# 3GPP TS 29.210 V6.7.0 (2006-12)

Technical Specification

# 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Charging rule provisioning over Gx interface (Release 6)





The present document has been developed within the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP TM) and may be further elaborated for the purposes of 3GPP.

Keywords UMTS, Charging

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## **Foreword**

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

#### where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

# 1 Scope

The present document provides the stage 3 specification of the Gx reference point. The functional requirements and the stage 2 specifications of the Gx reference point are contained in 3GPP TS 23.125 [3]. The Gx reference point is for provisioning service data flow based charging rules between the Traffic Plane Function (TPF) and the Charging Rules Function (CRF), also known as Service Data Flow Based Charging Rules Function.

The present document defines:

- the protocol to be used between TPF and CRF over the Gx reference point;
- the information to be exchanged between TPF and CRF over the Gx reference point.

Whenever it is possible the present document specifies the requirements for this protocol by reference to specificat ions produced by the IETF within the scope of Diameter. Where this is not possible, extensions to Diameter are defined within the present document.

3GPP TS 29.211 [15] provides callflows for Flow Based Charging, covering the signalling on the Gx reference point.

## 2 References

[13]

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document in the same Release as the present document.

|      | •   |
|------|---|
| [1]  | 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".   |
| [2]  | 3GPP TS 23.002: "Network architecture".   |
| [3]  | 3GPP TS 23.125: "Overall high level functionality and architecture impacts of flow based charging; Stage 2".                                  |
| [4]  | IETF RFC 3588: "Diameter Base Protocol".  |
| [5]  | IETF RFC 2234: "Augmented BNF for syntax specifications: ABNF".   |
| [6]  | 3GPP TS 33.210: "3G security; Network Domain Security (NDS); IP network layer security".  |
| [7]  | 3GPP TS 29.207: "Policy control over Go interface".   |
| [8]  | IETF RFC 4006: "Diameter Credit-Control Application".   |
| [9]  | 3GPP TS 32.299: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Diameter charging applications".  |
| [10] | 3GPP TS 29.209: "Policy control over Gq interface".   |
| [11] | 3GPP TS 29.061: "Interworking between the Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) supporting packet based services and Packet Data Networks (PDN)". |
| [12] | IETF RFC 4005: "Diameter Network Access Server Application".  |

3GPP TS 32.251: "Packet Switched (PS) do main charging".

| [14] | 3GPP TS 24.008: "Mobile radio interface Layer 3 specification; Core network protocols; Stage 3". |
|------|--|
| [15] | 3GPP TS 29.211: "Rx Interface and Rx/Gx signalling flows".                                       |
| [16] | 3GPP TS 29.229: "Cx and Dx interfaces based on the Diameter protocol; Protocol details".         |
| [17] | IETF RFC 3162: "Radius and IPv6".  |

# 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

## 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1], in 3GPP TS 23.125 [3] and the following apply:

Application Function (AF): element offering applications that use IP bearer resources

The AF is capable of communicating with the CRF to transfer dynamic charging rules related service information. One example of an AF is the P-CSCF of the IM CN subsystem.

Attribute-Value Pair: See IETF RFC 3588 [4], corresponds to an Information Element in a Diameter message.

**PDP Session:** unique association of a subscriber with a network access service given by the combination of MSISDN, APN and IP address. A PDP session can consist of one or more PDP contexts.

#### 3.3 Abbreviations

AF

WAP

WLAN

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply:

| AVP    | Attribute-Value Pair                     |
|--------|--|
| CCF    | Charging Collection Function             |
| CGF    | Charging Gateway Function                |
| CRF    | Charging Rules Function                  |
| CSCF   | Call Session Control Function            |
| DCC    | Diameter Credit Control                  |
| GCID   | GPRS Charging ID                         |
| ICID   | IMS Charging IDentifier                  |
| IM     | IP Multimedia                            |
| IMS    | IP Multimedia core network Subsystem     |
| IMSI   | International Mobile Subscriber Identity |
| OCS    | Online Charging System                   |
| P-CSCF | Pro xy-CSCF                              |
| PDGw   | Packet Data Gateway                      |
| PLMN   | Public Land Mobile Network               |
| QoS    | Quality of Service                       |
| SBLP   | Service Based Local Policy               |
| S-CSCF | Serving-CSCF                             |
| SDF    | Service Data Flow                        |
| SGSN   | Serving GPRS Support Node                |
| SIP    | Session Initiation Protocol              |
| TPF    | Traffic Plane Function                   |
| UE     | User Equipment                           |
|        |  |

Wireless Application Protocol

Wireless LAN

**Application Function** 

# 4 Gx reference point

#### 4.1 Overview

The Gx reference point is used for provisioning service data flow based charging rules. The reference point is located between the Traffic Plane Function (TPF) and the Charging Rules Function (CRF), also known as Service Data Flow Based Charging Rules Function. The stage 2 level requirements for the Gx reference point are defined in 3GPP TS 23.125 [3].

# 4.2 Charging Rules

Charging rules determine how service data flows are identified and charged. The TPF shall apply charging rules by evaluating received packets against service data flow filters. When a packet matches a service data flow filter, the packet matching process for that packet is completed, and the charging rule for that filter shall be applied.

Charging rules may be:

- Pre-defined and active within the TPF, i.e. default rules that are configured within the TPF.
- Pre-defined within the TPF but not active, i.e. charging rules that can be activated dynamically over the Gx reference point.
- Pre-defined within the CRF and provided by the CRF, i.e. charging rules that can be installed dynamically over the Gx reference point.
- Dynamically generated and provided by the CRF, i.e. charging rules that can be installed dynamically over the Gx reference point. (e.g. dynamic charging rules for example for IMS peer to peer service data flows, where both the service data flow filter and the charging rule are identified dynamically).

NOTE: Whether the charging rule is pre-defined or dynamically generated by the CRF does not impact the procedures at the Gx reference point.

- Pre-defined rules within the TPF may be grouped allowing CRF to dynamically activate a set of rules over the Gx reference point.

A charging rule shall consist of a charging rule name, charging key (i.e. rating group), service identifier, service flow filter and other charging parameters. The charging rule name shall be used to reference to a charging rule in the communication between the TPF and the CRF. The service identifier shall be used to identify the service or the service component the service data flow relates to. The service flow filter shall be used to select the traffic for which the charging rule applies. The charging parameters define whether online and offline charging interfaces are used, what is to be metered in offline charging, what is the precedence of the charging rule, on what level the TPF shall report the usage related to the charging rule, etc. For different charging rules with overlapping service data flow filter, the precedence of the charging rule determines which of these charging rules is applicable. Charging rule also includes Application Function record information for enabling charging correlation between the application and bearer layer if the Application Function has provided this information via the Rx interface. For IMS this includes the IMS Charging Identifier (ICID) and flow identifiers. See the A VPs in clauses 5.2 and 5.3.

# 4.3 Functionality of the Gx reference point

#### 4.3.1 Initialization and maintenance of connection

The initialization and maintenance of the connection between each interworking CRF and TPF pair is defined by the underlying protocol. Establishment and maintenance of connections between Diameter nodes is described in IETF RFC 3588 [4].

## 4.3.2 Request for charging rules from the TPF

The TPF shall indicate, via the Gx reference point, a request for charging rules in the following instances.

1) At bearer establishment:

The TPF shall send a CC-Request with CC-Request-Type AVP set to the value "INITIAL\_REQUEST". The TPF shall supply user identification and other attributes to allow the CRF to identify the charging rules to be applied. The other attributes shall include the type of the radio access technology (e.g UTRAN, GERAN, WLAN) and the UE IP address. For GPRS, information about the user equipment (e.g. IMEISV), QoS negotiated, SGSN Address, SGSN country and network codes, APN, TFT and indication if the bearer is used as IMS signalling PDP context shall be provided.

2) At bearer modification if an Event trigger is met:

The TPF shall send a CC-Request with CC-Request-Type AVP set to the value "UPDATE\_REQUEST". The TPF shall supply those attributes that have changed within the charging rule request. The bearer attributes that have been modified since the last request are required items.

NOTE: For GPRS the same procedures are applied to both primary and secondary PDP context establishments.

## 4.3.3 Provision of charging rules from the CRF

The CRF shall indicate, via the Gx reference point, charging rules to be applied at the TPF. This may be:

- in response to a request for charging rules., i.e. to a request made as described in the preceding section; or
- unsolicited by the TPF, e.g. in response to information provided to the CRF via the Rx reference point, or in response to an internal trigger within the CRF.

For each request from the TPF and upon the unsolicited provision the CRF shall provision zero or more charging rules. The CRF may perform an operation on a single charging rule by one of the following means:

- Reference to a charging rule predefined at the TPF and the required action, i.e. activation or deactivation of charging rule, or
- Reference to a charging rule previously provided by the CRF to the TPF and the required action and possibly modified information, e.g. modification or removal of charging rule, or
- Complete charging rule definition and the required action, i.e. installation of a charging rule

As an alternative to providing a single charging rule, the CRF may provide a reference to a group of charging rules predefined at the TPF and the required action, i.e. activation or deactivation of the group.

The CRF may combine multiple of the above charging rule operations in a single command.

To activate a predefined charging rule at the TPF, charging rule name shall be used as a reference to the predefined charging rule. To activate a group of predefined charging rules within the TPF (e.g. gold users or gaming services) charging rule base name shall be used as a reference to the group of predefined charging rules. The same two types of references shall be used for deactivating predefined and removing CRF-provided charging rules from a bearer, which for GPRS is a PDP context. See the A VP definitions in clause 5.2.

To install or modify a CRF defined charging rule, the Charging-Rule-Definition A VP shall be used. If a charging rule with the same charging rule name already exists at the TPF, the new charging rule shall update the currently installed charging rule. If the existing charging rule already has charging attributes also included in the new charging rule definition, the existing attributes shall be overwritten. Any charging attribute in the existing charging rule not included in the new charging rule definition shall remain valid.

# 4.3.4 Provision of event triggers from the CRF

The CRF may provide event triggers to the TPF using the charging rule provision procedure. Event triggers are used to determine which bearer modification causes the TPF to re-request charging rules. Event triggers apply for a bearer and may be included to the initial or subsequent charging rule provision.

## 4.3.5 Provision of charging addresses from the CRF

Within the initial charging rule provisioning only, the CRF may provide CCF and/or OCS addresses to the TPF defining the offline and online charging system addresses respectively. These shall overwrite any predefined addresses at the TPF. Both primary and secondary addresses for CCF and/or OCS shall be provided simultaneously. Provisioning CCF or OCS addresses without charging rules for offline or online charged service data flows, respectively, shall not be considered as an error since charging rules may be predefined within the TPF or provided later.

#### 4.3.6 Indication of bearer termination (from TPF to CRF)

The TPF indicates to the CRF, via the Gx reference point, that a bearer is terminated via the release of the corresponding DCC session. The TPF shall send a CC-Request with CC-Request-Type AVP set to the value TERMINATION\_REQUEST. The bearer termination indication identifies the bearer being removed by the usage of the corresponding DCC session. For GPRS, the TPF indicates the release of the PDP session with the value "PDP-SESSION-TERMINATION" of the PDP-Session-Operation A VP.

Upon the bearer termination, the CRF may provision charging rules for any remaining bearers. In case of GPRS, these are the remaining PDP context(s) in a PDP session for which a PDP context is terminated. The CRF provisions the charging rules for any remaining bearer using the unsolicited provision procedure.

## 5. Gx Protocol

# 5.1 Protocol support

The Gx reference point shall be based on Diameter as specified in RFC 3588 [4] and Diameter Credit Control Application as specified in RFC 4006 [8] except as modified by the defined Gx specific procedures and AVPs. Unless otherwise specified, the procedures (including error handling and unrecognized information handling) are unmodified. In addition to the AVPs defined within the clause 5.2, the existing Diameter AVPs are reused as specified in sub-clause 5.3. Diameter messages from the Diameter base application (RFC 3588 [4]) and DCC (RFC 4006 [8]) are reused as specified in clause 6.

With regard to the Diameter protocol defined over the Gx reference point, the CRF acts as a Diameter server, in the sense that it is the network element that handles charging rule requests for a particular realm. The TPF acts as the Diameter Client, in the sense that it is the network element requesting charging rules.

# 5.2 Gx specific AVPs

Table 5.2 describes the Diameter A VPs defined for the Gx reference point, their A VP Code values, types, possible flag values and whether or not the A VP may be encrypted. The Vendor-Id header of all A VPs defined in the present document shall be set to 3GPP (10415).

Table 5.2: Gx specific Diameter AVPs

|                               |      |         |                     | AVP Flag rules (note 1) |     |        |      |           |  |
|-------------------------------|------|---------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----|--------|------|-----------|--|
| Attribute Name                | AVP  | Clause  | Value Type (note 2) | Must                    | May | Should | Must | May Encr. |  |
|                               | Code | defined |                     |                         |     | not    | not  |           |  |
| Bearer-Usage                  | 1000 | 5.2.1   | Enumerated          | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| Charging-Rule-Install         | 1001 | 5.2.2   | Grouped             | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| Charging-Rule-Remove          | 1002 | 5.2.3   | Grouped             | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| Charging-Rule-Definition      | 1003 | 5.2.4   | Grouped             | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| Charging-Rule-Base-Name       | 1004 | 5.2.5   | UTF8String          | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| Charging-Rule-Name            | 1005 | 5.2.6   | OctetString         | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| Event-Trigger                 | 1006 | 5.2.7   | Enumerated          | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| Metering-Method               | 1007 | 5.2.8   | Enumerated          | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| Offline                       | 1008 | 5.2.9   | Enumerated          | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| Online                        | 1009 | 5.2.10  | Enumerated          | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| Precedence                    | 1010 | 5.2.11  | Unsigned32          | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| Reporting-Level               | 1011 | 5.2.15  | Enumerated          | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| PDP-Session-Operation         | 1015 | 5.2.21  | Enumerated          | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| TFT-Filter                    | 1012 | 5.2.18  | IPFilterRule        | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| TFT-Packet-Filter-Information | 1013 | 5.2.19  | Grouped             | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |
| ToS-Traffic-Class             | 1014 | 5.2.20  | OctetString         | M, V                    | Р   |        |      | Υ         |  |

NOTE 1: The AVP header bit denoted as 'M', indicates whether support of the AVP is required. The AVP header bit denoted as 'V', indicates whether the optional Vendor-ID field is present in the AVP header. For further details, see RFC 3588 [4].

## 5.2.1 Bearer-Usage AVP

The Bearer-Usage AVP (AVP code 1000) is of type Enumerated, and it shall indicate how the bearer is being used. If the Bearer-Usage AVP has not been previously provided, its absence shall indicate that no specific information is available. If the Bearer-Usage AVP has been provided, its value shall remain valid until it is provided the next time. The following values are defined:

```
GENERAL (0)
```

This value shall indicate no specific bearer usage information is available.

```
IMS SIGNALLING(1)
```

This value shall indicate that the bearer is used for IMS signalling only.

# 5.2.2 Charging-Rule-Install AVP

The Charging-Rule-Install A VP (A VP code 1001) is of type Grouped, and it is used to activate, install or modify charging rules for a bearer as instructed from the CRF to the TPF.

For installing a new charging rule or modifying a Charging Rule already installed, Charging-Rule-Name A VP and Charging-Rule-Definition A VP shall be used.

For activating a specific charging rule predefined at the TPF, Charging-Rule-Name A VP shall be used as a reference for that charging rule. The Charging-Rule-Base-Name A VP is a reference that may be used for activating a group of charging rules predefined at the TPF.

#### AVP Format:

# 5.2.3 Charging-Rule-Remove AVP

The Charging-Rule-Remove AVP (AVP code 1002) is of type Grouped, and it is used to deactivate or remove charging rules from a bearer.

NOTE 2: The value types are defined in RFC 3588 [4].

Charging-Rule-Name A VP is a reference for a specific charging rule at the TPF to be removed or for a specific charging rule predefined at the TPF to be deactivated. The Charging-Rule-Base-Name A VP is a reference for a group of charging rules predefined at the TPF to be deactivated.

#### AVP Format:

## 5.2.4 Charging-Rule-Definition AVP

The Charging-Rule-Definition A VP (A VP code 1003) is of type Grouped, and it defines the charging rule for a service flow sent by the CRF to the TPF. The Charging-Rule-Name A VP uniquely identifies the charging rule for a bearer and it is used to reference to a charging rule in communication between the TPF and the CRF. The Flow-Description AVP(s) determines the traffic that belongs to the service flow.

If optional A VP(s) within a Charging-Rule-Definition A VP are omitted, but corresponding information has been provided in previous Gx messages, the previous information remains valid. If Flow-Description A VP(s) are supplied, they replace all previous Flow-Description A VP(s). If Flows A VP(s) are supplied, they replace all previous Flows A VP(s).

Flows AVP may appear if and only if AF-Charging-Identifier AVP is also present.

#### AVP Format:

# 5.2.5 Charging-Rule-Base-Name AVP

The Charging-Rule-Base-Name A VP (A VP code 1004) is of type UTF8String, and it indicates the name of a pre-defined group of charging rules residing at the TPF.

# 5.2.6 Charging-Rule-Name AVP

The Charging-Rule-Name A VP (A VP code 1005) is of type OctetString. For charging rules provided by the CRF it uniquely identifies a charging rule for a bearer. For charging rules pre-defined at the TPF it uniquely identifies a charging rule within the TPF.

# 5.2.7 Event-Trigger AVP

The Event-Trigger A VP (A VP code 1006) is of type Enumerated, and it indicates an event that shall cause a re-request of charging rules. The following values are defined:

```
SGSN_CHANGE(0)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that upon the change of the serving SGSN charging rules shall be requested.

```
QOS_CHANGE (1)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that upon a QoS change charging rules shall be requested.

```
RAT_CHANGE (2)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that upon a RAT change charging rules shall be requested.

```
TFT_CHANGE (3)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that upon a TFT change charging rules shall be requested.

```
PLMN_CHANGE (4)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that upon a PLMN change charging rules shall be requested.

#### 5.2.8 Metering-Method AVP

The Metering-Method AVP (AVP code 1007) is of type Enumerated, and it defines what parameters shall be metered for offline charging. The following values are defined:

```
DURATION (0)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that the duration of the service flow shall be metered.

```
VOLUME (1)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that volume of the service flow traffic shall be metered.

```
DURATION VOLUME (2)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that the duration and the volume of the service flow traffic shall be metered.

#### 5.2.9 Offline AVP

The Offline A VP (A VP code 1008) is of type Enumerated, and it defines whether the offline charging interface from the TPF for the associated charging rule shall be enabled. The absence of this AVP indicates that the default configuration shall be used. The following values are defined:

```
DISA BLE_OFFLINE (0)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that the offline charging interface for the associated charging rule shall be disabled.

```
ENABLE_OFFLINE (1)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that the offline charging interface for the associated charging rule shall be enabled.

#### 5.2.10 Online AVP

The Online AVP (AVP code 1009) is of type Enumerated, and it defines whether the online charging interface from the TPF for the associated charging rule shall be enabled. The absence of this AVP indicates that the default configuration shall be used. The following values are defined:

```
DISABLE_ONLINE (0)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that the online charging interface for the associated charging rule shall be disabled.

```
ENABLE_ONLINE (1)
```

This value shall be used to indicate that the online charging interface for the associated charging rule shall be enabled.

#### 5.2.11 Precedence AVP

The Precedence AVP (AVP code 1010) is of type Unsigned32, and it defines the precedence of a charging rule in case of overlapping charging rules. A charging rule with the Precedence AVP with lower value shall take the priority over a charging rule with the Precedence AVP with higher value. The Precedence AVP is also used to indicate the evaluation precedence of the TFT packet filters.

- 5.2.12 Void
- 5.2.13 Void
- 5.2.14 Void

## 5.2.15 Reporting-Level AVP

The Reporting-Level A VP (A VP code 1011) is of type Enumerated, and it defines on what level the TPF reports the usage for the related charging rule. The following values are defined:

CHARGING RULE LEVEL (0)

This value shall be used to indicate that the usage shall be reported on charging rule level.

RATING\_GROUP\_LEVEL (1)

This value shall be used to indicate that the usage shall be reported on rating group level.

- 5.2.16 Void
- 5.2.17 Void

#### 5.2.18 TFT-Filter AVP

The TFT-Filter A VP (A VP code 1012) is of type IPFilterRule, and it contains the flow filter for one TFT packet filter. The TFT-Filter A VP is derived from the Traffic Flow Template (TFT) defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [14]. The following information shall be sent:

- Action shall be set to "permit".
- Direction shall be set to "out".
- Protocol shall be set to the value provided within the TFT packet filter parameter "Protocol Identifier/Next Header Type". If the TFT packet filter parameter "Protocol Identifier/Next Header Type" is not provided within the TFT packet filter, Protocol shall be set to "ip".
- Source IP address (possibly masked). The source IP address shall be derived from TFT packet filter parameters "Source address" and "Subnet Mask". The source IP address shall be set to "any", if no such information is provided in the TFT packet filter.
- Source and destination port (single value, list or ranges). The information shall be derived from the corresponding TFT packet filter parameters. Source and/or destination port(s) shall be omitted if such information is not provided in the TFT packet filter.
- The Destination IP address shall be set to "assigned".

The IPFilterRule type shall be used with the following restrictions:

- No options shall be used.
- The invert modifier "!" for addresses shall not be used.

The direction "out" refers to downlink direction.

#### 5.2.19 TFT-Packet-Filter-Information AVP

The TFT-Packet-Filter-Information A VP (A VP code 1013) is of type Grouped, and it contains the information from a single TFT packet filter including the evaluation precedence, the filter and the Type-of-Service/Traffic Class sent from the TPF to the CRF. The TPF shall include one TFT-Packet-Filter-Information A VP for each TFT packet filters

applicable at a PDP context in separate TFT-Packet-Filter-Information A VPs within each charging rule request. corresponding to that PDP context. TFT-Packet-Filter-Information A VPs are derived from the Traffic Flow Template (TFT) defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [14]. When SBLP is used the packet filters shall be omitted.

#### AVP Format:

#### 5.2.20 ToS-Traffic-Class AVP

The ToS-Traffic-Class AVP (AVP code 1014) is of type OctetString, and it contains the Type-of-Service/Traffic-Class of a TFT packet filter as defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [14].

#### 5.2.21 PDP-Session-Operation AVP

The PDP-Session-Operation A VP (A VP code 1015) is of type Enumerated. It is only applicable for GPRS. The following value is defined:

```
PDP-SESSION-TERMINATION (0)
```

This value is used to report in an indication of bearer termination that this indication refers to the last PDP context within a PDP session.

#### 5.3 Gx re-used AVPs

The table 5.3 lists the Diameter AVPs re-used by the Gx reference point from existing Diameter Applications, reference to their respective specifications and short description of their usage within the Gx reference point. Other AVPs from existing Diameter Applications, except for the AVPs from Diameter base protocol, do not need to be supported. The AVPs from Diameter base protocol are not included in table 5.3, but they are re-used for the Gx reference point. Where 3GPP Radius VSAs are re-used, they shall be translated to Diameter AVPs as described in IETF RFC 4005 [12] with the exception that the 'M' flag shall be set and the "P' flag may be set.

Table 5.3: Gx re-used Diameter AVPs

| Attribute Name                      | Reference                                 | Description  |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| 3GPP-GPRS-Negotiated-               | 3GPP TS 29.061 [11]                       | For GPRS the QoS of the PDP context  |
| QoS-Profile                         | 0000 70 00 004 (44)                       | T  |
| 3GPP-RAT-Type                       | 3GPP TS 29.061 [11]                       | Indicate which Radio Access Technology is currently serving the UE.  |
| 3GPP-SGSN-Address                   | 3GPP TS 29.061 [11]                       | For GPRS the IPv4 address of the SGSN  |
| 3GPP-SGSN-IPv6-<br>Address          | 3GPP TS 29.061 [11]                       | For GPRS the IPv6 address of the SGSN  |
| 3GPP-SGSN-MCC-MNC                   | 3GPP TS 29.061 [11]                       | For GPRS the MCC and the MNC of the SGSN   |
| AF-Charging-Identifier              | 3GPP TS 29.209 [10]                       | The AF charging identifier that may be used in charging correlation. For IMS the ICID. This AVP may only be included   |
| Called Station ID                   | IETF RFC 4005 [12]                        | when CHARGING_RULE_LEVEL reporting is being used.  The address the user is connected to. For GPRS the APN.   |
| Called-Station-ID CC-Request-Number | IETF RFC 4005 [12]                        | The number of the request for mapping requests and   |
| ·                                   |   | answers  |
| CC-Request-Type                     | draft-ietf-aaa-diameter-<br>cc-06.txt [8] | The type of the request (initial, update, termination)   |
| Charging-Information                | 3GPP TS 29.229 [16]                       | <ul> <li>The Charging-Information AVP is of type Grouped, and contains the addresses of the charging functions in the following AVPs:         <ul> <li>Primary-Event-Charging-Function-Name is of type DiameterURI and defines the address of the primary online charging system for the bearer. The absence of the protocol definition in the DiameterURI shall indicate the default protocol defined for the Gy interface.</li> <li>Secondary-Event-Charging-Function-Name is of type DiameterURI and defines the address of the secondary online charging system for the bearer. The absence of the protocol definition in the DiameterURI shall indicate the default protocol defined for the Gy interface.</li> <li>Primary-Charging-Collection-Function-Name is of type DiameterURI and defines the address of the primary offline charging system for the bearer. The absence of the protocol definition in the DiameterURI shall indicate the default protocol defined for the Gz interface.</li> <li>Secondary-Charging-Collection-Function-Name is of type DiameterURI and defines the address of the secondary offline charging system for the bearer. The absence of the protocol definition in the</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
|                                     |   | DiameterURI shall indicate the default protocol  |
| Flow-Description                    | 3GPP TS 29.209 [10]                       | defined for the Gz interface.  Defines the service flow filter parameters for a charging rule  |
| Flows                               | 3GPP TS 29.209 [10]                       | The flow identifiers of the IP flows related to a charging rule as provided by the AF. May be only used in charging correlation together with AF-Charging-Identifier AVP.  |
| Framed-IP-Address                   | IETF RFC 4005 [12]                        | The IPv4 address allocated for the user.   |
| Framed-IPv6-Prefix                  | IETF RFC 4005 [12]                        | The IPv6 address prefix allocated for the user.  The encoding of the value within this Octet String type AVP shall be as defined in IETF RFC 3162 [17], Clause 2.3. The "Reserved", "Prefix-Length" and "Prefix" fields shall be included in this order.   |
| Rating-Group                        | IETF RFC 4006 [8]                         | The charging key for the charging rule used for rating purposes  |
| Service-Identifier                  | IETF RFC 4006 [8]                         | The identity of the service or service component the service data flow in a charging rule relates to.  |
| Subscription-Id                     | IETF RFC 4006 [8]                         | The identification of the subscription (IMSI, MSISDN, etc)   |
| User-Equipment-Info                 | IETF RFC 4006 [8]                         | The identification and capabilities of the terminal (IMEISV, etc.)   |

# 5.4 Gx specific Experimental-Result-Code AVP values

There are two different types of errors in Diameter; protocol and application errors. A protocol error is one that occurs at the base protocol level, those are covered in the Diameter BASE RFC 3588 [4] specific procedures. Application errors, on the other hand, generally occur due to a problem with a function specified in a Diameter application.

Diameter BASE RFC 3588 [4] defines a number of Result-Code A VP values that are used to report protocol errors and how those are used. Those procedures and values shall apply for the present specification.

Due to the Gx specific A VPs, new applications errors can occur. The Gx specific errors are described by the Experimental-Result-Code A VP in this clause, below. According to RFC 3588 [4], the diameter node reports only the first error encountered and only either one Result-Code A VP or one Experimental-Result A VP is included in the Diameter answer.

#### 5.4.1 Success

Result Codes that fall within the Success category are used to inform a peer that a request has been successfully completed.

The Result-Code AVP values defined in Diameter BASE RFC 3588 [4] shall be applied.

#### 5.4.2 Permanent Failures

Errors that fall within the Permanent Failures category shall be used to inform the peer that the request failed, and should not be attempted again.

The Result-Code AVP values defined in Diameter BASE RFC 3588 [4] are applicable. Also the following specific Gx Experimental-Result-Codes values are defined:

#### DIAMETER\_ERROR\_INITIAL\_PARAMETERS (5140)

This error shall be used when the set of bearer information needed in the CRF for rule selection is incomplete or erroneous for the decision to be made. (e.g. QoS, SGSN address, RAT type, TFT...)

#### DIAMETER\_ERROR\_TRIGGER\_EVENT (5141)

This error shall be used when the set of bearer information sent in a CCR originated due to a trigger event been met is incoherent with the previous set of bearer information for the same bearer. (e.g event trigger met was RAT changed, and the RAT notified is the same as before)

# 6 Gx Messages

Gx Messages are carried within the Diameter Application(s) described in the sub-clauses below. These Applications are defined as vendor specific Diameter applications, where the vendor is 3GPP. The vendor identifier assigned by IANA to 3GPP (<a href="http://www.iana.org/assignments/enterprise-numbers">http://www.iana.org/assignments/enterprise-numbers</a>) is 10415.

The TPF and the CRF shall advertise the support of the 3GPP vendor specific Diameter Application for the Gx Application and/or the Gx over Gy Application by including the value of the appropriate application identifier(s) in the Capabilities-Exchange-Request and Capabilities-Exchange-Answer commands as specified in RFC 3588 [4], i.e. as part of the Vendor-Specific-Application-Id A VP. The Capabilities-Exchange-Request and Capabilities-Exchange-Answer commands are specified in the Diameter Base Protocol.

Existing Diameter command codes from the Diameter base protocol RFC 3588 [4] and the Diameter Credit Control Application RFC 4006 [8] are used with the Gx specific A VPs specified in clause 5.2. The Diameter Credit Control Application A VPs and A VPs from other Diameter applications that are re-used are defined in clause 5.3. Due to the definition of these commands there is no possibility to skip the Auth-Application-Id A VP and use the Vendor-Specific-Application-Id A VP instead. Therefore the Gx application identifier shall be included in the Auth-Application-Id A VP.

In the GPRS case, the association between the PDP contexts and the Diameter Credit Control sessions shall be done in a one-to-one basis: Each PDP context shall map to a DCC session. The release of a PDP Context shall be indicated by the release of the related DCC session. The CRF may identify all PDP contexts belonging to the same PDP session by

considering the IPv4 UE IP address provided within the Framed-IP-Address AVP or the IPv6 UE IP address prefix provided within the Framed-IPv6-Prefix AVP, the APN provided within the Called-Station-ID AVP, and the Origin-Host AVP received in the CCR. For all PDP contexts belonging to the same PDP session, the UE IP address (prefix) and APN are equal. The CRF only needs to take the Origin-Host AVP into account, if the CRF is connected to several TPFs.

## 6.1 Gx Application

Gx reference point shall use Diameter Gx Application as described in this chapter when the CRF functionality is implemented in a standalone device. The Auth-Application-Id for the Gx Application is 16777224 as allocated by IANA. This value shall be included in the Auth-Application-Id AVP for the CCR, CCA and RAR commands.

A Gx Application specific Auth-Application-Id is used together with the command code to identify the Gx Application messages.

## 6.1.1 CC-Request (CCR) Command

The CCR command, indicated by the Command-Code field set to 272 and the 'R' bit set in the Command Flags field, is sent by the TPF to the CRF in order to request charging rules for a bearer. The CCR command is also sent by the TPF to the CRF in order to indicate the termination of the bearer.

#### Message Format:

```
<CC-Request> ::= < Diameter Header: 272, REQ, PXY >
                 < Session-Id >
                 { Auth-Application-Id }
                 { Origin-Host }
                 { Origin-Realm }
                 { Destination-Realm }
                 { CC-Request-Type ]
                 { CC-Request-Number }
                 [ Destination-Host ]
                 [ Origin-State-Id ]
                *[ Subscription-Id ]
                 [ Framed-IP-Address ]
                  [ Framed-IPv6-Prefix ]
                 [ 3GPP-RAT-Type ]
                  [ Termination-Cause ]
                  [ User-Equipment-Info ]
                   3GPP-GPRS-Negotiated-QoS-Profile ]
                 [ 3GPP-SGSN-MCC-MNC ]
                 [ 3GPP-SGSN-Address ]
                  [ 3GPP-SGSN-IPv6-Address ]
                 [ Called-Station-ID ]
                 [ Bearer-Usage ]
                  [ PDP-Session-Operation ]
                *[ TFT-Packet-Filter-Information ]
                *[ Proxy-Info ]
                * [ Route-Record ]
                * [ AVP ]
```

# 6.1.2 CC-Answer (CCA) Command

The CCA command, indicated by the Command-Code field set to 272 and the 'R' bit cleared in the Command Flags field, is sent by the CRF to the TPF in response to the CCR command. It is used to provision charging rules and event triggers for the bearer. The primary and secondary CCF and/or primary and secondary OSC addresses may be included in the initial provisioning.

#### Message Format:

```
{ CC-Request-Number }
*[ Event-Trigger ]
[ Origin-State-Id ]
*[ Charging-Rule-Remove ]
*[ Charging-Information ]
[ Charging-Information ]
[ Error-Message ]
[ Error-Reporting-Host ]
*[ Failed-AVP ]
*[ Proxy-Info ]
*[ Route-Record ]
*[ AVP ]
```

## 6.1.3 Re-Auth-Request (RAR) Command

The RAR command, indicated by the Command-Code field set to 258 and the 'R' bit set in the Command Flags field, is sent by the CRF to the TPF in order to initiate the provision of unsolicited charging rules for an existing bearer. The RAR command shall be followed by a CCR command from the TPF requesting charging rules for the bearer in question.

#### Message Format:

## 6.1.4 Re-Auth-Answer (RAA) Command

The RAA command, indicated by the Command-Code field set to 258 and the 'R' bit cleared in the Command Flags field, is sent by the TPF to the CRF in response to the RAR command.

#### Message Format:

# 6.2 Gx over Gy Application

The Gy protocol is specified as online charging application in in 3GPP TS 32.299 [9] and TS 32.251 [13]

The Gx over Gy Application allows to combine in a single message exchange (e.g. CCR-CCA) the Gx functionality of charging rule provisioning, and the Gy functionality of credit control for service data flow based online charging. This allows creating synergies and signalling savings in case the CRF and the OCS are collocated.

The Diameter Gx over Gy Application as described in this Clause should be used when the CRF functionality is colocated with the Online Charging System (OCS) and both are connected to the TPF via a single interface that comprises the Gx and Gy reference points. The Auth-Application-Id for the Gx over Gy Application is 16777225 as allocated by IANA.

A Gx over Gy Application specific Auth-Application-Id is used together with the command code to identify the Gx over Gy Application messages. AVPs included within the Gy Service-Information AVP do not need to be included once more on command level, as specified for the Gx application.

For the Gx over Gy Application the association between the bearers and the Diameter Credit Control sessions shall be done in a one-to-one basis. In the GPRS case, each PDP context (no matter if it has been established by a primary or secondary PDP context establishment) shall map to a DCC session. The release of a PDP Context shall be indicated by the release of the related DCC session.

NOTE: This usage of DCC sessions in the Gx over Gy Application is in alignment with both the Gx Application and the Gy online charging Application.

The Gx over Gy Application is based on the Diameter Credit Control Application. The Gx over Gy Application shall use Gx specific A VPs to fulfil the Gx specific requirements (charging rule provision) and, over the same message, Gy functionalities (credit authorization), as follows:

- When only charging rule provision is required the procedures and message content for Gx Application as specified in clause 6.1 shall apply, except for the use of DCC subsession.
- When only credit authorization is required the procedures and message content for Gy as specified as online charging application in 3GPP TS 32.299 [9] and TS 32.251 [13] shall apply.
- When credit authorization and charging rule provision are required simultaneously, these should be requested and provided with a single CCR-CCA message pair (e.g. credit authorization and request for charging rules). The AVPs defined in Gy interface to satisfy the credit authorization requirements and the Gx specific and Gx re-used AVPs shall be both included in the Diameter messages as needed. The common AVPs shall be included only once within the same message. AVPs included within the Gy Service-Information AVP do not need to be included once more on command level, as specified for the Gx application. DCC sub-sessions shall not be used.

If during a Gx over Gy session, the Gy server indicates DIAMETER\_CREDIT\_CONTROL\_NOT\_APPLICABLE as defined in 3GPP TS 32.299 [9], then the session shall be maintained using the original Gx over Gy Application-id, i.e. shall not switch over to the Gx Application-id.

The Experimental-Result-Code A VP specific values of both the Gy protocol and Gx protocol apply for the Gx over Gy application.

All A VPs mandated for the Gx protocol or for the Gy protocol are also mandated for the Gx over Gy application.

Both the procedures defined for the Gx protocol and the procedures defined for the Gy protocol shall be applied for the Gx over Gy application as clarified in the subsequent Clause.

# 6.2.1 Simultaneous charging rule provision and credit authorization

When the CRF uses the charging rule install AVP to install new charging rule(s) or to activate predefined charging rule(s) at the TPF, the collocated OCS should simultaneously provide new quota for the related service data flows if they are online charged and no previously allocated quota are used. The OCS shall link the new service data flows matching the new charging rules to allocated quota. Therefore, for predefined charging rules, that are activated by the CRF, the collocated OCS/CRF needs configured knowledge if they will be online charged and how they are rated.

For the predefined charging rules that are always active at the TPF and online charged, the TPF requests credit using normal Gy procedures. This request should be combined with the request for charging rules at bearer establishment.

If the TPF receives an reauthorization request message, it shall request both charging rules and credit re-authorization. The TPF should combine both requests in a single CC-request.

If during bearer modification both event and re-authorization triggers apply at the same time, the TPF shall request both charging rules and credit re-authorization. The TPF should combine both requests in a single CC-request.

The CC-Sub-Session-Id AVP shall not be used in the Gx over Gy Application as DCC subsessions are not used in this Application as indicated in this specification, clause 6.2, and in the Gy online charging Application 3GPP TS 32.299 [9] and TS 32.251 [13].

# Annex A (informative): Change history

| Change history |       |           |    |     |  |       |       |  |  |
|----------------|-------|-----------|----|-----|--|-------|-------|--|--|
| Date           | TSG#  | TSG Doc.  | CR | Rev | Subject/Comment  | Old   | New   |  |  |
| 2004-03        |       |           |    |     | Presented to CN3#31bis for information   | -     | 0.0.1 |  |  |
| 2004-04        |       |           |    |     | Updated to be used as a basis for email work   | 0.0.1 | 0.1.0 |  |  |
| 2004-04        |       |           |    |     | Submitted for email w ork  | 0.2.0 | 0.1.0 |  |  |
| 2004-05        |       |           |    |     | Submitted for CN3 meeting  | 0.2.0 | 0.3.0 |  |  |
| 2004-05        |       |           |    |     | TS number 29.910 reserved, version for email discussion after CN3#32   | 0.3.0 | 0.4.0 |  |  |
| 2004-08        |       |           |    |     | Erroneous TS number corrected to 29.210. Tdocs N3-040458, N3-040597, N3-040566, N3-040504, N3-040605 are agreed at CN3#33 and incorporated. To be presented to NP#25 for information | 0.4.0 | 1.0.0 |  |  |
| 2004-08        |       |           |    |     | Editorial Corrctions made by MCC to align with 3GPP drafting rules   | 1.0.0 | 1.0.1 |  |  |
| 2004-10        |       |           |    |     | Several Tdocs agreed at CN3#33Bis incorporated   | 1.0.1 | 1.1.0 |  |  |
| 2004-11        |       |           |    |     | Several Tdocs agreed at CN3#34 incorporated. To be presented to NP#26 for approval   | 1.1.0 | 2.0.0 |  |  |
| 2004-12        | CN#26 |           |    |     | Upgraded to Release 6  | 2.0.0 | 6.0.0 |  |  |
| 2005-03        | CN#27 | NP-050109 | 1  | 3   | Extend the Rule Name uniqueness to the TPF for static rules  | 6.0.0 | 6.1.0 |  |  |
| 2005-03        | CN#27 | NP-050109 | 3  | 2   | Missing description of the behaviour of the application-ids on NOT_APPLICABLE notifications  | 6.0.0 | 6.1.0 |  |  |
| 2005-03        | CN#27 | NP-050109 | 5  | 1   | Indication of Bearer Termination   | 6.0.0 | 6.1.0 |  |  |
| 2005-03        | CN#27 | NP-050109 | 6  | 4   | TFT filter usage   | 6.0.0 | 6.1.0 |  |  |
| 2005-03        | CN#27 | NP-050109 | 7  | 2   | Correction of AF and Bearer Session Definitions  | 6.0.0 | 6.1.0 |  |  |
| 2005-03        | CN#27 | NP-050109 | 9  | 2   | RAT-Type AVP definition  | 6.0.0 | 6.1.0 |  |  |
| 2005-06        | CP#28 | CP-050045 | 10 | 1   | Various Corrections  | 6.1.0 | 6.2.0 |  |  |
| 2005-06        | CP#28 | CP-050045 | 11 | 3   | Code allocation for Gx interface   | 6.1.0 | 6.2.0 |  |  |
| 2005-06        | CP#28 | CP-050045 | 13 | 1   | Flow AVP only needed when ICID present   | 6.1.0 | 6.2.0 |  |  |
| 2005-06        | CP#28 | CP-050045 | 15 | 2   | Removal of DCC sub-sessions  | 6.1.0 | 6.2.0 |  |  |
| 2005-06        | CP#28 | CP-050045 | 16 |     | Addition of the PLMN change value in the Event-Trigger AVP   | 6.1.0 | 6.2.0 |  |  |
| 2005-06        | CP#28 | CP-050045 | 17 |     | Correction of reference  | 6.1.0 | 6.2.0 |  |  |
| 2005-06        | CP#28 | CP-050228 | 18 | 3   | Gx Auth-Application-ld AVP use   | 6.1.0 | 6.2.0 |  |  |
| 2005-09        | CP#29 | CP-050448 | 19 | 7   | Removal of DCC sub-sessions  | 6.2.0 | 6.3.0 |  |  |
| 2005-09        | CP#29 | CP-050381 | 20 | 2   | Charging Rule operations   | 6.2.0 | 6.3.0 |  |  |
| 2005-09        | CP#29 | CP-050381 | 21 | 2   | NASREQ Reference update  | 6.2.0 | 6.3.0 |  |  |
| 2005-09        | CP#29 | CP-050381 | 22 |     | Ry Removal   | 6.2.0 | 6.3.0 |  |  |
| 2005-09        | CP#29 | CP-050381 | 25 | 2   | Corrections of terminology   | 6.2.0 | 6.3.0 |  |  |
| 2005-12        | CP#30 | CP-050510 | 29 |     | Diameter Credit Control Sessions   | 6.3.0 | 6.4.0 |  |  |
| 2005-12        | CP#30 | CP-050510 | 30 | 1   | No Event triggers without bearer modification  | 6.3.0 | 6.4.0 |  |  |
| 2006-03        | CP#31 | CP-060049 | 32 | 1   | Use of UTF8String instead of OctetString   | 6.4.0 | 6.5.0 |  |  |
| 2006-03        | CP#31 | CP-060049 | 33 | 1   | Destination IP Address in TFT Filter Type AVP  | 6.4.0 | 6.5.0 |  |  |
| 2006-09        | CP#33 | CP-060426 | 34 | 2   | TFT-Filter AVP   | 6.5.0 | 6.6.0 |  |  |
| 2006-09        | CP#34 | CP-060623 | 35 | 2   | Encoding of Framed-Address-Prefix AVP  | 6.6.0 | 6.7.0 |  |  |