# 3GPP TS 32.621-2 V2.0.0 (2001-06)

**Technical Specification** 

3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; 3G Configuration Management: Core Network Resources IRP: Network Resource Model; (Release 4)



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## Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
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- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

## Introduction

Configuration Management (CM), in general, provides the operator with the ability to assure correct and effective operation of the 3G network as it evolves. CM actions have the objective to control and monitor the actual configuration on the Network Elements (NEs) and Network Resources (NRs), and they may be initiated by the operator or by functions in the Operations Systems (OSs) or NEs.

CM actions may be requested as part of an implementation programme (e.g. additions and deletions), as part of an optimisation programme (e.g. modifications), and to maintain the overall Quality of Service (QOS). The CM actions are initiated either as single actions on single NEs of the 3G network, or as part of a complex procedure involving actions on many resources/objects in one or several NEs.

Due to the growing number of specifications to model new services and Resource Models for Configuration Management (CM), as well as the expected growth in size of each of them from 3GPP Release 4 onwards, a new structure of the specifications is already needed in Release 4. This structure is needed for several reasons, but mainly to enable more independent development and release for each part, as well as a simpler document identification and version handling. Another benefit would be that it becomes easier for bodies outside 3GPP, such as the ITU-T, to refer to telecom management specifications from 3GPP. The new structure of the specifications does not lose any information or functionality supported by the Release 1999. The restructuring also includes defining new IRPs for the Network Resource Models (Generic, Core Network and UTRAN NRM).

Finally, the Name convention for Managed Objects (in Release 1999: 32.106-8) has been moved to a separate number series used for specifications common between several management areas (e.g. CM, FM, PM).

The following table shows an overview of the mapping between the old Release 1999 and new Release 4 CM specification structure.

R99 Old no.	Old (R99) specification title	Rel-4 New no.	New (ReI-4) specification title
32.106-1	3G Configuration Management: Concept and Requirements	32.600	3G Configuration Management: Concept and
			High-le vel Re qui rements
32.106-1	<notification 32.106-1="" 32.106-2="" and="" from="" irp="" requirements=""></notification>	32.301-1	Notification IRP: Requirements
32.106-2	Notification IRP: IS	32.301-2	Notification IRP: Information Service
32.106-3	Notification IRP: CORBA SS	32.301-3	Notification IRP: CORBA SS
32.106-4	Notification IRP: CMIP SS	32.301-4	Notification IRP: CMIP SS
32.106-8	Name convention for Managed Objects	32.300	Name Convention for Managed O bjects
32.106-1	<basic 32.106-1="" 32.106-5="" and="" cm="" from="" irp="" is="" requirements=""></basic>	32.601-1	Basic CM IRP: Requirements
32.106-5	Basic CM IRP IM (Intro & IS part)	32.601-2	Basic CM IRP: Information Service
32.106-6	Basic CM IRP CORBA SS (IS related part)	32.601-3	Basic CM IRP: CORBA SS
32.106-7	Basic CM IRP CMIP SS (IS related part)	32.601-4	Basic CM IRP: CMIP SS
32.106-1	<basic 32.106-1="" and<="" cm="" from="" generic="" irp="" nrm="" requirements="" td=""><td>32.620-1</td><td>Generic Network Resources IRP: Requirements</td></basic>	32.620-1	Generic Network Resources IRP: Requirements
	32.106-5>		
32.106-5	Basic CM IRP IM (Generic NRM part)	32.620-2	Generic Network Resources IRP: NRM
32.106-6	Basic CM IRP CORBA SS (Generic NRM related part)	32.620-3	Generic Network Resources IRP: CORBA SS
32.106-7	Basic CM IRP CMIP SS (Generic NRM related part)	32.620-4	Generic Network Resources IRP: CMIP SS
32.106-1	<basic 32.106-1="" 32.106-<br="" and="" cm="" cn="" from="" irp="" nrm="" requirements="">5&gt;</basic>	32.621-1	Core Network Resources IRP: Requirements
32.106-5	Basic CM IRP IM (CN NRM part)	32.621-2	Core Network Resources IRP: NRM
32.106-6	Basic CM IRP CORBA SS (CN NRM related part)	32.621-3	Core Network Resources IRP: CORBA SS
32.106-7	Basic CM IRP CMIP SS (CN NRM related part)	32.621-4	Core Network Resources IRP: CMIP SS
32.106-1	<basic 32.106-1="" and<br="" cm="" from="" irp="" nrm="" requirements="" utran="">32.106-5&gt;</basic>	32.622-1	UTRAN Network Resources IRP: Requirements
32.106-5	Basic CM IRP IM (UT RAN NRM part)	32.622-2	UT RAN Network Resources IRP: NRM
32.106-6	Basic CM IRP CORBA SS (UT RAN NRM related part)	32.622-3	UTRAN Network Resources IRP: CORBA SS
32.106-7	Basic CM IRP CMIP SS (UT RAN NRM related part)	32.622-4	UTRAN Network Resources IRP: CMIP SS

Table: Mapping between Release '99 and the new Rel-4 specifications

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The present document is 3GPP TS 32.621-2: Core Network Resources IRP: Network Resource Model (NRM).

## 1 Scope

The present document is part of an Integration Reference Point (IRP) named "Core Network Resources IRP", through which an 'IRPAgent' (typically an Element Manager or Network Element) can communicate Configuration Management information to one or several 'IRPManagers' (typically Network Managers) concerning CN resources. This version of the IRP is mainly intended for "passive management" of high-level network configuration and status information as required by a Network Manager. The "Core Network Resources IRP" comprises a set of specifications defining Requirements, a protocol neutral Network Resource Model (NRM) and corresponding Solution Set(s).

The present document specifies the protocol neutral Core Network Resources IRP: Network Resource Model. It reuses relevant parts of the generic NRM in [16], either by direct reuse or sub-classing, and in addition to that defines CN specific Managed Object Classes.

The Configuration Management (CM) area is very large. The intention is to split the specification of the related interfaces in several IRPs – as described in the Introduction clause above. An important aspect of such a split is that the Network Resource Models (NRMs) defined in different IRPs containing NRMs are consistent, and that NRMs supported by an IRPAgent implementation can be accessed as one coherent model through one IRP Information Service.

To summarize, the present document has the following main purpose: to define the applied CN specific Network Resource Model, based on the generic NRM in [16].

Finally, in order to access the information defined by this NRM, an IRP Information Service (IS) is needed, such as the Basic CM IRP: IS [17]. However, which Information Service that is applicable is outside the scope of this document.

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1]	3GPP TS 32.101: "3G Telecom Management principles and high level require ments".
[2]	3GPP TS 32.102: "3G Telecom Management architecture".
[3]	3GPP TS 32.301-2: "Telecommunication Management; Configuration Management; Part 2: Notification Integration Reference Point; Information Service Version 1".
[4]	Void
[5]	Void
[6]	Void
[7]	ITU-T Recommendation X.710 (1991): "Common Management Information Service Definition for CCITT Applications".
[8]	Void
[9]	Void
[10]	Void

[11]	3GPP TS 32.111-2: "Telecommunication Management; Fault Management; Part 2: Alarm Integration Reference Point; Information Service Version 1".
[12]	Void
[13]	3GPP TS 32.300: "Name Convention for Managed Objects".
[14]	3GPP TS 32.600: "3G Configuration Management: Concepts and requirements".
[15]	3GPP TS 23.002: "Network Architecture".
[16]	3GPP TS 32.620-2: "Generic Network Resources IRP: NRM".
[17]	3GPP TS 32.601-2: "Basic CM IRP: Information Service".
[18]	3GPP TS 23.060: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) Service description".

## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

## 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply. For terms and definitions not found here, please refer to 3GPP TS 32.101 [1], 3GPP TS 32.102 [2] and 3GPP TS 32.600 [14].

Association: In general it is used to model relationships between Managed Objects. Associations can be implemented in several ways, such as:

- (1) name bindings,
- (2) reference attributes, and
- (3) association objects.

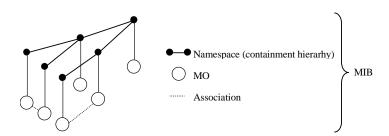
This IRP stipulates that containment associations shall be expressed through name bindings, but it does not stipulate the implementation for other types of associations as a general rule. These are specified as separate entities in the object models (UML diagrams). Currently (in R99) however, all (non-containment) associations are modelled by means of reference attributes of the participating MOs.

Managed Element (ME): An instance of the Managed Object Class ManagedElement defined in [16].

**Managed Object (MO)**: In the context of the present document, a Managed Object (MO) is a software object that encapsulates the manageable characteristics and behaviour of a particular Network Resource. The MO is instance of a MO class defined in a MIM/NRM. An MO class has <u>attributes</u> that provide information used to characterize the objects that belong to the class (the term "attribute" is taken from TMN and corresponds to a "property" according to CIM). Furthermore, an MO class can have <u>operations</u> that represent the behaviour relevant for that class (the term "operation" is taken from TMN and corresponds to a "method" according to CIM). An MO class may support <u>notifications</u> that provide information about an event occurrence within a network resource.

**Management Information Base (MIB)**: A MIB is an instance of an NRM and has some values on the defined attributes and associations specific for that instance. In the context of the present document, an MIB consists of:

- (1) a Name space (describing the MO containment hierarchy in the MIB through Distinguished Names),
- (2) a number of Managed Objects with their attributes and
- (3) a number of Associations between these MOs. Also note that TMN (ITU-T Recommendation X.710 [7]) defines a concept of a <u>Management Information Tree</u> (also known as a Naming Tree) that corresponds to the name space (containment hierarchy) portion of this MIB definition. Figure 1 depicts the relationships between a Name space and a number of participating MOs (the shown association is of a non-containment type)



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Figure 1: Relationships between a Name space and a number of participating MOs

Management Information Model (MIM): Also referred to as NRM – see the definition below.

Name space: A name space is a collection of names. The IRP name convention (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [13]) restricts the name space to a hierarchical containment structure, including its simplest form - the one-level, flat name space. All Managed Objects in a MIB shall be included in the corresponding name space and the MIB/name space shall only support a strict hierarchical containment structure (with one root object). A Managed Object that contains another is said to be the superior (parent); the contained Managed Object is referred to as the subordinate (child). The parent of all MOs in a single name space is called a Local Root. The ultimate parent of all MOs of all managed systems is called the Global Root.

**Network Resource Model (NRM)**: A model representing the actual managed telecommunications network resources that a System is providing through the subject IRP. An NRM describes Managed Object Classes, their associations, attributes and operations. The NRM is also referred to as "MIM" (see above), which originates from the ITU-T TMN.

**Node B:** A logical node responsible for radio transmission/reception in one or more cells to/from the User Equipment. It terminates the lub interface towards the RNC.

## 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AUC	AUthentication Centre
BG	Border Gateway
BS	Billing System
CBC	Cell Broadcast Center
CGF	Charging Gateway Functionality
CMIP	Common Management Information Protocol
CMIS	Common Management Information Service
CN	Core Network
CORBA	Common Object Request Broker Architecture
DMTF	Distributed Management Task Force
DN	Distinguished Name (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [13])
EIR	Equipment Identity Register
EM	Element Manager
FM	Fault Management
FNR	Flexible Number Register
GDMO	Guidelines for the Definition of Managed Objects
GGSN	Gateway GPRS Support Node
GMLC	Gateway Mobile Location Center
GMSC	Gateway MSC
GMSC Server	Gateway MSC Server
GPRS	General Packet Radio System
HLR	Home Location Register
IDL	Interface Definition Language
IEC	International Electro-technical Commission
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force
IRP	Integration Reference Point
ISO/IEC	International Standards Organization
ITU-T	International Telecommunication Union, Telecommunication Sector

IWF	Interworking Function
NM	Network Manager
NE	Network Element
ME	Managed Element
MGW	Media Gateway
MIB	Management Information Base
MIM	Management Information Model
MIT	Management Information Tree (or Naming Tree)
MNP-SRF	Mobile Number Portability/Signalling Relay Function
MO	Managed Object
MOC	Managed Object Class
MOI	Managed Object Instance
MSC	Mobile Services Switching Centre
MSC Server	Mobile Services Switching Centre Server
NE	Network Element
NPDB	Number Portability Database
NR	Network Resource
NRM	Network Resource Model
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection
PM	Performance Management
RDN	Relative Distinguished Name (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [13])
R-SGW	Roaming Signalling Gateway
SCF	Service Control Function
SGSN	Serving GPRS Support Node
SMLC	Serving Mobile Location Center
SMS	Short Message Service
SMS-GMSC	SMS Gateway MSC
SMS-IWMSC	SMS Interworking MSC
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
SRF	Specialised Resource Function
SS	Solution Set
SSF	Service Switching Function
TMN	Telecommunications Management Network
UML	Unified Modelling Language
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
UTRAN	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network
VLR	Visitor Location Register
WBEM	Web-Based Enterprise Management
XML	eXtensible Mark-up Language

## 4 System overview

## 4.1 System context

Figure and Figure identify system contexts of the subject IRP in terms of its implementation called IRPAgent and the user of the IRPAgent, called IRPManager. For a definition of IRPManager and IRPAgent, see 3GPP TS 32.102 [2].

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The IRPAgent implements and supports the Basic CM IRP. The IRPAgent can be an Element Manager (EM) or a mediator that interfaces one or more NEs (see Figure), or it can be a Network Element (NE) (see Figure). In the former case, the interfaces (represented by a thick dotted line) between the EM and the NEs are not subject of this IRP.

An IRPManager using this IRP shall choose one of the two System Contexts defined here, for each NE. For instance, if an EM is responsible for managing a number of NEs, the NM shall access this IRP through the EM and not directly to those NEs. For another IRP though, the System Context may be different.

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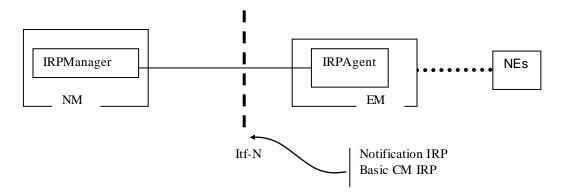


Figure 2: System Context A

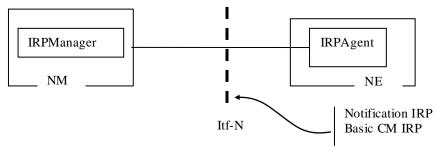


Figure 3: System Context B

## 4.2 Compliance rules

For general definitions of compliance rules related to qualifiers (Mandatory/Optional/Conditional) for *operations*, *notifications and parameters* (of operations and notifications) please refer to 3GPP TS 32.102 [2].

The following defines the meaning of Mandatory and Optional MOC attributes and associations between MOCs, in Solution Sets to the Basic CM IRP:

- The IRPManager shall support all mandatory attributes/associations. The IRPManager shall be prepared to receive information related to mandatory as well as optional attributes/associations without failure; however the IRPManager does not have to support handling of the optional attributes/associations.
- The IRPA gent shall support all mandatory attributes/associations. It may support optional attributes/associations.

An IRPAgent that incorporates vendor-specific extensions shall support normal communication with a 3GPP SA5-compliant IRPManager with respect to all Mandatory and Optional managed object classes, attributes, associations, operations, parameters and notifications without requiring the IRPManager to have any knowledge of the extensions.

Given that

- rules for vendor-specific extensions remain to be fully specified, and
- many scenarios under which IRPM anager and IRPA gent interwork may exist,

it is recognised that in Release 4/5 the IRPManager, even though it is not required to have knowledge of vendor-specific extensions, may be required to be implemented with an awareness that extensions can exist and behave accordingly.

## 5 Modelling approach

The modelling approach is described in the Generic Network Resources IRP: NRM [16].

## 6 IRP Information Model

## 6.1 Introduction

As already introduced in the previous clause, the present clause defines the Core Network Resources IRP: Network Resource Model. That is, this model defines CN specific MOCs that shall be contained under the generic MOCs defined in [16].

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The managed object classes in this NRM are protocol environment neutral and the model does not define the syntax or encoding of the operations and parameters.

It should be noted that this model allows for combined managed element functionality, where more than one 'function MOCs' (inherited from ManagedFunction) modelling more specific managed element functionality may be contained in the ManagedElement MOC.

The Information Service(s) to access managed objects of this NRM is defined elsewhere.

The corresponding Solution Set specifications provide protocol dependent definitions. They provide the actual realization of the operations and notifications defined in this subclause in each protocol environment. One may find that the class/attribute definitions in the protocol-neutral model differ from those defined in the Solution Sets (e.g. due to mappings to existing standard models that are applicable for a specific Solution Set).

## 6.2 Managed Object Class (MOC) diagrams

A general note regarding all the notification tables defined for each MOC below: Each MOC may potentially send the notifications listed in the notification table for the MOC. The notifications with qualifier (M) shall be supported by the MOC, and the notifications with qualifier (O) may be supported by the MOC.

For example: If Notification notify ObjectCreation defined in Basic CM IRP has the qualifier (M), then if a MOC is defined such that it emits such a notification, this notification shall be emitted when appropriate (i.e. when a new object is created). If Notification notify ChangedAlarm has the qualifier (O) in A larm IRP (see 3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11]), then if a MOC is defined such that it emits such a notification, this notification may or may not be emitted when appropriate. Further, if a notification in the qualifier column (of the MOC notification tables) has a reference to another specification, it means that the qualifier for the notification is specified in the referred specification.

## 6.2.1 Inheritance hierarchy

Figures 4 and 5 show the inheritance hierarchy for the CN NRM.

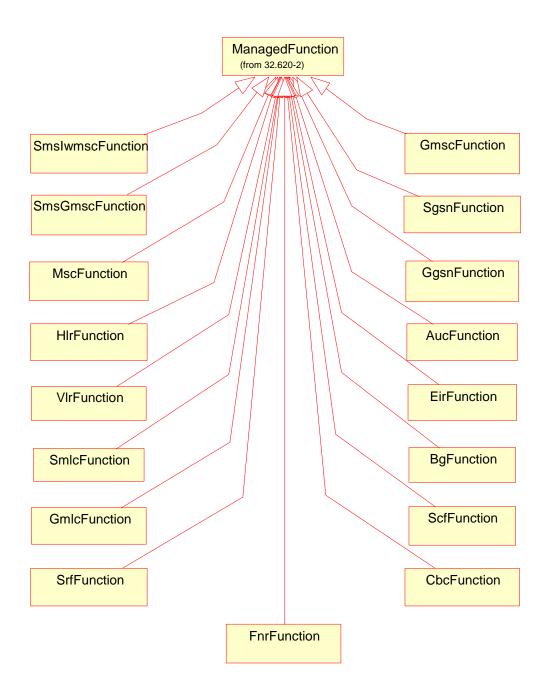
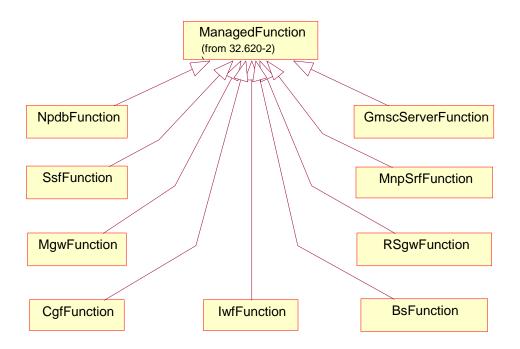


Figure 4: CN NRM Inheritance Hierarchy 1

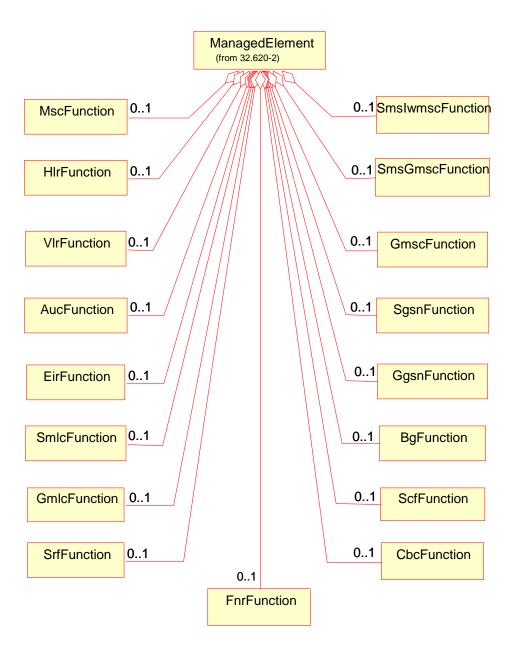


## Figure 5: CN NRM Inheritance Hierarchy 2

## 6.2.2 Containment/Naming and Association diagrams

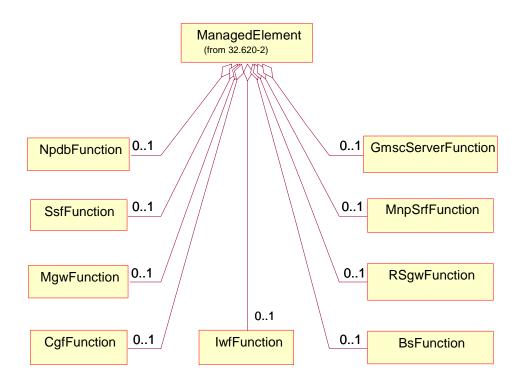
Figures 6 and 7 show the containment/naming hierarchy and the associations of the CN NRM.

NOTE: The Managed Object containment/naming relationships are in the diagram(s) below indicated by UML "Aggregation by reference" ("hollow diamonds").



NOTE: The listed cardinality numbers represent transient as well as steady-state numbers, and reflect all managed object creation and deletion scenarios.

Figure 6: CN NRM Containment/Naming and Association diagram 1



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## Figure 7: CN NRM Containment/Naming and Association diagram 2

Each Managed Object is identified with a Distinguished Name (DN) according to 3GPP TS 32.300 [13] that expresses its containment hierarchy. As an example, the DN of a Managed Object representing a cell could have a format like:

SubNetwork=Sweden,MeContext=MEC-Gbg-1,ManagedElement=MSC-Gbg-1,MscFunction=MSC-1.

## 6.3 Managed Object Class (MOC) definitions

## 6.3.1 MOC MscFunction

This Managed Object Class represents MSC functionality. For more information about the MSC, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

Table	1: Attributes of MscFunction
-------	------------------------------

Name	Qualifier	Description
mscFunctionId		An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	,	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## Table 2: Notifications of MscFunction

## 6.3.2 MOC HlrFunction

This Managed Object Class represents HLR functionality. For more information about the HLR, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 3: Attributes of HlrFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
hlrFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance
		within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

## Table 4: Notifications of HlrFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.3 MOC VlrFunction

This Managed Object Class represents VLR functionality. For more information about the VLR, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

#### Table 5: Attributes of VlrFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
vlrFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance
		within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

## Table 6: Notifications of VlrFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.4 MOC AucFunction

This Managed Object Class represents AUC functionality. For more information about the AUC, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 7: Attributes of AucFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
aucFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance
		within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

## Table 8: Notifications of AucFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.5 MOC EirFunction

This Managed Object Class represents EIR functionality. For more information about the EIR, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

#### Table 9: Attributes of EirFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
eirFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance
		within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

## Table 10: Notifications of EirFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.6 MOC SmsIwmscFunction

This Managed Object Class represents SMS-IWMSC functionality. For more information about the SMS-IWMSC, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 11: Attributes of SmsIwmscFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
SmsIwmscFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object
		instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited
		from ManagedFunction.

## Table 12: Notifications of SmsIwmscFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.7 MOC SmsGmscFunction

This Managed Object Class represents SMS-GMSC functionality. For more information about the SMS-GMSC, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 13: Attributes of SmsGmscFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
SmsGmscFunctionId		An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## Table 14: Notifications of SmsGmscFunction

## 6.3.8 MOC GmscFunction

This Managed Object Class represents GMSC functionality. For more information about the GMSC, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 15: Attributes of GmscFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
gmscFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance
		within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited
		from ManagedFunction.

## Table 16: Notifications of GmscFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.9 MOC SgsnFunction

This managed object class represents SGSN functionality. For more information about the SGSN, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 17: Attributes of SgsnFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
sgsnFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.

## Table 18: Notifications of SgsnFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.10 MOC GgsnFunction

This Managed Object Class represents GGSN functionality. For more information about the GGSN, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 19: Attributes of GgsnFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
ggsnFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.

#### Table 20: Notifications of GgsnFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.11 MOC BgFunction

This Managed Object Class represents BG functionality. For more information about the BG, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 21: Attributes of BgFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
bgFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

## Table 22: Notifications of BgFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.12 MOC SmlcFunction

This Managed Object Class represents SMLC functionality. For more information about the SMLC, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 52: Attributes of SmlcFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
smlcFunctionId		An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.

## Table 53: Notifications of SmlcFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.13 MOC GmlcFunction

This Managed Object Class represents GMLC functionality. For more information about the GMLC, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from Managed Function.

#### Table 54: Attributes of GmlcFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
gmlcFunctionId		An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel		A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

### Table 55: Notifications of GmlcFunction

## 6.3.14 MOC ScfFunction

This Managed Object Class represents SCF functionality (also referred to as gsmSCF). For more information about the SCF, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

#### Table 56: Attributes of ScfFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
scfFunctionId		An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.

## Table 57: Notifications of ScfFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.15 MOC SrfFunction

This Managed Object Class represents SRF functionality (also referred to as gsmSRF). For more information about the SRF, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

#### Table 58: Attributes of SrfFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
srfFunctionId	,	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel		A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.

## Table 59: Notifications of SrfFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.16 MOC CbcFunction

This Managed Object Class represents CBC functionality. For more information about the CBC, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 60: Attributes of CbcFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
cbcFunctionId		An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within
		the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

## Table 61: Notifications of CbcFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.17 MOC CgfFunction

This Managed Object Class represents CGF functionality. For more information about the CGF, see 3GPP TS 23.060 [18].

It inherits from Managed Function.

## Table 64: Attributes of CgfFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
cgfFunctionId		An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within
		the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

## Table 65: Notifications of CgfFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.18 MOC MgwFunction

This Managed Object Class represents MGW functionality. For more information about MGW, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 66: Attributes of MgwFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
mgwFunctionId		An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within
		the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

#### Table 67: Notifications of MgwFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.19 MOC GmscServerFunction

This Managed Object Class represents GMSCServer functionality. For more information about GMSCServer, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

#### Table 70: Attributes of GmscServerFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
gmscServerFunc		An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
tionId		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within
		the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## Table 71: Notifications of GmscServerFunction

## 6.3.20 MOC IwfFunction

This Managed Object Class represents IWF functionality. For more information about IWF, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 76: Attributes of IwfFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
iwfFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within
		the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

## Table 77: Notifications of IwfFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## 6.3.21 MOC MnpSrfFunction

This Managed Object Class represents MNP-SRF functionality (also known as FNR). For more information about MNP-SRF, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

#### Table 78: Attributes of MnpSrfFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
mnpSrfFunction	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
Id		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within
		the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

Name	Qualifier	Notes		
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyAttributeValueChange	0			
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyObjectCreation	0			
notifyObjectDeletion	0			

## Table 79: Notifications of MnpSrfFunction

## 6.3.22 MOC NpdbFunction

This Managed Object Class represents NPDB functionality. For more information about NPDB, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 80: Attributes of NpdbFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description	
npdbFunctionId		An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an	
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within	
		the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.	
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from	
		ManagedFunction.	

#### Table 81: Notifications of NpdbFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes		
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyAttributeValueChange	0			
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyObjectCreation	0			
notifyObjectDeletion	0			

## 6.3.23 MOC RSgwFunction

This Managed Object Class represents R-SGW functionality. For more information about R-SGW, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 82: Attributes of RSgwFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description	
rSgwFunctionId		An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an	
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.	
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from	
		ManagedFunction.	

## Table 83: Notifications of RSgwFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes		
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyAttributeValueChange	0			
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyObjectCreation	0			
notifyObjectDeletion	0			

## 6.3.24 MOC SsfFunction

This Managed Object Class represents SSF functionality. For more information about SSF, see 3GPP TS 23.002 [15].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

## Table 84: Attributes of SsfFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
ssfFunctionId	READ-ONLY, M	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an
		instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within
		the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel	READ-ONLY, M	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from
		ManagedFunction.

## Table 85: Notifications of SsfFunction

Name	Qualifier	Notes		
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyAttributeValueChange	0			
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])			
notifyObjectCreation	0			
notifyObjectDeletion	0			

## 6.3.25 MOC BsFunction

This Managed Object Class represents BS functionality. For more information about BS, see 3GPP TS 23.060 [18].

It inherits from ManagedFunction.

#### Table 86: Attributes of BsFunction

Name	Qualifier	Description
bsFunctionId	,	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.
userLabel		A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object. Inherited from ManagedFunction.

Name	Qualifier	Notes
notifyAckStateChanged	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyAttributeValueChange	0	
notifyChangedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyClearedAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyNewAlarm	See Alarm IRP (3GPP TS 32.111-2 [11])	
notifyObjectCreation	0	
notifyObjectDeletion	0	

## Table 87: Notifications of BsFunction

## 6.4 Associations

## Annex A (informative): Change history

	Change history						
Date	Date TSG # TSG Doc. CR Rev Subject/Comment		Old	New			
Jun 2001	S_12	SP-010283			Approved at TSG SA #12 and placed under Change Control	2.0.0	4.0.0

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