NOTE 1: The power of the OCNS channel that is added shall make the total power from the cell to be equal to  $I_{\rm or}$ .

NOTE 2: Cell 2 PSC shall be changed from T1 in one test to T1 in the next test among Common E-RGCH channel configuration list.

## 10.4 Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)

## 10.4.1 Single link performance

The receive characteristics of the E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) in multi-path fading environment is determined by the missed detection probability.

#### 10.4.1.1 Performance requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 10.24 the average downlink E-AGCH  $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the missed detection probability in Table 10.25 for minimum performance requirements and Table 10.25A for enhanced performance requirements Type 1.

Table 10.24: Test parameters for E-AGCH detection – single link

| Parameter            | Unit     | Missed detection |
|----------------------|----------|------------------|
| $I_{oc}$             | dBm/3.84 | -60              |
| 00                   | MHz      |                  |
| Phase reference      | -        | P-CPICH          |
| P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ | dB       | -10              |
| E-AGCH information   | -        | Varying SG       |
| E-AGCH TTI length    | ms       | 10               |

Table 10.25: Minimum requirement for E-AGCH detection – single link

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value          |                            |                            |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Miss detection probability |
| 1      | VA30        | -23.2                    | 0                          | 0.01                       |

Table 10.25A: Enhanced performance requirement Type 1 for E-AGCH detection – single link

| Test   | Propagation | Reference value          |                            |                            |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Number | Conditions  | E-AGCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (dB) | $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ (dB) | Miss detection probability |
| 1      | VA30        | -26.8                    | 0                          | 0.01                       |

## 11 Performance requirement (MBMS)

Unless otherwise stated the receiver characteristics are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE(s) with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. For UEs with more than one receiver antenna connector the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals applied to each receiver antenna connector shall be uncorrelated. The levels of the test signal applied to each of the antenna connectors shall be as defined in the respective sections below.

### 11.1 Demodulation of MCCH

The receive characteristic of the MCCH is determined by the RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER). The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

## 11.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 11.1 the average downlink S-CCPCH\_ $E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU ER shown in Table 11.2.

Table 11.1: Parameters for MCCH detection

| Parameter             | Unit         |          |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------|
|                       |              | Test 1   |
| Phase reference       | -            | P-CPICH  |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60      |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -3       |
| MCCH Data Rate        |              | 7.6 kbps |
| Propagation condition |              | VA3      |

Table 11.2: Test requirements for MCCH detection

| Test Number | S-CCPCH_Ec/lor<br>(dB) | RLC SDU ER |
|-------------|------------------------|------------|
| 1           | -11.6                  | 0.01       |

#### 11.1.2 Minimum requirement for MBSFN

Requirement in this subclause is applicable to UEs that are capable of receiving MBSFN with at least two receive antenna connectors.

For the parameters specified in Table 11.1a the average downlink S-CCPCH $\_E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU ER shown in Table 11.2a.

Table 11.1a: Parameters for MCCH detection

| Parameter             | Unit         | Test 1                                   |
|-----------------------|--------------|--|
| Phase reference       | -            | P-CPICH                                  |
| $I_{oc}$              | dBm/3.84 MHz | -60                                      |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | 12                                       |
| MCCH data rate        | kbps         | 7.6                                      |
| Propagation condition |              | MBSFN channel model ( see<br>Appendix B) |

Table 11.2a: Test requirements for MCCH detection

| Test Number | S-CCPCH_Ec/lor<br>(dB) | RLC SDU ER |
|-------------|------------------------|------------|
| 1           | -24 9                  | 0.01       |

#### 11.2 Demodulation of MTCH

The receive characteristic of the MTCH is determined by RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER). RLC SDU ER is specified for each individual data rate of the MTCH. The requirement is valid for all RRC states for which the UE has capabilities for MBMS.

## 11.2.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 11.3 the average downlink S-CCPCH\_ $E_c$  / $I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU ER shown in Table 11.4. If the UE supports optional enhanced performance requirements type1 for MBMS then for the parameters specified in Table 11.3 the average downlink S-CCPCH\_ $E_c$  / $I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU ER shown in Table 11.4a.

**Table 11.3: Parameters for MTCH detection** 

| Parameter  | Unit         | Test 1   | Test 2                       | Test 3                       |
|--|--------------|----------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Phase reference                                  | -            |          | P-CPICH                      |                              |
| $I_{oc}$   | dBm/3.84 MHz |          | -60                          |                              |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$                            | dB           | -3       | -3                           | -3                           |
| MTCH Data Rate                                   |              | 128 kbps | 256 kbps                     | 128 kbps                     |
| Transmission Time Interval                       |              | 40       | 40                           | 80                           |
| Propagation condition                            |              |          | VA3                          |                              |
| Number of Radio Links p                          |              | 3        | 3                            | 3                            |
| Delay of Radio Link 2 compared with Radio Link 1 |              | 160ms    | 20 ms                        | 20 ms                        |
| Delay of Radio Link 3 compared with Radio Link 1 |              | 1240ms   | 40.67 ms<br>(1 TTI + 1 slot) | 80.67 ms<br>(1 TTI + 1 slot) |

Table 11.4: Test requirements for MTCH detection

| Test Number | S-CCPCH_Ec/lor<br>(dB) | RLC SDU ER |
|-------------|------------------------|------------|
| 1           | -4.9                   | 0.1        |
| 2           | -5.6                   | 0.1        |
| 3           | -8.5                   | 0.1        |

Table 11.4a: Test requirements for MTCH detection for UE supporting the enhanced performance requirements type1

| Test Number | S-CCPCH_Ec/lor<br>(dB) | RLC SDU ER |
|-------------|------------------------|------------|
| 1           | -7.7                   | 0.1        |
| 2           | -8.7                   | 0.1        |
| 3           | -11.5                  | 0.1        |

## 11.2.2 Minimum requirement for MBSFN

Requirement in this subclause is applicable to UEs that are capable of receiving MBSFN with at least two receive antenna connectors.

For the parameters specified in Table 11.3a the average downlink S-CCPCH $\_E_c/I_{or}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU ER shown in Table 11.4a.

Table 11.3a: Parameters for MTCH detection

| Parameter                  | Unit            | Test 1                                  |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Phase reference            | 1               | P-CPICH                                 |
| $I_{oc}$                   | dBm/3.84<br>MHz | -60                                     |
| $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$      | dB              | 12                                      |
| MTCH Data Rate             | kbps            | 512                                     |
| Transmission Time Interval | ms              | 40                                      |
| Propagation condition      |                 | MBSFN channel model (see<br>Appendix B) |

Table 11.4a: Test requirements for MTCH detection

| Test Number | S-CCPCH_Ec/lor<br>(dB) | RLC SDU ER |
|-------------|------------------------|------------|
| 1           | -5.8                   | 0.1        |

### 11.3 Demodulation of MTCH and cell identification

MBMS combining is not controlled by a network but instead it is autonomously handled by a terminal. UE has to be able to receive MTCH and identify intra-frequency neighbour cells according to the requirements. The receive characteristic of the MTCH combined with cell identification is determined by RLC SDU error rate (RLC SDU ER).

#### 11.3.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 11.5 the average downlink S-CCPCH $_{\rm E_c/I_{or}}$  power ratio shall be below the specified value for the RLC SDU error rate shown in Table 11.6. The cell reselection parameters are given in clause A.9 in Table A.34. The different cells are assumed to be time aligned.

Table 11.5: Parameters for MTCH demodulation requirements with cell identification

| Parameter                    | Unit         |           | Test 1  |           |
|------------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Parameter                    | Onit         | Stage 1   | Stage 2 | Stage 2   |
| Time in each stage           | S            | 2         | 0.8     | 3         |
| Phase reference              |              |           | P-CPICH |           |
| $I_{oc}$                     | dBm/3.84 MHz | -70       | -73     | -70       |
| Cell1 $\hat{I}_{or1}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -3        | 0       | -3        |
| Cell2 $\hat{I}_{or2}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -3        | 0       | -infinity |
| Cell3 $\hat{I}_{or3}/I_{oc}$ | dB           | -infinity | 0       | -3        |
| Propagation condition        |              |           | Case1   |           |
| MTCH Data Rate               | Kbps         | 128       |         |           |
| Number of Radio Links        |              | 2         | 3       | 2         |

Table 11.6: Requirements for MTCH detection

| Test Number | S-CCPCH_Ec/lor<br>(dB) | RLC SDU ER |
|-------------|------------------------|------------|
| 1           | -5.6                   | 0.05       |

# Annex A (normative): Measurement channels

#### A.1 General

The measurement channels in this annex are defined to derive the requirements in clauses 6, 7 and 8. The measurement channels represent example configuration of radio access bearers for different data rates.

The measurement channel for 12.2 kbps shall be supported by any UE both in up- and downlink. Support for other measurement channels is depending on the UE Radio Access capabilities.

## A.2 UL reference measurement channel

## A.2.1 UL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

The parameters for the 12.2 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.1 and Table A.2. The channel coding for information is shown in figure A.1.

Table A.1: UL reference measurement channel physical parameters (12.2 kbps)

| Parameter  | Unit  | Level |  |
|--|---|-------|--|
| Information bit rate   | kbps  | 12.2  |  |
| DPDCH  | kbps  | 60    |  |
| DPCCH  | kbps  | 15    |  |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i   | - 0   |       |  |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio  | dB -5.46  |       |  |
| TFCI   | - On  |       |  |
| Repetition   | % 23  |       |  |
| Note: Slot Format #2 is used for closed loop tests in subclause 8.6.2. |   |       |  |
| Slot Format #2 and #5 a  | at #2 and #5 are used for site selection diversity transmission |       |  |
| tests in subclause 8.6.3   |   |       |  |

Table A.2: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps)

| Parameters                 | DTCH               | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1                  | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 244                | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 244                | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 20 ms              | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Convolution Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3                | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256                | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16                 | 12                 |

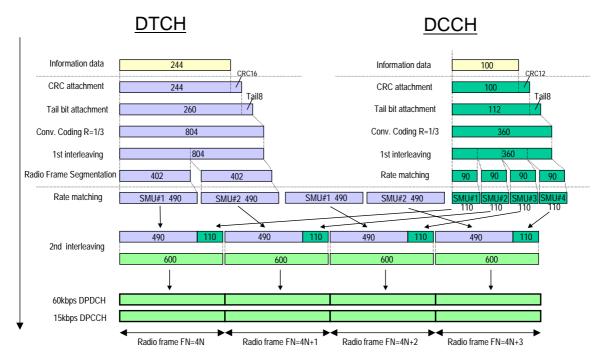


Figure A.1 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

## A.2.2 UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

The parameters for the 64 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.3 and Table A.4. The channel coding for information is shown in figure A.2. This measurement channel is not currently used in TS 25.101 but can be used for future requirements.

Table A.3: UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

| Parameter               | Unit | Level |
|-------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate    | kbps | 64    |
| DPDCH                   | kbps | 240   |
| DPCCH                   | kbps | 15    |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i    | -    | 0     |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio | dB   | -9.54 |
| TFCI                    | -    | On    |
| Repetition              | %    | 18    |

Table A.4: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

| Parameter                  | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 1280         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 1280         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 20 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16           | 12                 |

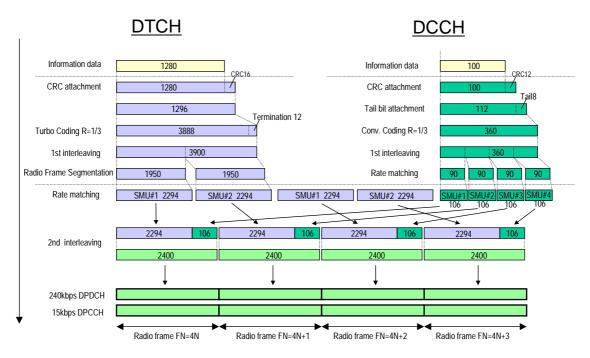


Figure A.2 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

## A.2.3 UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

The parameters for the 144 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.5 and Table A.6. The channel coding for information is shown in Figure A.3. This measurement channel is not currently used in the present document but can be used for future requirements.

Table A.5: UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

| Parameter               | Unit | Level  |
|-------------------------|------|--------|
| Information bit rate    | kbps | 144    |
| DPDCH                   | kbps | 480    |
| DPCCH                   | kbps | 15     |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i    | -    | 0      |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio | dB   | -11.48 |
| TFCI                    | -    | On     |
| Repetition              | %    | 8      |

Table A.6: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (144kbps)

| Parameters                 | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 2880         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 2880         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 20 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16           | 12                 |

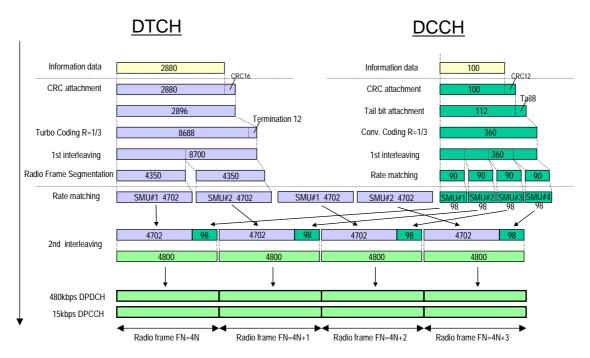


Figure A.3 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

## A.2.4 UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

The parameters for the 384 kbps UL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.7 and Table A.8. The channel coding for information is shown in Figure A.4. This measurement channel is not currently used in TS 25.101 but can be used for future requirements.

| Table A.7: UL reference measurement channel | (384 | kbps) | ) |
|---|------|-------|---|
|---|------|-------|---|

| Parameter               | Unit | Level  |
|-------------------------|------|--------|
| Information bit rate    | kbps | 384    |
| DPDCH                   | kbps | 960    |
| DPCCH                   | kbps | 15     |
| DPCCH Slot Format #I    | -    | 0      |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio | dB   | -11.48 |
| TFCI                    | -    | On     |
| Puncturing              | %    | 18     |

Table A.8: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

| Parameter                  | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 3840         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 3840         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 10 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16           | 12                 |

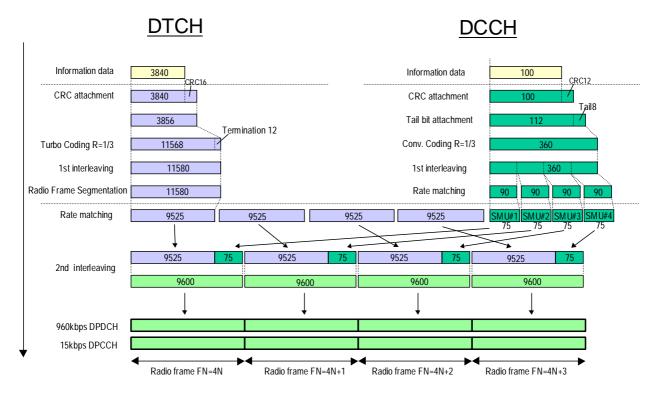


Figure A.4 (Informative): Channel coding of UL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

## A.2.5 UL reference measurement channel (768 kbps)

The parameters for the UL measurement channel for 768 kbps are specified in Table A.9 and Table A.10.

Table A.9: UL reference measurement channel, physical parameters (768 kbps)

| Parameter               | Unit | Level  |
|-------------------------|------|--------|
| Information bit rate    | kbps | 2*384  |
| DPDCH₁                  | kbps | 960    |
| DPDCH <sub>2</sub>      | kbps | 960    |
| DPCCH                   | kbps | 15     |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i    | -    | 0      |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio | dB   | -11.48 |
| TFCI                    | -    | On     |
| Puncturing              | %    | 18     |

Table A.10: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (768 kbps)

| Parameter                  | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 3840         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 7680         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 10 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16           | 12                 |

## A.2.5A UL reference measurement channel (768 kbps)

The parameters for the UL measurement channel for 768 kbps are specified in Table A.9A and Table A.10A.

Table A.9A: UL reference measurement channel, physical parameters (768 kbps)

| Parameter               | Unit | Level  |
|-------------------------|------|--------|
| Information bit rate    | kbps | 2*384  |
| DPDCH <sub>1</sub>      | kbps | 960    |
| DPDCH <sub>2</sub>      | kbps | 960    |
| DPCCH                   | kbps | 15     |
| DPCCH Slot Format #i    | -    | 0      |
| S-DPCCH                 | kbps | 15     |
| S-DPCCH Slot Format #i  | -    | 1      |
| DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio | dB   | -11.48 |
| TFCI                    | -    | On     |
| Puncturing              | %    | 18     |

Table A.10A: UL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (768 kbps)

| Parameter                  | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number   | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size       | 3840         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size   | 7680         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval | 10 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection   | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute    | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                | 16           | 12                 |

# A.2.6 UL E-DCH reference measurement channel for DC-HSUPA using BPSK modulation

The parameters for the UL measurement channel for UE transmitter characteristics for DC-HSUPA are specified in Table A.10AA and Figure A.4AA. The power imbalance in Table A.10AA refers to the ratio of the DPCCH power of the primary uplink frequency to the DPCCH power of the secondary uplink frequency, expressed in dB.

Table A.10AA: Settings for DC-HSUPA reference measurement channel using BPSK modulation

| Parameter  | Unit        | Value |
|--|-------------|-------|
| Modulation   |             | BPSK  |
| Maximum. Inf. Bit Rate   | kbps        | 60    |
| TTI  | ms          | 2     |
| Number of HARQ Processes   | Processes   | 8     |
| Information Bit Payload (N <sub>INF</sub> )                                      | Bits        | 120   |
| Binary Channel Bits per TTI ( $N_{BIN}$ ) (3840 / SF x TTI sum for all channels) | Bits        | 480   |
| Coding Rate (N <sub>INF</sub> / N <sub>BIN</sub> )                               |             | 0.25  |
| Physical Channel Codes   | SF for each | {16}  |

|  | physical channel  |                        |
|--|---|------------------------|
| E-DPDCH/DPCCH power ratio E-DPCCH/DPCCH power ratio HS-DPCCH/DPCCH power ratio | dB<br>dB<br>dB  | 4.08<br>-9.54<br>-9.54 |
| Power imbalance  | dB  | 0                      |
|  | te: HS-DPCCH is applicable only for the primary uplink frequency. |                        |

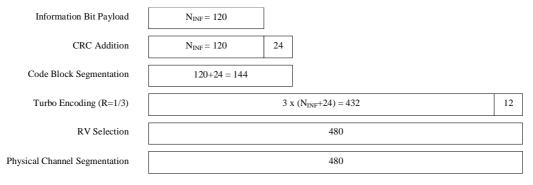


Figure A.4AA: E-DPDCH coding rate for DC-HSUPA reference measurement channel using BPSK modulation

# A.2.7 UL E-DCH reference measurement channel for DC-HSUPA using 16QAM modulation

The parameters for the UL measurement channel for UE transmitter characteristics for DC-HSUPA using 16QAM modulation are specified in Table A.10AB and Figure A.4AB. The power imbalance in Table A.11 refers to the ratio of the DPCCH power of the primary uplink frequency to the DPCCH power of the secondary uplink frequency, expressed in dB.

Table A.10AB: Settings for DC-HSUPA reference measurement channel using 16QAM modulation

| Parameter   | Unit             | Value     |
|---|------------------|-----------|
| Modulation  |                  | 16QAM     |
| Maximum. Inf. Bit Rate  | Kbps             | 4227.0    |
| TTI   | ms               | 2         |
| Number of HARQ Processes  | Processes        | 8         |
| Information Bit Payload (N <sub>INF</sub> )                         | Bits             | 8454      |
| Binary Channel Bits per TTI (N <sub>BIN</sub> )                     | Bits             | 23040     |
| (3840 / SF x TTI sum for all channels)                              |                  |           |
| Coding Rate (N <sub>INF</sub> / N <sub>BIN</sub> )                  |                  | 0.367     |
| Physical Channel Codes  | SF for each      | {2,2,4,4} |
|   | physical channel |           |
| E-DPDCH/DPCCH power ratio, SF4 codes                                | dB               | 16.03     |
| E-DPDCH/DPCCH power ratio, SF2 codes                                | dB               | 19.02     |
| E-DPCCH/DPCCH power ratio   | dB               | 8.07      |
| HS-DPCCH/DPCCH power ratio  | dB               | 2.05      |
| Power imbalance   | dB               | 0         |
| Note: HS-DPCCH is applicable only for the primary uplink frequency. |                  |           |

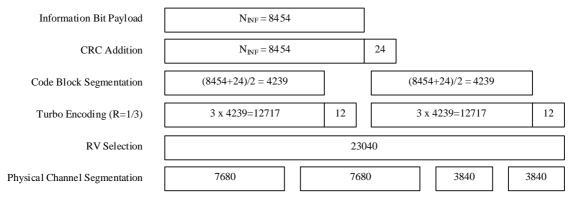


Figure A.4AB: E-DPDCH coding rate for DC-HSUPA reference measurement channel using 16QAM modulation

# A.2.8 Combinations of UL E-DCH reference measurement channel for DC-HSUPA tests

The combinations of BPSK and 16QAM reference measurement channels in Table A.10AC shall be used for verifying the UE maximum output power for DC-HSUPA, additional Spectrum emission mask for DC-HSUPA, and additional ACLR requirement for DC-HSUPA. The entry BPSK in Table A.10AC refers to the UL E-DCH reference measurement channel for DC-HSUPA using BPSK modulation, specified in subclause A.2.6, and the entry 16QAM refers to the UL E-DCH reference measurement channel for DC-HSUPA using 16QAM modulation, specified in subclause A.2.7. The power imbalance in subclause A.2.6 and A.2.7 have been adjusted as shown in Table A.10AC.

Table A.10AC: Settings for DC-HSUPA reference measurement channels for UE maximum output power, spectrum emission mask and ACLR requirements

| Config<br># | Primary<br>carrier | Secondar<br>y carrier | Power imbalance [dB] | Allowed<br>MPR<br>[dB] |
|-------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| 1           | BPSK               | BPSK                  | -10                  | [0.5]                  |
| 2           | BPSK               | BPSK                  | 8                    | [1.0]                  |
| 3           | BPSK               | BPSK                  | 0                    | [1.5]                  |
| 4           | 16QAM              | 16QAM                 | 0                    | [TBD]                  |

## A.3 DL reference measurement channel

## A.3.0 DL reference measurement channel (0 kbps)

The parameters for the 0 kbps DL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.10A and Table A.10B. The channel coding is shown for information in figure A.4A.

Table A.10A: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters (0 kbps)

| Parameter                      | Unit | Level |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate           | kbps | 0     |
| DPCH                           | ksps | 30    |
| Slot Format #I                 | -    | 11    |
| TFCI                           | -    | On    |
| Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3 | dB   | 0     |
| Puncturing                     | %    | 13.9  |

Table A.10B: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (0 kbps)

| Parameter                       | DTCH               | DCCH               |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number        | 1                  | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 0                  | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 0                  | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 20 ms              | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection        | Convolution Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/3                | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256                | 256                |
| Size of CRC                     | 16                 | 12                 |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | fixed              | fixed              |

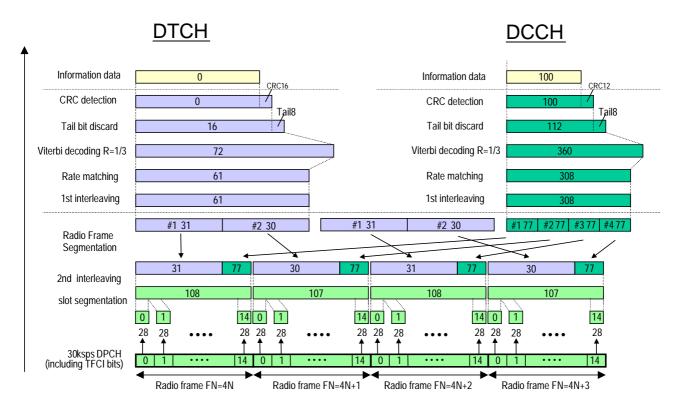


Figure A.4A (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (0 kbps)

## A.3.1 DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

The parameters for the 12.2 Kbps DL reference measurement channel are specified in Table A.11 and Table A.12. The channel coding is shown for information in figure A.5.

Table A.11: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters (12.2 kbps)

| Parameter                      | Unit | Level |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate           | kbps | 12.2  |
| DPCH                           | ksps | 30    |
| Slot Format #i                 | -    | 11    |
| TFCI                           | -    | On    |
| Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3 | dB   | 0     |
| Puncturing                     | %    | 14.7  |

Table A.12: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (12.2 kbps)

| Parameter                       | DTCH               | DCCH               |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number        | 1                  | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 244                | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 244                | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 20 ms              | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection        | Convolution Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/3                | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256                | 256                |
| Size of CRC                     | 16                 | 12                 |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | fixed              | fixed              |

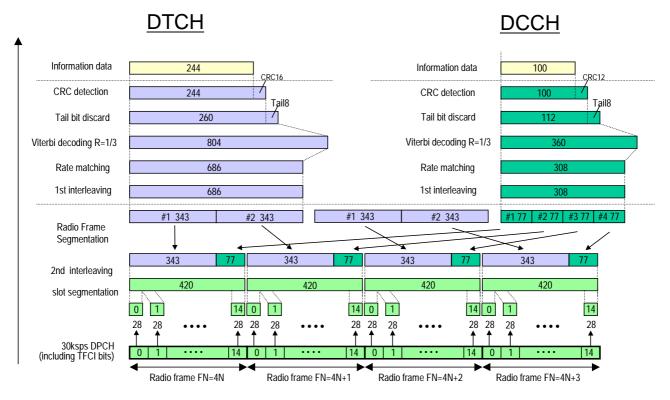


Figure A.5 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps)

### A.3.2 DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 64 kbps are specified in Table A.13 and Table A.14. The channel coding is shown for information in Figure A.6.

Table A.13: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters (64 kbps)

| Parameter                      | Unit | Level |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate           | kbps | 64    |
| DPCH                           | ksps | 120   |
| Slot Format #i                 | -    | 13    |
| TFCI                           | -    | On    |
| Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3 | dB   | 0     |
| Repetition                     | %    | 2.9   |

Table A.14: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

| Parameter                       | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number        | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 1280         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 1280         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 20 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection        | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                     | 16           | 12                 |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | fixed        | fixed              |

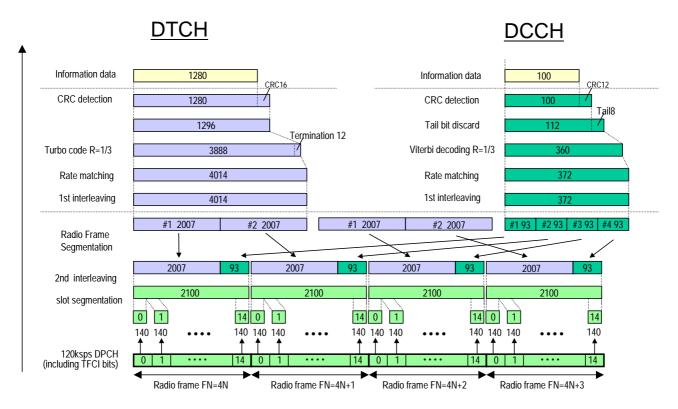


Figure A.6 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (64 kbps)

## A.3.3 DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

The parameters for the DL measurement channel for 144 kbps are specified in Table A.15 and Table A.16. The channel coding is shown for information in Figure A.7.

Table A.15: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters (144 kbps)

| Parameter                      | Unit | Level |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate           | kbps | 144   |
| DPCH                           | ksps | 240   |
| Slot Format #i                 | -    | 14    |
| TFCI                           | -    | On    |
| Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3 | dB   | 0     |
| Puncturing                     | %    | 2.7   |

Table A.16: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (144 kbps)

| Parameter                       | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number        | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 2880         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 2880         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 20 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection        | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                     | 16           | 12                 |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | fixed        | fixed              |

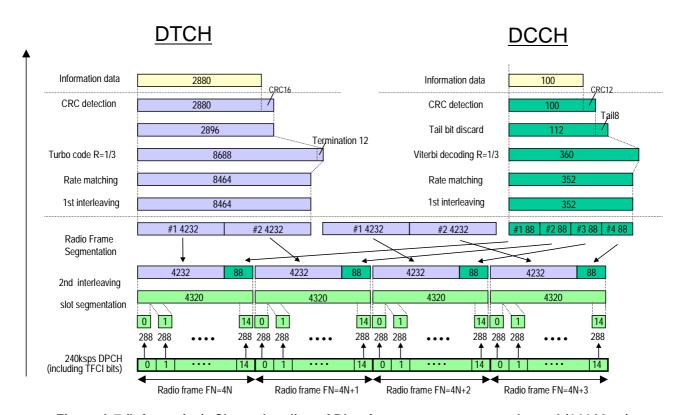


Figure A.7 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (144 kbps)

## A.3.4 DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

The parameters for the DL measurement channel for 384 kbps are specified in Table A.17 and Table A.18. The channel coding is shown for information in Figure A.8

Table A.17: DL reference measurement channel, physical parameters (384 kbps)

| Parameter                      | Unit | Level |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate           | kbps | 384   |
| DPCH                           | ksps | 480   |
| Slot Format # i                | -    | 15    |
| TFCI                           |      | On    |
| Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3 | dB   | 0     |
| Puncturing                     | %    | 22    |

Table A.18: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (384 kbps)

| Parameter                       | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number        | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 3840         | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 3840         | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 10 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection        | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256          | 256                |
| Size of CRC                     | 16           | 12                 |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | fixed        | Fixed              |

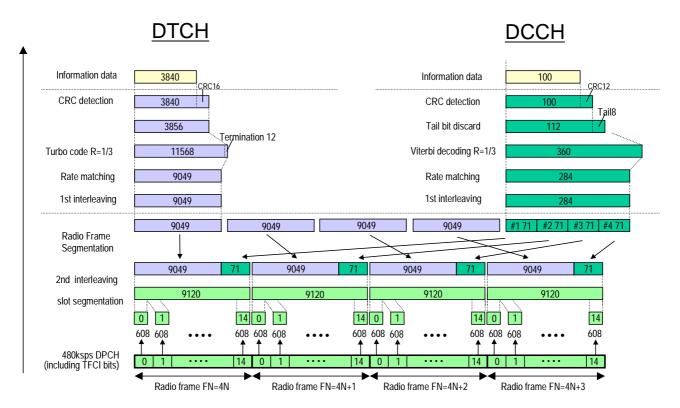


Figure A.8 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel (384 kbps)

## A.3.5 DL reference measurement channel 2 (64 kbps)

The parameters for the DL reference measurement channel for 64 kbps are specified in Table A.18A and Table A.18B. The channel coding is shown for information in Figure A.8A.

Table A.18A: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters (64 kbps)

| Parameter                   | Unit | Level |
|-----------------------------|------|-------|
| Information bit rate (DTCH) | kbps | 64    |
| Information bit rate (DCCH) | kbps | 3.4   |
| DPCH                        | ksps | 120   |
| Slot Format #i              | -    | 13    |
| TFCI                        | -    | On    |
| Puncturing (DTCH)           | %    | 8.6   |
| Repetition (DCCH)           | %    | 27.9  |

Table A.18B: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters (64 kbps)

| Parameter                       | DTCH         | DCCH               |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number        | 1            | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 336          | 148                |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 1344         | 148                |
| Transport blocks per TTI        | 4            | 1                  |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 20 ms        | 40 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection        | Turbo Coding | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/3          | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 143          | 200                |
| Size of CRC                     | 16           | 16                 |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | fixed        | fixed              |

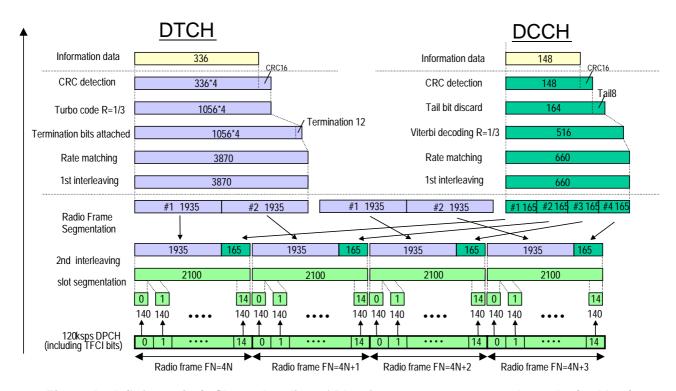


Figure A.8A (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel 2 (64 kbps)

# A.4 DL reference measurement channel for BTFD performance requirements

The parameters for DL reference measurement channel for BTFD are specified in Table A.19 and Table A.20. The channel coding for information is shown in figures A.9, A.10, and A11.

Table A.19: DL reference measurement channel physical parameters for BTFD

| Parameter                         | Unit | Rate 1 | Rate 2 | Rate 3 |
|-----------------------------------|------|--------|--------|--------|
| Information bit rate              | kbps | 12.2   | 7.95   | 1.95   |
| DPCH                              | ksps | 30     |        |        |
| Slot Format # i                   | -    | 8      |        |        |
| TFCI                              | -    | Off    |        |        |
| Power offsets PO1,<br>PO2 and PO3 | dB   | 0      |        |        |
| Repetition                        | %    | 5      |        |        |

Table A.20: DL reference measurement channel, transport channel parameters for BTFD

| Dorometer                       |        | DTCH        | DCCH   |                    |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------------|--------|--------------------|
| Parameter                       | Rate 1 | Rate 2      | Rate 3 | рссп               |
| Transport Channel Number        |        | 1           |        | 2                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 244    | 159         | 39     | 100                |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 244    | 159         | 39     | 100                |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 20 ms  |             | 40 ms  |                    |
| Type of Error Protection        | Con    | volution Co | ding   | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/3    |             | 1/3    |                    |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256    |             | 256    |                    |
| Size of CRC                     | 12     |             | 12     |                    |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | fixed  |             | fixed  |                    |

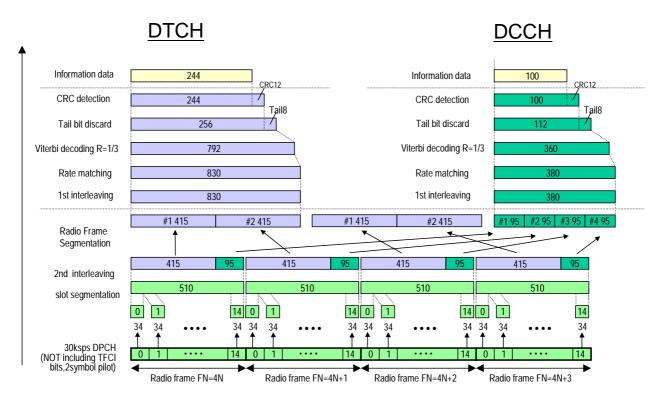


Figure A.9 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 1)

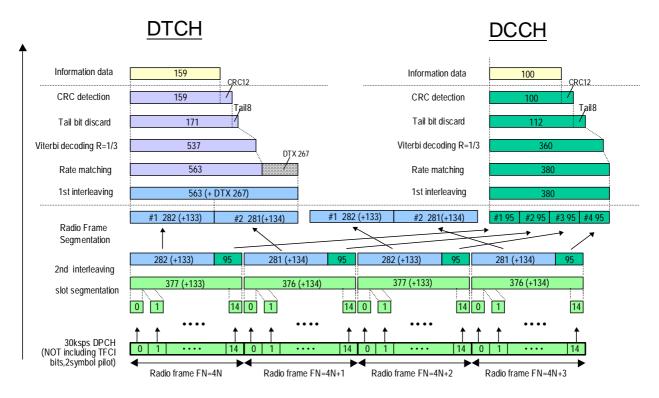


Figure A.10 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 2)

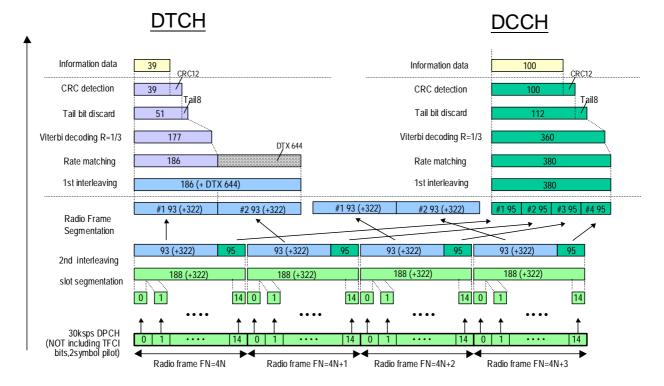


Figure A.11 (Informative): Channel coding of DL reference measurement channel for BTFD (Rate 3)

# A.4A Reference parameters for discontinuous UL DPCCH transmission

The parameters for the UE UL power control operation with discontinuous UL DPCCH transmission test is specified in Table A.20A. Same parameter values are used for 2ms and 10ms E-DCH TTI.

Table A.20A: Parameters for the discontinuous UL DPCCH transmission

| Parameter                              | Unit         | Level |
|--|--------------|-------|
| Enabling_Delay                         | Radio frames | 0     |
| UE_DTX_cycle_1                         | Subframes    | 10    |
| UE_DTX_cycle_2                         | Subframes    | 10    |
| UE_DTX_DRX_offset                      | Subframes    | 0     |
| Inactivity_threshold_for_UE_DTX_cycle2 | E-DCH TTI    | 1     |
| UE_DPCCH_burst_1                       | Subframes    | 1     |
| UE_DPCCH_burst_2                       | Subframes    | 1     |
| UE_DTX_long_preamble_length            | Slots        | 2     |
| CQI Feedback cycle, k                  | Milliseconds | 0     |
| CQI_DTX_TIMER                          | Subframes    | 0     |

Table A.20B: (void)

Figure A.11A (void)

## A.5 DL reference compressed mode parameters

Parameters described in Table A.21 are used in some test specified in TS 25.101 while parameters described in Table A.22 and Table A.22A are used in some tests specified in TS 25.133.

Parameters in Table A.21 are applicable when compressed mode by spreading factor reduction is used in downlink.

Table A.21: Compressed mode reference pattern 1 parameters

| Parameter                                     | Set 1   | Set 2   | Note                      |
|---|---------|---------|---------------------------|
| TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number)  | 11      | 4       |                           |
| TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)              | 7       | 7       |                           |
| TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)              | -       | 7       | Only one gap in use.      |
| TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)               | 0       | 15      | Only one gap in use.      |
| TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)       | 4       | 4       |                           |
| TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition    | NA      | NA      | Defined by higher layers  |
| Count)  |         |         |                           |
| TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection Frame      | NA      | 0       | Defined by higher layers  |
| Number):                                      |         |         |                           |
| UL/DL compressed mode selection               | DL & UL | DL & UL | 2 configurations possible |
|   |         |         | DL &UL / DL               |
| UL compressed mode method                     | SF/2    | SF/2    |                           |
| DL compressed mode method                     | SF/2    | SF/2    |                           |
| Downlink frame type and Slot format           | 11B     | 11B     |                           |
| Scrambling code change                        | No      | No      |                           |
| RPP (Recovery period power control mode)      | 0       | 0       |                           |
| ITP (Initial transmission power control mode) | 0       | 0       |                           |

Table A.22: Compressed mode reference pattern 2 parameters

| Parameter   | Set 1   | Set 2   | Set 4      | Set 5   | Note  |
|---|---------|---------|------------|---------|---|
| TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot Number)      | 4       | 4       | 8          | 10      |   |
| TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)                  | 7       | 7       | 14         | 10      |   |
| TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)                  | -       | -       | -          | -       | Only one gap in use.                          |
| TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)                   | 0       | 0       | 0          | 0       |   |
| TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)           | 3       | 12      | 4          | 8       |   |
| TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern Repetition Count) | NA      | NA      | NA         | NA      | Defined by higher layers                      |
| TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection Frame Number): | NA      | NA      | NA         | NA      | Defined by higher layers                      |
| UL/DL compressed mode selection                   | DL & UL | DL & UL | DL &<br>UL | DL & UL | 2 configurations<br>possible. DL & UL /<br>DL |
| UL compressed mode method                         | SF/2    | SF/2    | SF/2       | SF/2    |   |
| DL compressed mode method                         | SF/2    | SF/2    | SF/2       | SF/2    |   |
| Downlink frame type and Slot format               | 11B     | 11B     | 11B        | 11B     |   |
| Scrambling code change                            | No      | No      | No         | No      |   |
| RPP (Recovery period power control mode)          | 0       | 0       | 0          | 0       |   |
| ITP (Initial transmission power control mode)     | 0       | 0       | 0          | 0       |   |

Table A.22A: Compressed mode reference pattern 3 parameters

| Parameter                                     | Set 1   | Set 2   | Set 3   | Set 4   | Note                   |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------------------|
| TGSN (Transmission Gap Starting Slot          | 8       | 8       | 8       | 8       |                        |
| Number)                                       |         |         |         |         |                        |
| TGL1 (Transmission Gap Length 1)              | 14      | 14      | 14      | 14      |                        |
| TGL2 (Transmission Gap Length 2)              | -       | -       | -       | -       | Only one gap in use.   |
| TGD (Transmission Gap Distance)               | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0       |                        |
| TGPL1 (Transmission Gap Pattern Length)       | 8       | 24      | 24      | 24      |                        |
| TGPRC (Transmission Gap Pattern               | NA      | NA      | NA      | NA      | Defined by higher      |
| Repetition Count)                             |         |         |         |         | layers                 |
| TGCFN (Transmission Gap Connection            | 0       | 4       | 12      | 20      |                        |
| Frame Number):                                |         |         |         |         |                        |
| UL/DL compressed mode selection               | DL & UL | DL & UL | DL & UL | DL & UL | 2 configurations       |
|   |         |         |         |         | possible. DL & UL / DL |
| UL compressed mode method                     | SF/2    | SF/2    | SF/2    | SF/2    |                        |
| DL compressed mode method                     | SF/2    | SF/2    | SF/2    | SF/2    |                        |
| Downlink frame type and Slot format           | 11B     | 11B     | 11B     | 11B     |                        |
| Scrambling code change                        | No      | No      | No      | No      |                        |
| RPP (Recovery period power control mode)      | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0       |                        |
| ITP (Initial transmission power control mode) | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0       |                        |

## A.6 DL reference parameters for PCH tests

The parameters for the PCH demodulation tests are specified in Table A.23 and Table A.24.

Table A.23: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH

| Parameter                       | Unit | Level |
|---------------------------------|------|-------|
| Channel bit rate                | kbps | 60    |
| Channel symbol rate             | ksps | 30    |
| Slot Format #i                  | -    | 4     |
| TFCI                            | -    | OFF   |
| Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot | dB   | 0     |
| fields relative to data field   |      |       |

Table A.24: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH

| Parameter                       | PCH                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| Transport Channel Number        | 1                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 240                |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 240                |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 10 ms              |
| Type of Error Protection        | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/2                |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256                |
| Size of CRC                     | 16                 |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | fixed              |

## A.7 DL reference channel parameters for HSDPA tests

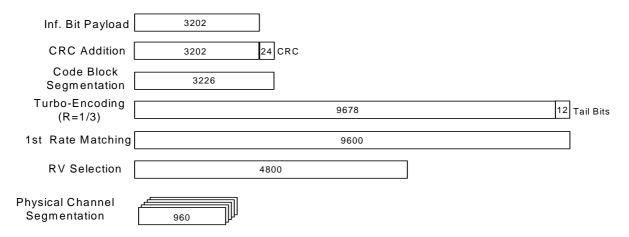
## A.7.1 Fixed Reference Channel (FRC)

#### A.7.1.1 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E

Table A.25: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 1/1A/1B/1C/1E

| Parameter  | Unit           | Va           | lue       |  |
|--|----------------|--------------|-----------|--|
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate                               | kbps           | 534          | 777       |  |
| Inter-TTI Distance                                       | TTI"s          | 3            | 3         |  |
| Number of HARQ Processes                                 | Proces         | 2            | 2         |  |
|  | ses            |              | 2         |  |
| Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )           | Bits           | 3202         | 4664      |  |
| Number Code Blocks                                       | Blocks         | 1            | 1         |  |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI                              | Bits           | 4800         | 7680      |  |
| Total Available SML"s in UE                              | SML"s          | 19200        | 19200     |  |
| Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.                           | SML"s          | 9600         | 9600      |  |
| Coding Rate  |                | 0.67         | 0.61      |  |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes                         | Codes          | 5            | 4         |  |
| Modulation   |                | QPSK         | 16QAM     |  |
| Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transmi                       | tted continuo  | usly with co | onstant   |  |
| power but only every third TTI s                         | hall be alloca | ted to the   | UE        |  |
| under test. The values in the tal                        | ole defines H  | Set 1. H-S   | et 1A for |  |
| DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 1   |                |              |           |  |
| to each of the carriers available in DC-HSDPA and DB-DC- |                |              |           |  |
| HSDPA mode. H-Set 1B and H-                              | Set 1C for 40  | C-HSDPA      | are       |  |
| formed by applying H-Set 1 to 6                          | ach of the ca  | rriers avail | able in   |  |

4C-HSDPA mode (3 carriers for H-Set 1B and 4 carriers for H-Set 1C). H-Set 1E for 8C-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 1



to each of the carriers available in 8C-HSDPA mode.

Figure A.12: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 1 (QPSK)

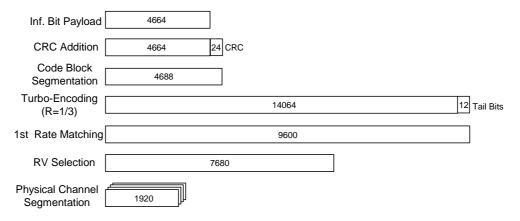


Figure A.13: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 1 (16 QAM)

#### A.7.1.2 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 2

Table A.26: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2

| Parameter   | Unit Value |       | lue   |  |
|---|------------|-------|-------|--|
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate  | kbps       | 801   | 1166  |  |
| Inter-TTI Distance  | TTI"s      | 2     | 2     |  |
| Number of HARQ Processes  | Processes  | 3     | 3     |  |
| Information Bit Payload ( $N_{{\it INF}}$ )                       | Bits       | 3202  | 4664  |  |
| Number Code Blocks  | Blocks     | 1     | 1     |  |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI                                       | Bits       | 4800  | 7680  |  |
| Total Available SML"s in UE                                       | SML"s      | 28800 | 28800 |  |
| Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc. SML"s                              |            | 9600  | 9600  |  |
| Coding Rate   |            | 0.67  | 0.61  |  |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes                                  | Codes      | 5     | 4     |  |
| Modulation QPSK 16Q/  |            |       | 16QAM |  |
| Note: The HS-DSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant |            |       |       |  |
| power but only every second TTI shall be allocated to the UE      |            |       |       |  |
| under test.   |            |       |       |  |

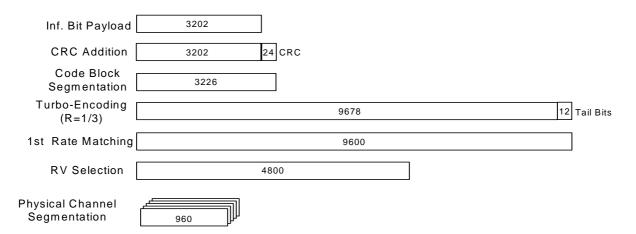


Figure A.14: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2 (QPSK)

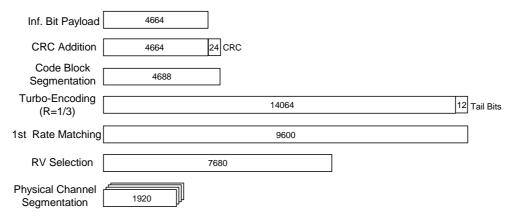


Figure A.15: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 2 (16QAM)

#### A.7.1.3 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 3/3A/3B/3C/3E

Table A.27: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 3/3A/3B/3C/3E

| Parameter  | Unit      | Value |       |
|--|-----------|-------|-------|
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate   | kbps      | 1601  | 2332  |
| Inter-TTI Distance   | TTI"s     | 1     | 1     |
| Number of HARQ Processes   | Processes | 6     | 6     |
| Information Bit Payload ( $N_{{\scriptscriptstyle I\!N\!F}}$ )   | Bits      | 3202  | 4664  |
| Number Code Blocks   | Blocks    | 1     | 1     |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI  | Bits      | 4800  | 7680  |
| Total Available SML"s,in UE  | SML"s     | 57600 | 57600 |
| Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.   | SML"s     | 9600  | 9600  |
| Coding Rate  |           | 0.67  | 0.61  |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes   | Codes     | 5     | 4     |
| Modulation   |           | QPSK  | 16QAM |
| Note: The values in the table define H-Set 3. H-Set 3A for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 3 to each of the carriers available in DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA mode. H-Set 3B and H-Set 3C for4C-HSDPA are formed by applying H-Set 3 to each of the carriers available in 4C-HSDPA mode (3 carriers for H-Set 3B and 4 carriers for H-Set 3C). H-Set 3E for 8C-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 3 to each of the carriers available in 8C-HSDPA mode. |           |       |       |

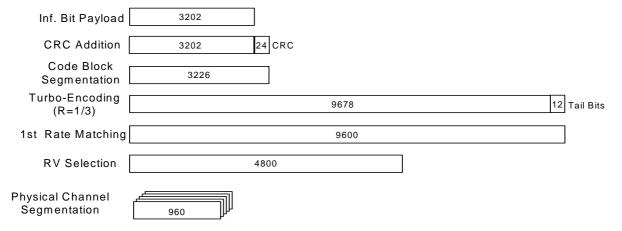


Figure A.16: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 3 (QPSK)

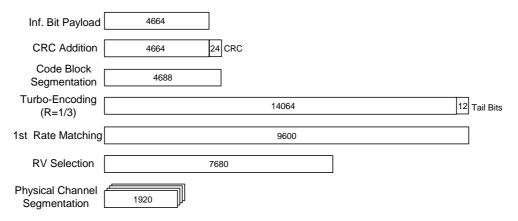


Figure A.17: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 3 (16QAM)

### A.7.1.4 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 4

Table A.28: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 4

| Parameter  | Unit      | Value |
|--|-----------|-------|
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate   | kbps      | 534   |
| Inter-TTI Distance   | TTI"s     | 2     |
| Number of HARQ Processes   | Processes | 2     |
| Information Bit Payload ( $N_{{\scriptscriptstyle INF}}$ )   | Bits      | 3202  |
| Number Code Blocks   | Blocks    | 1     |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI  | Bits      | 4800  |
| Total Available SML"s in UE  | SML"s     | 14400 |
| Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.   | SML"s     | 7200  |
| Coding Rate  |           | 0.67  |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes Codes   |           | 5     |
| Modulation   |           | QPSK  |
| Modulation QPSK  Note: This FRC is used to verify the minimum inter-TTI distance for UE category 11. The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power. The six sub-frame HS-SCCH signalling pattern shall repeat as follows:OOXOXOOOXOXO, where "X" marks TTI in which HS-SCCH uses the identity of the UE under test and "O" marks TTI, in which HS-SCCH uses a different identity. |           |       |

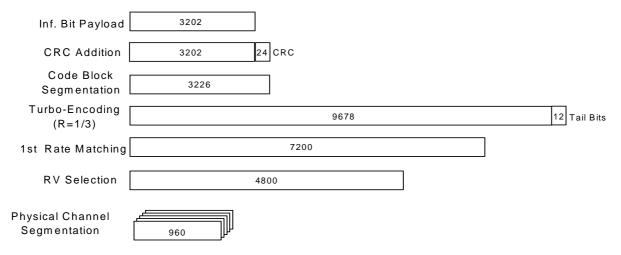


Figure A.18: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 4

#### A.7.1.5 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 5

Table A.29: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 5

|  | Parameter                           | Unit      | Value |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------|
| Nominal  | Avg. Inf. Bit Rate                  | kbps      | 801   |
| Inter-TTI  | Distance                            | TTI"s     | 1     |
| Number   | of HARQ Processes                   | Processes | 3     |
| Informat   | ion Bit Payload ( $N_{{\it INF}}$ ) | Bits      | 3202  |
| Number   | Code Blocks                         | Blocks    | 1     |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI Bits 48                    |                                     |           | 4800  |
| Total Available SML"s in UE SML"s 288                  |                                     |           | 28800 |
| Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc. SML"s 960               |                                     |           | 9600  |
| Coding F   | Coding Rate 0.6                     |           |       |
| Number   | of Physical Channel Codes           | Codes     | 5     |
| Modulati   | Modulation QPS                      |           |       |
| Note: This FRC is used to verify the minimum inter-TTI |                                     |           |       |
| distance for UE category 12. The HS-PDSCH shall be     |                                     |           |       |
| transmitted continuously with constant power. The six  |                                     |           |       |
| sub-frame HS-SCCH signalling pattern shall repeat as   |                                     |           |       |

follows: ...OOXXXOOOXXXO...,

where "X" marks TTI in which HS-SCCH uses the identity of the UE under test and "O" marks TTI, in which HS-SCCH uses a different identity.

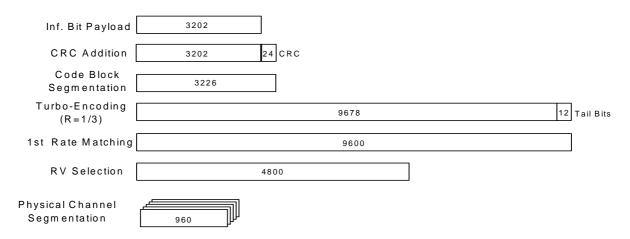


Figure A.19: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 5

#### A.7.1.6 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

Table A.29A: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 6/6A/6B/6C/6E

| Parameter   | Unit   | Value  |        |
|---|--------|--------|--------|
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate  | kbps   | 3219   | 4689   |
| Inter-TTI Distance  | TTI"s  | 1      | 1      |
| Number of HARQ Processes  | Proces | 6      | 6      |
|   | ses    | U      | O      |
| Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )                      | Bits   | 6438   | 9377   |
| Number Code Blocks  | Blocks | 2      | 2      |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI   | Bits   | 9600   | 15360  |
| Total Available SML"s in UE   | SML"s  | 115200 | 115200 |
| Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.                                      | SML"s  | 19200  | 19200  |
| Coding Rate   |        | 0.67   | 0.61   |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes                                    | Codes  | 10     | 8      |
| Modulation QPSK 16QA  |        |        |        |
| Note: The values in the table define H-Set 6. H-Set 6A for DC-HSDPA |        |        |        |
| and DB-DC-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 6 to each of            |        |        |        |

and DB-DC-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 6 to each of the carriers available in DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA mode. H-Set 6B and H-Set 6C for 4C-HSDPA are formed by applying H-Set 6 to each of the carriers available in 4C-HSDPA mode (3 carriers for H-Set 6B and 4 carriers for H-Set 6C). H-Set 6E for 8C-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 6 to each of the carriers available in 8C-HSDPA mode.

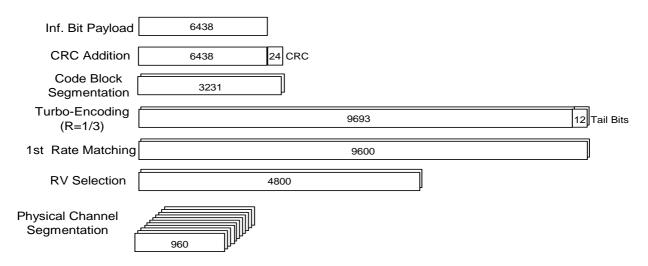


Figure A.20: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 6 (QPSK)

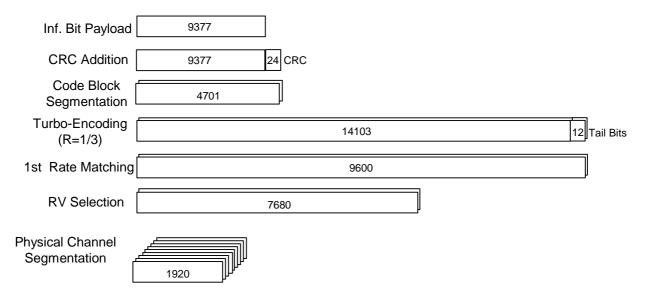


Figure A.21: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 6 (16 QAM)

#### A.7.1.7 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 7

Table A.29B: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 7

| Parameter   | Unit     | Value |  |  |
|---|----------|-------|--|--|
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate  | kbps     | 37.8  |  |  |
| Inter-TTI Distance  | TTI"s    | 8     |  |  |
| Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\it INF}$ )   | Bits     | 605   |  |  |
| Number Code Blocks  | Blocks   | 1     |  |  |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI   | Bits 960 |       |  |  |
| Coding Rate   | 0.66     |       |  |  |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes  | Codes 1  |       |  |  |
| Modulation  | QPSK     |       |  |  |
| Note: This FRC is used to verify CPC operation. The HS-DSCH shall   |          |       |  |  |
| be transmitted continuously with constant power but only every 8 <sup>th</sup> TTI shall be allocated to the UE under test. |          |       |  |  |

| Inf. Bit Payload              | 605 |        |   |              |
|-------------------------------|-----|--------|---|--------------|
| CRC Addition                  | 605 | 24 CRC |   |              |
| Code Block<br>Segmentation    | 629 |        |   |              |
| Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)        |     | 1887   |   | 12 Tail Bits |
| 1st Rate Matching             |     | 1899   | 9 |              |
| RV Selection [                | 96  | 60     |   |              |
| Physical Channel Segmentation | 96  | i0     |   |              |

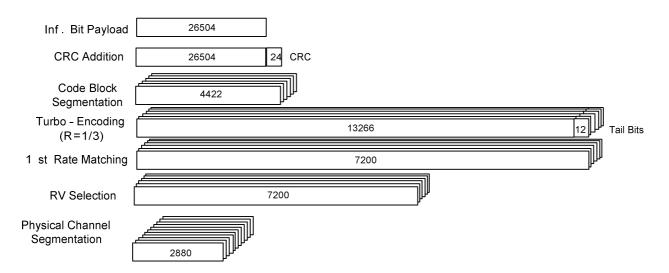
Figure A.22: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 7 (QPSK)

Note 3:

#### A.7.1.8 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 8/8A/8B/8C/8E

Table A.29C: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 8/8A/8B/8C/8E

|           | Parameter  | Unit       | Va            | lue      |  |
|-----------|--|------------|---------------|----------|--|
| Nominal   | Avg. Inf. Bit Rate   | kbps       |               |          |  |
|           |  |            | 13252         |          |  |
| Inter-TTI | Distance   | TTI"s      | •             | 1        |  |
| Number    | of HARQ Processes  | Proces     | (             | 6        |  |
|           |  | ses        |               |          |  |
| Informati | on Bit Payload ( $N_{{\scriptscriptstyle I\!N\!F}}$ )  | Bits       | 26            | 504      |  |
| Number    | Code Blocks  | Blocks     | (             | 3        |  |
| Binary Cl | hannel Bits Per TTI  | Bits       | 432           | 200      |  |
| Total Ava | ailable SML"s in UE  | SML"s      | 259200        | 264000   |  |
| Number    | of SML"s per HARQ Proc.  | SML"s      | 43200         | 44000    |  |
| Coding R  | Rate   |            | 0.61          | 0.60     |  |
|           | umber of Physical Channel Codes Codes 15   |            |               |          |  |
|           | Modulation 64QAM   |            |               | •        |  |
| Note 1:   | Note 1: The values in the table define H-Set 8. H-Set 8A for DC-HSDPA  |            |               |          |  |
|           | and DB-DC-HSDPA is formed by   |            |               |          |  |
|           | the carriers available in DC-HSDP  |            |               |          |  |
|           | H-Set 8B and H-Set 8C for 4C-HS  |            |               |          |  |
|           | H-Set 8 to each of the carriers ava  |            |               |          |  |
|           | carriers for H-Set 8B and 4 carrier  |            |               |          |  |
|           | 8C-HSDPA is formed by applying available in 8C-HSDPA mode.   | n-Set 6 to | each of the   | e camers |  |
| Note 2:   |  | ft channal | hite' ac nar  | . ПС     |  |
| Note 2.   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |            |               |          |  |
|           | DSCH categories is equal to 259200, set 'Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.' as 43200 using an implicit UE IR Buffer Size          |            |               |          |  |
|           | Allocation.  |            |               |          |  |
|           | 7 0 0 0 1 1 1 1  | ft channel | hits' is lara | er than  |  |
|           | For H-Set 8, if 'Total number of soft channel bits' is larger than or equal to 264000, set 'Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.' as |            |               |          |  |
|           | 44000 using an explicit UE IR Buffer Size Allocation.  |            |               |          |  |



For H-Set 8A/8B/8C/8E, set 'Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.'

as 43200 using an implicit UE IR Buffer Size Allocation.

Figure A.23: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 8 (64 QAM)

#### A.7.1.9 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 9/9A/9B/9C/9E

Table A.29D: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 9/9A/9B/9C/9E

| Parameter                                      | Unit          | Value   |           |
|--|---------------|---------|-----------|
| Transport block                                |               | Primary | Secondary |
| Combined Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate            |               | 13652   |           |
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate                     | kbps          | 8784    | 4868      |
| Inter-TTI Distance                             | TTI"s         | 1       | 1         |
| Number of HARQ Processes                       | Proces<br>ses | 6       | 6         |
| Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ ) | Bits          | 17568   | 9736      |
| Number Code Blocks                             | Blocks        | 4       | 2         |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI                    | Bits          | 28800   | 14400     |
| Total available SML"s in UE                    | Bits          | 345600  |           |
| Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.                 | SML"s         | 28800   | 28800     |
| Coding Rate                                    |               | 0.61    | 0.68      |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes               | Codes         | 15      | 15        |
| Modulation                                     |               | 16QAM   | QPSK      |

Note: The values in the table define H-Set 9. H-Set 9A for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 9 to each of the carriers available in DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA mode. H-Set 9B and H-Set 9C for 4C-HSDPA are formed by applying H-Set 9 to each of the carriers available in 4C-HSDPA mode (3 carriers for H-Set 9B and 4 carriers for H-Set 9C). H-Set 9E for 8C-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 9 to each of the carriers available in 8C-HSDPA mode.

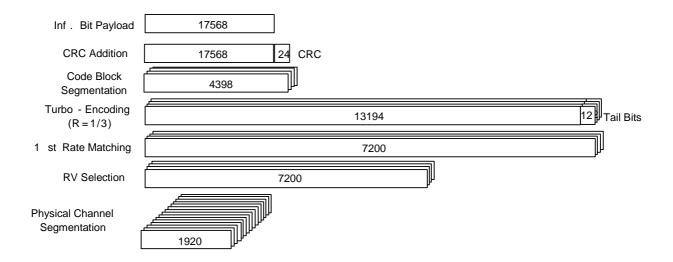


Figure A.24: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 9 Primary Transport Block

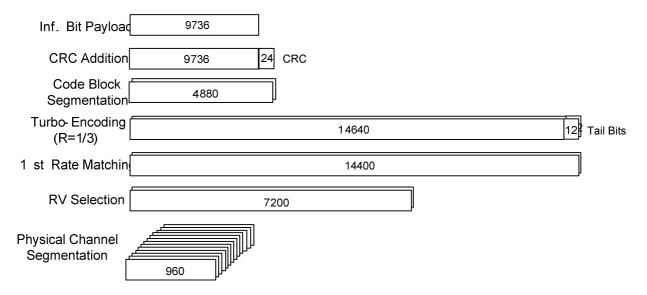


Figure A.25: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 9 Secondary Transport Block

#### A.7.1.10 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 10/10A/10B/10C/10E

Table A.29E: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 10/10A/10B/10C/10E

| Parameter   | Unit                                     | Unit Value |       |  |
|---|--|------------|-------|--|
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate  | Kbps                                     | 8774       | 4860  |  |
| Inter-TTI Distance  | TTI"s                                    | 1          | 1     |  |
| Number of HARQ Processes  | Proces                                   | 6          | 6     |  |
|   | ses                                      |            |       |  |
| Information Bit Payload   | Bits                                     | 17548      | 9719  |  |
| Number Code Blocks  | Blocks                                   | 4          | 2     |  |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI                                       | Bits                                     | 28800      | 14400 |  |
| Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.                                    | SML"s                                    | 28800      | 28800 |  |
| Coding Rate   |  | 0.6        | 0.67  |  |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes                                  | umber of Physical Channel Codes Codes 15 |            | 15    |  |
| Modulation  | Modulation 16QAM QP                      |            | QPSK  |  |
| Note: The values in the table define H-S                          |  |            |       |  |
| and DB-DC-HSDPA is formed by a                                    |  |            |       |  |
| carriers available in DC-HSDPA a                                  | -  | -          |       |  |
| 10B and H-Set 10C for 4C-HSDP                                     |  |            |       |  |
| 10 to each of the carriers available in 4C-HSDPA mode (3 carriers |  |            |       |  |
| for H-Set 10B and 4 carriers for H-Set 10C). H-Set 10E for 8C-    |  |            |       |  |
| HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 10 to each of the carriers      |  |            |       |  |
| available in 8C-HSDPA mode.                                       |  |            |       |  |

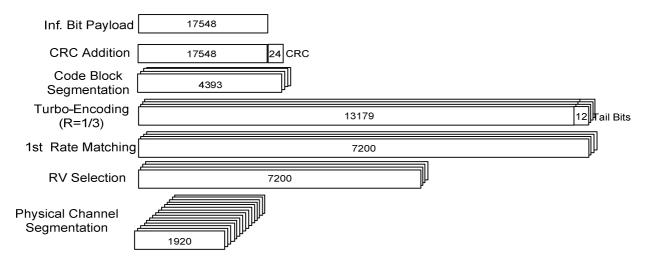


Figure A.24: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 10 (16QAM)

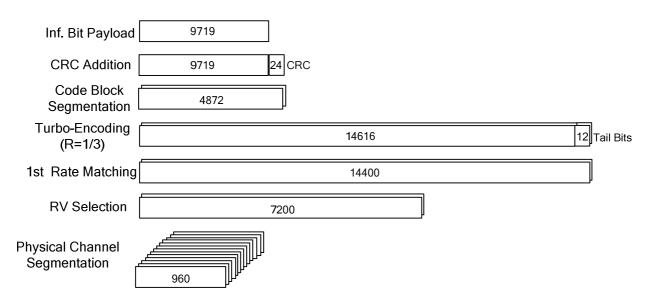


Figure A.25: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 10 (QPSK)

#### A.7.1.11 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 11/11A/11B/11C/11E

Table A.29F: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 11/11A/11B/11C/11E

| Parameter  | Unit        | Value       |           |
|--|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| Transport block  |             | Primary     | Secondary |
| Combined Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate  |             | 2:          | 2074      |
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate   | kbps        | 13300       | 8774      |
| Inter-TTI Distance   | TTI"s       | 1           | 1         |
| Number of HARQ Processes   | Proces      | 6           | 6         |
|  | ses         | O           | 0         |
| Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )   | Bits        | 26504       | 17568     |
| Number Code Blocks   | Blocks      | 6           | 4         |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI  | Bits        | 43200 28800 |           |
| Total available SML"s in UE  | Bits        | 51          | 8400      |
| Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.   | SML"s       | 43200       | 43200     |
| Coding Rate  |             | 0.61        | 0.6       |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes   | Codes       | 15          | 15        |
| Modulation   | 64QAM 16QAM |             |           |
| Note: The values in the table define H-Set 11. H-Set 11A for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 11 to each of the carriers available in DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA mode. H-Set |             |             |           |

and DB-DC-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 11 to each of the carriers available in DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA mode. H-Set 11B and H-Set 11C for 4C-HSDPA are formed by applying H-Set 11 and H-Set 11C to each of the carriers available in 4C-HSDPA mode (3 carriers for H-Set 11B and 4 carriers for H-Set 11C). H-Set 11E for 8C-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 11 to each of the carriers available in 8C-HSDPA mode.

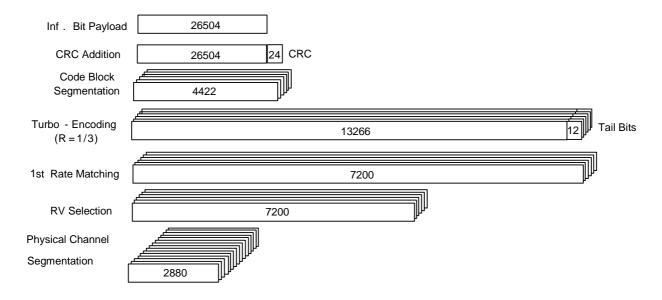


Figure A.26: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 11 Primary Transport Block

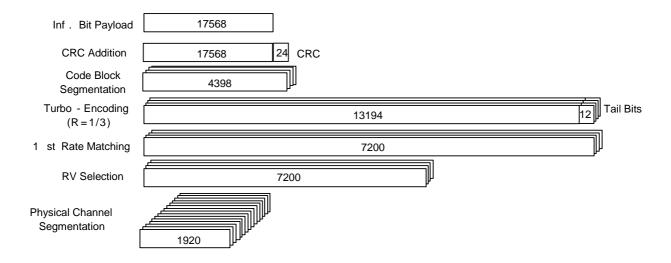


Figure A.27: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 11 Secondary Transport Block

#### A.7.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table A.29G: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

|  | Parameter   | Unit   | Value |
|--|---|--------|-------|
| Nominal  | Avg. Inf. Bit Rate                                    | kbps   | 60    |
| Inter-TTI  | Distance  | TTI"s  | 1     |
| Number   | of HARQ Processes                                     | Proces | 6     |
|  |   | ses    | O     |
| Informati  | on Bit Payload ( $N_{{\scriptscriptstyle I\!N\!F}}$ ) | Bits   | 120   |
| Number   | Code Blocks   | Blocks | 1     |
| Binary C   | hannel Bits Per TTI                                   | Bits   | 960   |
| Total Ava  | ailable SML"s in UE                                   | SML"s  | 19200 |
| Number   | of SML"s per HARQ Proc.                               | SML"s  | 3200  |
| Coding F   | Rate  |        | 0.15  |
| Number   | of Physical Channel Codes                             | Codes  | 1     |
| Modulation   | Modulation QPSk                                       |        |       |
| Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.               |   |        |       |
| Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used. |   |        |       |

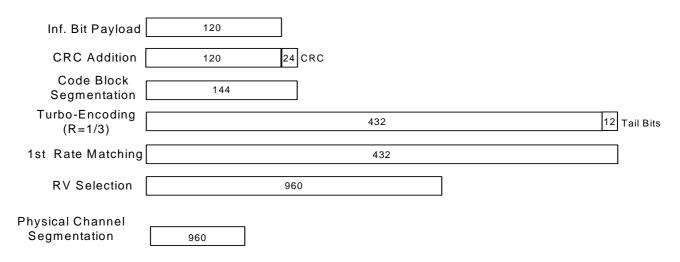


Figure A.28: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

#### A.7.1.13 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 13/13A/13C

Table A.29H: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 13/13A/13C

| Parameter   | Parameter Unit |           |        |       |        |
|---|----------------|-----------|--------|-------|--------|
| Transport block   |                | Primary   | Second | Third | Fourth |
| Combined Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate   |                |           | 2      | 27304 |        |
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate  | Kbps           | 8784      | 4868   | 4868  | 8784   |
| Inter-TTI Distance  | TTI"s          | 1         | 1      | 1     | 1      |
| Number of HARQ Processes  | Proces<br>ses  | 6         | 6      | 6     | 6      |
| Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )  | Bits           | 17568     | 9736   | 9736  | 17568  |
| Number Code Blocks  | Blocks         | 4         | 2      | 2     | 4      |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI   | Bits           | 28800     | 14400  | 14400 | 28800  |
| Total available SML"s in UE   | Bits           | 1036800   |        |       |        |
| Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.  | SML"s          | 43200     | 43200  | 43200 | 43200  |
| Coding Rate   |                | 0.61      | 0.68   | 0.68  | 0.61   |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes  | Codes          | 15        | 15     | 15    | 15     |
| Modulation  |                | 16QA<br>M | QPSK   | QPSK  | 16QAM  |
| Note: The values in the table define H-Set 13. H-Set 13A for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 13 to each of the carriers available in DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA mode. H-Set 13C for 4C-HSDPA are formed by applying H-Set 13 to each of the carriers available in 4C-HSDPA mode. |                |           |        |       |        |

17568 Inf . Bit-Payload CRC CRC-Addition 17568 Code-Block 4398 Segmentation<sup>t</sup> Turbo - Encoding 12 Tail·Bits 13194 (R = 1/3)1 st.·Rate·Matching 7200 RV-Selection 7200 Physical-Channel Segmentation 1920

Figure A.29: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 13 Primary and Fourth Transport Block

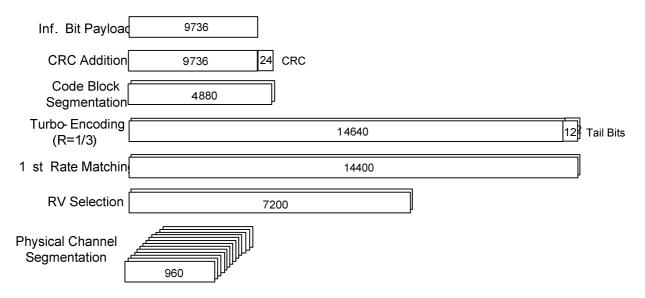


Figure A.30: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 13 Secondary and Third Transport Block

### A.7.1.14 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 14/14A/14C

Table A.29I: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 14/14A/14C

| Parameter   | Unit          |           | 1      | /alue |        |
|---|---------------|-----------|--------|-------|--------|
| Transport block   |               | Primary   | Second | Third | Fourth |
| Combined Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate   |               |           | 4      | 14148 |        |
| Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate  | Kbps          | 13300     | 8774   | 8774  | 13300  |
| Inter-TTI Distance  | TTI"s         | 1         | 1      | 1     | 1      |
| Number of HARQ Processes  | Proces<br>ses | 6         | 6      | 6     | 6      |
| Information Bit Payload ( $N_{\mathit{INF}}$ )  | Bits          | 26504     | 17568  | 17568 | 26504  |
| Number Code Blocks  | Blocks        | 6         | 4      | 4     | 6      |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI   | Bits          | 43200     | 28800  | 28800 | 43200  |
| Total available SML"s in UE   | Bits          | 1036800   |        |       |        |
| Number of SML"s per HARQ Proc.  | SML"s         | 43200     | 43200  | 43200 | 43200  |
| Coding Rate   |               | 0.61      | 0.6    | 0.6   | 0.61   |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes  | Codes         | 15        | 15     | 15    | 15     |
| Modulation  |               | 64QA<br>M | 16QAM  | 16QAM | 64QAM  |
| Note: The values in the table define H-Set 14. H-Set 14A for DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA is formed by applying H-Set 14 to each of the carriers available in DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA mode. H-Set 14C for 4C-HSDPA are formed by applying H-Set 14 to each of the carriers available in 4C-HSDPA mode. |               |           |        |       |        |

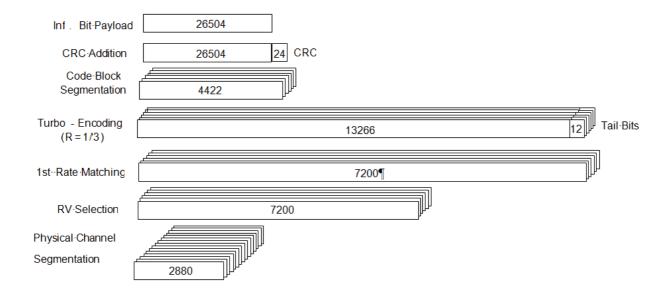


Figure A.31: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 14 Primary and Fourth Transport Block

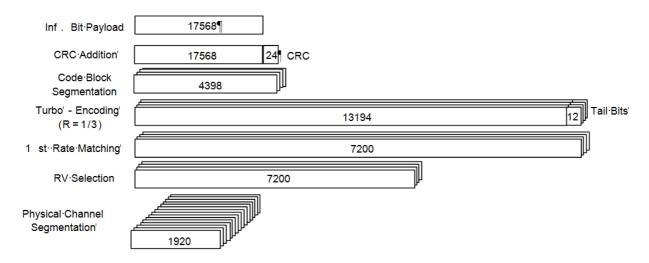


Figure A.32: Coding rate for Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 14 Secondary and Third Transport Block

## A.8 DL reference parameters for MBMS tests

### A.8.1 MCCH

The parameters for the MCCH demodulation tests are specified in Table A.30 and Table A.31.

Table A.30: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH

| Parameter   | Unit | Level |
|---|------|-------|
| Channel bit rate  | kbps | 30    |
| Channel symbol rate   | ksps | 15    |
| Slot Format #i  | -    | 2     |
| TFCI  | -    | ON    |
| Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field | dB   | 0     |

Table A.31: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH

| Parameter                       | MCCH               |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| User Data Rate                  | 7.6 kbps           |
| Transport Channel Number        | 1                  |
| Transport Block Size            | 72                 |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 72                 |
| RLC SDU block size              | 4088               |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 10 ms              |
| Repetition period               | 640 ms             |
| Modification period             | 1280 ms            |
| Type of Error Protection        | Convolution Coding |
| Coding Rate                     | 1/3                |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256                |
| Size of CRC                     | 16                 |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | Flexible           |

#### A.8.1 MTCH

The parameters for the MTCH demodulation tests are specified in Table A.32 and Table A.33.

Table A.32: Physical channel parameters for S-CCPCH

| Parameter   | Unit | Level | Level | Level |
|---|------|-------|-------|-------|
| User Data Rate  | kpbs | 512   | 256   | 128   |
| Channel bit rate  | kbps | 1920  | 960   | 480   |
| Channel symbol rate   | ksps | 480   | 480   | 240   |
| Slot Format #i  | -    | 23    | 14    | 12    |
| TFCI  | -    | ON    | ON    | ON    |
| Power offsets of TFCI and Pilot fields relative to data field | dB   | 0     | 0     | 0     |

Table A.33: Transport channel parameters for S-CCPCH

| Parameter                       | MTCH              |          |                       |                        |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------|-----------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| User Data Rate                  | 512 kbps<br>MBSFN | 256 kbps | 128 kbps<br>40 ms TTI | 128 kbps,<br>80 ms TTI |  |  |
| Transport Channel Number        | 1                 | 1        | 1                     | 1                      |  |  |
| Transport Block Size            | 2560              | 2536     | 2536                  | 2536                   |  |  |
| Transport Block Set Size        | 20480             | 10144    | 5072                  | 10144                  |  |  |
| Nr of transport blocks/TTI      | 8                 | 4        | 2                     | 4                      |  |  |
| RLC SDU block size              | 20336             | 10080    | 5024                  | 10080                  |  |  |
| Transmission Time Interval      | 40 ms             | 40 ms    | 40 ms                 | 80 ms                  |  |  |
| Minimum inter-TTI interval      | 1                 | 1        | 1                     | 1                      |  |  |
| Type of Error Protection        | Turbo             | Turbo    | Turbo                 | Turbo                  |  |  |
| Rate Matching attribute         | 256               | 256      | 256                   | 256                    |  |  |
| Size of CRC                     | 16                | 16       | 16                    | 16                     |  |  |
| Position of TrCH in radio frame | Flexible          | Flexible | Flexible              | Flexible               |  |  |

# A.9 DL reference parameters for combined MTCH demodulation and cell identification

Parameters for combined MTCH demodulation and cell identification requirements are defined in Table A.34.

Table A.34: Cell reselection parameters

| Parameter  | Unit    | Value  |
|--|---------|--|
| Serving cell in the initial condition                  |         | Cell1  |
| Neighbour cells  |         | 32 intra-frequency neighbour cells are indicated including Cell2 and Cell3 |
| Cell_selection_and_<br>reselection_quality_<br>measure |         | CPICH E₀/N₀  |
| Qqualmin   | dB      | -20  |
| Qrxlevmin  | dBm     | -115   |
| UE_TXPWR_MAX_<br>RACH                                  | dB      | 21   |
| Qhyst2   | dB      | 20 dB  |
| Treselection   | seconds | 4  |
| Sintrasearch   | dB      | not sent   |
| IE 'FACH<br>Measurement<br>occasion info'              |         | not sent   |

# Annex B (normative): Propagation conditions

## B.1 (void)

## **B.2** Propagation Conditions

## B.2.1 Static propagation condition

The propagation for the static performance measurement is an Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) environment. No fading and multi-paths exist for this propagation model.

## B.2.2 Multi-path fading propagation conditions

Table B1 shows propagation conditions that are used for the performance measurements in multi-path fading environment. All taps have classical Doppler spectrum.

Table B.1: Propagation Conditions for Multi path Fading Environments (Cases 1 to 6)

| Cas          | se 1      | Cas          | se 2      | Cas          | se 3      | Cas                           | se 4            | Case 5                 | (Note 1)   | Cas                    | se 6      |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------|------------------------|-----------|
| Speed for    | r Band I, | Speed for    | r Band I, | Speed for    | r Band I, | Speed for                     | or Band I,      | Speed for              | or Band I, | Speed for Band I,      |           |
| II, III, IV, | IX, X and | II, III, IV, | IX, X and | II, III, IV, | IX, X and | II, III, IV, IX, X and        |                 | II, III, IV, IX, X and |            | II, III, IV, IX, X and |           |
| XX           | (V:       | XX           | (V:       | XX           | (V:       | XXV:                          |                 | XXV:                   |            | XXV:                   |           |
| 3 k          | m/h       | 3 kı         | m/h       | 120          | km/h      | 3 k                           | m/h             | 50 k                   | km/h       | 250                    | km/h      |
| Speed fo     | r Band V, | Speed fo     | r Band V, | Speed fo     | r Band V, | Speed fo                      | r Band V,       | Speed fo               | r Band V,  | Speed fo               | r Band V, |
| VI, VIII,    | XIX, XX   | VI, VIII,    | XIX, XX   | VI, VIII,    | XIX, XX   | VI, VIII,                     | XIX, XX         | VI, VIII,              | XIX, XX    | VI, VIII,              | XIX, XX   |
| and 2        | XXVI:     | and )        | XXVI:     | and 2        | XXVI:     | and 2                         | XXVI:           | and 2                  | XXVI:      | and )                  | ⟨XVI:     |
| 7 k          | m/h       | 7 kı         | m/h       | 282          | km/h      | 7 k                           | m/h             | 118                    | km/h       | 583                    | km/h      |
|              |           |              |           | (Not         | te 2)     |                               |                 |                        |            | (Not                   | e 2)      |
| Speed for    | Band VII: | Speed for    | Band VII: | Speed for    | Band VII: | Speed for                     | Band VII:       | Speed for              | Band VII:  | Speed for              | Band VII: |
| 2.3 l        | km/h      | 2.3          | km/h      | 92 k         | m/h       | 2.3                           | km/h            | 38 k                   | m/h        | 192                    | km/h      |
| Speed for    | Band XI,  | Speed for    | Band XI,  | Speed for    | Band XI,  | Speed for Band XI,            |                 | Speed for Band XI,     |            | , Speed for Band XI,   |           |
| XX           | XI:       | XX           | XI:       | XXI:         |           | XXI:                          |                 | XXI:                   |            | XXI:                   |           |
| 4.1          | km/h      | 4.1 k        | km/h      | 166          | km/h      | 4.1 km/h                      |                 | 69 km/h                |            | 345 km/h               |           |
|              |           |              |           |              |           |                               |                 |                        |            | (Note 2)               |           |
| Speed for    | Band XII, | Speed for    | Band XII, | Speed for    | Band XII, | Speed for                     | Band XII,       | Speed for              | Band XII,  | Speed for              | Band XII, |
| XIII,        | XIV       | XIII,        | XIV       | XIII,        | XIV       | XIII,                         | XIV             | XIII,                  | XIV        | XIII,                  | XIV       |
| 8 ki         | m/h       | 8 kı         | m/h       | 320          | km/h      | 8 k                           | 8 km/h 133 km/h |                        | km/h       | 668                    | km/h      |
| Speed f      | or Band   | Speed f      | or Band   | Speed f      | or Band   | Speed for Band Speed for Band |                 | Speed f                | or Band    |                        |           |
| XX           | (II:      | XX           | (II:      | XX           | (II:      | XX                            | XXII: X         |                        | (II:       | XX                     | (II:      |
| 1.7          | km/h      | 1.7 k        | km/h      | 69 k         | m/h       | 1.7                           | 1.7 km/h 29 k   |                        | (m/h       | 143                    | km/h      |
| Relative     | Relative  | Relative     | Relative  | Relative     | Relative  | Relative                      | Relative        | Relative               | Relative   | Relative               | Relative  |
| Delay        | mean      | Delay        | mean      | Delay        | mean      | Delay                         | mean            | Delay                  | mean       | Delay                  | mean      |
| [ns]         | Power     | [ns]         | Power     | [ns]         | Power     | [ns]                          | Power           | [ns]                   | Power      | [ns]                   | Power     |
|              | [dB]      |              | [dB]      |              | [dB]      |                               | [dB]            |                        | [dB]       |                        | [dB]      |
| 0            | 0         | 0            | 0         | 0            | 0         | 0                             | 0               | 0                      | 0          | 0                      | 0         |
| 976          | -10       | 976          | 0         | 260          | -3        | 976                           | 0               | 976                    | -10        | 260                    | -3        |
|              |           | 20000        | 0         | 521          | -6        |                               |                 |                        |            | 521                    | -6        |
|              |           |              |           | 781          | -9        |                               |                 |                        |            | 781                    | -9        |

NOTE 1: Case 5 is only used in TS25.133.

NOTE 2: Speed above 250km/h is applicable to demodulation performance requirements only.

#### Table B.1A (void)

Table B.1B shows propagation conditions that are used for HSDPA performance measurements in multi-path fading environment. For HSDPA and DCH enhanced performance requirements, the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals provided in each receiver antenna port shall be independent. For DC-HSDPA requirements, the fading of the signals for each cell shall be independent.

Table B.1B: Propagation Conditions for Multi-Path Fading Environments for HSDPA Performance Requirements

| Spee        | destrian A<br>ed 3km/h<br>PA3) | Spec        | ITU Pedestrian B Speed 3km/h (PB3)  ITU vehicular A Speed 30km/h (VA30) |                               | ITU vehicular A<br>Speed 120km/h<br>(VA120) |                           |                                |  |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Speed for B | Band I, II, III, IV,           | Speed for I | Band I, II, III, IV,  | Speed for Bar                 | nd I, II, III, IV, IX,                      | Speed for I               | Speed for Band I, II, III, IV, |  |
| IX, X       | and XXV                        | IX, X       | and XXV   | X an                          | id XXV                                      | ,                         | and XXV                        |  |
|             | km/h                           | •           | km/h  |                               | km/h  |                           | 0 km/h                         |  |
| •           | Band V, VI, VIII,              | •           | Band V, VI, VIII,   | •                             | and V, VI, VIII,                            |                           | Band V, VI, VIII,              |  |
| , ·         | 〈 and XXVI                     | ,           | X and XXVI  | ,                             | and XXVI                                    | ,                         | X and XXVI                     |  |
|             | km/h                           |             | km/h  |                               | km/h  |                           | n/h (Note 1)                   |  |
|             | or Band VII                    |             | for Band VII  |                               | or Band VII                                 |                           | for Band VII                   |  |
|             | 3 km/h                         |             | 3 km/h  |                               | km/h  | ,                         | 2 km/h                         |  |
|             | Band XI, XXI:                  |             | Band XI, XXI:   |                               | Band XI, XXI:                               | Speed for Band XI, XXI:   |                                |  |
|             | l km/h                         |             | 1 km/h  | 41 km/h                       |   | 166 km/h (Note 1)         |                                |  |
|             | Band XII, XIII,                | Speed for   | Band XII, XIII,   | Speed for Band XII, XIII, XIV |   | Speed for Band XII, XIII, |                                |  |
|             | XIV                            |             | XIV   | 80 km/h                       |   | XIV                       |                                |  |
|             | km/h                           |             | km/h  |                               |   | 320 km/h                  |                                |  |
|             | r Band XXII:                   |             | or Band XXII:   | Speed for Band XXII:          |   |                           | or Band XXII:                  |  |
|             | 7 km/h                         |             | 7 km/h  | 17 km/h                       |   | 69 km/h                   |                                |  |
| Relative    | Relative                       | Relative    | Relative Mean   | Relative                      | Relative                                    | Relative                  | Relative                       |  |
| Delay       | Mean Power                     | Delay       | Power   | Delay                         | Mean Power                                  | Delay                     | Mean Power                     |  |
| [ns]        | [dB]                           | [ns]        | [dB]  | [ns]                          | [dB]  | [ns]                      | [dB]                           |  |
| 0           | 0                              | 0           | 0   | 0                             | 0   | 0                         | 0                              |  |
| 110         | -9.7                           | 200         | -0.9  | 310                           | -1.0  | 310                       | -1.0                           |  |
| 190         | -19.2                          | 800         | -4.9  | 710                           | -9.0  | 710                       | -9.0                           |  |
| 410         | -22.8                          | 1200        | -8.0  | 1090                          | -10.0                                       | 1090                      | -10.0                          |  |
|             |                                | 2300        | -7.8  | 1730                          | -15.0                                       | 1730                      | -15.0                          |  |
|             |                                | 3700        | -23.9   | 2510                          | -20.0                                       | 2510                      | -20.0                          |  |

NOTE 1: Speed above 120km/h is applicable to demodulation performance requirements only.

Table B.1C shows propagation conditions that are used for CQI test in multi-path fading and HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH. For HSDPA enhanced performance requirements, the fading of the signals and the AWGN signals provided in each receiver antenna port shall be independent. For DC-HSDPA requirements, the fading of the signals for each cell shall be independent.

Table B.1C: Propagation Conditions for CQI test in multi-path fading and HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH

| Case 8,             |                          |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                     | /, IX, X and XXV: 30km/h |  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | XIX, XX and XXVI: 71km/h |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speed for Bar       | nd VII: 23km/h           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speed for Band      | XI, XXI: 41km/h          |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speed for Band XII  | , XIII, XIV: 80 km/h     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speed for Band      | d XXII: 17 km/h          |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relative Delay [ns] | Relative mean Power [dB] |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0                   | 0                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 976                 | -10                      |  |  |  |  |  |

Table B.1D shows propagation conditions that are used for MBMS demodulation performance measurements in multipath fading environment.

Table B.1D: Propagation Conditions for Multi-Path Fading Environments for MBMS Performance Requirements

| ITU vehicular A<br>Speed 3km/h |                      |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| · (VA 3)                       |                      |  |  |  |  |
| •                              | Band I, II, III, IV, |  |  |  |  |
| IX, X                          | and XXV              |  |  |  |  |
|                                | 3 km/h               |  |  |  |  |
| Speed for I                    | Band V, VI, VIII,    |  |  |  |  |
|                                | X and XXVI:          |  |  |  |  |
| 7                              | ' km/h               |  |  |  |  |
| Speed                          | for Band VII:        |  |  |  |  |
| 2.                             | 3 km/h               |  |  |  |  |
| Speed for                      | Band XI, XXI:        |  |  |  |  |
|                                | 1 km/h               |  |  |  |  |
| Speed for                      | Band XII, XIII,      |  |  |  |  |
|                                | XIV:                 |  |  |  |  |
| _                              | 3 km/h               |  |  |  |  |
| Speed for                      | or Band XXII:        |  |  |  |  |
|                                | 7 km/h               |  |  |  |  |
| Relative                       | Relative             |  |  |  |  |
| Delay                          | Mean Power           |  |  |  |  |
| [ns]                           | [dB]                 |  |  |  |  |
| 0                              | 0                    |  |  |  |  |
| 310                            | 310 -1.0             |  |  |  |  |
| 710 -9.0                       |                      |  |  |  |  |
| 1090 -10.0                     |                      |  |  |  |  |
| 1730                           | -15.0                |  |  |  |  |
| 2510                           | -20.0                |  |  |  |  |
|                                |                      |  |  |  |  |

Table B.1E shows propagation conditions that are used for MBSFN demodulation performance measurements in multipath fading environment. All taps have classical Doppler spectrum.

The fading of the signals and the AWGN signals provided in each receiver antenna port shall be independent.

Table B.1E: Propagation Conditions for Multi-Path Fading Environments for MBSFN Demodulation Performance Requirements

| MBSFN channel model                                     |                          |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Speed for Band I, II, III, IV, IX, X and XXV            |                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 km/h  |                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speed for Band V, VI, VIII, XIX, XX and XXVI:<br>7 km/h |                          |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | or Band VII:             |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 3 km/h                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Band XI, XXI:<br>km/h    |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | d XII, XIII and XIV      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8   | km/h                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | r Band XXII:             |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | / km/h                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Relative Delay [ns]                                     | Relative Mean Power [dB] |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0   | 0                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 310   | -1                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 710   | -9                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1090  | -10                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1730  | -15                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2510  | -20                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12490   | -10                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12800   | -11                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13200   | -19                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13580   | -20                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14220   | -25                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15000   | -30                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27490   | -20                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27800   | -21                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28200   | -29                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28580   | -30                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29220   | -35                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30000   | -40                      |  |  |  |  |  |

## B.2.3 Moving propagation conditions

The dynamic propagation conditions for the test of the baseband performance are non fading channel models with two taps. The moving propagation condition has two tap, one static, Path0, and one moving, Path1. The time difference between the two paths is according Equation (B.1). The taps have equal strengths and equal phases.

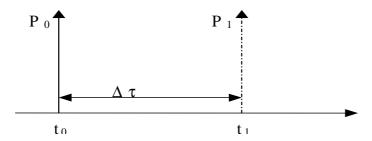


Figure B.1: The moving propagation conditions

$$\Delta \tau = B + \frac{A}{2} (1 + \sin(\Delta \omega \cdot t))$$
 (B.1)

The parameters in the equation are shown in the following table.

Table B.2

| Parameter | Value                               |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| А         | 5 μs                                |
| В         | 1 μs                                |
| Δω        | 40*10 <sup>-3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> |

### B.2.4 Birth-Death propagation conditions

The dynamic propagation conditions for the test of the base band performance is a non fading propagation channel with two taps. The moving propagation condition has two taps, Path1 and Path2 which alternate between "birth" and "death". The positions the paths appear are randomly selected with an equal probability rate and is shown in Figure B.2.

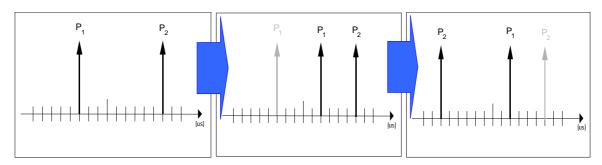


Figure B.2: Birth death propagation sequence

- 1. Two paths, Path1 and Path2 are randomly selected from the group[-5,-4,-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3,4,5]  $\mu$ s. The paths have equal magnitudes and equal phases.
- 2. After 191 ms, Path1 vanishes and reappears immediately at a new location randomly selected from the group [-5,-4,-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3,4,5] µs but excludes the point Path 2. The magnitudes and the phases of the tap coefficients of Path 1 and Path 2 shall remain unaltered.
- 3. After an additional 191 ms, Path2 vanishes and reappears immediately at a new location randomly selected from the group [-5,-4,-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3,4,5] µs but excludes the point Path 1. The magnitudes and the phases of the tap coefficients of Path 1 and Path 2 shall remain unaltered.

The sequence in 2) and 3) is repeated.

## B.2.5 High speed train condition

The high speed train condition for the test of the baseband performance is a non fading propagation channel with one tap. Doppler shift is given by

$$f_s(t) = f_d \cos \theta(t) \tag{B.2}$$

where  $f_s(t)$  is the Doppler shift and  $f_d$  is the maximum Doppler frequency. The cosine of angle  $\theta(t)$  is given by

$$\cos\theta(t) = \frac{D_s/2 - vt}{\sqrt{D_{\min}^2 + (D_s/2 - vt)^2}}, \ 0 \le t \le D_s/v$$
(B.3)

$$\cos \theta(t) = \frac{-1.5D_s + vt}{\sqrt{D_{\min}^2 + (-1.5D_s + vt)^2}}, \ D_s/v < t \le 2D_s/v$$
(B.4)

$$\cos\theta(t) = \cos\theta(t \mod (2D_s/v)), \ t > 2D_s/v \tag{B.5}$$

where  $D_s/2$  is the initial distance of the train from BS, and  $D_{\min}$  is BS-Railway track distance, both in meters; v is the velocity of the train in m/s, t is time in seconds.

Doppler shift and cosine angle is given by equation B.2 and B.3-B.5 respectively, where the required input parameters listed in table B.3 and the resulting Doppler shift shown in Figure B.3 are applied for all frequency bands.

Table B.3

| Parameter    | Value    |
|--------------|----------|
| $D_s$        | 300 m    |
| $D_{ m min}$ | 2 m      |
| ν            | 300 km/h |
| $f_d$        | 600 Hz   |

NOTE1: Parameters for HST conditions in table B.3 including  $f_d$  and Doppler shift trajectories presented on figure B.3 were derived for Band1.

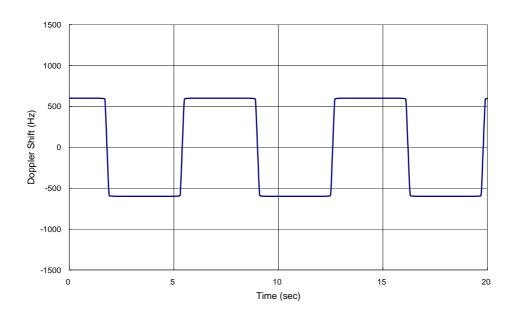


Figure B.3: Doppler shift trajectory

#### B.2.6 MIMO propagation conditions

MIMO propagation conditions are defined for a 2x2 antenna configuration. The resulting propagation channel shall be characterized by a complex 2x2 matrix termed

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} \end{pmatrix}.$$

The channel coefficients of **H** shall be defined as a function of the possible precoding vectors or matrices. The possible precoding vectors for MIMO operation according to [8] shall be termed

$$\mathbf{w}^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1+j}{2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{w}^{(2)} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1-j}{2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{w}^{(3)} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{-1+j}{2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{w}^{(4)} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{-1-j}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (EQ.B.2.6.1)

In what follows. Furthermore the following possible precoding matrices shall be defined:

$$\mathbf{W}^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{w}^{(1)} & \mathbf{w}^{(4)} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{W}^{(2)} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{w}^{(2)} & \mathbf{w}^{(3)} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{W}^{(3)} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{w}^{(3)} & \mathbf{w}^{(2)} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{W}^{(4)} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{w}^{(4)} & \mathbf{w}^{(1)} \end{pmatrix}$$
(EQ.B.2.6.2)

#### B.2.6.1 MIMO Single Stream Fading Conditions

For MIMO single stream conditions, the resulting propagation channel shall be generated using two independent fading processes with classical Doppler and one randomly picked but fixed precoding vector  $\mathbf{w}$  out of the set defined in equation EQ.B.2.6.1. The two fading processes shall be generated according to the parameters in Table B.4

Table B.4

| MI                            | MIMO Single Stream Conditions,           |                          |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| Speed for                     | Band I, II, III, IV, IX, X a             | and XXV: 3km/h           |  |  |
| Speed for Ba                  | and V, VI, VIII, XIX, XX a               | and XXVI: 7.1km/h        |  |  |
| ·                             | Speed for Band VII: 2.3                  | ßkm/h                    |  |  |
| S                             | peed for Band XI, XXI: 4                 | 1.1km/h                  |  |  |
| Speed                         | Speed for Band XII, XIII and XIV: 8 km/h |                          |  |  |
| Speed for Band XXII: 1.7 km/h |  |                          |  |  |
| Relative Delay                |  |                          |  |  |
| [ns]                          | Power [dB]                               | symbols                  |  |  |
| 0 0                           |  | $(a_1, \varphi_1)$       |  |  |
| 0                             | 0  | $(a_2^{}, \varphi_2^{})$ |  |  |

NOTE: The amplitude  $a_2$  is not used in tests under MIMO single stream conditions, only the phase  $\varphi_2$  will be used.

The channel coefficients of the resulting propagation channel under MIMO single stream condiitons shall be given by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} \end{pmatrix} = a_1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \exp(\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_1) \\ \exp(-\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_2) \end{pmatrix} \cdot \mathbf{w}^{\mathrm{H}}$$

The generation of the resulting channel coefficients for MIMO single stream conditions and the association with the transmitter and receiver ports are depicted Figure B.4. Figure B.4 does not restrict test system implementation.

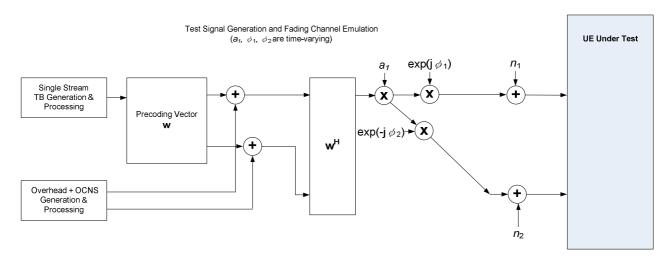


Figure B.4: Test setup under MIMO Single Stream Fading Conditions

#### B.2.6.2 MIMO Dual Stream Fading Conditions

For MIMO dual stream conditions, the resulting propagation channel shall be generated using two independent fading processes with classical Doppler and one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix  $\mathbf{W}$  out of the set defined in equation EQ.B.2.6.2. The two fading processes shall be generated according to the parameters in Table B.5

Table B.5

| MIMO Dual Stream Conditions,             |                              |                    |  |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Speed for                                | Band I, II, III, IV, IX, X a | ind XXV: 3km/h     |  |
| Speed for Ba                             | and V, VI, VIII, XIX, XX a   | and XXVI: 7.1km/h  |  |
|  | Speed for Band VII: 2.3      | km/h               |  |
| S  | peed for Band XI, XXI: 4     |                    |  |
| Speed for Band XII, XIII and XIV: 8 km/h |                              |                    |  |
| Speed for Band XXII: 1.7 km/h            |                              |                    |  |
| Relative Delay                           | Relative Mean                | (Amplitude, phase) |  |
| [ns] Power [dB] symbols                  |                              |                    |  |
| 0 0                                      |                              | $(a_1, \varphi_1)$ |  |
| 0  | -3                           | $(a_2, \varphi_2)$ |  |

The channel coefficients of the resulting propagation channnel under MIMO dual stream condiitons shall be given by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} \end{pmatrix} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \begin{pmatrix} \exp(\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_1) & \exp(\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_2) \\ \exp(-\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_2) & -\exp(-\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_1) \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_1 & 0 \\ 0 & a_2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \mathbf{W}^{\mathrm{H}}$$

The generation of the resulting channel coefficients for MIMO dual stream conditions and the association with the transmitter and receiver ports are depicted Figure B.5. Figure B.5 does not restrict test system implementation.

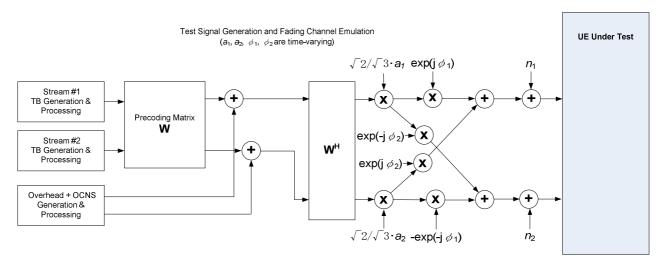


Figure B.5: Test setup under MIMO Dual Stream Fading Conditions

#### B.2.6.3 MIMO Dual Stream Static Orthogonal Conditions

The channel coefficients of the resulting propagation channnel under MIMO dual stream condiitons shall be given by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

The generation of the resulting channel coefficients for MIMO dual stream conditions and the association with the transmitter and receiver ports are depicted Figure B.6. Figure B.6 does not restrict test system implementation.

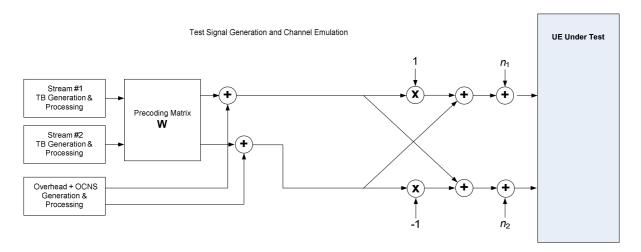


Figure B.6: Test setup under MIMO Dual Stream Static Orthogonal Conditions

# B.2.7 Propagation conditions for MIMO with four transmit antennas

The propagation conditions for MIMO with four transmit antennas are defined for a 4x4 antenna configuration. The resulting propagation channel shall be characterized by a complex 4x4 matrix termed

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} & h_{13} & h_{14} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} & h_{23} & h_{24} \\ h_{31} & h_{32} & h_{33} & h_{34} \\ h_{41} & h_{42} & h_{43} & h_{44} \end{pmatrix}.$$

The channel coefficients of **H** shall be defined as a function of the possible precoding matrices. The possible precoding matrices for MIMO operation with four transmit antennas according to [8] are obtained by the quantity

 $\mathbf{W} = W_n^{\{s\}}$  which denotes the matrix defined by the columns given by the set  $\{s\}$  from the expression

 $W_n = I - 2u_n u_n^H / u_n^H u_n$  where I is the 4×4 identity matrix and the vector  $u_n$  is given in [8], Table 14B.7.

# B.2.7.1 MIMO with Four Transmit Antennas and Four Streams Static Orthogonal Conditions

The channel coefficients of the resulting propagation channel under MIMO with four transmit antennas and four stream conditions shall be given by

The generation of the resulting channel coefficients for MIMO with four transmit antennas and four stream conditions and the association with the transmitter and receiver ports can be derived from Figure B.4 with the application of the above mentioned coefficients. Figure B.4 does not restrict test system implementation.

# B.2.7.2 MIMO with Four Transmit Antennas Only With Dual Stream Fading Conditions

For MIMO with four transmit antennas and dual stream conditions, the resulting propagation channel shall be generated using two independent fading processes with classical Doppler and one randomly picked but fixed precoding matrix

W out of the set defined in Section B.2.7 with two transport blocks. The two fading processes shall be generated according to the parameters in Table B.8.

Table B.8

| MIMO Dual Stream Conditions, |  |                    |  |  |
|------------------------------|--|--------------------|--|--|
| Speed for                    | Band I, II, III, IV, IX, X a             | and XXV: 3km/h     |  |  |
| Speed for Ba                 | and V, VI, VIII, XIX, XX a               | and XXVI: 7.1km/h  |  |  |
|                              | Speed for Band VII: 2.3                  | km/h               |  |  |
| S                            | peed for Band XI, XXI: 4                 | I.1km/h            |  |  |
|                              | Speed for Band XII, XIII and XIV: 8 km/h |                    |  |  |
|                              | Speed for Band XXII: 1.7 km/h            |                    |  |  |
| Relative Delay               | Relative Mean                            | (Amplitude, phase) |  |  |
| [ns]                         | Power [dB] symbols                       |                    |  |  |
| 0                            | 0  | $(a_1, \varphi_1)$ |  |  |
| 0                            | -3                                       | $(a_2, \varphi_2)$ |  |  |

The channel coefficients of the resulting propagation channel under MIMO with four transmit antennas and dual stream conditions shall be given by

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} & h_{13} & h_{14} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} & h_{23} & h_{24} \end{pmatrix} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \begin{pmatrix} \exp(\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_1) & \exp(\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_2) \\ \exp(-\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_2) & -\exp(-\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\varphi}_1) \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_1 & 0 \\ 0 & a_2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \mathbf{W}^{\mathrm{H}}$$

Where  $W^H$  is a 2x4 matrix. The generation of the resulting channel coefficients for MIMO with four transmit antennas and dual stream conditions and the association with the transmitter and receiver ports can be derived from Figure B.5 with the appropriate changes to the matrix dimensions (W). Figure B.5 does not restrict test system implementation.

### Annex C (normative): Downlink Physical Channels

#### C.1 General

This annex specifies the downlink physical channels that are needed for setting a connection and channels that are needed during a connection.

#### C.2 Connection Set-up

Table C.1 describes the downlink Physical Channels that are required for connection set up.

Table C.1: Downlink Physical Channels required for connection set-up

| Physical Channel |
|------------------|
| P-CPICH          |
| P-CCPCH          |
| SCH              |
| S-CCPCH          |
| PICH             |
| AICH             |
| DPCH             |

### C.3 During connection

The following clauses, describes the downlink Physical Channels that are transmitted during a connection i.e., when measurements are done. For these measurements the offset between DPCH and SCH shall be zero chips at Node B meaning that SCH is overlapping with the first symbols in DPCH in the beginning of DPCH slot structure.

#### C.3.1 Measurement of Rx Characteristics

Table C.2 is applicable for measurements on the Receiver Characteristics (clause 7) with the exception of subclause 7.4 (Maximum input level).

Table C.2: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection

| Physical Channel | Power ratio                 |
|------------------|-----------------------------|
| P-CPICH          | P-CPICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 7 dB |
| P-CCPCH          | P-CCPCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 5 dB |
| SCH              | SCH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 5 dB     |
| PICH             | PICH_Ec / DPCH_Ec = 2 dB    |
| DPCH             | Test dependent power        |

#### C.3.2 Measurement of Performance requirements

Table C.3 is applicable for measurements on the Performance requirements (clause 8), including subclause 7.4 (Maximum input level) and subclause 6.4.4 (Out-of-synchronization handling of output power).

Table C.3: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection<sup>1</sup>

| Physical Channel | Power ratio  | NOTE   |
|------------------|--|--|
| P-CPICH          | P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB  | Use of P-CPICH or S-CPICH as phase reference is specified for each requirement and is also set by higher layer signalling.   |
| S-CPICH          | S-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB  | When S-CPICH is the phase reference in a test condition, the phase of S-CPICH shall be 180 degrees offset from the phase of P-CPICH. When S-CPICH is not the phase reference, it is not transmitted. |
| P-CCPCH          | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  | When BCH performance is tested the P-<br>CCPCH_Ec/lor is test dependent  |
| SCH              | SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  | This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels   |
| PICH             | PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB   |  |
| DPCH             | Test dependent power   | When S-CPICH is the phase reference in a test condition, the phase of DPCH shall be 180 degrees offset from the phase of P-CPICH.  When BCH performance is tested the DPCH is not transmitted.       |
| OCNS             | Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one <sup>1</sup> | OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.6.  |

NOTE 1 For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the DPCH channels may be used.

#### C.3.3 Connection with open-loop transmit diversity mode

Table C.4 is applicable for measurements for subclause 8.6.1 (Demodulation of DCH in open loop transmit diversity mode).

Table C.4: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection<sup>1</sup>

| Physical Channel    | Power ratio  | NOTE   |
|---------------------|--|--|
| P-CPICH (antenna 1) | P-CPICH_Ec1/lor = -13 dB   | 1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB   |
| P-CPICH (antenna 2) | P-CPICH_Ec2/lor = -13 dB   |  |
| P-CCPCH (antenna 1) | P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor = -15 dB   | STTD applied   |
| P-CCPCH (antenna 2) | P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor = -15 dB   | 2. Total P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB   |
| SCH (antenna 1 / 2) | SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB  | <ol> <li>TSTD applied.</li> <li>This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels</li> <li>When BCH performance is tested the P-CCPCH_Ec/lor is test dependent</li> </ol> |
| PICH (antenna 1)    | PICH_Ec1/lor = -18 dB  | 1. STTD applied  |
| PICH (antenna 2)    | PICH_Ec2/lor = -18 dB  | 2. Total PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB  |
| DPCH                | Test dependent power   | STTD applied     Total power from both antennas  |
| OCNS                | Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one <sup>1</sup> | <ol> <li>This power shall be divided equally between antennas</li> <li>OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.6.</li> </ol>  |

Note 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the DPCH channels may be used.

#### C.3.4 Connection with closed loop transmit diversity mode

Table C.5 is applicable for measurements for subclause 8.6.2 (Demodulation of DCH in closed loop transmit diversity mode).

Table C.5: Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection<sup>1</sup>

| Physical Channel Power ratio   |                          | NOTE   |  |
|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| P-CPICH (antenna 1)  | P-CPICH_Ec1/lor = -13 dB | 1. Total P-CPICH Ec/lor = -10 dB   |  |
| P-CPICH (antenna 2)  | P-CPICH_Ec2/lor = -13 dB | 1. Total F-CFICTI_EC/IOI = -10 dB  |  |
| P-CCPCH (antenna 1)  | P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor = -15 dB | STTD applied   |  |
| P-CCPCH (antenna 2)  | P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor = -15 dB | <ol> <li>STTD applied,</li> <li>total P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB</li> </ol>   |  |
| SCH (antenna 1 / 2)  | SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB      | TSTD applied   |  |
| PICH (antenna 1)   | PICH_Ec1/lor = -18 dB    | STTD applied   |  |
| PICH (antenna 2)   | PICH_Ec2/lor = -18 dB    | 2. STTD applied, total PICH_Ec/lor<br>= -15 dB   |  |
| DPCH   | Test dependent power     | Total power from both antennas   |  |
| OCNS  Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one (Notes 1 & 2)  |                          | <ol> <li>This power shall be divided equally between antennas</li> <li>OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels. As specified in Table C.6.</li> </ol> |  |
| Note 1: For dynamic power correction required to compensate for the presence of transient channels, e.g. control channels, a subset of the DPCH channels may be used.  Note 2: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas. |                          |  |  |

Table C.6: DPCH Channelization Code and relative level settings for OCNS signal

| Channelization       | Relative Level setting   | DPCH Data (see NOTE 3)                         |  |  |
|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code at SF=128       | (dB) (Note 1)  |  |  |  |
| 2                    | -1   | The DPCH data for each channelization code     |  |  |
| 11                   | -3   | shall be uncorrelated with each other and with |  |  |
| 17                   | -3   | any wanted signal over the period of any       |  |  |
| 23                   | -5   | measurement. For OCNS with transmit            |  |  |
| 31                   | -2   | diversity the DPCH data sent to each antenna   |  |  |
| 38                   | -4   | shall be either STTD encoded or generated      |  |  |
| 47                   | -8   | from uncorrelated sources.                     |  |  |
| 55                   | -7   |  |  |  |
| 62                   | -4   |  |  |  |
| 69                   | -6   |  |  |  |
| 78                   | -5   |  |  |  |
| 85                   | -9   |  |  |  |
| 94                   | -10  |  |  |  |
| 125                  | -8   |  |  |  |
| 113                  | -6   |  |  |  |
| 119                  | 0  |  |  |  |
| Note 1: The relative | level setting specified in dE  | B refers only to the relationship between the  |  |  |
| OCNS chan            | OCNS channels. The level of the OCNS channels relative to the lor of the complete        |  |  |  |
| signal is a fu       | signal is a function of the power of the other channels in the signal with the intention |  |  |  |
|                      | that the power of the group of OCNS channels is used to make the total signal add up     |  |  |  |
| to 1.                |  |  |  |  |
| Note 2: The DPCH (   | The DPCH Channelization Codes and relative level settings are chosen to simulate a       |  |  |  |
|                      | signal with realistic Peak to Average Ratio.   |  |  |  |
| Note 3: For MBSFN,   | For MBSFN, the group of OCNS channels represent orthogonal S-CCPCH channels              |  |  |  |
| instead of D         | instead of DPCH. Transmit diversity is not applicable to MBSFN which excludes STTD.      |  |  |  |

C.3.5 (void)

Table C.6A: (void)

#### C.4 W-CDMA Modulated Interferer

Table C.7 describes the downlink Channels that are transmitted as part of the W-CDMA modulated interferer.

Table C.7: Spreading Code, Timing offsets and relative level settings for W-CDMA Modulated Interferer signal channels

| Channel<br>Type | Spreading<br>Factor | Channelization<br>Code | Timing<br>offset<br>(x256T <sub>chip</sub> )   | Power   | NOTE  |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|---|---|
| P-CCPCH         | 256                 | 1                      | 0  | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -10<br>dB  |   |
| SCH             | 256                 | -                      | 0  | SCH_Ec/lor = -10 dB   | The SCH power shall<br>be divided equally<br>between Primary and<br>Secondary<br>Synchronous channels |
| P-CPICH         | 256                 | 0                      | 0  | P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10<br>dB  |   |
| PICH            | 256                 | 16                     | 16   | PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB  |   |
| OCNS            | See table C.6       |                        | Necessary power so that<br>total transmit power<br>spectral density of Node<br>B (lor) adds to one | OCNS interference consists of the dedicated data channels. As specified in Table C.6. |   |

### C.5 HSDPA DL Physical channels

#### C.5.1 Downlink Physical Channels connection set-up

Table C.8 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 7.4.2, 9.2.1 and 9.3. Table C.9 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 9.2.2 and 9.2.4. Table C.10 is applicable for the measurements for tests in subclause 9.4.1. Table C.12 is applicable for the measurements in subclause 9.4.2. Table C.12A and C.12B are applicable to requirements in subclause 9.6. Table C.12D is applicable for the measurements in subclause 9.2.4 and 9.2.4A when explicitly mentioned. Table C.12E is applicable for the measurements in subclause 9.4.3 and 9.4.4 when explicitly mentioned. Table C.12F is applicable for the measurements in subclause 9.2.4B and 9.2.4C. Table C.12G is applicable for the measurements in subclauses 9.4.5 and 9.4.6.

Table C.8: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/DB-DC-HSDPA/4C-HSDPA receiver testing for Single Link performance.

| Physical<br>Channel | Parameter       | Value   | Note  |  |
|---------------------|-----------------|---|---|--|
| P-CPICH             | P-CPICH_Ec/lor  | -10dB   |   |  |
| P-CCPCH             | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor  | -12dB   | Mean power level is shared with SCH.  |  |
| SCH                 | SCH_Ec/lor      | -12dB   | Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per TS25.213 S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0   |  |
| PICH                | PICH_Ec/lor     | -15dB   |   |  |
| DPCH                | DPCH_Ec/lor     | Test-specific<br>only for serving<br>HS-DSCH cell,<br>omitted<br>otherwise                | 12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex A.3.1  |  |
| HS-SCCH-1           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | Test-specific   | Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval).  |  |
| HS-SCCH-2           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d   | No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.  |  |
| HS-SCCH-3           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d   | As HS-SCCH-2.   |  |
| HS-SCCH-4           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d   | No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present in HSDPA configuration.   |  |
| HS-PDSCH            | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor | Test-specific   |   |  |
| OCNS                |                 | Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one | OCNS interference consists of a number of dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13 and C. 13A. Table C.13 specifies the OCNS setup for H-Set 1 to H-Set 6. Table C.13A specifies the OCNS setup for H-Set 8 and H-set 10. |  |

Table C.9: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/DB-DC-HSDPA/4C-HSDPA receiver testing for Open Loop Transmit Diversity and MIMO performance.

| Physical Channel    | Parameter       | Value  | Note   |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| P-CPICH (antenna 1) | P-CPICH_Ec1/lor | -13dB  | 1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB  |
| P-CPICH (antenna 2) | P-CPICH_Ec2/lor | -13dB  |  |
| P-CCPCH (antenna 1) | P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor | -15dB  | 1. STTD applied.   |
| P-CCPCH (antenna 2) | P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor | -15dB  | 2. Total P-CCPCH Ec/lor is -12dB.  |
| SCH (antenna ½)     | SCH_Ec/lor      | -12dB  | TSTD applied.     Power divided equally between primary and secondary SCH.   |
| PICH (antenna 1)    | PICH_Ec1/lor    | -18dB  | 1. STTD applied.   |
| PICH (antenna 2)    | PICH_Ec2/lor    | -18dB  | 2. Total PICH Ec/lor is -15dB.   |
| DPCH                | DPCH_Ec/lor     | Test-specific<br>only for<br>serving HS-<br>DSCH cell,<br>omitted<br>otherwise           | 1. STTD applied.   |
| HS-SCCH-1           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | Test-specific  | STTD applied.     Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval).   |
| HS-SCCH-2           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d  | UE assumes STTD applied.     No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.  |
| HS-SCCH-3           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d  | 1. As HS-SCCH-2.   |
| HS-SCCH-4           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d  | UE assumes STTD applied.     No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present in HSDPA configuration.   |
| HS-PDSCH            | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor | Test-specific  | STTD applied for open loop transmit<br>diversity tests, precoding used for MIMO<br>tests   |
| OCNS                |                 | Necessary  | 1. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is  |
|                     |                 | power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (Ior) adds to one (Note 1) | assigned to OCNS.  2. Power divided equally between antennas.  3. OCNS interference consists of a number of dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13 and C.13A.Table C.13 specifies the OCNS setup for H-Set 1 to H-set 6.  Table C.13A specifies the OCNS setup for H-Set 9 and H-Set 11. |

Note 1: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.

Table C.10: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for Closed Loop.

Transmit Diversity (Mode-1) performance.

| Physical Channel    | Parameter       | Value  | Note  |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|---|
| P-CPICH (antenna 1) | P-CPICH_Ec1/lor | -13dB  | 1. Total P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10dB   |
| P-CPICH (antenna 2) | P-CPICH_Ec2/lor | -13dB  |   |
| P-CCPCH (antenna 1) | P-CCPCH_Ec1/lor | -15dB  | 1. STTD applied.  |
| P-CCPCH (antenna 2) | P-CCPCH_Ec2/lor | -15dB  | 2. Total P-CCPCH Ec/lor is -12dB.   |
| SCH (antenna ½)     | SCH_Ec/lor      | -12dB  | TSTD applied.     Power divided equally between primary and secondary SCH.  |
| PICH (antenna 1)    | PICH_Ec1/lor    | -18dB  | 1. STTD applied.  |
| PICH (antenna 2)    | PICH_Ec2/lor    | -18dB  | 2. Total PICH Ec/lor is -15dB.  |
| DPCH                | DPCH_Ec/lor     | Test-specific  | 1. CL1 applied.   |
| HS-SCCH-1           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | Test-specific  | STTD applied.     Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval).  |
| HS-SCCH-2           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d  | UE assumes STDD] applied.     No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.  |
| HS-SCCH-3           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d  | 1. As HS-SCCH-2.  |
| HS-SCCH-4           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d  | 2. As HS-SCCH-2.  |
| HS-PDSCH            | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor | Test-specific  | 1. CL1 applied.   |
| OCNS                |                 | Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one (Note 1) | 1. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS. 2. Power divided equally between antennas. 3. OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13. |

Note 1: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.

Table C.11: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-SCCH detection performance

| Parameter               | Units | Value  | Comment   |
|-------------------------|-------|--|---|
| CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$      | dB    | -10  |   |
| P-CCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$    | dB    | -12  | Mean power level is shared with SCH.  |
| SCH $E_c/I_{or}$        | dB    | -12  | Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per TS25.213 S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0 |
| PICH $E_c/I_{or}$       | dB    | -15  |   |
| HS-PDSCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ | dB    | -10  | HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH- 1. The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.  |
| HS-PDSCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$ | dB    | DTX  | HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-2  |
| HS-PDSCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$ | dB    | DTX  | HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-3  |
| HS-PDSCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$ | dB    | DTX  | HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-4  |
| DPCH $E_c/I_{or}$       | dB    | -8   | 12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex A.3.1  |
| HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB    | Test Specific  | All HS-SCCH"s allocated equal $E_{c}/I_{or}.$   |
| HS-SCCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB    |  | Specifies $E_{c}$ / $I_{or}$ when TTI is active.  |
| HS-SCCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB    |  |   |
| HS-SCCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$  | dB    |  |   |
| OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$       | dB    | Necessary power so that<br>total transmit power<br>spectral density of Node B<br>(lor) adds to one<br>(Note 1) | 1. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS. 2. OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13.                            |

Note 1: For the case of DPCH with transmit diversity, the OCNS power calculation shall be based on the addition of the power from Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, i.e. disregarding any phase relationship between the antennas.

Table C.12: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-SCCH detection performance in Open Loop Diversity

| Parameter                        | Units | Value   | Comment  |
|----------------------------------|-------|---|--|
| P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 1) | dB    | -13   | 1. Total P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ = -10dB  |
| P-CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 2) | dB    | -13   | 1. Total 1 -Of ICH $E_c/T_{or}$ = -Total   |
| P-CCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 1) | dB    | -15   | 1. STTD applied  |
| P-CCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 2) | dB    | -15   | 2. Total P-CCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$ = -12dB  |
| SCH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna ½)     | dB    | -12   | TSTD applied     Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both.     P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per TS25.213     S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0 |
| PICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 1)    | dB    | -15   | 1. STTD applied  |
| PICH $E_c/I_{or}$ (antenna 2)    | dB    | -15   | 2. Total PICH $E_c/I_{or}$ = -12dB   |
| HS-PDSCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$          | dB    | -10   | STTD applied     HS-PDSCH assoc. with HS-SCCH-1  |
| HS-PDSCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$          | dB    | DTX   | STTD applied     HS-PDSCH assoc. with HS-SCCH-2  |
| HS-PDSCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$          | dB    | DTX   | STTD applied     HS-PDSCH assoc. with HS-SCCH-3  |
| HS-PDSCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$          | dB    | DTX   | 1. STTD applied 2. HS-PDSCH assoc. with HS-SCCH-4  |
| $DPCH\ E_c/I_{or}$               | dB    | -8  | STTD applied     12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex A.3.1  |
| HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$           | dB    |   | 4 OTTD II I  |
| HS-SCCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$           | dB    | T4 O  | 1. STTD applied<br>2. All HS-SCCH"s allocated equal $E_c/I_{or}$ .   |
| HS-SCCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$           | dB    | Test Specific   | 3. Specifies $E_c/I_{or}$ when TTI is active.  |
| HS-SCCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$           | dB    |   |  |
| OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$                | dB    | Remaining power at<br>Node-B (including HS-<br>SCCH power<br>allocation when HS-<br>SCCH"s inactive). | STTD applied     CONS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13.     Power divided equally between antennas  |

Table C.12A: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-DSCH reception in CELL\_FACH state.

| Physical<br>Channel | Parameter       | Value   | Note  |
|---------------------|-----------------|---|---|
| P-CPICH             | P-CPICH_Ec/lor  | -10dB   |   |
| P-CCPCH             | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor  | -12dB   | Mean power level is shared with SCH.  |
| SCH                 | SCH_Ec/lor      | -12dB   | Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per TS25.213 S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0 |
| PICH                | PICH_Ec/lor     | -15dB   |   |
| HS-SCCH-1           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | Test-specific   | Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval).  |
| HS-SCCH-2           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d   | No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.  |
| HS-SCCH-3           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d   | As HS-SCCH-2.   |
| HS-SCCH-4           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d   | As HS-SCCH-2.   |
| HS-PDSCH            | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor | Test-specific   |   |
| OCNS                |                 | Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one | OCNS interference consists of a number of dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13.   |

Table C.12B: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-SCCH reception in CELL\_FACH state.

| Parameter                 | Units | Value   | Comment   |
|---------------------------|-------|---|---|
| CPICH $E_c/I_{or}$        | dB    | -10   |   |
| P-CCPCH $E_c/I_{or}$      | dB    | -12   | Mean power level is shared with SCH.  |
| SCH $E_c/I_{or}$          | dB    | -12   | Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per TS25.213 S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0 |
| PICH $E_c/I_{or}$         | dB    | -15   |   |
| HS-PDSCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB    | -3  | HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-  1. The HS-PDSCH shall be transmitted continuously with constant power.   |
| HS-PDSCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB    | DTX   | HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-2  |
| HS-PDSCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB    | DTX   | HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-3  |
| HS-PDSCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$   | dB    | DTX   | HS-PDSCH associated with HS-SCCH-4  |
| HS-SCCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$    | dB    | Test Specific   | All HS-SCCH"s allocated equal $\left.E_{c}\left/I_{or}\right.\right.$   |
| HS-SCCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$    | dB    |   | Specifies $E_{c}/I_{\it or}$ when TTI is active.  |
| HS-SCCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$    | dB    | DTX   | No signalling scheduled, or power   |
| HS-SCCH-4 $E_c  / I_{or}$ | dB    |   | radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.  |
| OCNS $E_c/I_{or}$         | dB    | Necessary power so that   | 1. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is   |
|                           |       | total transmit power<br>spectral density of Node B<br>(Ior) adds to one<br>(Note 1) | assigned to OCNS.  2. OCNS interference consists of 6 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13.   |

Table C.12C: Downlink physical channels for DC-HSDPA/DB-DC-HSDPA/4C-HSDPA Reference Measurement Channel testing

| Physical<br>Channel | Parameter       | Value  | Note   |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| P-CPICH             | P-CPICH_Ec/lor  | -10dB  |  |
| P-CCPCH             | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor  | -12dB  | Mean power level is shared with SCH.   |
| SCH                 | SCH_Ec/lor      | -12dB  | Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. P-SCH code is S_dl,0 as per TS25.213 S-SCH pattern is scrambling code group 0  |
| PICH                | PICH_Ec/lor     | -15dB  |  |
| DPCH                | DPCH_Ec/lor     | - 5 dB unless test-specific value is specified, only for serving HS-DSCH cell, omitted otherwise | 12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex A.3.1   |
| HS-SCCH-1           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | -9dB unless<br>test-specific<br>value is<br>specified  | Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval).   |
| HS-SCCH-2           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d  | No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.   |
| HS-SCCH-3           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d  | As HS-SCCH-2.  |
| HS-PDSCH            | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor | Test-specific  |  |
| OCNS                |                 | Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one        | OCNS interference consists of a number of dedicated data channels as specified in table C.13 and C. 13A. Table C.13 specifies the OCNS setup for H-Set 1 to H-Set 6 and H-Set 12. Table C.13A specifies the OCNS setup for H-Set 8 and H-set 10. |

Table C.12D: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/DB-DC-HSDPA/4C-HSDPA receiver testing for MIMO performance with asymmetric P-CPICH/S-CPICH power settings.

| Physical Channel    | Parameter                                  | Value   | Note   |
|---------------------|--|---|--|
| P-CPICH (antenna 1) | P-CPICH_Ec/lor                             | -10dB   | Phase reference  |
| S-CPICH (antenna 2) | S-CPICH Ec/lor                             | -13dB   | Phase reference  |
| P-CCPCH             | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor                             | -12dB   |  |
| SCH                 | SCH_Ec/lor                                 | -12dB   |  |
| PICH                | PICH_Ec/lor                                | -15dB   |  |
| DPCH                | DPCH_Ec/lor                                | Test-specific   |  |
| HS-SCCH-1           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor                             | Test-specific   | Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval).   |
| HS-SCCH-2           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor                             | DTX"d   | No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.   |
| HS-SCCH-3           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor                             | DTX"d   | As HS-SCCH-2.  |
| HS-SCCH-4           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor                             | DTX"d   | No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present in HSDPA configuration.  |
| HS-PDSCH            | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor                            | Test-specific   | Precoding used.  |
| OCNS                |  | Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one | <ol> <li>Balance of power I<sub>or</sub> of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS.</li> <li>OCNS interference consists of a number of dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.13 and C.13A.Table C.13 specifies the OCNS setup for H-Set 1 to H-set 6. Table C.13A specifies the OCNS setup for H-Set 9 and H-Set 11.</li> <li>OCNS transmitted only on antenna 1.</li> </ol> |
|                     | ersity (STTD or TSTD) i<br>HS-SCCH, DPCH). | s disabled on th  | e associated physical channels (P-CPICH,   |

Table C.12E: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-SCCH detection performance with asymmetric P-CPICH/S-CPICH power settings.

| Physical Channel        | Parameter        | Value  | Note  |
|-------------------------|------------------|--|---|
| P-CPICH (antenna 1)     | P-CPICH_Ec/lor   | -10dB  | Phase reference   |
| S-CPICH (antenna 2)     | S-CPICH Ec/lor   | -13dB  | Phase reference   |
| P-CCPCH                 | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor   | -12dB  |   |
| SCH                     | SCH_Ec/lor       | -12dB  |   |
| PICH                    | PICH_Ec/lor      | -15dB  |   |
| DPCH                    | DPCH_Ec/lor      | -8dB   | STTD applicability is test-specific.     12.2 kbps DL reference     measurement channel as defined in     Annex A.3.1 |
| HS-SCCH-1               | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor   |  | <ol> <li>STTD applicability is test specific.</li> <li>Specifies fraction of Node-B</li> </ol>                        |
| HS-SCCH-2               | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor   | Test-specific  | radiated power transmitted when T is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval).                                 |
| HS-SCCH-3               | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor   | rest-specific  | 2. All HS-SCCH"s allocated equal $E_c  /  I_{\it or}  .$  |
| HS-SCCH-4               | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor   |  | 3. Specifies $E_c/I_{or}$ when TTI is active.   |
| HS-PDSCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor  | Necessary power<br>so that total<br>transmit power<br>spectral density of<br>Node B (Ior) adds<br>to one | 1. Precoding used. 2. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is assigned to HS-PDSCH.                                |
| HS-PDSCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$ | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor  | DTX  |   |
| HS-PDSCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$ | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor  | DTX  |   |
| HS-PDSCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$ | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor  | DTX  |   |
| OCNS                    | :t (OTTD TOTD) : | DTX  | U. DIOU I COU   |

Note 1: Transmit diversity (STTD or TSTD) is disabled on P-CCPCH, PICH and SCH.

Note 2: OCNS is not present for this test. HS-PDSCH is used in order to model other UE MIMO traffic.

Table C.12F: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/DB-DC-HSDPA/4C-HSDPA receiver testing for MIMO mode with four transmit antennas performance with asymmetric P-CPICH/S-CPICH power settings.

| Physical Channel    | Parameter                                  | Value   | Note   |
|---------------------|--|---|--|
| P-CPICH (antenna 1) | P-CPICH_Ec/lor                             | -10dB   | Phase reference  |
| S-CPICH (antenna 2) | S-CPICH Ec/lor                             | -13dB   | Phase reference  |
| S-CPICH (antenna 3) | S-CPICH Ec/lor                             | -19dB   | Phase reference  |
| S-CPICH (antenna 4) | S-CPICH Ec/lor                             | -19dB   | Phase reference  |
| P-CCPCH             | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor                             | -12dB   |  |
| SCH                 | SCH_Ec/lor                                 | -12dB   |  |
| PICH                | PICH_Ec/lor                                | -15dB   |  |
| DPCH                | DPCH_Ec/lor                                | Test-specific   |  |
| HS-SCCH-1           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor                             | Test-specific   | Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-TTI interval).   |
| HS-SCCH-2           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor                             | DTX"d   | No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.   |
| HS-SCCH-3           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor                             | DTX"d   | As HS-SCCH-2.  |
| HS-SCCH-4           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor                             |   | Not configured   |
| HS-PDSCH            | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor                            | Test-specific   | Precoding used.  |
| OCNS                |  | Necessary<br>power so<br>that total<br>transmit<br>power<br>spectral<br>density of<br>Node B (Ior)<br>adds to one | 1. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is assigned to OCNS. 2. OCNS interference consists of a number of dedicated data channels as specified in Table C.13B. 3. OCNS transmitted only on antenna 1. |
|                     | ersity (STTD or TSTD) i<br>HS-SCCH, DPCH). | s disabled on th  | e associated physical channels (P-CPICH,   |

Table C.12G: Downlink physical channels for HSDPA receiver testing for HS-SCCH type 4 detection performance with asymmetric P-CPICH/S-CPICH power settings.

| Physical Channel        | Parameter       | Value  | Note   |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| P-CPICH (antenna 1)     | P-CPICH_Ec/lor  | -10dB  | Phase reference  |
| S-CPICH (antenna 2)     | S-CPICH Ec/lor  | -13dB  | Phase reference  |
| S-CPICH (antenna 3)     | S-CPICH Ec/lor  | -19dB  | Phase reference  |
| S-CPICH (antenna 4)     | S-CPICH Ec/lor  | -19dB  | Phase reference  |
| P-CCPCH                 | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor  | -12dB  |  |
| SCH                     | SCH_Ec/lor      | -12dB  |  |
| PICH                    | PICH_Ec/lor     | -15dB  |  |
| DPCH                    | DPCH_Ec/lor     | -8dB   | STTD disabled     12.2 kbps DL reference     measurement channel as defined in     Annex A.3.1 |
| HS-SCCH-1               | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  |  | Specifies fraction of Node-B radiated power transmitted when TTI                               |
| HS-SCCH-2               | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | Test-specific  | is active (i.e. due to minimum inter-<br>TTI interval).<br>2. All HS-SCCH"s allocated equal    |
| HS-SCCH-3               | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | ·  | $E_c/I_{or}$ .  3. Specifies $E_c/I_{or}$ when TTI is  |
| HS-SCCH-4               | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  |  | active.  |
| HS-PDSCH-1 $E_c/I_{or}$ | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor | Necessary power<br>so that total<br>transmit power<br>spectral density of<br>Node B (Ior) adds<br>to one | 1. Precoding used.   2. Balance of power $I_{or}$ of the Node-B is assigned to HS-PDSCH.       |
| HS-PDSCH-2 $E_c/I_{or}$ | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor | DTX  |  |
| HS-PDSCH-3 $E_c/I_{or}$ | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor | DTX  |  |
| HS-PDSCH-4 $E_c/I_{or}$ | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor | DTX  |  |
| OCNS                    |                 | DTX  |  |

Transmit diversity (STTD or TSTD) is disabled on P-CCPCH, PICH and SCH.

OCNS is not present for this test. HS-PDSCH is used in order to model other UE MIMO traffic. Note 2:

#### **OCNS** Definition C.5.2

The selected channelization codes and relative power levels for OCNS transmission during for HSDPA performance assessment for other than enhanced performance type 3i are defined in Table C.13. The selected codes are designed to have a single length-16 parent code. The test definition for the enhanced performance type 3i is defined in section C.5.3.

Table C.13: OCNS definition for HSDPA receiver testing.

| Channelization<br>Code at SF=128 | Relative Level<br>setting (dB)<br>(Note 1) | DPCH Data  |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 122                              | 0  | The DPCH data for each channelization code                           |
| 123                              | -2   | shall be uncorrelated with each other and with                       |
| 124                              | -2   | any wanted signal over the period of any                             |
| 125                              | -4   | measurement. For OCNS with transmit                                  |
| 126                              | -1   | diversity the DPCH data sent to each antenna                         |
| 127                              | -3   | shall be either STTD encoded or generated from uncorrelated sources. |

Table C.13A: OCNS definition for HSDPA receiver testing, FRC H-Set 8, H-Set 9, H-Set 10 and H-Set Table C.13A: 11.

| Channelization<br>Code at SF=128 | Relative Level<br>setting (dB)<br>(Note 1) | DPCH Data  |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 4                                | 0  | The DPCH data for each channelization code shall be uncorrelated with each other and with any wanted signal over the period of any |
| 5                                | -2   | measurement. For OCNS with transmit diversity the DPCH data sent to each antenna shall be  |
| 6                                | -4   | either STTD encoded or generated from uncorrelated sources.  |
| 7                                | -1   |  |

Table C.13B: OCNS definition for HSDPA receiver testing, FRC H-Set 13 and H-Set 14.

| Channelization<br>Code at SF=128 | DPCH Data  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 6                                | For OCNS with transmit diversity the DPCH data sent to each antenna shall be either STTD encoded or generated from uncorrelated sources. |  |

Note 1: The relative level setting specified in dB refers only to the relationship between the OCNS channels. The level of the OCNS channels relative to the Ior of the complete signal is a function of the power of the other channels in the signal with the intention that the power of the group of OCNS channels is used to make the total signal add up to 1.

#### C.5.3 Test Definition for Enhanced Performance Type 3i

This section defines additional test definition for enhanced performance type 3i including: number of interfering cells and their respective powers; transmitted code and power characteristics (OCNS) for serving and interfering cells; and frame offsets for interfering cells. For DC-HSDPA, DB-DC-HSDPA and 4C-HSDPA requirements, the number of interfering cells and their respective powers; transmitted code and power characteristics (OCNS) for serving and interfering cells; and frame offsets for interfering cells shall be the same for each carrier frequency. The transmitted OCNS and data signals shall be independent for each cell.

DIPi =  $\hat{I}_{or(i+1)}/I_{oc}$  where  $\hat{I}_{orj}$  is the average received power spectral density from the j-th strongest interfering cell ( $\hat{I}_{orI}$  is assumed to be the power spectral density associated with the serving cell), and  $I_{oc}$ " is given by  $I_{oc}$ ' =  $\sum_{j=2}^{3} \hat{I}_{orj} + I_{oc}$  where Ioc is the average power spectral density of a band limited white noise source consistent with the definition provided in section 3.2.

#### C.5.3.1 Transmitted code and power characteristics for serving cell

The downlink physical channel code allocations for the serving cell are specified in Table C.14. Ten HS-PDSCH codes have been reserved for the user of interest, based upon the use of QPSK with FRC H-Set 6. The other user codes are selected from 46 possible SF = 128 codes. Note not all 46 of these codes are used, and in addition only 16 codes are used at a given instance in time. Table C.15 summarizes the power allocations of different channels for the serving cell for 50% and 25% HS-PDSCH power allocation. Note the power allocations in the last row of Table C.15 are to be split between the HS-SCCH and the other users" channels in order to ensure proper operation of the HS-SCCH during testing.

Table C.16 summarizes the channelization codes to be used for the other users channels (OCNS) along with their respective relative power allocations in dB when HS-PDSCH is allocated 25% or 50% of the total power. As shown in Table C.16, there are two groups of 16 codes, which are randomly selected with equal probability on a symbol-by-symbol basis. This random selection is done per code pair, where a code pair occupies the same row, as opposed to selecting all of the codes within group 1 or group 2. This random selection between these two groups is for purposes of modelling a simplified form of DTX. Note that the switching time for the symbols with SF = 64 would be the symbol timing associated with an SF 64 channel, and the switching time for the symbols with SF = 128 would be the symbol timing for SF = 128 channel. Thus, there would be two different symbol times dependent upon the SF. For SF = 64, symbol time  $\sim 16.67$  microseconds, and for SF = 128, symbol time  $\sim 33.33$  microseconds. Each of these users is also power controlled as described in section C.5.3.3.

The scrambling code of the serving cell is set to 0.

Table C.14. Downlink physical channel code allocation.

| Channelization<br>Code at SF=128 | Note                                |  |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 0                                | P-CPICH, P-CCPCH and PICH on SF=256 |  |
| 27                               | 6 SF=128 codes free for OCNS        |  |
| 887                              | 10 HS-PDSCH codes at SF=16          |  |
| 88127                            | 40 SF=128 codes free for OCNS       |  |

Table C.15. Summary of modelling approach for the serving cell.

|                           | Serving cell                                |                    |  |
|---------------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| Common channels           | 0.195 (-7.1dB)<br>As specified in Table C.8 |                    |  |
| HS-PDSCH transport format | H-Set 6                                     |                    |  |
| HS-PDSCH power            | 0.5   | 0.25               |  |
| allocation [E₀/l₀r]       | (-3 dB)                                     | (-6 dB)            |  |
| HS-SCCH + Other users"    | 0.3049                                      | 0.5551             |  |
| channels (OCNS)           | (-5.16 dB) (-2.56 dB)                       |                    |  |
|                           | Other users"                                | Other users"       |  |
|                           | channels set                                | channels set       |  |
|                           | according to Table                          | according to Table |  |
|                           | C.16  | C.16               |  |

Note: The values given in decibel are only for information.

Table C.16. Channelization codes and relative power levels for 25% and 50% HS-PDSCH power allocations.

| Group 1              | Group 2              | Relative level  |
|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Channelization Code, | Channelization Code, | setting for 25% |
| Cch, SF,k            | Cch, SF, k           | and 50%         |

| C <sub>ch,128,2</sub>   | C <sub>ch,128,108</sub> | -1.7 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|------|
| C <sub>ch,128,3</sub>   | C <sub>ch,128,103</sub> | -2.7 |
| C <sub>ch,128,5</sub>   | C <sub>ch,128,109</sub> | -3.5 |
| C <sub>ch,128,6</sub>   | C <sub>ch,128,118</sub> | -0.8 |
| C <sub>ch,128,90</sub>  | C <sub>ch,128,4</sub>   | -6.2 |
| C <sub>ch,128,94</sub>  | C <sub>ch,128,123</sub> | -4.6 |
| C <sub>ch,128,96</sub>  | C <sub>ch,128,111</sub> | -2.3 |
| C <sub>ch,128,98</sub>  | C <sub>ch,128,106</sub> | -4.1 |
| C <sub>ch,128,99</sub>  | C <sub>ch,128,100</sub> | -3.1 |
| C <sub>ch,128,101</sub> | C <sub>ch,128,113</sub> | -5.1 |
| C <sub>ch,64,52</sub>   | C <sub>ch,64,44</sub>   | 0.0  |
| C <sub>ch,128,110</sub> | C <sub>ch,128,124</sub> | -4.6 |
| C <sub>ch,128,114</sub> | C <sub>ch,128,115</sub> | -4.8 |
| C <sub>ch,128,116</sub> | C <sub>ch,128,126</sub> | -4.8 |
| C <sub>ch,64,60</sub>   | C <sub>ch,64,46</sub>   | -1.1 |
| C <sub>ch,128,125</sub> | C <sub>ch,128,95</sub>  | -4.1 |

Note:

The relative level settings specified in dB refer only to the relationship between the OCNS channels. For the serving cell, the sum of the powers of the OCNS channels plus the power allocated to the HS-SCCH must add up to the values specified in the last row of Table C.15. For the interfering cells, the sum of the powers of the OCNS channels must add up to the value shown in the last row of Table C.17.

#### C.5.3.2 Transmitted code and power characteristics for interfering cells

The downlink physical channel code allocations for the interfering cells are same as for the serving cell as given in Table C.14. The modelling approach for the interfering cells is summarized in Table C.17. The modelling of the other users" dedicated channels is done in the same way as in the case of the serving cell except that the HSDPA power allocation is fixed at 50% and the total power allocated is not shared with the HS-SCCH. Thus, the two groups of channelization codes defined in Table C.16 apply, along with the specified relative power levels.

Table C.17. Summary of modelling approach for the interfering cells.

|                       | Interfering cell(s)                 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Common channels       | 0.195 (-7.1dB)                      |
|                       | As specified in Table C.8           |
| HS-PDSCH transport    | Selected randomly from Table C.18   |
| format                | Independent for each interferer.    |
| HS-PDSCH power        | 0.5                                 |
| allocation [E√lor]    | (-3 dB)                             |
| Other users" channels | 0.3049                              |
|                       | (-5.16 dB)                          |
|                       | Set according to Table C.16 for 50% |
|                       | HS-PDSCH power allocation           |

Note: The values given in decibel are only for information.

The HS-PDSCH transmission for interfering cells is modelled to have randomly varying modulation and number of codes. The predefined modulation and number of codes are given in Table C.18, with the actual codes selected per the code allocation given in Table C.14. The transmission from each interfering cell is randomly and independently selected every HSDPA TTI among the four options given in Table C.18.

The scrambling codes of the interfering cells are set to 16 and 32, respectively. The frame offsets for the interfering cells are set to 1296 and 2576 chips relative to the serving cell. The scrambling code value of 16 and the frame offset value of 2576 corresponds to the first interfering cell.

Table C.18. Predefined interferer transmission.

| # | Used modulation and number of HS-PDSCH codes |
|---|--|
| 1 | QPSK with 5 codes                            |
| 2 | 16QAM with 5 codes                           |
| 3 | QPSK with 10 codes                           |
| 4 | 16QAM, with 10 codes                         |

#### C.5.3.3 Model for power control sequence generation

In this section the modelling of power control for the other users" channels is described. There are two powers that are calculated for each user, I at each slot, n. The first is an interim power calculation, which develops a power  $P_n^i$  in dB.

The second is the actual applied transmit power,  $\hat{P}_n^i$  in the linear domain, which is normalized such that the total power for all users remains the same as that originally allocated. The interim power calculation is described first followed by the applied, normalized power calculation.

The interim power is varied randomly, either by increasing or decreasing it by 1 dB steps in each slot, i.e.

$$P_n^i = P_{n-1}^i + \Delta$$
, where  $\Delta \in \{-1,+1\}$  (EQ.C.5.3.3.1)

The probability of  $\Delta$  having a value of +1 for the  $i^{th}$  user at time instant n can be determined as

$$\Pr_{n}^{i}(\Delta = +1) = 0.5 - (P_{n-1}^{i} - P_{0}^{i})\frac{0.5}{L}$$
 (EQ.C.5.3.3.2)

where,  $P_{n-1}^{i}$  is the interim power at time instant n-1 and  $P_{0}^{i}$  is the initial value given in Table C.16 after conversion to dB for each of the two possible HS-PDSCH power allocations. L is a scaling factor which can be used to determine the range to which the variation of power is confined. The value of L is set to 10, leading to a variance of ~5 dB.

The applied, normalized power is given by

$$\hat{P}_{n}^{i} = \frac{P_{lin,n}^{i}}{\sum_{i} P_{lin,n}^{i}} \sum_{i} P_{lin,0}^{i}$$
 (EQ.C.5.3.3.3)

where  $P_{lin,n}^i$  is the interim power of the user I at time instant n in the linear domain, and  $P_{lin,0}^i$  is the initial value of the

i<sup>th</sup> user"s power also in the linear domain. Each summation is over all 16 possible values for  $P_{lin,n}^i$  and  $P_{lin,0}^i$  where the latter summation is equal to either 0.5551 or 0.3049 for HS-PDSCH allocations of 25% and 50%, respectively, see Table C.16. The total instantaneous output power of the OCNS is now always equal to its allocated power. One other subtle point to note is that at each iteration of interim power generation using (EQ.C.5.3.3.1) that the value of  $P_{n-1}^i$  is set

to  $P_n^i$  of the previous iteration as opposed to  $\hat{P}_n^i$  of the previous iteration. In summary, two sets of power control sequences are developed using (EQ.C.5.3.3.1) and (EQ.C.5.3.3.3), respectively, where the interim outputs developed by (C.1) are used to develop the applied, normalized values described by (EQ.C.5.3.3.3) and to which the actual channel powers are set.

#### C.5.4 Simplified Multi Carrier HSDPA testing method

For DC-HSDPA, DB-DC-HSDPA or 4C-HSDPA tests which require more than 8 independent faders, the resulting propagation channel(s) shall be generated by considering a number of independent faders needed for one carrier and connecting them to the signal of randomly chosen carrier(s). The maximum number of channel faders on the test will be less than or equal to 8. The remaining carrier(s) shall be connected without a channel fader but with AWGN. The throughput shall be collected only for the carrier(s) connected to channel faders.

The test shall be repeated by choosing carrier(s) excluding already chosen carrier(s) until all the carrier(s) are tested under fading conditions. The sum of all the collected throughputs from each carrier shall be compared against the reference value in the requirements.

All supported carriers shall be configured and activated during the test.

#### C.5.4A Simplified Multiflow HSDPA testing method

For Multiflow HSDPA tests which require more than 8 independent faders, the resulting propagation channel(s) shall be generated by considering a number of independent faders needed for one carrier frequency and connecting them to the signal of randomly chosen carrier(s). The maximum number of channel faders on the test will be less than or equal to 8. The remaining carrier(s) shall be connected without a channel fader but with AWGN. The throughput shall be collected only for the carrier(s) connected to channel faders.

The test shall be repeated by choosing carrier(s) excluding already chosen carrier(s) until all the carrier(s) are tested under fading conditions.

All supported carriers shall be configured and activated during the test.

#### C.5.5 Test Definition for Multiflow HSDPA

This section defines additional test configuration for Multiflow HSDPA including: number of cells and their respective powers; transmitted code and power characteristics (OCNS) for the interfering cell; and frame offsets for assisting serving HS-DSCH cell and interfering cell.

#### C.5.5.1 Test configuration when 2 cells are configured in Multiflow mode

The relative powers for the serving HS-DSCH cell (Cell 1), the assisting serving HS-DSCH cell (Cell 2) and additional interfering cell (Cell 3, if present) are shown in Table C.19. The scrambling code of the serving HS-DSCH cell is set to 0, that of the assisting serving HS-DSCH cell is set to 16, and that of the interfering cell is set to 32. The frame offsets of the assisting serving HS-DSCH cell is set to 2560 chips and that of the interfering cell is set to 1296 chips relative to the serving HS-DSCH cell. The downlink physical channel setup for the serving HS-DSCH cell and assisting serving HS-DSCH cell is shown in Table C.20 and Table C.21 respectively. The downlink physical channel setup for the additional interfering cell is shown in Table C.22.

Table C.19: Relative power of the cells in Multiflow HSDPA test

| Number of additional interfering cell | Î <sub>or1</sub> /I <sub>oc</sub> | Î <sub>or2</sub> /I <sub>oc</sub> | Î <sub>or3</sub> /I <sub>oc</sub> | Cell 1<br>Geometry | Cell 2<br>Geometry |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 0                                     | 7.01                              | 3.61                              | -inf                              | 1.83               | -4.19              |
| 1                                     | 5.27                              | 2.52                              | -2.37                             | 0.00               | -4.42              |

Notes: 1) Cell 1 corresponds to the serving HS-DSCH cell, Cell 2 corresponds to the assisting serving HS-DSCH cell, and Cell 3 is the additional interfering cell.

- 2) Cell 1 Geometry is defind by  $\hat{\mathbf{l}}_{or1}/\mathbf{l}_{oc,1}$ , where  $\mathbf{l}_{oc,1}$  =( $\mathbf{l}_{oc}+\hat{\mathbf{l}}_{or2}+\hat{\mathbf{l}}_{or3}$ ).
- 3) Cell 2 Geometry is defind by  $\hat{\mathbf{l}}_{or2}/\mathbf{l}_{oc,2}$ , where  $\mathbf{l}_{oc,2}$  =( $\mathbf{l}_{oc}+\hat{\mathbf{l}}_{or1}+\hat{\mathbf{l}}_{or3}$ ).

Table C.20: Downlink physical channels for the serving/secondary serving HS-DSCH cell in HSDPA receiver testing of Multiflow HSDPA

| Physical<br>Channel | Parameter      | Value | Note  |
|---------------------|----------------|-------|---|
| P-CPICH             | P-CPICH_Ec/lor | -10dB |   |
| P-CCPCH             | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor | -12dB | Mean power level is shared with SCH.  |
| SCH                 | SCH_Ec/lor     | -12dB | Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split |

|           |                 |   | between both.  |
|-----------|-----------------|---|--|
| PICH      | PICH_Ec/lor     | -15dB   |  |
| DPCH      | DPCH_Ec/lor     | Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one  Only for serving HS-DSCH cell, omitted otherwise | 12.2 kbps DL reference measurement channel as defined in Annex A.3.1                             |
| HS-SCCH-1 | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | -8 dB for serving HS-DSCH cell, otherwise necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one         |  |
| HS-SCCH-2 | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d   | No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present. |
| HS-SCCH-3 | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d   | As HS-SCCH-2.  |
| HS-PDSCH  | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor | Test-specific   |  |

Table C.21: Downlink physical channels for the assisting serving/secondary serving HS-DSCH cell in HSDPA receiver testing of Multiflow HSDPA

| Physical<br>Channel | Parameter       | Value  | Note  |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|---|
| P-CPICH             | P-CPICH_Ec/lor  | -10dB  |   |
| P-CCPCH             | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor  | -12dB  | Mean power level is shared with SCH.  |
| SCH                 | SCH_Ec/lor      | -12dB  | Mean power level is shared with P-CCPCH – SCH includes P- and S-SCH, with power split between both. |
| PICH                | PICH_Ec/lor     | -15dB  |   |
| DPCH                | DPCH_Ec/lor     | DTX"d  | Omitted   |
| HS-SCCH-1           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | Necessary power so that<br>total transmit power spectral<br>density of Node B (lor) adds<br>to one |   |
| HS-SCCH-2           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d  | No signalling scheduled, or power radiated, on this HS-SCCH, but signalled to the UE as present.    |
| HS-SCCH-3           | HS-SCCH_Ec/lor  | DTX"d  | As HS-SCCH-2.   |
| HS-PDSCH            | HS-PDSCH_Ec/lor | Test-specific  |   |

Table C.22: Downlink physical channels for the additional interfering cell in Multiflow HSDPA testing

|                 | Interfering cell   |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| Common channels | 0.195 (-7.1dB)     |
| Common channels | Same as Table C.20 |

| HS-SCCH_Ec/lor   | -12 dB  |
|--|---|
| HS-PDSCH transport format                                    | Selected randomly from Table C.18   |
| HS-PDSCH power allocation [E <sub>∂</sub> /I <sub>or</sub> ] | Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one |

#### C.5.5.2 Test configuration when 3 cells are configured in Multiflow mode

When 3 cells are configured in Multiflow mode, the test configuration in C.5.5.1 shall be duplicated for each frequency according to Table C.20 and Table C.21. The downlink physical channel setup for the serving HS-DSCH cell, assisting serving HS-DSCH cell and the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell is shown in Table C.23. Cell 2 on the carrier of the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell becomes an interfering cell and does not participate in Multiflow mode. The downlink physical channel setup of Cell 2 on the carrier of the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell shall follow Table C.21.

Table C.23: Test configuration when 3 cells are configured in Multiflow mode

|                                | Setting                 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Serving HS-DSCH cell           | According to Table C.20 |
| Assisting serving HS-DSCH cell | According to Table C.21 |
| Secondary serving HS-DSCH cell | According to Table C.20 |

#### C.5.5.3 Test configuration when 4 cells are configured in Multiflow mode

When 4 cells are configured in Multiflow mode, the test configuration in C.5.5.1 shall be duplicated for each frequency according to Table C.20 and Table C.21. The downlink physical channel setup for the serving HS-DSCH cell, assisting serving HS-DSCH cell, the secondary serving HS-DSCH cell and the assisting secondary serving HS-DSCH cell is shown in Table C.24.

Table C.24: Test configuration when 3 cells are configured in Multiflow mode

|  | Setting                 |
|--|-------------------------|
| Serving HS-DSCH cell                     | According to Table C.20 |
| Assisting serving HS-DSCH cell           | According to Table C.21 |
| Secondary serving HS-DSCH cell           | According to Table C.20 |
| Assisting secondary serving HS-DSCH cell | According to Table C.21 |

## C.6 MBMS DL Physical channels

#### C.6.1 Downlink Physical Channels connection set-up

Table C.14 is applicable for measurements on the Performance requirements in Clause 11.

Table C.14: Downlink Physical Channels on each radiolink

| Physical Channel | Power ratio   | NOTE   |
|------------------|---|--|
| P-CPICH          | P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB   | Only P-CPICH is used as phase reference for S-CCPCH carrying MCCH or MTCH.             |
| P-CCPCH          | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB   |  |
| SCH              | SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB   | This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels |
| PICH             | PICH_Ec/lor = -15 dB  |  |
| S-CCPCH          | S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = test dependent   |  |
| DPCH             | TBD   | DPCH is enable only when UE has capability to receive MBMS in CELL_DCH state           |
| OCNS             | Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one | OCNS interference consists of 16 dedicated data channels as specified in table C.6.    |

#### C.6.2 Downlink Physical Channels connection set-up for MBSFN

Table C.14a: Downlink Physical Channels for performance requirements

| Physical Channel | Power ratio   | NOTE   |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| P-CPICH          | P-CPICH_Ec/lor = -10 dB   | Only P-CPICH is used as phase reference for S-CCPCH carrying MCCH or MTCH.             |  |  |  |  |
| P-CCPCH          | P-CCPCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB   |  |  |  |  |  |
| SCH              | SCH_Ec/lor = -12 dB   | This power shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels |  |  |  |  |
| S-CCPCH          | S-CCPCH_Ec/lor = test dependent   |  |  |  |  |  |
| OCNS             | Necessary power so that total transmit power spectral density of Node B (lor) adds to one | Same code channels as used for DPCH, see table C.6                                     |  |  |  |  |

# Annex D (normative): Environmental conditions

#### D.1 General

This normative annex specifies the environmental requirements of the UE. Within these limits the requirements of the present documents shall be fulfilled.

### D.2 Environmental requirements

The requirements in this clause apply to all types of UE(s).

#### D.2.1 Temperature

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full temperature range of:

#### Table D.1

| +15°C to +35°C | for normal conditions (with relative humidity of 25 % to 75 %)  |
|----------------|---|
| -10°C to +55°C | for extreme conditions (see IEC publications 68-2-1 and 68-2-2) |

Outside this temperature range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 for extreme operation.

#### D.2.2 Voltage

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements in the full voltage range, i.e. the voltage range between the extreme voltages.

The manufacturer shall declare the lower and higher extreme voltages and the approximate shutdown voltage. For the equipment that can be operated from one or more of the power sources listed below, the lower extreme voltage shall not be higher, and the higher extreme voltage shall not be lower than that specified below.

Table D.2

| Power source                | Lower extreme voltage | Higher extreme voltage     | Normal conditions voltage |  |  |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| AC mains                    | 0,9 * nominal         | 1,1 * nominal              | nominal                   |  |  |
| Regulated lead acid battery | 0,9 * nominal         | ,9 * nominal 1,3 * nominal |                           |  |  |
| Non regulated batteries:    |                       |                            |                           |  |  |
| Leclanché                   | 0,85 * nominal        | Nominal                    | Nominal                   |  |  |
| Lithium                     | 0.95 * nominal        | 1,1 * nominal              | 1,1 * nominal             |  |  |
| Mercury/nickel & cadmium    | 0,90 * nominal        | Nominal                    | Nominal                   |  |  |

Outside this voltage range the UE if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 for extreme operation. In particular, the UE shall inhibit all RF transmissions when the power supply voltage is below the manufacturer declared shutdown voltage.

#### D.2.3 Vibration

The UE shall fulfil all the requirements when vibrated at the following frequency/amplitudes.

Table D.3

| Frequency       | ASD (Acceleration Spectral Density) random vibration                  |
|-----------------|---|
| 5 Hz to 20 Hz   | $0.96 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^3$   |
| 20 Hz to 500 Hz | 0,96 m <sup>2</sup> /s <sup>3</sup> at 20 Hz, thereafter -3 dB/Octave |

Outside the specified frequency range the UE, if powered on, shall not make ineffective use of the radio frequency spectrum. In no case shall the UE exceed the transmitted levels as defined in TS 25.101 for extreme operation

# Annex E (informative): UARFCN numbers

#### E.1 General

This Annex lists the UARFCN numbers used for the frequency bands implemented in the current specification.

#### E.2 List of UARFCN used for UTRA FDD bands

The UARFCN numbering scheme detailed in clauses 5.4.3 and 5.4.4 of this specification is summarized for information in Table E.1. The table shows the UARFCN assigned to all UTRA FDD operating bands, starting with the lowest UARFCN and continuing up to the highest one assigned.

Each band may have two table entries, one for the 'general' numbers and one for the 'additional' ones, as specified in Table 5.2. The entries in Table E.1 are explained as follows:

Band range: The size of the frequency range for the UTRA FDD band specified in Table 5.0.

**Range res.:** The size of the frequency range corresponding to the UARFCN range that has been 'reserved' in 3GPP for possible future extensions of the band.

**Formula offset:** The offset parameter ( $F_{UL\_Offset}$  or  $F_{DL\_Offset}$ ) in the formula, used to calculate the UARFCN as specified in Clause 5.4.3.

Assigned/reserved: Indicates the significance of the UARFCN and corresponding frequencies listed as follows:

**Start res**. Start of the UARFCN range reserved for the band.

**Min.** The lowest UARFCN assigned to the band.

**Max.** The highest UARFCN assigned to the band.

**End res.** End of the UARFCN range reserved for the band.

 $N_U$ ,  $N_D$ : Uplink and downlink UARFCN.

 $F_{UL}$ ,  $F_{DL}$ : Corresponding uplink and downlink frequencies.

(Add.): Refers to the additional UARFCN (on the 100 kHz raster) as specified in Table 5.1A.

Note that bands V and VI are shown with common entries in Table E.1, since their UARFCN ranges are completely overlapping.

Table E.1: UARFCN used for the UTRA FDD bands

|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Uplink UARFCN Downlink UARFCN |                     |                          |                                 |                        |                     |                          |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| UTRA<br>FDD<br>Band | Band<br>range<br>[MHz] | Range<br>res.<br>[MHz] | Formula offset FUL_Offset [MHz] | Assigned/<br>Reserved         | Nu                  | F <sub>UL</sub><br>[MHz] | Formula offset FDL_Offset [MHz] | Assigned/<br>Reserved  | N <sub>D</sub>      | F <sub>DL</sub><br>[MHz] |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 0                   | 1850.1                   |                                 | Start res.             | 400                 | 1930.1                   |
| (4 -1 -1 )          | 2x60                   | 2x60                   | 1850.1                          | Min.                          | 12                  | 1852.5                   | 1850.1                          | Min.                   | 412                 | 1932.5                   |
| (Add.)              |                        |                        |                                 | Max.<br>End res.              | 287                 | 1907.5                   |                                 | Max.                   | 687                 | 1987.5                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 299<br>300          | 1909.9<br>830.0          |                                 | End res.<br>Start res. | 699<br>700          | 1989.9<br>875.0          |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Min.                          | 312                 | 832.4                    |                                 | Min.                   | 712                 | 877.4                    |
| XIX                 | 2x15                   | 2x15                   | 770                             | Max.                          | 363                 | 842.6                    | 735                             | Max.                   | 763                 | 887.6                    |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.                      | 374                 | 844.8                    |                                 | End res.               | 774                 | 889.8                    |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 375                 | 830.1                    |                                 | Start res.             | 775                 | 875.1                    |
| XIX                 | 2x15                   | 2x15                   | 755.1                           | Min.                          | 387                 | 832.5                    | 720.1                           | Min.                   | 787                 | 877.5                    |
| (Add.)              | ZXIO                   | ZXIO                   | 700.1                           | Max.                          | 437                 | 842.5                    | 720.1                           | Max.                   | 837                 | 887.5                    |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.                      | 449                 | 844.9                    |                                 | End res.               | 849                 | 889.9                    |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 450                 | 1448.0<br><b>1450.4</b>  |                                 | Start res. Min.        | 850                 | 1496.0<br><b>1498.4</b>  |
| XXI                 | 2x15                   | 2x15                   | 1358                            | Min.<br>Max.                  | 462<br>512          | 1450.4                   | 1326                            | Max.                   | 862<br>912          | 1508.4                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.                      | 524                 | 1462.8                   |                                 | End res.               | 924                 | 1510.8                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 770                 | 824.1                    |                                 | Start res.             | 995                 | 869.1                    |
| V                   | 2x25                   |                        |                                 | Min. (V)                      | 782                 | 826.5                    |                                 | Min. (V)               | 1007                | 871.5                    |
| and                 | (V)                    | 2,425                  | 670.4                           | Min. (VI)                     | 812                 | 832.5                    | 670.1                           | Min. (VI)              | 1037                | 877.5                    |
| VI                  | 2x10                   | 2x25                   | 670.1                           | Max. (VI)                     | 837                 | 837.5                    | 670.1                           | Max. (VI)              | 1062                | 882.5                    |
| (Add.)              | (VI)                   |                        |                                 | Max. (V)                      | 862                 | 842.5                    |                                 | Max. (V)               | 1087                | 887.5                    |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.                      | 894                 | 848.9                    |                                 | End res.               | 1119                | 893.9                    |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 925                 | 1710.0                   |                                 | Start res.             | 1150                | 1805.0                   |
| III                 | 2x75                   | 2x75                   | 1525                            | Min.                          | 937                 | 1712.4                   | 1575                            | Min.                   | 1162                | 1807.4                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Max.                          | <b>1288</b> 1299    | <b>1782.6</b> 1784.8     |                                 | Max.                   | <b>1513</b> 1524    | 1877.6                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.<br>Start res.        | 1300                | 1710.0                   |                                 | End res.<br>Start res. | 1524                | 1879.8<br>2110.0         |
|                     | 0.45                   | 2x45                   |                                 | Min.                          | 1312                | 1710.0                   | 1805                            | Min.                   | 1537                | 2112.4                   |
| IV                  | 2x45                   |                        | 1450                            | Max.                          | 1513                | 1752.6                   |                                 | Max.                   | 1738                | 2152.6                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.                      | 1524                | 1754.8                   |                                 | End res.               | 1749                | 2154.8                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 1650                | 1710.1                   |                                 | Start res.             | 1875                | 2110.1                   |
| IV                  | 2x45                   | 2x45                   | 1380.1                          | Min.                          | 1662                | 1712.5                   | 1735.1                          | Min.                   | 1887                | 2112.5                   |
| (Add.)              | 2,40                   | 2,45                   | 1300.1                          | Max.                          | 1862                | 1752.5                   | 1733.1                          | Max.                   | 2087                | 2152.5                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.                      | 1874                | 1754.9                   |                                 | End res.               | 2099                | 2154.9                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 2000<br><b>2012</b> | 2500.0                   |                                 | Start res.             | 2225                | 2620.0                   |
| VII                 | 2x70                   | 2x70                   | 2100                            | Min.<br>Max.                  | 2338                | 2502.4<br>2567.6         | 2175                            | Min.<br>Max.           | 2237<br>2563        | 2622.4<br>2687.6         |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.                      | 2349                | 2569.8                   |                                 | End res.               | 2574                | 2689.8                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 2350                | 2500.1                   |                                 | Start res.             | 2575                | 2620.1                   |
| VII                 | 0.70                   | 0.70                   | 0000 1                          | Min.                          | 2362                | 2502.5                   | 0405.1                          | Min.                   | 2587                | 2622.5                   |
| (Add.)              | 2x70                   | 2x70                   | 2030.1                          | Max.                          | 2687                | 2567.5                   | 2105.1                          | Max.                   | 2912                | 2687.5                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.                      | 2699                | 2569.9                   |                                 | End res.               | 2924                | 2689.9                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 2700                | 880.0                    |                                 | Start res.             | 2925                | 925.0                    |
| VIII                | 2x35                   | 2x35                   | 340                             | Min.                          | 2712                | 882.4                    | 340                             | Min.                   | 2937                | 927.4                    |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Max.                          | 2863                | 912.6                    |                                 | Max.                   | 3088                | 957.6                    |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.                      | 2874                | 914.8                    |                                 | End res.               | 3099                | 959.8                    |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res. Min.               | 2875<br><b>2887</b> | 1710.0<br><b>1712.4</b>  |                                 | Start res. Min.        | 3100<br><b>3112</b> | 2110.0<br><b>2112.4</b>  |
| X                   | 2x60                   | 2x60                   | 1135                            | Max.                          | 3163                | 1712.4                   | 1490                            | Max.                   | 3388                | 2167.6                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.                      | 3174                | 1769.8                   |                                 | End res.               | 3399                | 2169.8                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 3175                | 1710.1                   |                                 | Start res.             | 3400                | 2110.1                   |
| Х                   | 0.00                   | 2460                   | 1075 1                          | Min.                          | 3187                | 1712.5                   | 1420.4                          | Min.                   | 3412                | 2112.5                   |
| (Add.)              | 2x60                   | 2x60                   | 1075.1                          | Max.                          | 3462                | 1767.5                   | 1430.1                          | Max.                   | 3687                | 2167.5                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | End res.                      | 3474                | 1769.9                   |                                 | End res.               | 3699                | 2169.9                   |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Start res.                    | 3475                | 1428.0                   |                                 | Start res.             | 3700                | 1476.0                   |
| ΧI                  | 2x20                   | 2x20                   | 733                             |                               | 1430.4              | 736                      | Min.                            | 3712                   | 1478.4              |                          |
|                     |                        |                        |                                 | Max.                          | 3562                | 1445.4                   |                                 | Max.                   | 3787                | 1493.4                   |
| XII                 | 247                    | 2747                   | 22                              | End res.                      | 3574                | 1447.8                   | 27                              | End res.               | 3799                | 1495.8                   |
| ΛII                 | 2x17                   | 2x17                   | -22                             | Start res.                    | 3605                | 699.0                    | -37                             | Start res.             | 3830                | 729.0                    |

|           |      |       |        | Min.                   | 3617                | 701.4            |        | Min.                   | 3842                | 731.4            |
|-----------|------|-------|--------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------|--------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
|           |      |       |        | Max.                   | 3678                | 713.6            |        | Max.                   | 3903                | 743.6            |
|           |      |       |        | End res.               | 3689                | 715.8            | Ì      | End res.               | 3914                | 745.8            |
|           |      |       |        | Start res.             | 3695                | 699.1            |        | Start res.             | 3920                | 729.1            |
| XII       | 0.47 | 0.47  | 20.0   | Min.                   | 3707                | 701.5            | 540    | Min.                   | 3932                | 731.5            |
| (Add.)    | 2x17 | 2x17  | -39.9  | Max.                   | 3767                | 713.5            | -54.9  | Max.                   | 3992                | 743.5            |
|           |      |       |        | End res.               | 3779                | 715.9            |        | End res.               | 4004                | 745.9            |
|           |      |       |        | Start res.             | 3780                | 777.0            |        | Start res.             | 4005                | 746.0            |
| XIII      | 2x10 | 2x10  | 21     | Min.                   | 3792                | 779.4            | -55    | Min.                   | 4017                | 748.4            |
| 7         | ZXIO | 2.710 | 21     | Max.                   | 3818                | 784.6            | 55     | Max.                   | 4043                | 753.6            |
|           |      |       |        | End res.               | 3829                | 786.8            |        | End res.               | 4054                | 755.8            |
|           |      |       |        | Start res.             | 3830                | 777.1            | }      | Start res.             | 4055                | 746.1            |
| XIII      | 2x10 | 2x10  | 11.1   | Min.                   | 3842                | 779.5            | -64.9  | Min.                   | 4067                | 748.5            |
| (Add.)    |      |       |        | Max.                   | 3867                | 784.5            |        | Max.                   | 4092                | 753.5            |
|           |      |       |        | End res.<br>Start res. | 3879<br>3880        | 786.9<br>788.0   |        | End res.               | 4104<br>4105        | 755.9<br>758.0   |
|           |      |       |        | Min.                   | <b>3892</b>         | <b>790.4</b>     | }      | Start res.<br>Min.     | 4103<br>4117        | <b>760.4</b>     |
| XIV       | 2x10 | 2x10  | 12     | Max.                   | 3918                | 795.6            | -63    | Max.                   | 4143                | 765.6            |
|           |      |       |        | End res.               | 3929                | 797.8            | }      | End res.               | 4154                | 767.8            |
|           |      |       |        | Start res.             | 3930                | 788.1            |        | Start res.             | 4155                | 758.1            |
| XIV       |      |       |        | Min.                   | 3942                | 790.5            | Ì      | Min.                   | 4167                | 760.5            |
| (Add.)    | 2x10 | 2x10  | 2.1    | Max.                   | 3967                | 795.5            | -72.9  | Max.                   | 4192                | 765.5            |
| `,        |      |       |        | End res.               | 3979                | 797.9            |        | End res.               | 4204                | 767.9            |
|           |      |       |        | Start res.             | 4120                | 824.0            |        | Start res.             | 4345                | 869.0            |
| .,        | 2x25 |       |        | Min. (V)               | 4132                | 826.4            |        | Min. (V)               | 4357                | 871.4            |
| V         | (V)  | 2425  | 0      | Min. (VI)              | 4162                | 832.4            | 0      | Min. (VI)              | 4387                | 877.4            |
| and<br>VI | 2x10 | 2x25  | 0      | Max. (VI)              | 4188                | 837.6            | U [    | Max. (VI)              | 4413                | 882.6            |
| ۷۱        | (VI) |       |        | Max. (V)               | 4233                | 846.6            |        | Max. (V)               | 4458                | 891.6            |
|           |      |       |        | End res.               | 4244                | 848.8            |        | End res.               | 4469                | 893.8            |
|           |      |       |        | Start res.             | 4275                | 832.0            | ļ      | Start res.             | 4500                | 791.0            |
| XX        | 2x30 | 2x30  | -23    | Min.                   | 4287                | 834.4            | -109   | Min.                   | 4512                | 793.4            |
|           |      |       |        | Max.                   | 4413                | 859.6            |        | Max.                   | 4638                | 818.6            |
| 2/2/11    |      | 00    | 0505   | End res.               | 4424                | 861.8            | 0500   | End res.               | 4649                | 820.8            |
| XXII      | 80   | 80    | 2525   | Start res.             | 4425                | 3410.0           | 2580   | Start res.             | 4650                | 3510.0           |
|           |      |       |        | Min.<br>Max.           | 4437<br>4813        | 3412.4<br>3487.6 | }      | Min.<br>Max.           | 4662<br>5038        | 3512.4<br>3587.6 |
|           |      |       |        | Stop res.              | 4824                | 3489.8           | }      | Stop res.              | 5049                | 3589.8           |
|           |      |       |        | Start res.             | 4875                | 1850             | 910    | Start res.             | 5100                | 1930             |
|           |      |       |        | Min.                   | 4887                | 1852.4           | 310    | Min.                   | 5112                | 1932.4           |
| XXV       | 2x65 | 2x65  | 875    | Max.                   | 5188                | 1912.6           |        | Max.                   | 5413                | 1992.6           |
|           |      |       |        | End res.               | 5199                | 1914.8           |        | End res.               | 5424                | 1994.8           |
|           |      |       |        | Start res.             | 6055                | 1850.1           | 674.1  | Start res.             | 6280                | 1930.1           |
| XXV       | OVEE | OVEE  | 620.4  | Min.                   | 6067                | 1852.5           |        | Min.                   | 6292                | 1932.5           |
| (Add.)    | 2x65 | 2x65  | 639.1  | Max.                   | 6367                | 1912.5           |        | Max.                   | 6592                | 1992.5           |
|           |      |       |        | End res.               | 6379                | 1914.9           |        | End res.               | 6604                | 1994.9           |
|           |      |       |        | Start res.             | 5525                | 814.0            | -291   | Start res.             | 5750                | 859.0            |
| XXVI      | 2x35 | 2x35  | -291   | Min.                   | 5537                | 816.4            |        | Min.                   | 5762                | 861.4            |
|           |      |       |        | Max.                   | 5688                | 846.6            |        | Max.                   | 5913                | 891.6            |
|           |      |       |        | End res.               | 5699                | 848.8            | 00= 0  | End res.               | 5924                | 893.8            |
| VVV       |      |       |        | Start res              | 5700                | 814.1            | -325.9 | Start res              | 5925                | 859.1            |
| (Vdd.)    | 2x35 | 2x35  | -325.9 | Min.                   | 5712                | 816.5            |        | Min.                   | 5937                | 861.5            |
| (Add.)    |      |       |        | Max.                   | <b>5862</b>         | 846.5            |        | Max.                   | 6087                | 891.5            |
|           |      |       |        | End res.<br>Start res. | 5874<br>8750        | 848.9<br>1750.0  |        | End res.<br>Start res. | 6099<br>9225        | 893.9<br>1845.0  |
|           |      |       |        | Min.                   | 8750<br><b>8762</b> | 1750.0<br>1752.4 | }      | Min.                   | 9225<br><b>9237</b> | 1847.4           |
| IX        | 2x35 | 2x35  | 0      | Max.                   | 8912                | 1782.4           | 0      | Max.                   | 9387                | 1877.4           |
|           |      |       |        | End res.               | 8924                | 1784.8           | }      | End res.               | 9399                | 1879.8           |
|           |      |       |        | Start res.             | 9250                | 1850.0           |        | Start res.             | 9650                | 1930.0           |
| <u>.</u>  | 0.05 | 0.05  |        | Min.                   | 9262                | 1852.4           |        | Min.                   | 9662                | 1932.4           |
| II        | 2x60 | 2x60  | 0      | Max.                   | 9538                | 1907.6           | 0      | Max.                   | 9938                | 1987.6           |
|           |      |       |        | End res.               | 9549                | 1909.8           |        | End res.               | 9949                | 1989.8           |
|           |      |       |        | Start res.             | 9600                | 1920.0           |        | Start res.             | 10550               | 2110.0           |
|           | 2460 | 2x60  | 0      | Min.                   | Min. 9612 1922.4    | _                | Min.   | 10562                  | 2112.4              |                  |
| '         | 2x60 |       | 0      | Max.                   | 9888                | 1977.6           | 0      | Max.                   | 10838               | 2167.6           |
|           |      |       |        |                        | 9899                |                  |        |                        | 10849               | 2169.8           |

# Annex F (informative): Change history

| TSG   | Doc       | CR   | R | Title  | Cat | Curr  | New   | WI                            |
|-------|-----------|------|---|--|-----|-------|-------|-------------------------------|
| RP-37 |           |      |   | Rel-7 version created based on v7.9.0  |     |       | 8.0.0 |                               |
| RP-37 | RP-070658 | 0567 |   | Introduction of UMTS1500 requirements (Rel-8)  | В   | 7.9.0 | 8.0.0 | RinImp8-<br>UMTS1500          |
| RP-37 | RP-070654 | 0571 | 1 | MBSFN FDD UE dem req   | В   | 7.9.0 | 8.0.0 | MBMSE-<br>RANPhysFD<br>D      |
| RP-38 | RP-070934 | 0578 |   | Correction to UE Relative code domain power accuracy   | Α   | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 | RANimp-<br>16QamUplin<br>k    |
| RP-38 | RP-070934 | 0580 | 1 | Introduction of requirements for UE capable of receiving HS-DSCH and HS-SCCH in CELL_FACH state  | A   | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 | RANImp-<br>Enhstate           |
| RP-38 | RP-070936 | 0576 |   | Editorial correction to the RV sequence of the MIMO FRC  | Α   | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 | MIMO-RF                       |
| RP-38 | RP-070937 | 0575 |   | Correction to extreme condition voltages for Lithium batteries in table D.2.2  | Α   | 8.0.0 | 8.1.0 | TEI7                          |
| RP-39 | RP-080121 |      |   | Correct reference to MIMO dual-stream channel model for MIMO CQI dual-stream requirements  | Α   | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 | MIMO-RF                       |
| RP-39 | RP-080121 |      |   | HS-SCCH Type nominator   | Α   | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 | MIMO-RF                       |
| RP-39 | RP-080121 | 0592 | 1 | Nominal Peak Data Rate and redundancy versions in MIMO FRC Tests   | Α   | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 | MIMO-RF                       |
| RP-39 | RP-080124 | 0583 | 2 | Introduction of UMTS700EMC requirements  | В   | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 | RinImp8-<br>UMTS700           |
| RP-39 | RP-080165 | 0598 |   | Addition of 15 code HSDPA demodulation requirements for 16QAM and QPSK   | В   | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 | RinImp8-<br>Hsdpa15cod<br>es  |
| RP-39 | RP-080166 | 0582 | 1 | Specification of enhanced performance requirements type 3i for HSDPA based on receiver diversity and interference-aware chip level equaliser | В   | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 | RinImp8-<br>2BIC              |
| RP-39 | RP-080167 | 0595 |   | Correct reference to H-Set for 64-QAM max input test   | Α   | 8.1.0 | 8.2.0 | RinImp                        |
| RP-40 | RP-080326 | 0606 |   | Correction of UMTS700 UE blocking and intermodulation values   | F   | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 | RinImp8-<br>UMTS700           |
| RP-40 | RP-080328 | 0608 | 2 | Introduction of Cat 19-20 demodulation requirement and cleanup of HS-DSCH requirement applicability.   | В   | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 | RANimp-<br>64QamMim<br>oHsdpa |
| RP-40 | RP-080323 | 0600 |   | Correction to MIMO propagation conditions  | Α   | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 | MIMO-RF                       |
| RP-40 | RP-080323 | 0611 |   | HS-DSCH transport Format used for HS-SCCH type 3 requirements  | Α   | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 | MIMO-RF                       |
| RP-40 | RP-080321 |      |   | Correction to Rx Spurious Emissions  | Α   | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 | TEI6                          |
| RP-40 | RP-080321 | 0601 |   | Correction to Annex A.8.1  | Α   | 8.2.0 | 8.3.0 | TEI6                          |
| RP-41 | RP-080629 |      |   | Correction to F-DPCH TPC error rate requirement  | Α   | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 | TEI6                          |
| RP-41 | RP-080629 |      | 1 | TS25.101: UTRA UE Power Class  | Α   | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 | TEI6                          |
| RP-41 | RP-080631 |      |   | CQI reporting test for single link with varying lor/loc  | F   | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 | TEI8                          |
| RP-41 | RP-080631 | 0626 | 1 | MIMO CQI reporting bias tests  | F   | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 | TEI8                          |
| RP-41 | RP-080631 | 0627 |   | Clarification of HSDPA performance requirement applicability   | F   | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 | TEI8                          |
| RP-41 | RP-080625 |      | 1 | CQI reporting test in fading conditions for 64QAM+MIMO   | F   | 8.3.0 | 8.4.0 | RANimp-<br>64QamMimo<br>Hsdpa |
| RP-42 | RP-080898 | 635  | 1 | Introduction of fading CQI requirement at higher geometry for 64QAM operation  | Α   | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 | TEI7                          |

| RP-42          | RP-080927              | 631 | 1 | Clarification of HST propagation conditions   | Α      | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 | TEI7                             |
|----------------|------------------------|-----|---|---|--------|-------|-------|----------------------------------|
| RP-42          | RP-080947              | 640 | 1 | Introduction of E-Al requirements   | В      | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 | RANImp-<br>UplinkEnhStat         |
| RP-42          | RP-080948              | 641 |   | Introduction of CQI reporting test requirements for DC-HSDPA  | В      | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 | e<br>RANimp-<br>DCHSDPA          |
| RP-42          | RP-080948              | 639 | 3 | Introduction of DC-HSDPA requirements   | В      | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 | RANimp-<br>DCHSDPA               |
| RP-42          | RP-080948              | 638 | 4 | Introduction of FRC requirements for Dual cell HSDPA operation  | В      | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 | RANimp-<br>DCHSDPA               |
| RP-42          | RP-080942              | 636 |   | CQI reporting test for STTD and CL1 with varying lor/loc  | F      | 8.4.0 | 8.5.0 | TEI8                             |
|                |                        |     |   | Correction to version number shown in title line  |        | 8.5.0 | 8.5.1 |                                  |
| RP-043         | RP-090168              | 644 | 1 | Correction to requirement tables for 9.2.1 and 9.2.4.   | Α      | 8.5.1 | 8.6.0 | TEI7                             |
| RP-043         | RP-090168              | 648 | 1 | Dual Cell HSDPA CQI Requirements in AWGN  | F      | 8.5.1 | 8.6.0 | RANimp-<br>DCHSDPA               |
| RP-043         | RP-090168              | 658 |   | Correction of HS-SCCH power in CQI tests  | Α      | 8.5.1 | 8.6.0 | TEI7                             |
| RP-043         | RP-090168              | 649 | 1 | Correction to FRC requirements for DC HSDPA   | F      | 8.5.1 | 8.6.0 | RANimp-<br>DCHSDPA               |
| RP-043         | RP-090168              | 651 |   | 25.101 CR Tx-Rx frequency separation for DC-HSDPA   | F      | 8.5.1 | 8.6.0 | RANimp-<br>DCHSDPA               |
| RP-043         | RP-090168              | 653 |   | 25.101 CR clarification of CQI reporting requirement for DC-HSDPA   | F      | 8.5.1 | 8.6.0 | RANimp-<br>DCHSDPA               |
| RP-043         | RP-090196              | 650 | 1 | 25.101 CR E-DCH phase discontinuity test requirement  | F      | 8.5.1 | 8.6.0 | TEI8                             |
| RP-043         | RP-090196              | 654 | 1 | Corrections of out of band blocking   | F      | 8.5.1 | 8.6.0 | TEI8                             |
| RP-044         | RP-090539              | 660 |   | Clarifications for CQI Reporting Requirements of HSDPA. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091235)   | Α      | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 | TEI7                             |
| RP-044         | RP-090539              | 662 |   | Correction to MIMO Propagation Conditions. (Technically Endorsed CR in R4-50bis - R4-091433)  | F      | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 | TEI7                             |
| RP-044         | RP-090539              | 666 | 1 | Correction to FRC H-Set 8 definition  | Α      | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 | TEI7                             |
| RP-044         | RP-090546              | 667 |   | Introduction of a new Compressed Mode pattern for E-<br>UTRAN measurements  | F      | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 | LTE-RF                           |
| RP-044         | RP-090555              | 669 |   | Removal of square brackets for DC-HSDPA Type 3i demodulation tests  | F      | 8.6.0 | 8.7.0 | TEI8                             |
| RP-044         | RP-090559              | 661 |   |   | В      | 8.7.0 | 9.0.0 | RInImp9-<br>UMTSLTE8             |
| DD 45          | DD 000000              | 070 |   | Introduction of Extended UMTS800 requirements   |        | 0.00  | 0.4.0 | 00                               |
| RP-45<br>RP-46 | RP-090820<br>RP-091286 |     | 1 | Update of DC HSDPA CQI requirements Introduction of Extended UMTS1500 requirements for  | A<br>B | 9.0.0 | 9.1.0 | TEI8<br>UMTSLTE1                 |
| KF-40          | KF-091260              | 070 |   | TS25.101 (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-<br>093624)   | Ь      | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 | 500                              |
| RP-46          | RP-091290              | 679 | 1 | Combination of DC-HSDPA and MIMO, CQI requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093831)   | В      | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 | RANimp-<br>DC_MIMO               |
| RP-46          | RP-091290              | 680 | 2 | Combination of DC-HSDPA and MIMO, FRC requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093832)   | В      | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 | RANimp-<br>DC_MIMO               |
| RP-46          | RP-091290              | 681 | 1 | Combination of DC-HSDPA and MIMO, RF requirements (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-093833)  | В      | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 | RANimp-<br>DC_MIMO               |
| RP-46          | RP-091288              | 682 | 1 | RF transmitter requirements for DC-HSUPA (Technically endorsed at RAN 4 52bis in R4-094072)   | В      | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 | RANimp-<br>DC_HSUPA              |
|                | RP-091289              | 683 |   | 25.101 CR introduction of Dual Band DC-HSDPA  | В      | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 | RANimp-<br>MultiBand_            |
| RP-46          | KF-091209              |     |   | (Toobnically Endorsed in D4 F2, D4 000404)  |        |       |       | DC FISHER                        |
| RP-46          | RP-091291              | 689 | 2 | (Technically Endorsed in R4-52, R4-093464)  | В      | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 | DC_HSDPA<br>RANimp-<br>TxAA_nonM |
|                |                        |     | 2 | (Technically Endorsed in R4-52, R4-093464)  Introduction of requirements for TxAA falback mode Clarification of CQI reporting requirement applicability | В      | 9.1.0 | 9.2.0 | RANimp-                          |

|                |                        |             | 1         |   |        | 1              |        |                         |
|----------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|---|--------|----------------|--------|-------------------------|
| RP-47          | RP-100248              | 702         |           | Correction of H-Set 11 requirement for type 3 and type 3i receivers                         | Α      | 9.2.0          | 9.3.0  | TEI8                    |
| RP-47          | RP-100270              | 697         |           | Correction of CQI requirements for DC_MIMO  | F      | 9.2.0          | 9.3.0  | RANimp-<br>DC_MIMO      |
| RP-47          | RP-100271              |             |           |   |        | 9.2.0          | 9.3.0  | RANimp-                 |
|                |                        | 703         | 1         | HS-SCCH requirements for TxAA fallback extension  | F      |                |        | TxAA_nonMI<br>MO        |
| RP-47          | RP-100263              | 696         |           | Introduction of UMTS in 800 MHz for Europe requirements in TS 25.101                        | В      | 9.2.0          | 9.3.0  | UMTSLTE800<br>EU        |
| RP-47          | RP-100267              | 090         |           | 11 13 23.101  | ь      | 9.2.0          | 9.3.0  | RANimp-                 |
| RP-47          | RP-100267              | 699         | 1         | Tx-Rx frequency separation for DC-HSUPA   | В      | 9.2.0          | 9.3.0  | DC_HSUPA<br>RANimp-     |
| RP-47          | KP-100207              | 698         | 2         | Introduction of Rx core requirements for DC-HSUPA   | В      | 9.2.0          | 9.3.0  | DC_HSUPA                |
| RP-48          | RP-100624              | 712         |           | Editorial correction of note in varying geometry testcases                                  | Α      | 9.3.0          | 9.4.0  | TEI8                    |
|                |                        |             |           | 25.101 CR spurious emission requirements for DC-HSUPA                                       |        |                |        | RInImp9-<br>UMTSLTE800  |
| RP-48          | RP-100626              | 704         | 1         | in band XX Small correction to parameters for testing MIMO FRC H-                           | F      | 9.3.0          | 9.4.0  | EU                      |
| RP-48          | RP-100631              | 714         | 1         | Set11/11A   | F      | 9.3.0          | 9.4.0  | TEI9                    |
| DD 40          | DD 400004              | 740         |           | DC-MIMO-HSDPA; Removal of brackets from CQI   | F      | 0.00           | 0.4.0  | TEIO                    |
| RP-48<br>RP-49 | RP-100631<br>RP-100918 | 713<br>725  |           | Requirements  Corrections to CQI reporting requirements                                     | A      | 9.3.0          | 9.4.0  | TEI9<br>TEI8            |
| RP-49          | RP-100916              | 728         |           | Correction to Rx core requirements for DC-HSUPA   | F      | 9.4.0          | 9.5.0  | RANimp-                 |
|                | 131 -100321            | 120         |           | ·   | [      | 5.7.0          | 5.5.0  | DC_HSUPA                |
| RP-49          | RP-100921              | 722         |           | Clarification of primary uplink frequency and secondary                                     | F      | 9.4.0          | 9.5.0  | 4C_HSDPA-               |
| DD 50          | DD 404004              | 7.45        |           | uplink frequency  | Δ.     | 0.5.0          | 0.00   | Core                    |
| RP-50<br>RP-50 | RP-101334<br>RP-101339 | 745<br>742  | 4         | Correction to Band XII frequency range Correction to Downlink Physical Channels in DC-HSDPA | A      | 9.5.0<br>9.5.0 | 9.6.0  | TEI8                    |
| RP-50          | RP-101339              | 742         | 1         | Tests   | Α      | 9.5.0          | 9.6.0  | RANimp-<br>DCHSDPA      |
| RP-50          | RP-101348              | 751         | 1         | Correction to core requirements for DB-DC-HSDPA with  | F      | 9.5.0          | 9.6.0  | RANimp-                 |
|                |                        |             |           | bands II/IV combination   |        |                |        | MultiBand_D             |
| RP-50          | RP-101348              | 747         | 2         | Clarification on carrier spacing for DC-HSDPA with MIMO                                     | F      | 9.5.0          | 9.6.0  | C_HSDPA<br>RANimp-      |
|                |                        |             |           |   |        |                |        | DC_MIMO                 |
| RP-50          | RP-101353              | 733         | 2         | Introduction of frequency bands for 4C-HSDPA  | В      | 9.6.0          | 10.0.0 | 4C_HSDPA-<br>Core       |
| RP-50          | RP-101353              | 750         | 1         | 25.101 CR Introduction of Tx Core Requirements for DB-                                      | В      | 9.6.0          | 10.0.0 | 4C_HSDPA-               |
|                |                        |             |           | DC-HSDPA and dual band 4C-HSDPA with bands II/IV  |        |                |        | Core                    |
| RP-50          | RP-101353              | 737         | 1         | combination   25.101 CR introduction of Rx core requirements for 4C-                        | В      | 9.6.0          | 10.0.0 | 4C_HSDPA-               |
|                |                        |             |           | HSDPA   |        |                |        | Core                    |
| RP-50          | RP-101361              | 748         |           | Protection of E-UTRA Band 24  | В      | 9.6.0          | 10.0.0 | L_Band_LTE<br>_ATC_MSS- |
|                |                        |             |           |   |        |                |        | Core                    |
|                |                        |             |           | Correction of reference to table 7.1aB in section 7.3.1                                     |        | 10.0.0         | 10.0.1 |                         |
| RP-51          | DD 110051              | 0754        | ,         | Introduction of Rx core requirements for DB-DC-HSDPA  | _      | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | 4C_HSDPA-               |
| RP-51          | RP-110354              | 0754        | 1         | and dual band 4C-HSDPA  Correction to Downlink Physical Channels in DC-HSDPA                | F      | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | Core<br>RANimp-         |
|                | RP-110345              | 0765        | 1         | receiver sensitivity  | Α      |                |        | DCHSDPA                 |
| RP-51          |                        |             |           | Introduction of Tx core requirements for DB-DC-HSDPA  |        | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | 40 110004               |
|                | RP-110354              | 0766        | 1         | and dual band 4C-HSDPA for I/VIII and I/V band combinations                                 | F      |                |        | 4C_HSDPA-<br>Core       |
| RP-51          |                        |             | Ė         | HSDPA MIMO demodulation performance requirements  |        | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | MIMO_HSDP               |
| DD 54          | RP-110407              | 0768        | 1         | due to asymmetric P-CPICH/S-CPICH power settings  | В      | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | A-Perf<br>RANimp-       |
| RP-51          | RP-110345              | 0771        | -         | DC-HSUPA Rx core requirements for band XI and band XXI                                      | Α      | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | DC_HSUPA                |
| RP-51          | RP-110341              | 0776        | -         | Correction of UARFCN range for Band XII   | Α      | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | TEI8                    |
| RP-51          | DD 440000              | 0770        |           | Correction of OOBB interferer frequency ranges for Band                                     |        | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | LTE DE                  |
| RP-51          | RP-110336              | 0779        | -         | XII   25.101 CR: Correction of out of band blocking for DB-DC-                              | Α      | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | LTE-RF<br>DB_DC_HSD     |
|                | RP-110355              | 0783        | <u> -</u> | HSDPA configuration 3 (Rel-10)  | Α      |                |        | PA-Core                 |
| RP-51          |                        |             |           |   |        | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | TEI9,                   |
|                |                        |             |           | 25.101 CR Introduction of demodulation performance for                                      |        |                |        | RANimp-<br>MultiBand_D  |
|                | RP-110346              | 0785        | 2         | DB-DC-HSDPA (rel-10)  | F      |                |        | C_HSDPA                 |
| RP-51          | DD 440055              | 0700        | 2         | CR for the addition of the new band combinations and the                                    | Р      | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | DB_DC_HSD               |
| RP-51          | RP-110355              | 0788        | 3         | TX core requirements for band I-XI and II-V   | В      | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | PA-Core<br>DB_DC_HSD    |
|                | RP-110355              | 0789        | 3         | CR for RX core requirements for band I-XI and II-V  | В      |                |        | PA-Core                 |
| RP-51          | DD 440044              | 0700        |           | CR for the modification of the UE relative code domain                                      |        | 10.0.1         | 10.1.0 | TEIO                    |
| RP-52          | RP-110341<br>RP-110798 | 0793<br>797 | 1         | power accuracy  CR for the introduction of TX core requirements for band I-                 | A<br>B | 10.1.0         | 10.2.0 | TEI8<br>DB_DC_HSD       |
| 111 502        | 110730                 |             |           | XI and II-V   |        | 10.1.0         | 10.2.0 | PA-Core                 |
| RP-52          | RP-110798              | 798         |           | 25.101 CR Introduction of Rx core requirements for Band                                     | В      | 10.1.0         | 10.2.0 | DB_DC_HSD               |
|                |                        |             |           | combinations II-V and I-XI  |        |                |        | PA-Core                 |

| RP-52          | RP-110801              | 799  |   | HSDPA MIMO CQI reporting requirements due to asymmetric P-CPICH/S-CPICH power settings | В | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 | MIMO_HSDP<br>A-Perf              |
|----------------|------------------------|------|---|--|---|--------|--------|----------------------------------|
| RP-52          | RP-110801              | 811  |   | HSDPA MIMO CQI reporting requirements due to asymmetric P-CPICH/S-CPICH power settings | В | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 | MIMO_HSDP<br>A-Perf              |
| RP-52          | RP-110812              | 812  |   | UTRAN UE spurious emission requirements to protect E-<br>UTRA band 23                  | В | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 | S_Band_LTE<br>_ATC_MSS-<br>Core  |
| RP-52          | RP-110795              | 813  |   | UTRAN UE spurious emission requirements to protect E-<br>UTRA band 24                  | F | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 | L_Band_LTE<br>_ATC_MSS-          |
| RP-52          | RP-110796              | 816  |   | Additional Spurious requirement extension due to EN spec change                        | F | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 | Core<br>TEI10                    |
| RP-52          | RP-110801              | 807  | 1 | Clarification on retransmission for MIMO workaround                                    | В | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 | MIMO_HSDP<br>A-Perf              |
| RP-52          | RP-110804              | 805  | 3 | Expanded 1900 MHz addition to 25.101   | В | 10.1.0 | 10.2.0 | E1900-Core                       |
| RP-53          | RP-111252              | 846  |   | Correction of UE Relative code domain power accuracy requirements for TS 25.101 REL-10 | Α | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 | TEI9                             |
| RP-53          | RP-111252              | 843  |   | Clarification of spectrum emission mask requirements                                   | Α | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 | TEI9                             |
| 111 00         | 1111200                | 0.0  |   | Old modulo 1 of opositum of model mask requirements                                    |   |        |        | RANimp-                          |
| RP-53          | RP-111254              | 829  |   | Clarification of ACLR requirements for DC-HSUPA  | Α | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 | DC_HSUPA<br>RInImp8-             |
| RP-53          | RP-111255              | 838  | 1 | Add Band XXII for LTE/UMTS 3500 (FDD) to TS 25.101                                     | В | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 | UMTSLTE350                       |
| RP-53          | RP-111262              | 837  | 1 | Fixing UARFCN numbers in 25.101  | F | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 | TEI10                            |
| RP-53          | RP-111264              | 830  | 1 | UE core requirements for Band XXV  | F | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 | E1900                            |
| RP-53          | RP-111270              | 818  |   | Completion of UE demodulation performance requirements for 4C-HSDPA                    | В | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 | 4C_HSDPA-<br>Perf                |
|                |                        |      |   | Introduction of UE CQI reporting requirements for 4C-                                  | В | 10.2.0 | 10.3.0 | 4C_HSDPA-                        |
| RP-53<br>RP-54 | RP-111270<br>RP-111690 | 819  | 1 | HSDPA  | F | 10 2 0 | 10.4.0 | Perf                             |
| RP-54          | RP-111690              |      |   | Non applicable UARFCN numbers Alignment with TS 36.101 on 3500MHz                      | F |        | 10.4.0 |                                  |
| RP-54          | RP-111686              |      |   | Introduction of missing ACS case 2 requirement for                                     | F |        | 10.4.0 |                                  |
|                |                        |      |   | single band 4C-HSDPA   | • |        |        | core                             |
| RP-54          | RP-111696              | 849  |   | Introduction of single band 4C-HSDPA II-4  | В | 10.4.0 | 11.0.0 | 4C_HSDPA_<br>Config-Core         |
| RP-55          | RP-120306              | 860  | 1 | Introduction of Band 26/XXVI to TS 25.101  | В | 11.0.0 | 11.1.0 | e850_UB-<br>Core                 |
| RP-55          | RP-120297              | 862  |   | Correction of frequency range for spurious emission                                    | Α | 11.0.0 | 11.1.0 |                                  |
|                |                        |      |   | requirements   |   |        |        | UMTSLTE3<br>500                  |
| RP-56          | RP-120775              | 866  | - | Correction to H-Set 8  | Α | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 |                                  |
| RP-56          | RP-120771              | 874  | 1 | Introduction of Japanese Regulatory Requirements to W-CDMA Band VIII (R11)             | Α | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 | TEI9                             |
| RP-56          | RP-120786              | 876  | 2 | Introduction of 8C-HSDPA operation in 25.101 and rx                                    | В | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 | 8C-HSDPA-                        |
| RP-56          | RP-120793              | 881  | - | core requirements Introduction of Band 28  | В | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 | Core<br>LTE_APAC7                |
| RP-56          | DD 400770              | 000  |   | Correction of TV news step size telegraps for UC                                       | ^ | 44.4.0 | 44.0.0 | 00-Core                          |
|                | RP-120779              | 883  | - | Correction of TX power step size tolerance for HS-DPCCH                                | Α | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 | TEITO                            |
| RP-56          | RP-120793              | 884  | 1 | Introduction of Band 44  | В | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 | LTE_APAC7<br>00-Core             |
| RP-56          | RP-120763              | 888  | - | Correction to numbers of HS-SCCH for DC-HSDPA  | Α | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 | RANimp-<br>DCHSDPA               |
| RP-56          | RP-120791              | 889  | 2 | Introduction of E850_LB (Band 27) to TS 25.101   | В | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 | LTE_e850_                        |
| RP-56          | RP-120766              | 895  | - | Correction of PHS protection requirements for TS 25.101                                | Α | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 | LB-Core<br>TEI8                  |
| RP-56          | RP-120610              | 899  | 2 | Introduction of non contiguous 4C-HSDPA core   | В | 11.1.0 | 11.2.0 | NC_4C_HS                         |
| RP-57          | DD 101000              | 9026 |   | requirements definition  | ۸ | 11 2 0 | 11 2 0 | DPA-Core                         |
| RP-57          | RP-121300              | 892a | - | Corrections of spurious emission band UE co-<br>existence applicable in Japan          | Α | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 | RInImp9-<br>UMTSLTE8<br>00       |
| RP-57          | RP-121309              |      | 1 | Missing allowed de-sensitization for single band 4C-HSDPA                              | F | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 | 4C_HSDPA-<br>Core                |
| RP-57          | RP-121299              | 905  | 1 | Correction of DC-HSUPA core requirements   | Α | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 | RANimp-                          |
| RP-57          | RP-121314              | 906  | 1 | Removal of [] in NC-4C-HSDPA core requirements   | F | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 | DC_HSUPA<br>NC_4C_HS<br>DPA-Core |
| RP-57          | RP-121318              | 907  | 1 | Performance requirements for 8C-HSDPA  | В | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 | 8C_HSDPA-<br>Perf                |

|       | 1         | 1   | , |   | 1 | T.     | ı      |   |
|-------|-----------|-----|---|---|---|--------|--------|---|
| RP-57 | RP-121312 | 909 | - | DC-HSUPA for Band XXII  | Α | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 | RInImp8-<br>UMTSLTE3<br>500                                     |
| RP-57 | RP-121317 | 910 | - | Modification of the MPR/CM for 8C-HSDPA   | В | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 | 8C_HSDPA-<br>Core   |
| RP-57 | RP-121340 | 911 | - | Correction of the HS-DPCCH power step range   | F | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 | TEI11   |
| RP-57 | RP-121320 |     | - | Tx requirements for I-2-VIII-2 and II-1-V-2   | В | 11.2.0 | 11.3.0 | HSDPA_DB<br>_MC-Core  |
| RP-57 | RP-121320 |     | 1 | Missing requirements for I-2-VIII-2 and II-1-V-2  | В |        |        | HSDPA_DB<br>_MC-Core  |
| RP-58 | RP-121867 |     |   | Japanese regulatory requirements for DC-HSUPA spurious emissions  | Α |        | 11.4.0 |   |
| RP-58 | RP-121856 |     |   | Alignment of inconsistent Rx core requirements with dual uplinks  | Α |        |        | RANimp-<br>DC_HSUPA   |
| RP-58 | RP-121908 | 933 | 1 | Introduction of UL MIMO to TS 25.101  | В | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 | MIMO_64Q<br>AM_HSUPA<br>-Core                                   |
| RP-58 | RP-121876 |     | 1 | CR to TS 25.101 due to introduction of CLTD   | В |        |        | HSPA_UL_<br>TxDiv-CL-<br>Core                                   |
| RP-58 | RP-121901 |     |   | Introduction of Band 29   | В |        |        | LTE_DL_FD<br>D700-Core  |
| RP-58 | RP-121876 |     |   | F-TPICH out of quality handling for UL CLTD and UL MIMO   | В |        |        | HSPA_UL_<br>TxDiv-CL-<br>Core,<br>MIMO_64Q<br>AM_HSUPA<br>-Core |
| RP-58 | RP-121877 |     | 1 | CR to TS 25.101 due to introduction of OLTD   | В |        |        | HSPA_UL_<br>TxDiv-OL-<br>Core                                   |
| RP-58 | RP-121848 |     |   | Introducing the additional frequency bands of 5 MHz x 2 in 1.7 GHz in Japan to Band III   | Α |        |        | RInImp-<br>UMTS1700   |
| RP-58 | RP-121867 | 925 |   | Cleaning of 25.101 Performance sections Rel-11 The CR was not implemented as it was not based on the latest version of the spec | А | 11.3.0 | 11.4.0 | TEI10   |
| RP-59 | RP-130287 | 941 | 1 | CR for Cleaning of 25.101 Rel-11  | F |        | 11.5.0 |   |
| RP-59 | RP-130287 |     | 1 | Band 41 requirements for operation in China and Japan   | F |        | 11.5.0 |   |
| RP-59 | RP-130281 |     | 1 | CR for Non contiguous Carrier aggregation UE demodulation performance   | В |        |        | NC_4C_HS<br>DPA-Perf  |
| RP-59 | RP-130271 | 939 |   | Some corrections on requirements of ULTD for TS 25.101  | F |        |        | HSPA_UL_<br>TxDiv-OL-<br>Core                                   |
| RP-59 | RP-130270 |     | 1 | Removal of bracket from CR F-TPICH out of quality handling for UL CLTD and UL MIMO  | F |        |        | HSPA_UL_<br>TxDiv-CL-<br>Core,<br>MIMO_64Q<br>AM_HSUPA<br>-Core |
| RP-60 | RP-130762 |     |   | Adding definition of UE maximum output power for DC-HSUPA   | Α |        |        | RANimp-<br>DC_HSUPA   |
| RP-60 | RP-130762 |     |   | Correction to center frequency offset for additional spectrum emissions mask  | A |        |        | RANimp-<br>DC_HSUPA   |
| RP-60 | RP-130768 |     |   | Correction to Definitions list  | F |        |        | 8C_HSDPA-<br>Core   |
| RP-60 | RP-130768 |     | 1 | Co-existence with 2.6GHz bands  | F |        | 11.6.0 |   |
| RP-60 | RP-130768 |     |   | Introduction of F-TPICH demodulation performance requirements in F-TPICH out-of-quality handling requirements                   | F |        |        | HSPA_UL_<br>TxDiv-CL-<br>Core                                   |
| RP-60 | RP-130766 |     |   | Carrier aggregation in multi-RAT UTRA and E-UTRA terminals  |   |        |        | LTE_CA-<br>Core   |
| RP-60 | RP-130764 |     |   | Editorial CR for 25.101 rel-11  | Α |        | 11.6.0 |   |
| RP-61 | RP-131304 |     | 1 | Introduction of UE demodulation performance requirements for Multiflow HSDPA  | В |        |        | HSDPA_MF<br>TX-Perf   |
| RP-61 | RP-131304 | 984 | 1 | Introduction of UE CQI reporting performance requirements for Multiflow HSDPA   | В | 11.6.0 | 11.7.0 | HSDPA_MF<br>TX-Perf   |

| RP-61 | RP-131280 | 987  |   | CM and MPR for DC-HSUPA with 16QAM                           | Α | 11.6.0 | 11.7.0 | RANimp-     |
|-------|-----------|------|---|--|---|--------|--------|-------------|
|       |           |      |   |  |   |        |        | DC_HSUPA    |
| RP-62 | RP-131925 | 1003 |   | Missing update on reference input power adjustment for a     | F | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0 | RANimp-     |
|       |           |      |   | dual band device   |   |        |        | DC_HSUPA    |
| RP-62 | RP-131933 | 1009 | 1 | CSI testing for MIMO mode with 4 transmit antennas           | В | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0 | 4Tx_HSDPA-  |
|       |           |      |   |  |   |        |        | Perf        |
| RP-62 | RP-131932 | 1014 |   | Introduction of UE requirements for determination of         | В | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0 | Cell_FACH_e |
|       |           |      |   | Common E-RGCH Radio Link(s) in Cell_FACH                     |   |        |        | nh-Perf     |
| RP-62 | RP-131933 | 991  | 1 | HS-PDSCH performance requirements for MIMO mode with         | В | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0 | 4Tx_HSDPA-  |
|       |           |      |   | 4 transmit antennas  |   |        |        | Perf        |
| RP-62 | RP-131929 | 995  |   | Clarification on the applicability of MIMO performance for a | F | 11.7.0 | 11.8.0 | NC_4C_HSD   |
|       |           |      |   | UE supporting NC-MC-HSDPA                                    |   |        |        | PA-Core     |
| RP-63 | RP-140369 | 1017 |   | Removing [] in 25.101 in the context of Four transmit        | F | 11.8.0 | 11.9.0 | 4Tx_HSDPA-  |
|       |           |      |   | antennas for HSDPA   |   |        |        | Perf        |
| RP-63 | RP-140375 | 1027 |   | Editorial corrections to UE RF core requirements in TS       | F | 11.8.0 | 11.9.0 | TEI11       |
|       |           |      |   | 25.101   |   |        |        |             |
|       |           |      |   | Correction to cover page                                     |   | 11.9.0 | 11.9.1 |             |
|       |           |      |   | Correction to history box                                    |   | 11.9.1 | 11.9.2 |             |
| RP-65 | RP-141529 | 1041 |   | Maximum allowed UL TX power for Band XXVI                    |   | 11.9.2 | 11.10. | e850_UB-    |
|       |           |      |   | coexistence with Public Safety                               |   |        | 0      | Core        |

## History

| Document history |               |             |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| V11.3.0          | November 2012 | Publication |  |  |  |  |
| V11.4.0          | February 2013 | Publication |  |  |  |  |
| V11.5.0          | April 2013    | Publication |  |  |  |  |
| V11.6.0          | July 2013     | Publication |  |  |  |  |
| V11.7.0          | October 2013  | Publication |  |  |  |  |
| V11.8.0          | January 2014  | Publication |  |  |  |  |
| V11.9.2          | April 2014    | Publication |  |  |  |  |
| V11.10.0         | October 2014  | Publication |  |  |  |  |